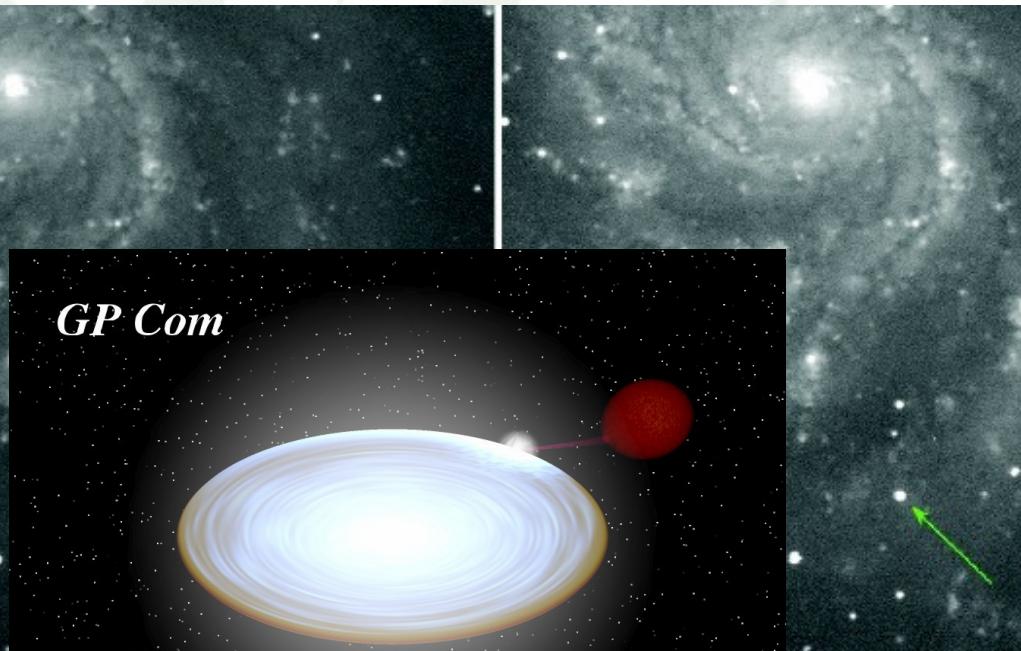
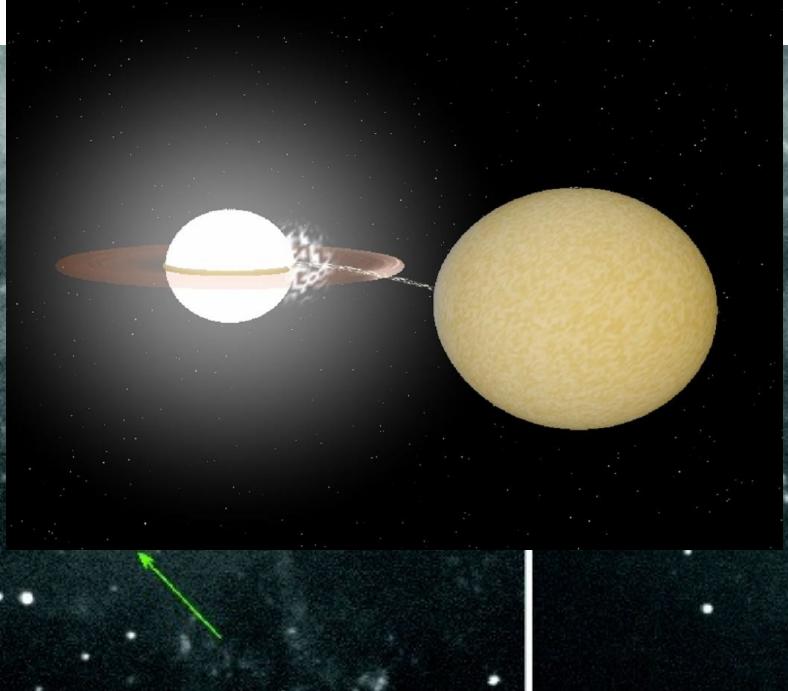


# White dwarf binaries & pulsators in Transient Surveys

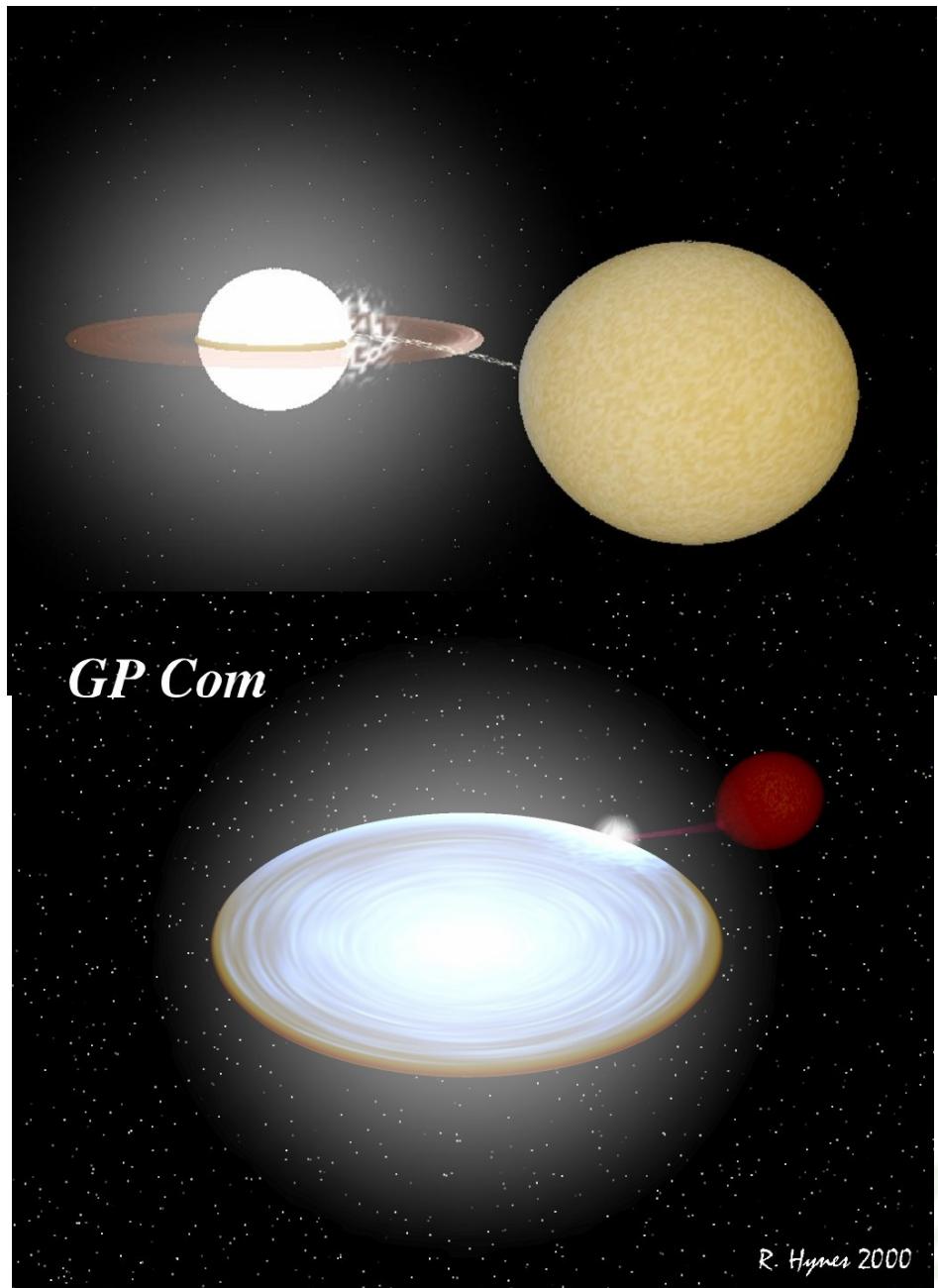


Paul Groot,  
*Radboud University Nijmegen*  
& Caltech

**Collaboration:**

Gijs Nelemans, Tom Marsh, Danny Steeghs, Patrick Woudt, Lev Yungelson, Kars Verbeek  
Lars Bildsten, Tom Prince, Shri Kulkarni, Gijs Roelofs, David Levitan, Thomas Kupfer

