

Exotic Quantum Criticality in Kondo Lattices

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Outline:

1. Quantum critical heavy fermions:

- Fermi-surface evolution
- Anomalous dynamics

2. Destruction of Kondo effect: EDMFT

3. Beyond the microscopics

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• **Kondo lattices:**

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{ij,a} I_{ij}^a S_i^a S_j^a + \sum_{ij,\sigma} t_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^\dagger c_{j\sigma} + \sum_{i,a} J_K^a S_i^a s_{c,i}^a$$

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• **Heavy fermions near a magnetic QCP:**

- YbRh_2Si_2 (critical $B_{ab}=60\text{mT}$, $B_c=0.7\text{T}$)
tetragonal; easy-plane anisotropy ($M_{ab}:M_c \approx 100:1$ at low T); $T_K^0 \approx 20\text{ K}$
- $\text{Ce}(\text{Cu}_{1-x}\text{Au}_x)_6$ (critical $x \approx 0.017$)
nearly orthorhombic; Ising-anisotropy ($M_c:M_a:M_b \approx 10:2:1$); $T_K^0 \approx 6\text{ K}$
- Phases: AF metal; paramagnetic metal

Hall Effect in YbRh_2Si_2

- **The Hall number has a sharp jump @ QCP in the $T=0$ limit (by extrapolation):**

$n_{\text{Hall}} \propto 1/R_H$ vs δ
 Néel QCP paramagnetic metal

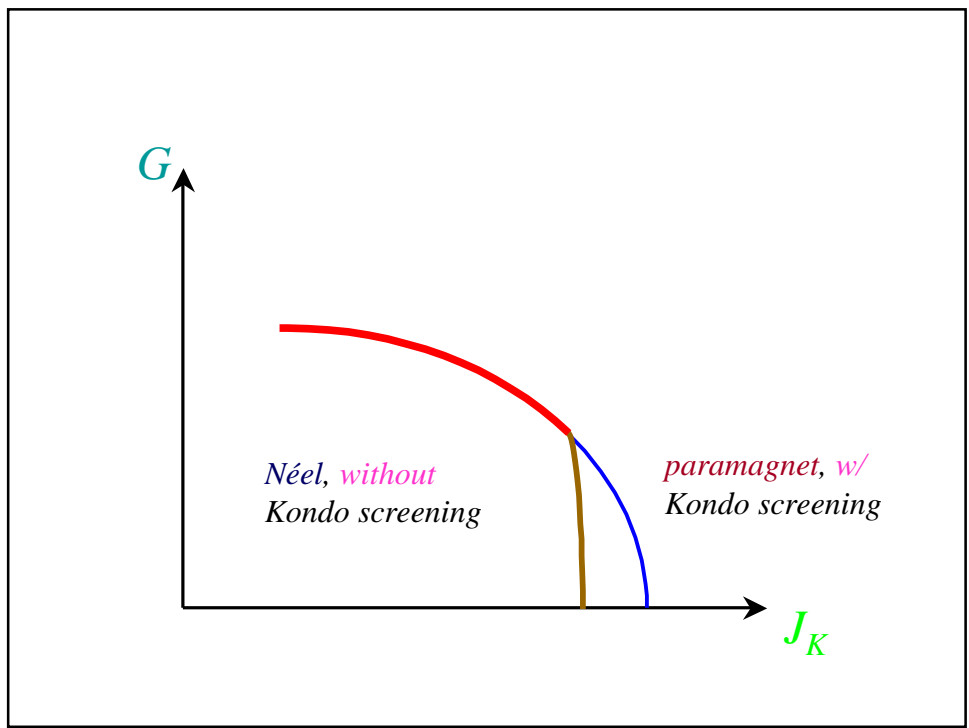
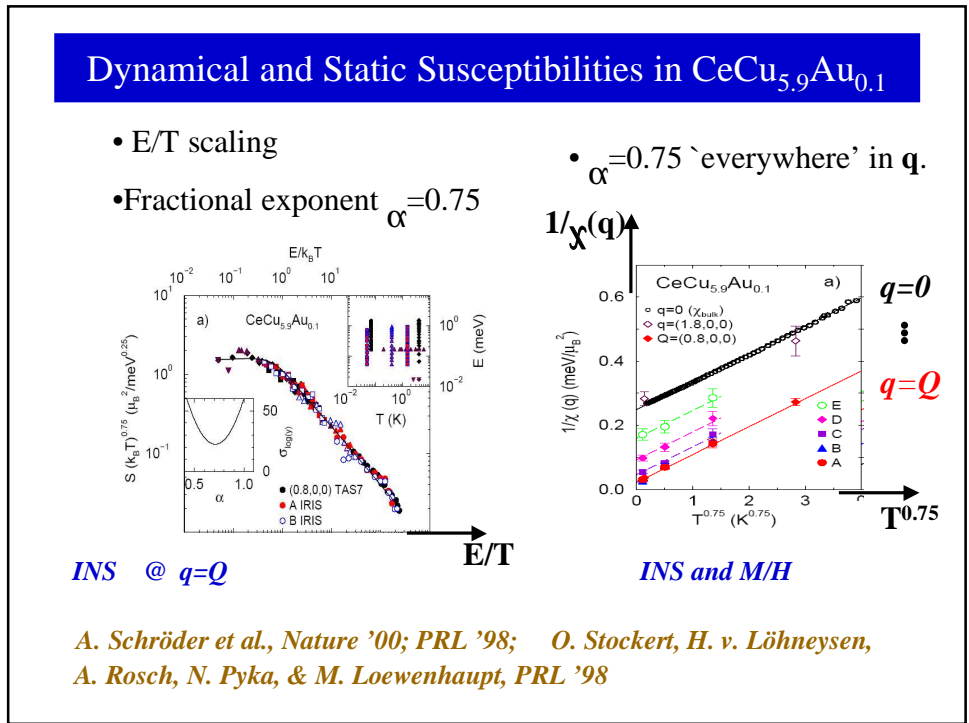
- **Suggesting a sudden collapse and reconstruction of the Fermi surface at the QCP**