# AM CVn stars

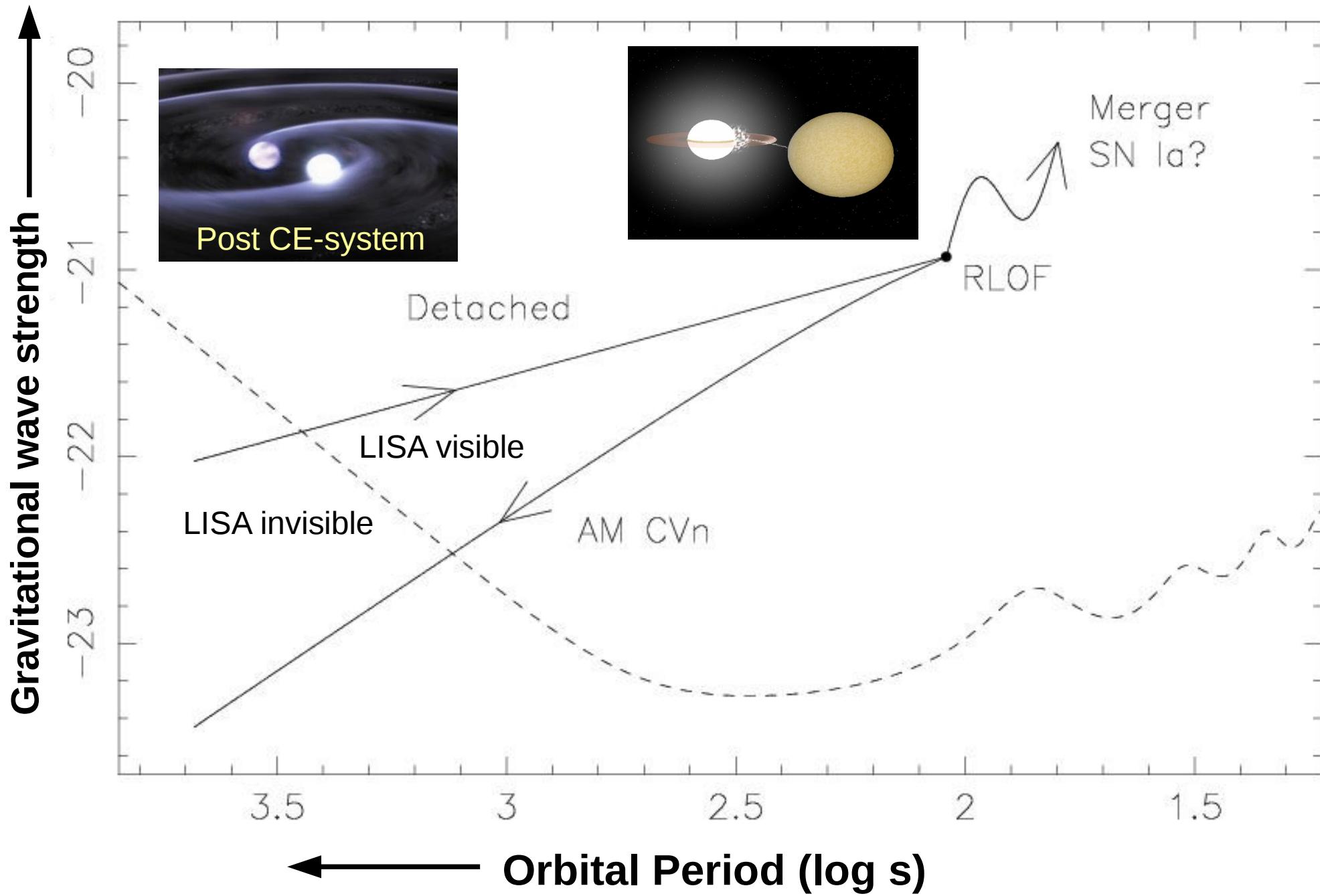


- Interacting binary white dwarfs
- Completely hydrogen deficient
- Orbital periods: 11-65 minutes
- Only 31 systems known
- Only known LISA sources
- Ultimate survivors:  
2 x CE phase + Direct impact phase
- Evolution fully (?) set by GWR losses

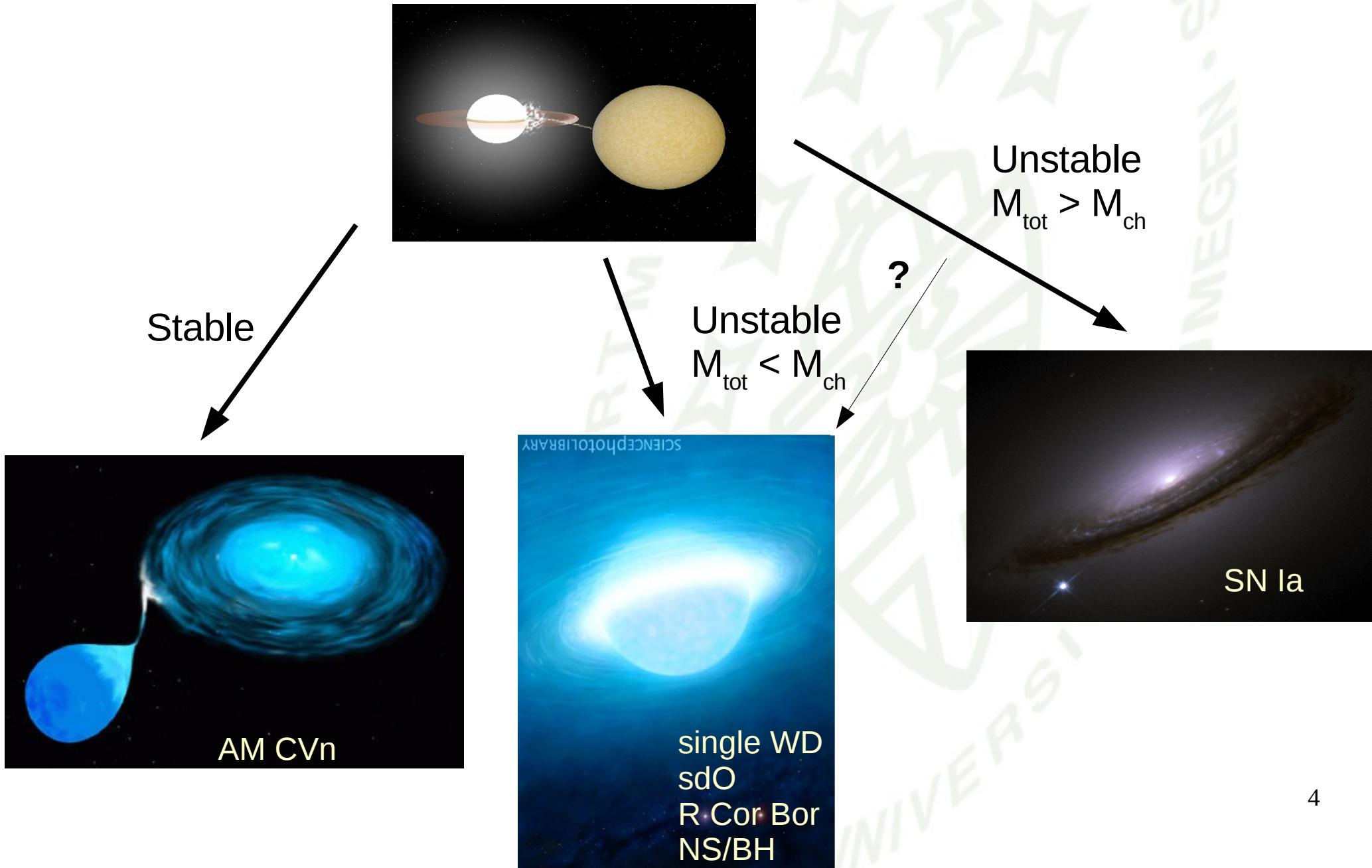
$$\frac{\dot{J}}{J} = -\frac{32}{5} \frac{G^3}{c^5} \frac{M_1 M_2 (M_1 + M_2)}{a^4}$$

$$\frac{\dot{M}_2}{M_2} = \frac{\dot{J}}{J} \frac{2}{\zeta_2 + 5/3 - 2q},$$

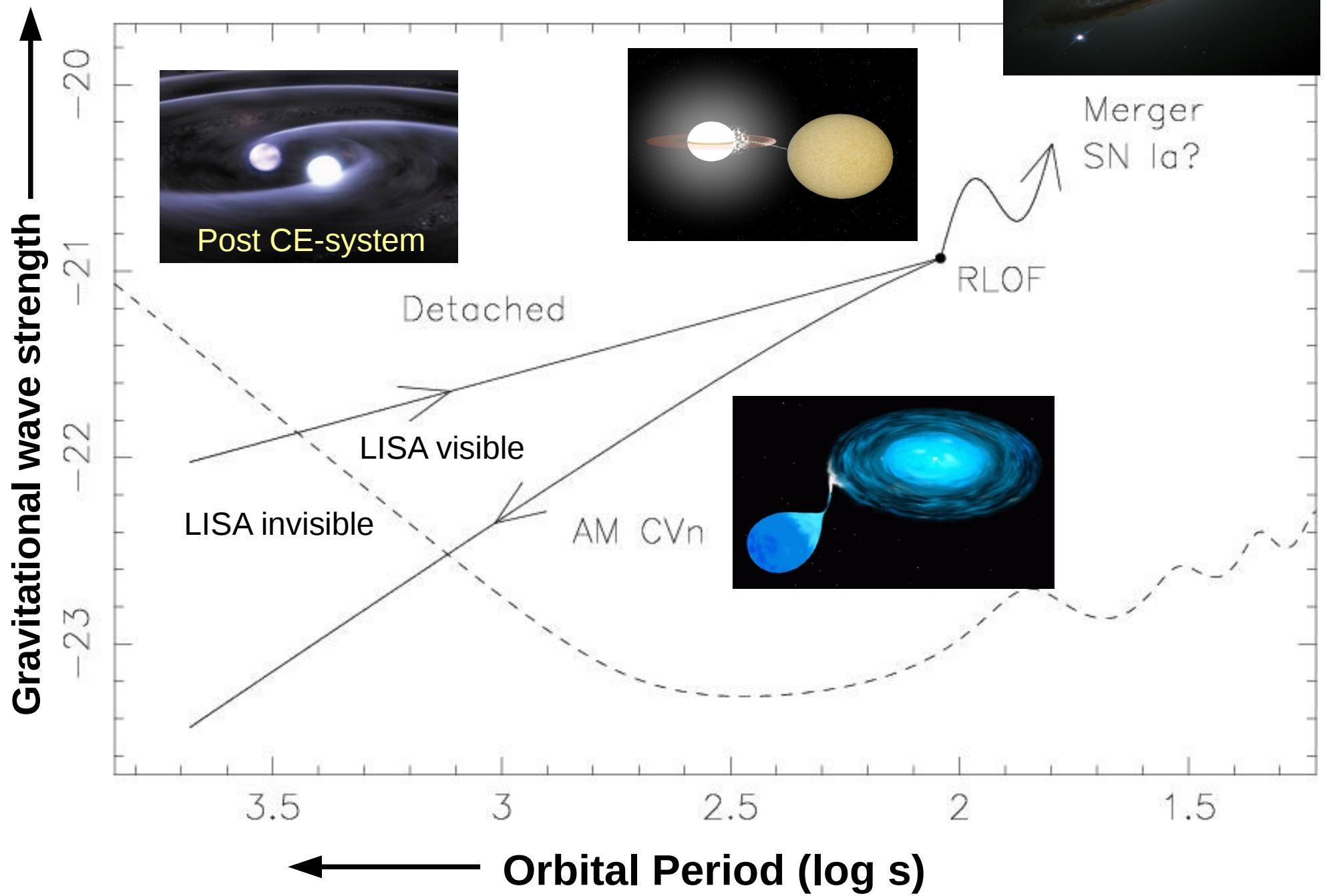
# Gravitational wave evolution



# Triple point outcomes: Branching ratios?

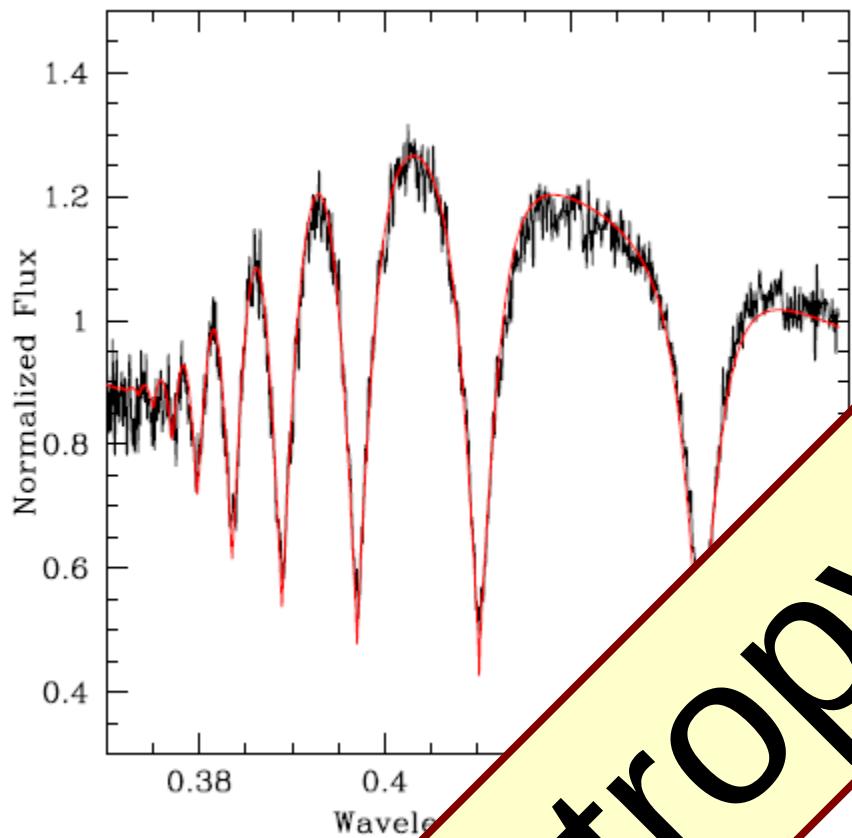


# Gravitational wave evolution



# Hot secondary in 12 min DD

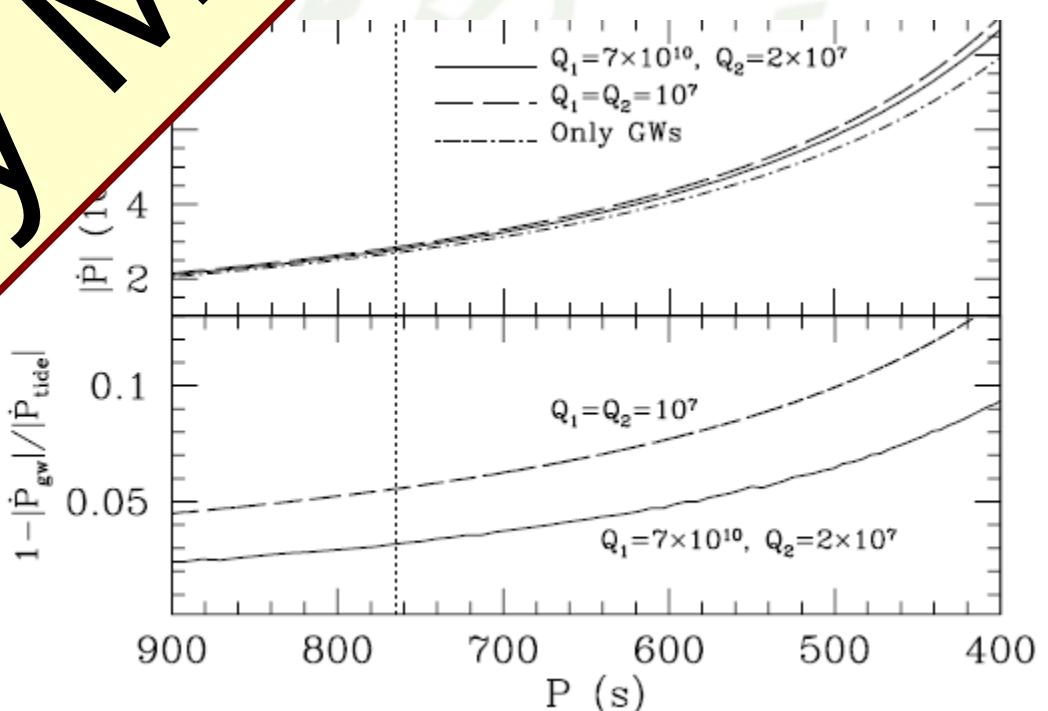
$M_1 = 0.55 M_{\text{sun}}$ ,  $M_2 = 0.25 M_{\text{sun}}$ ,  $T_2 = 17000 K$



Shift in envelope over 1 year!

Entropy Matters!

- Remnant hot spot envelope ( $\sim 20$ min)
- Late stage envelope
- Only 1 flash (see Sterl & Jing)
- Torques (Fuller et al., 2011; Piro 2011; Benacquista 2011)



# New leads : Short period detached binaries

Within one year:

- 3 detached white dwarf – white dwarf binaries with  $P < 1$  hour  
(*ELM survey; Kilic, Brown et al. 2011*)
- 6 new semi-detached systems from PTF