S. Paschen et al., preprint '04

Dynamics of the quantum critical $\text{CeCu}_{5.9}\text{Au}_{0.1}$

- **Frequency and temperature dependences of the dynamical spin susceptibility:**
 - **an anomalous exponent $\alpha < 1$**
 - ω/T scaling

implying **non-Gaussian fixed point**
- **The anomalous exponent α is seen essentially 'everywhere' in the momentum space**



Local Quantum Critical Point

Destruction of Kondo effect ($E_{loc}^* \rightarrow 0$) at the QCP

- **Local susceptibility also diverges:** $\chi_{loc}(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{\tau}{-i\omega}$ where $\tau \sim \tau_0$
- **“spin self-energy” has anomalous exponent**

$M(\omega) \sim I_Q, A(i\omega) \sim$

where $\alpha = \frac{1}{2\rho_I(I_Q)\tau}$

QS, S. Rabello, K. Ingersent, & J. L. Smith, Nature 413, 804 (2001)

Extended-DMFT* of Kondo Lattice

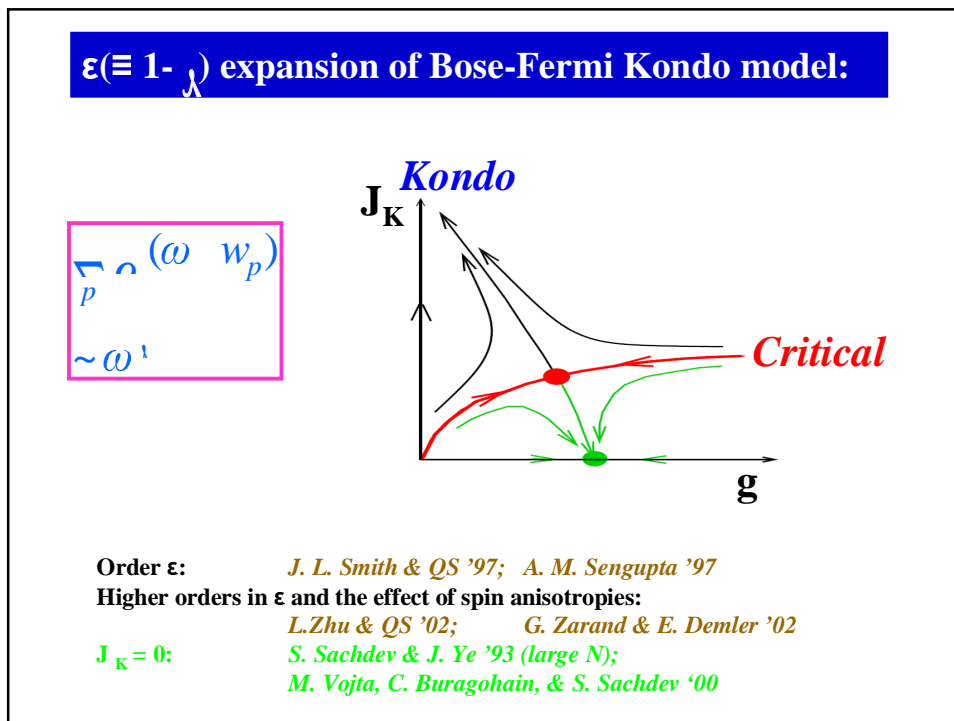
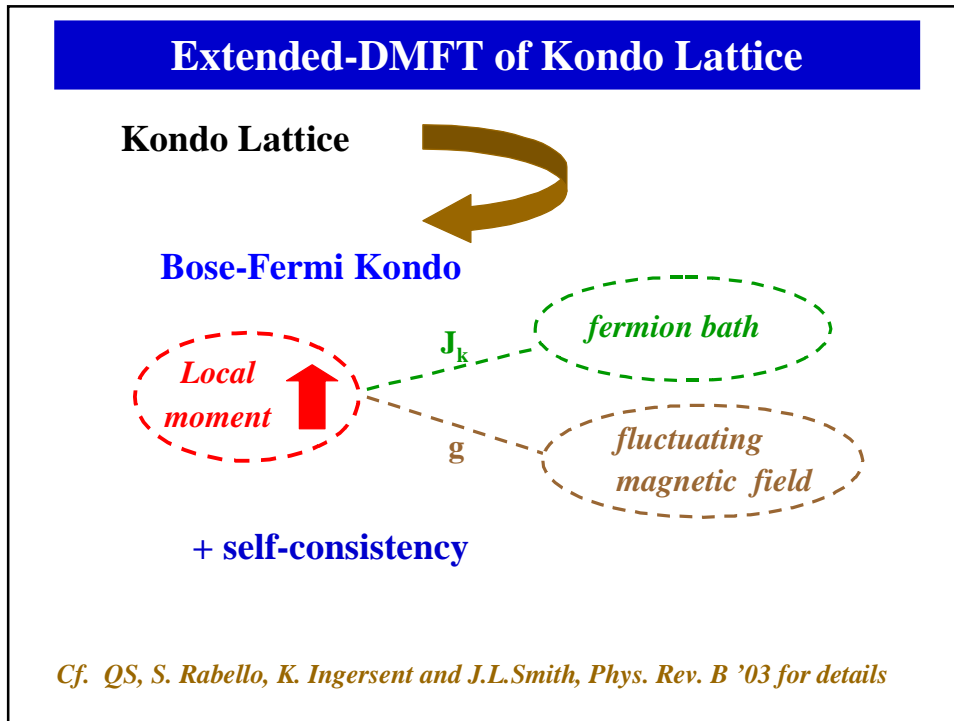
(* Smith & QS; Chitra & Kotliar; Sengupta & Georges)

- **Mapping to a Bose-Fermi Kondo model:**

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = J_K \mathbf{S} \cdot \mathbf{s}_c + \sum_{p,\sigma} E_p c_{p\sigma}^\dagger c_{p\sigma} + g \mathbf{S} \cdot \sum_p (\vec{\phi}_p + \vec{\phi}_{-p}^\dagger) + \sum_p w_p \vec{\phi}_p^\dagger \cdot \vec{\phi}_p$$