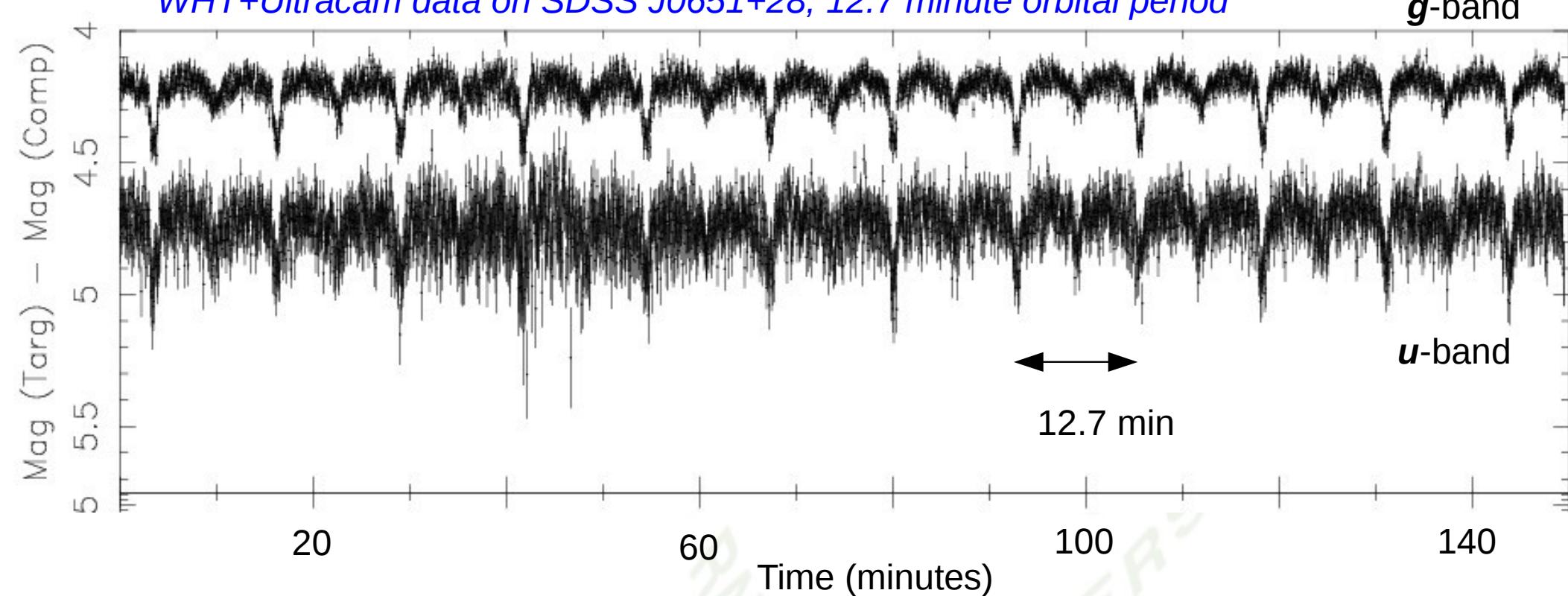
**But....**

*WHT+Ultracam data on SDSS J0651+28, 12.7 minute orbital period*

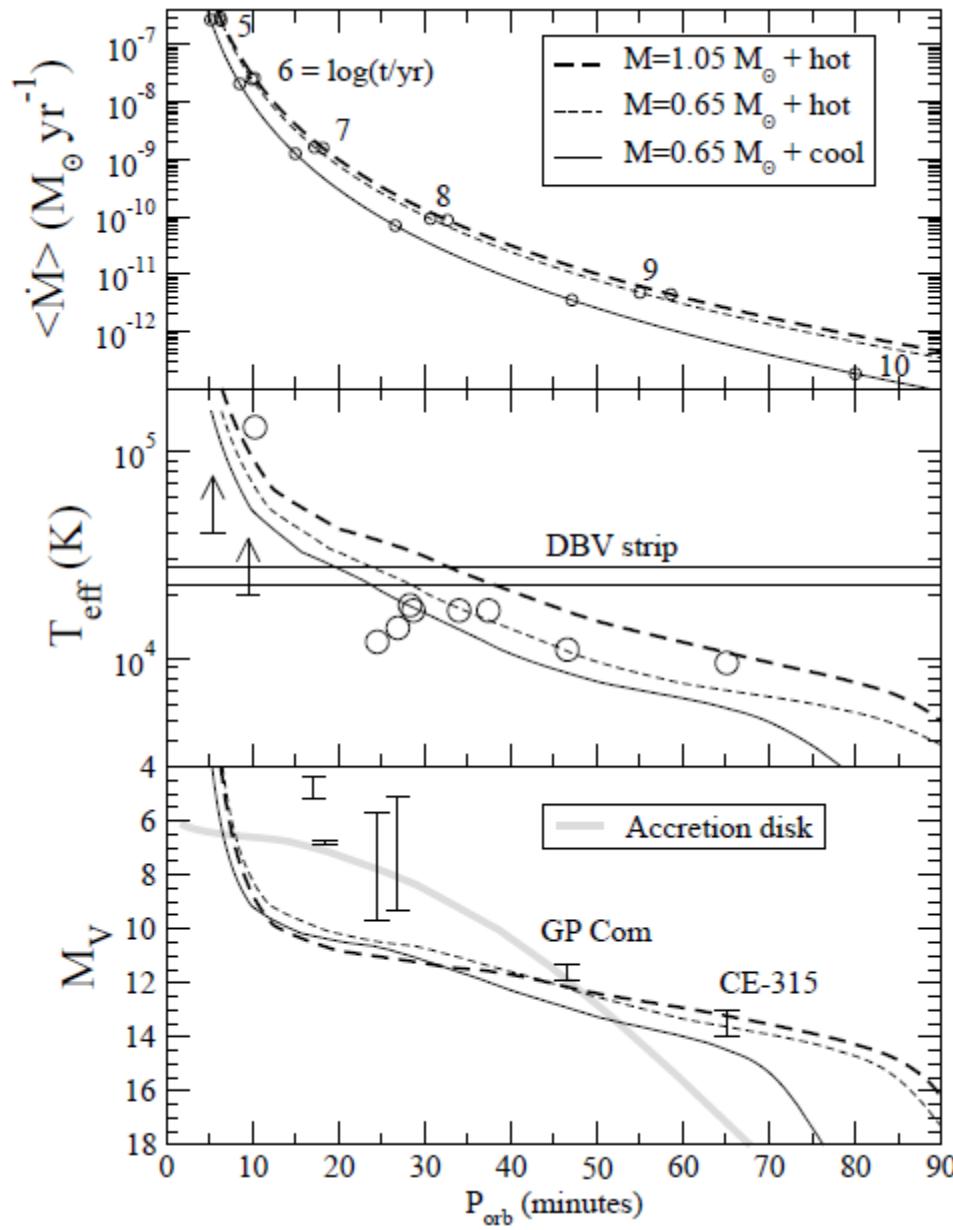
*g-band*

*u-band*

12.7 min



# Pulsating white dwarfs in AM CVn stars?



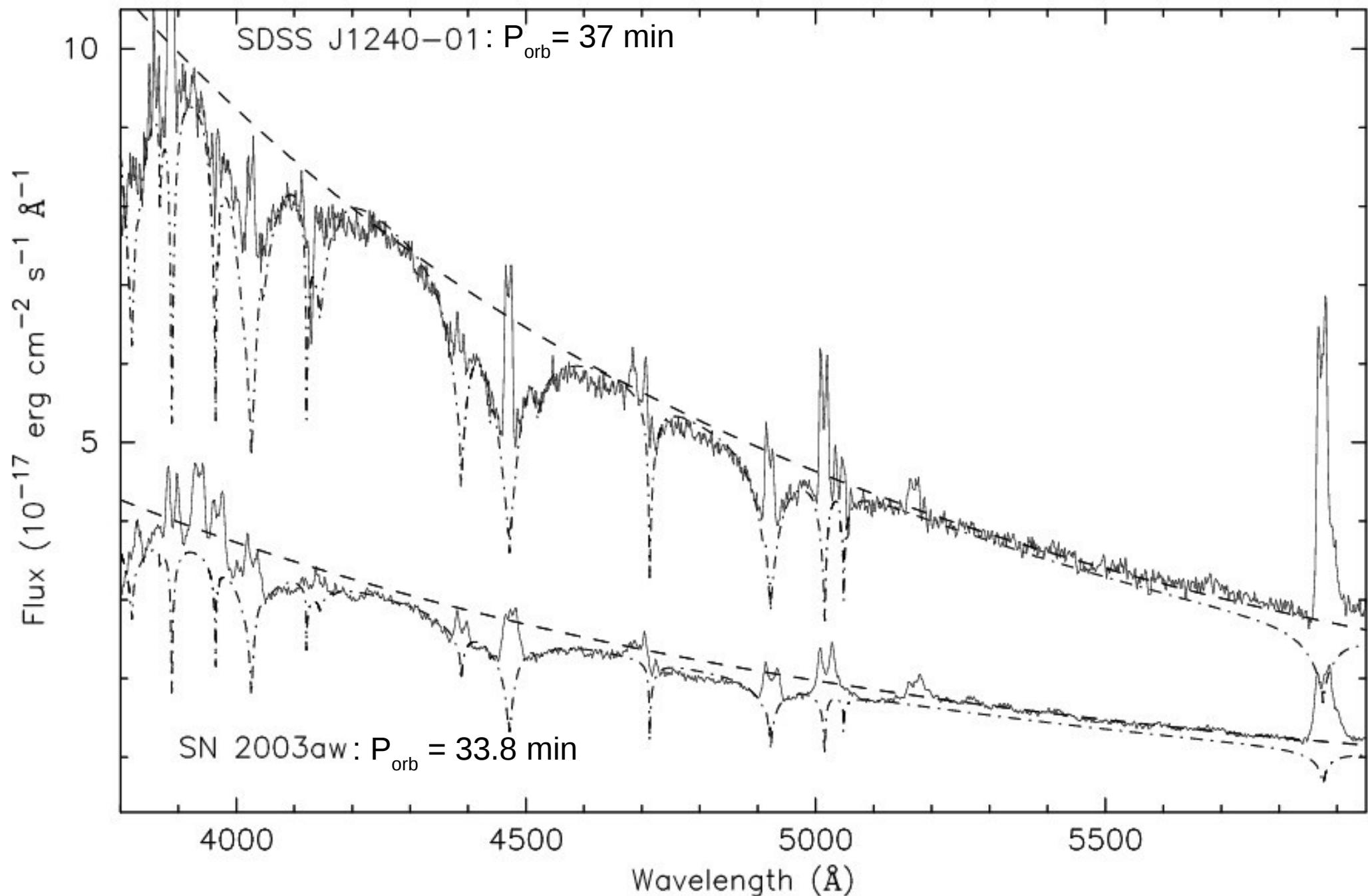
When primary white dwarf cools, it passes through instability strip.

Unique moment to probe structure of the accretor

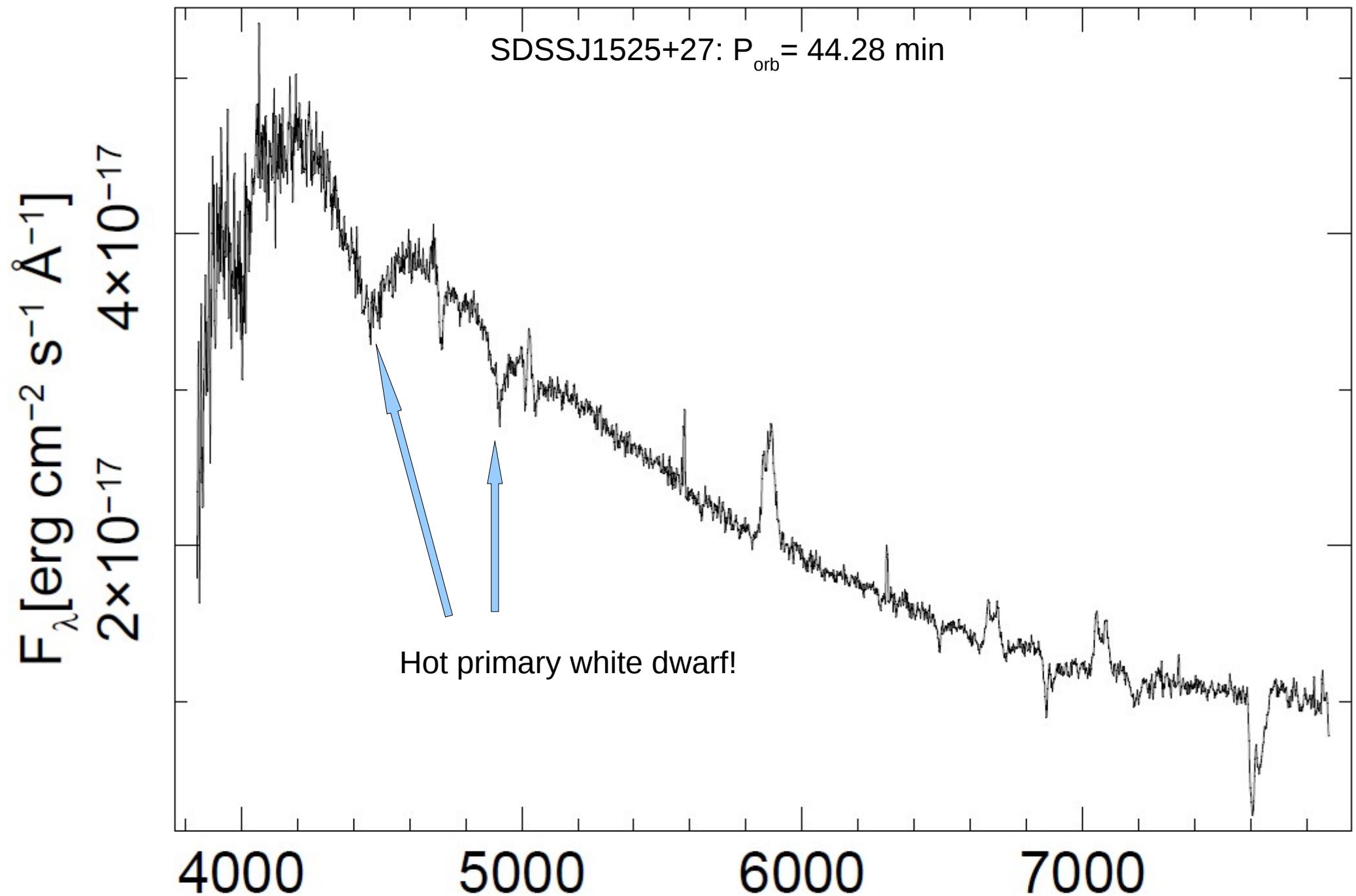


Bildsten et al., 2006

# Seeing the primary in binaries:

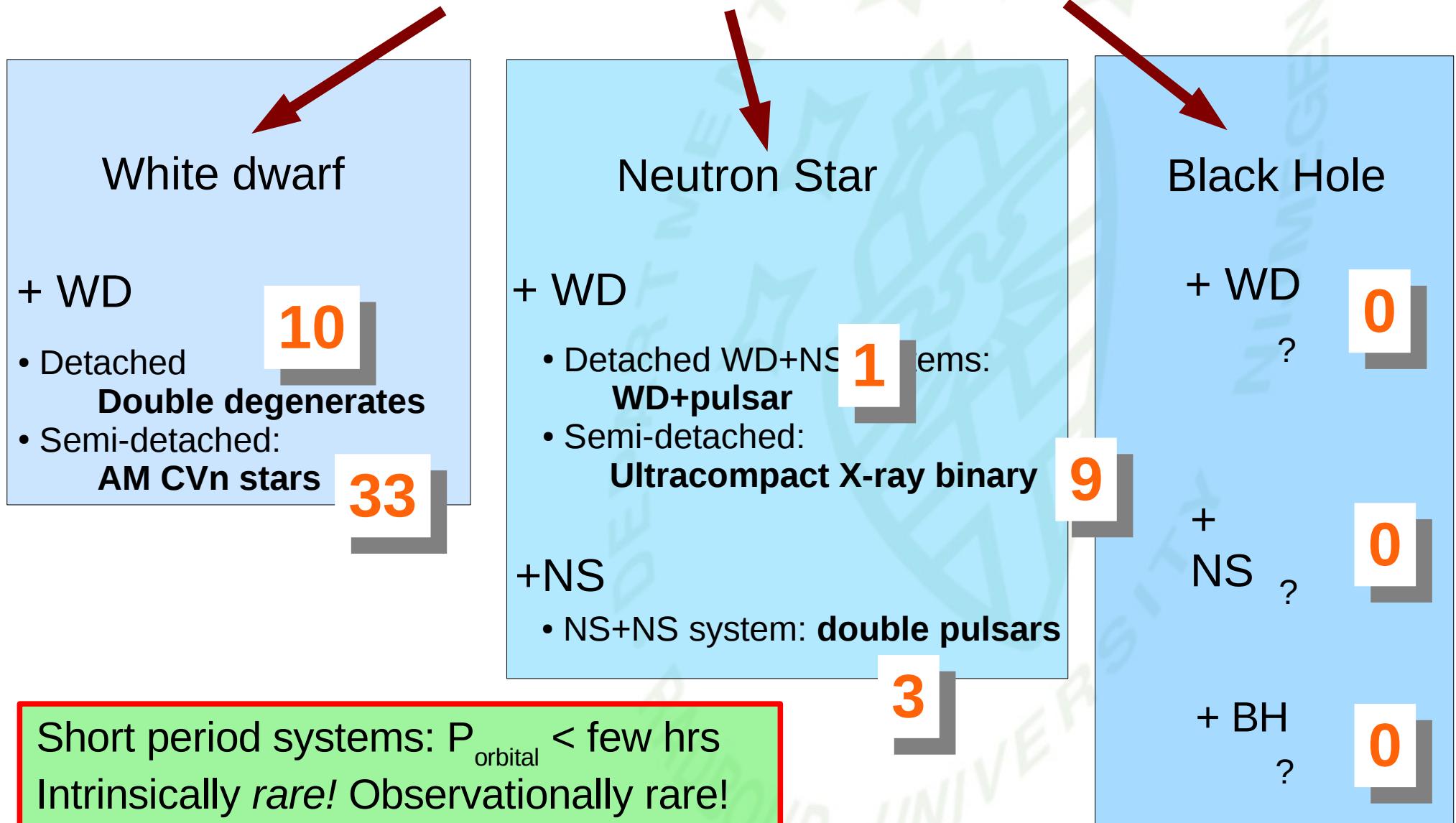


# Seeing the primary in binaries:



# Ultracompact Binaries

*Stellar binaries with degenerate primary and secondary star*



# Increasing the numbers: Surveys

- Palomar Transient Survey (PTF)
- European Galactic Plane Surveys (IPHAS/UVEX/VPHAS+)

# Major Optical Synoptic Surveys

Name	Start	Hemis	A (m <sup>2</sup> )	$\Omega$ (sq.degr.)	$A^2\Omega$	Limit Mag.	Cadence	Filters
CRTS	2007	N&S	1.0	3x8	24	19-22	1d-1m?	clear
PTF - I	2009	N	1.2	7.9	11.4	21	1h-5d	r,g,H $\alpha$
PS - I	2009	N	1.8	3.0	9.7	24	Var	g,r,i,z
SkyMapper	2011	S	1.3	5.7	6.9	22	N=6	u,v <sub>s</sub> ,g,r,i,z, H $\alpha$
PTF - II	2014	N	1.2	40.0	57.6	21	<3d	r,g,H $\alpha$
Gaia	2013	N&S	1.0	0.25	0.25	20	N=100	SpecPhom
PS - 4	2014+	N	4 x 1.8	4 x 3.0	38.8	24	Var.	g,r,i,z
LSST	2018+	S	8.4	9.6	405.6	24.5	N=1000	u,g,r,i,z,y

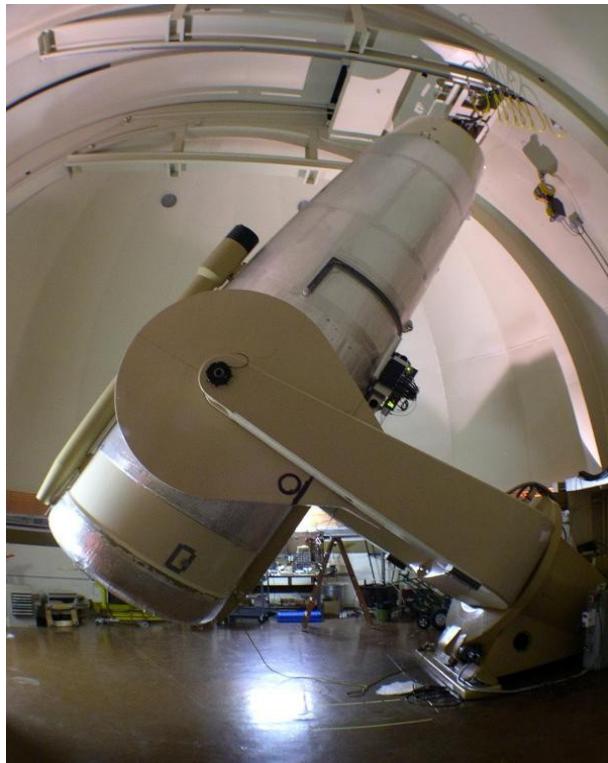
Note 1: All but LSST on 'mediocre' sites (seeing >1")

Note 2: Gaia is space mission.

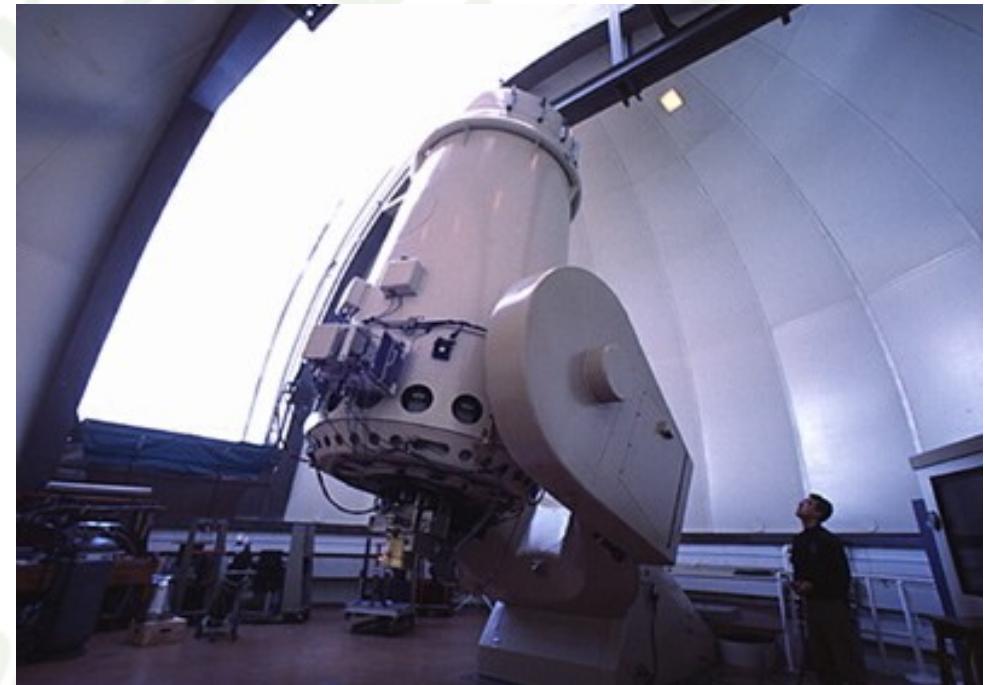
# Palomar Transient Factory - I

Unique dual telescope approach:

- 48" Oschin Schmidt Telescope for transient ***discovery***
- 60" Palomar Telescope slaved for photometric transient ***follow-up***
- Spectroscopic follow-up with slew of telescopes:  
Hale, Keck, WHT, NOT, KPNO

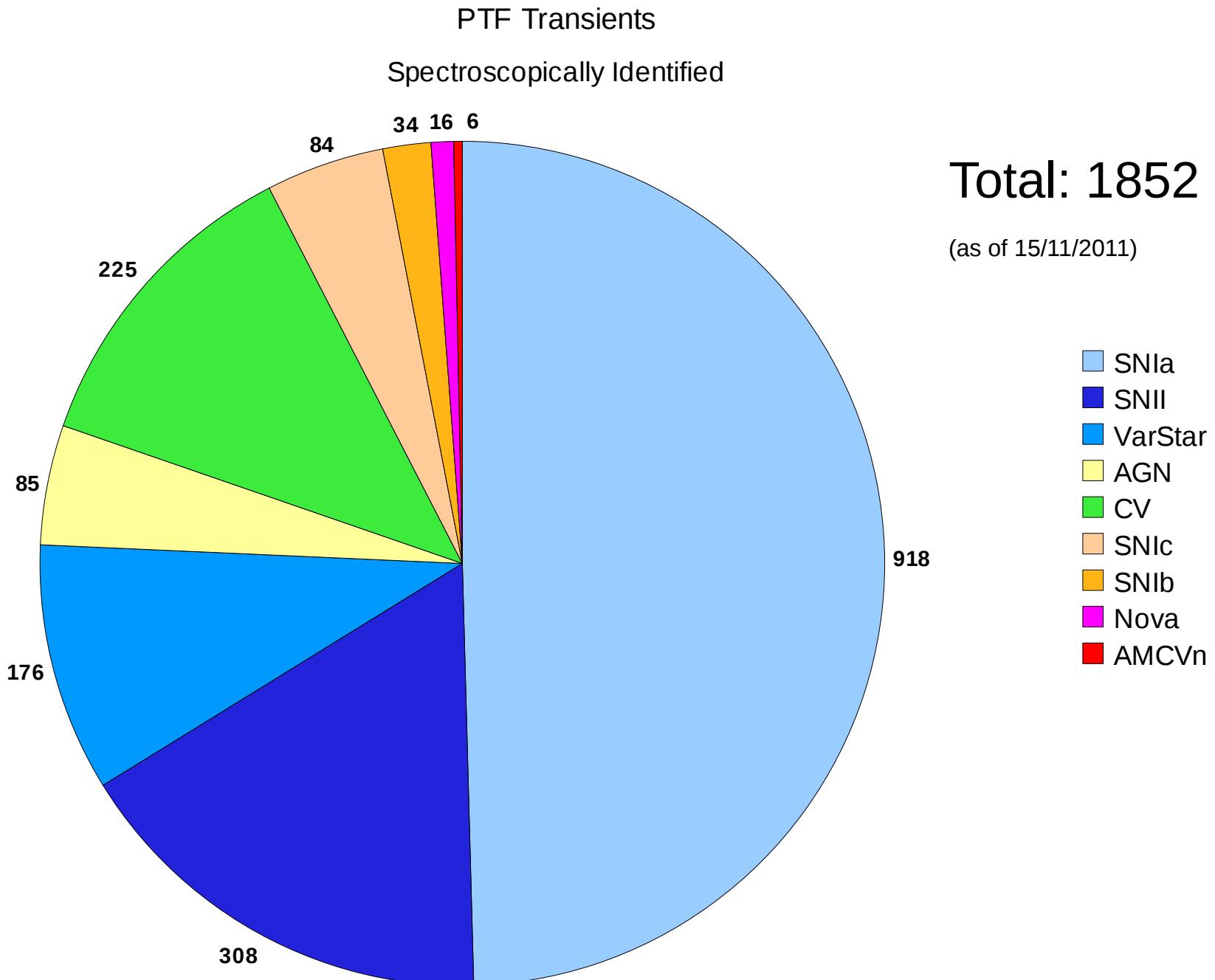


48"

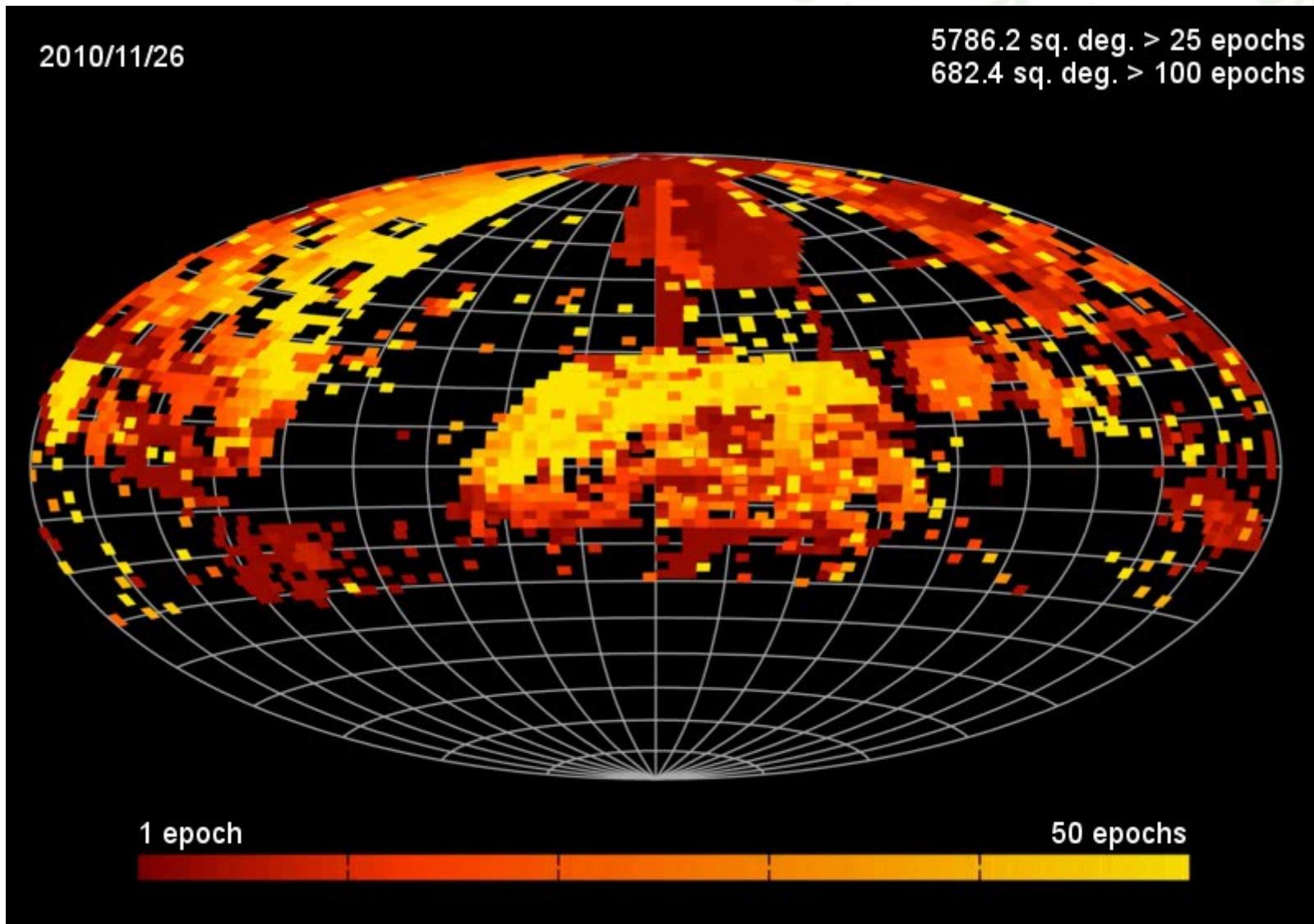


60"

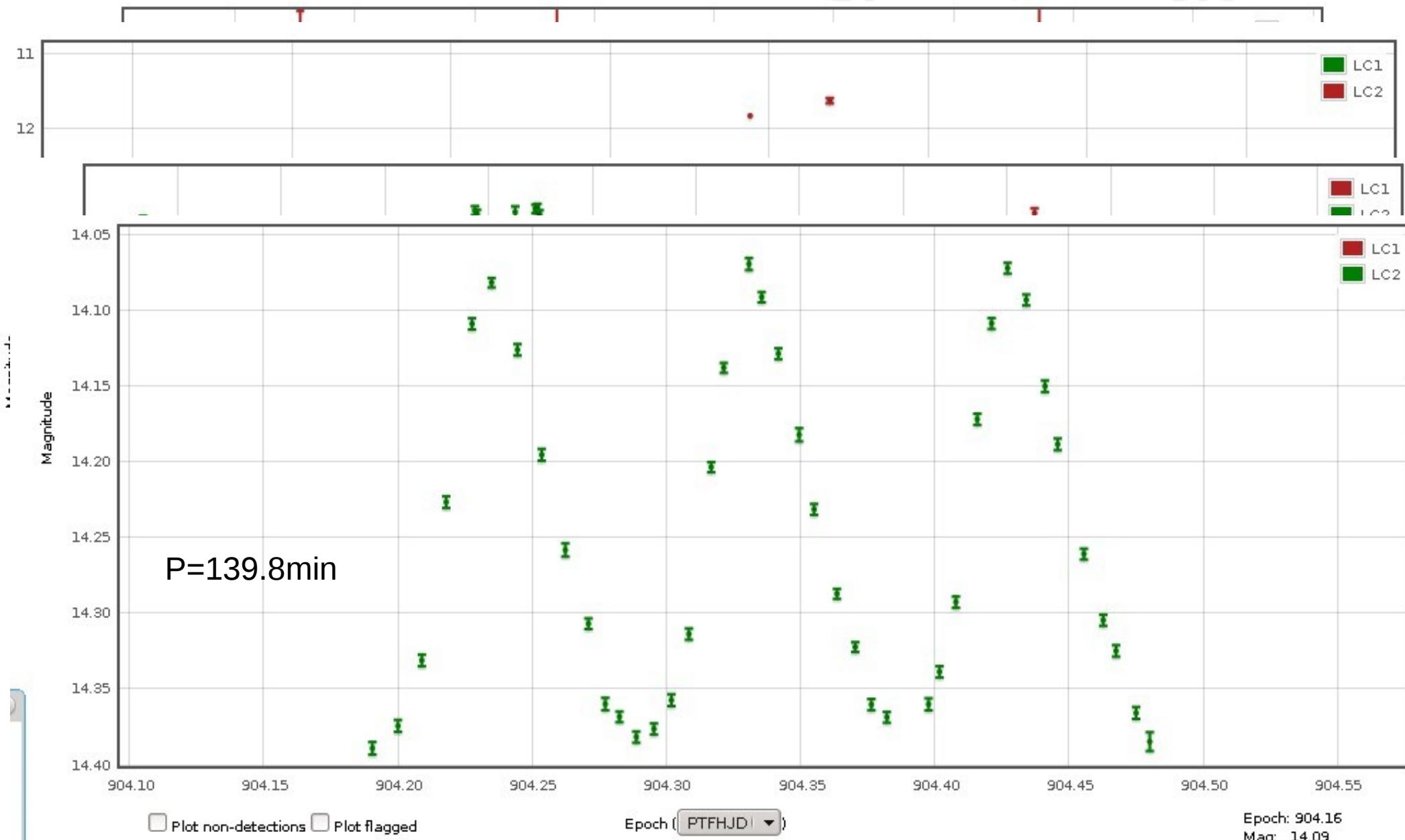
# Harvest after 2.5 years of operation:



# Sky Coverage



# Example pulsators

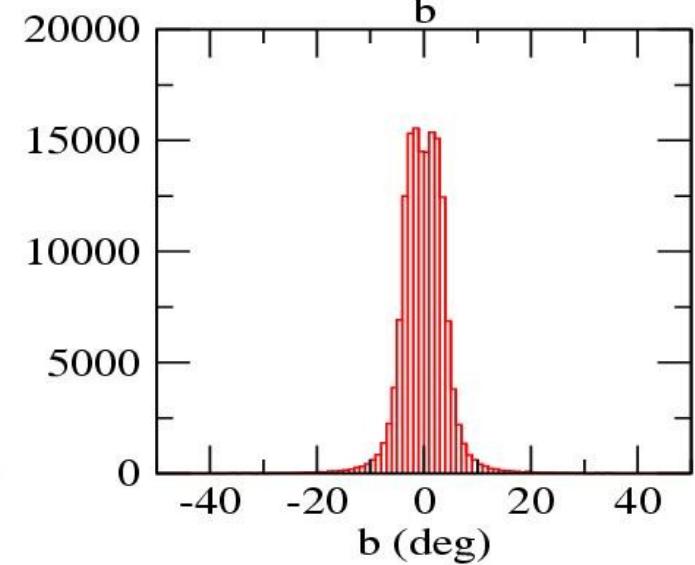
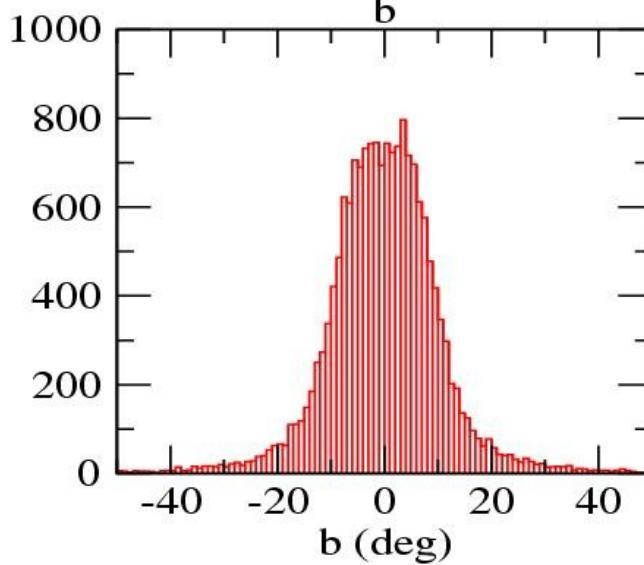
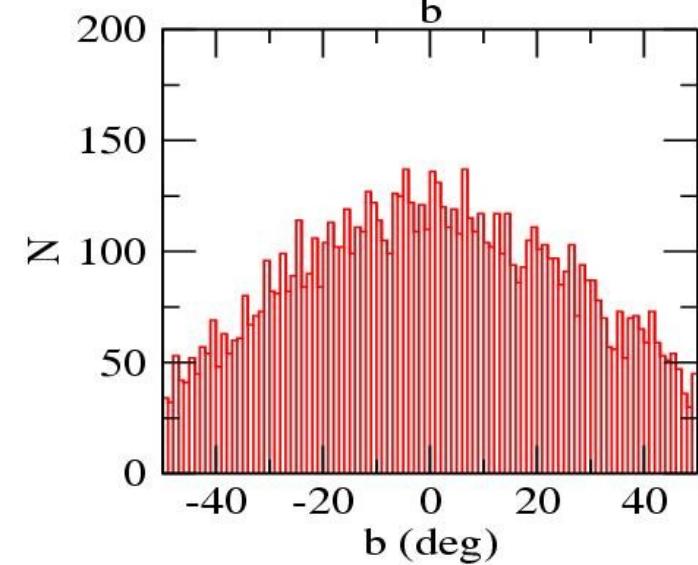
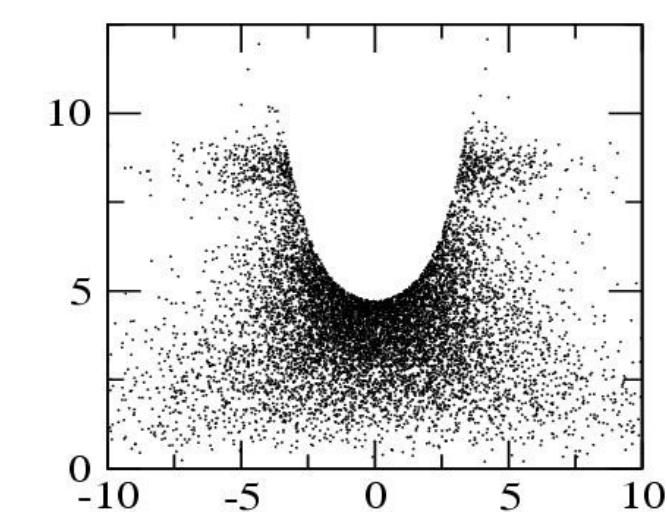
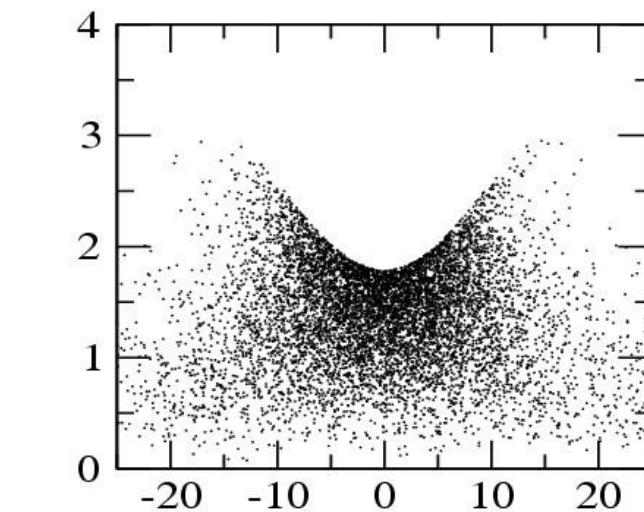
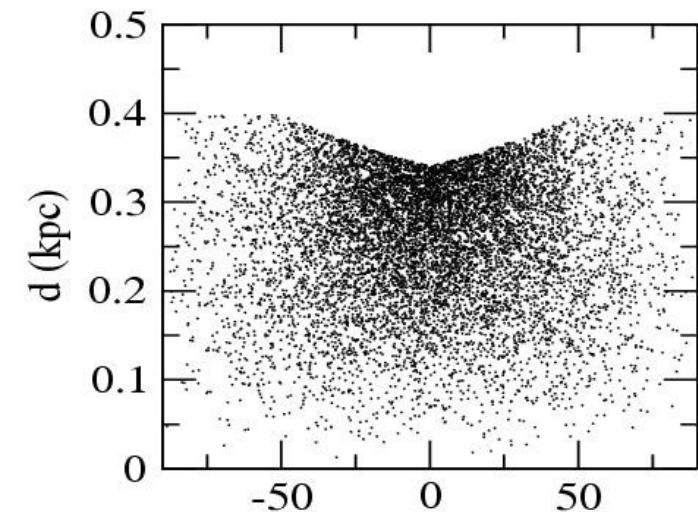


# But Sloan is limited: high latitude

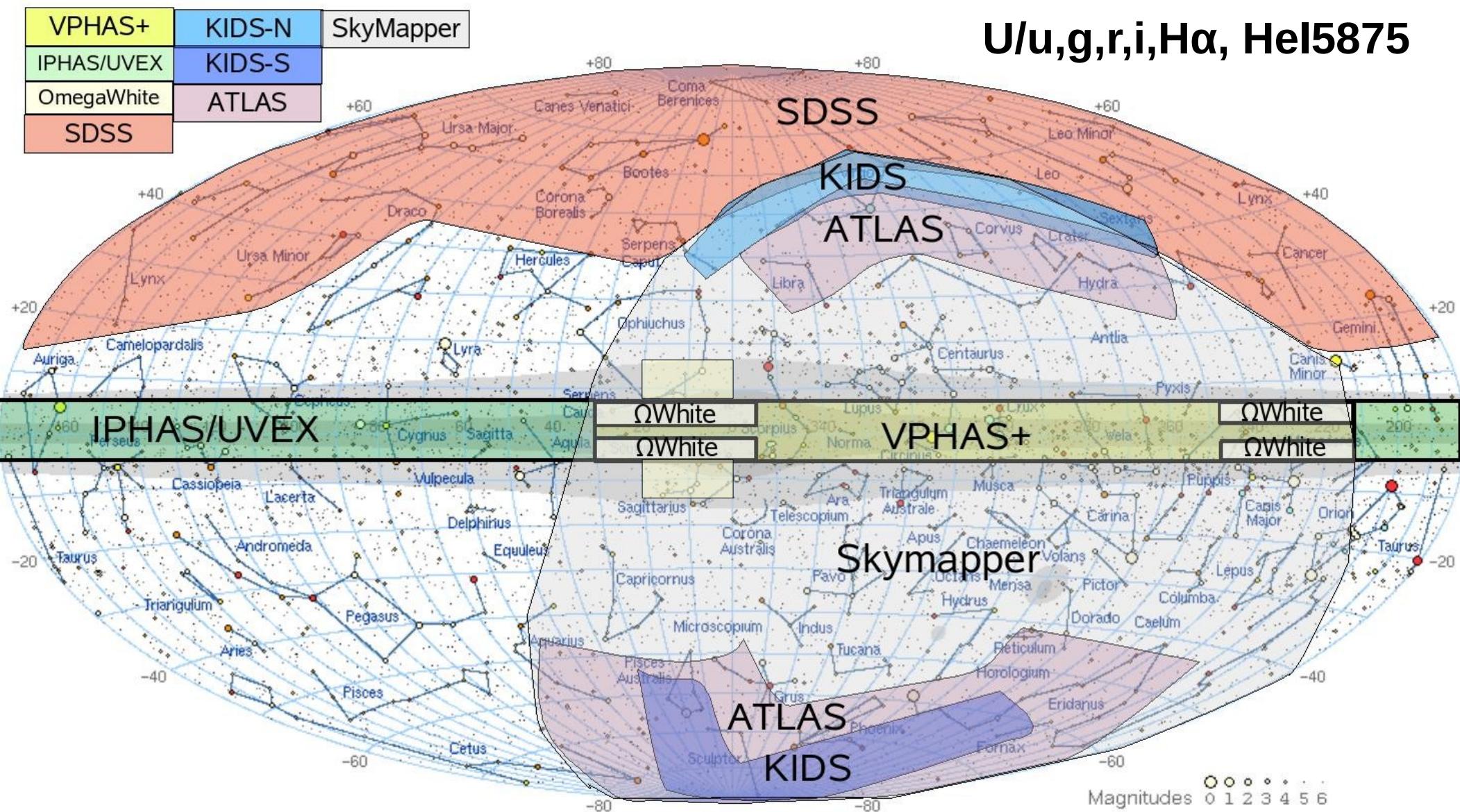
$M_V = 15$

$M_V = 10$

$M_V = 5$

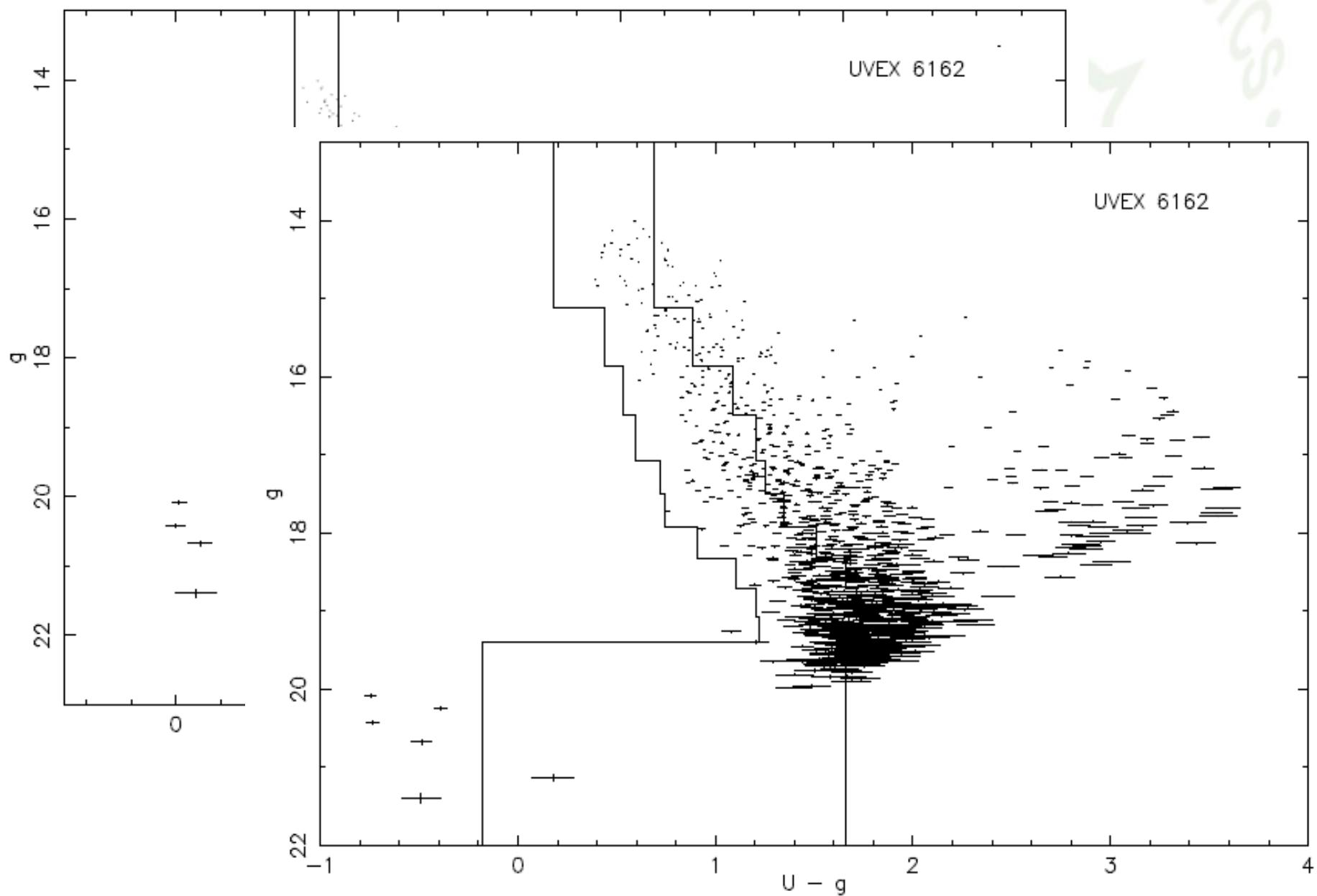


# European Galactic Plane Surveys (EGAPS)



IPHAS: Drew et al., 2005; UVEX: Groot et al, 2009, VPHAS+: ESO Public Survey on VST

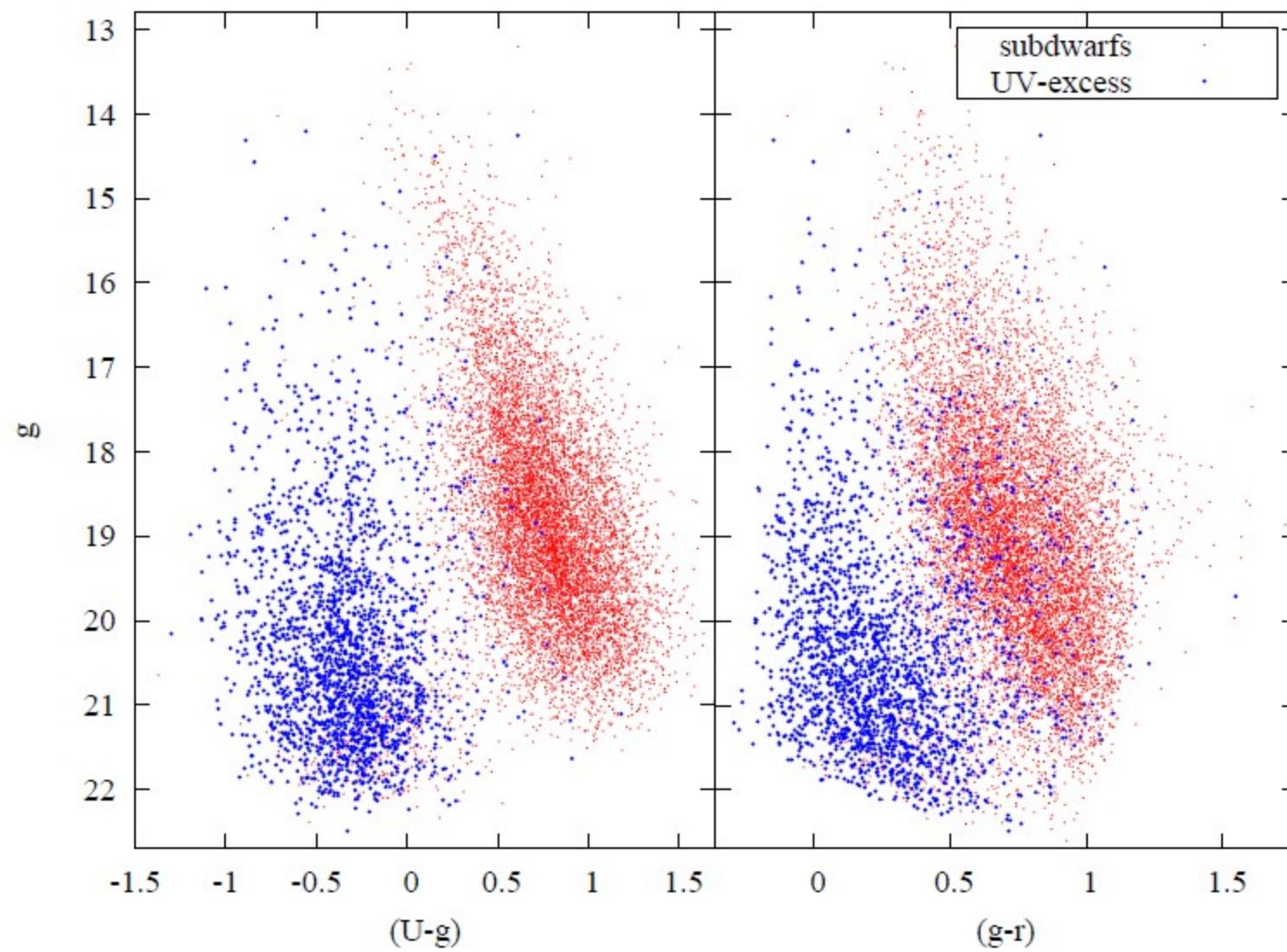
# UV excess source selection



10 UV-excess sources per square degree.

Groot et al., 2009, Verbeek et al., 2011

# UV excess source selection



**10 UV-excess sources per square degree: 2100 stellar remnants in first 211 sq.degr.**  
Verbeek et al., 2011