+ self-consistency conditions

- **The effective impurity problem determines**
 - Electron self-energy $\Sigma(\omega)$
 - “spin self-energy” $M(\omega)$
- **Dynamical spin susceptibility:** $\chi(\mathbf{q}, \omega) = \frac{1}{M(\omega)}$

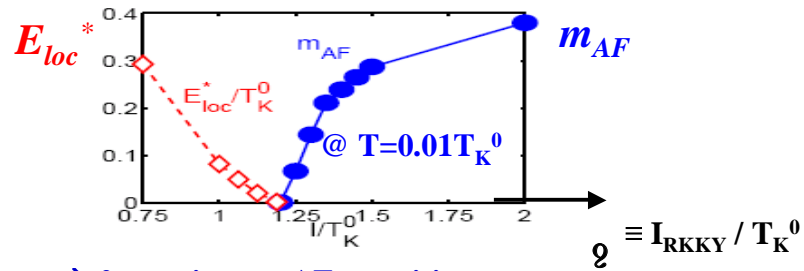


Kondo lattice with Ising anisotropy

EDMFT of

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_0(c) + \sum_i J_K \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{s}_{c,i} + \sum_{ij} I_{ij} S_i^z S_j^z$$

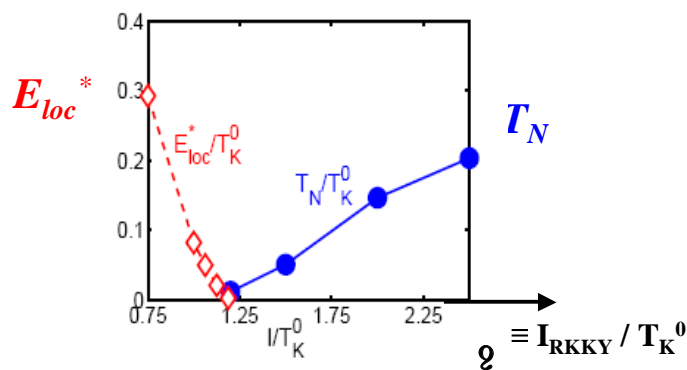
(Quantum Monte Carlo algorithm of Grepel and Rozenberg '99)



- $m_{\text{AF}} \rightarrow 0$: continuous AF transition
- $E_{\text{loc}}^* \rightarrow 0$: destruction of Kondo resonances

J.-X. Zhu, D. Grepel, & QS, Phys.Rev.Lett. '03

Kondo lattice with Ising anisotropy (cont'd)



**The destruction of Kondo resonances ($E_{\text{loc}}^* \rightarrow 0$)
meets with the vanishing of the Néel temperature**

Quantum Critical Dynamics

- Local spin susceptibility at $I \approx I_c \approx 1.2 T_K^0$:

$$\chi_{loc}(\omega_n) \sim \frac{1}{2\nu} \ln \frac{\nu}{|\omega_n|}$$

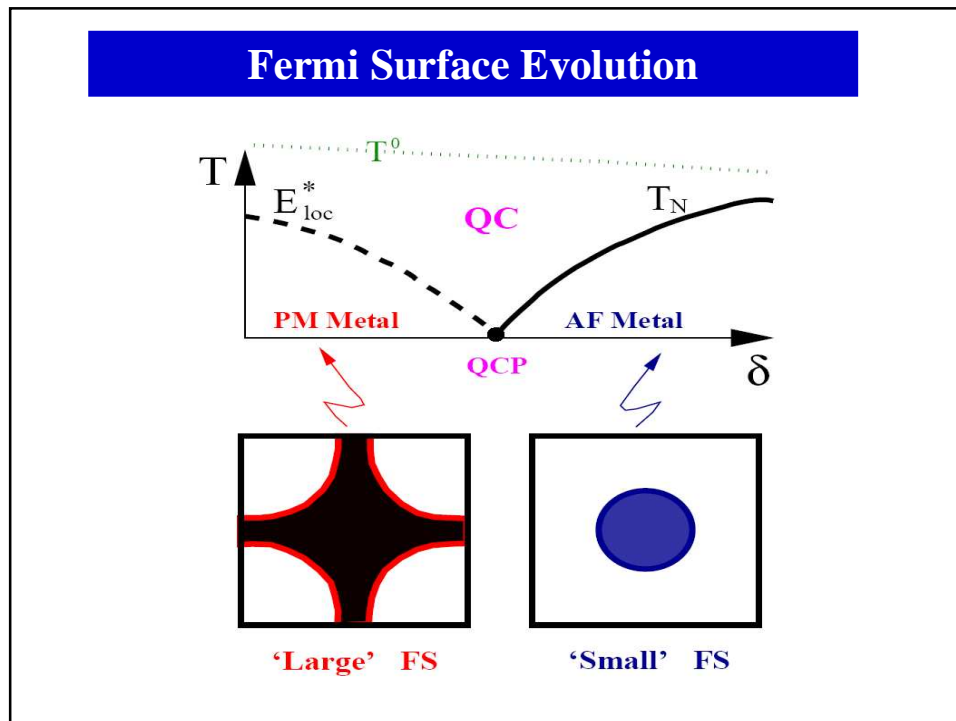
- Calculated $\alpha \approx 0.7$

D. Grempel and QS, Phys. Rev. Lett. '03

Fractional exponent in the dynamics

- Inverse peak susceptibility at $I \approx I_c$

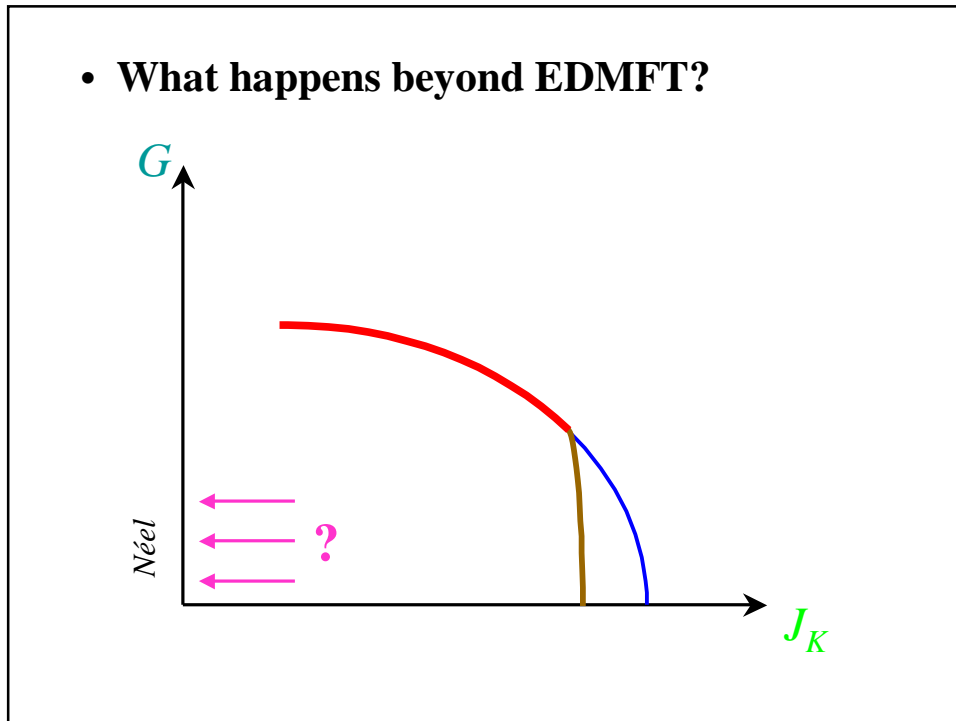
$\chi^{-1}(Q) \propto T$
 $\chi^{-1}(Q) \propto (I_c - I)$



In what sense is the QCP local?

- **Localization of f-electrons**
 - $m^* \rightarrow \infty$ over the entire Fermi surface as $q \rightarrow q^{QCP}$
 - Reconstruction of the Fermi surface across q^{QCP}
- **Anomalous spin dynamics everywhere in q .**
- **Destruction of Kondo effect** \rightarrow
 - Non-Fermi liquid excitations part of the quantum-critical spectrum.

- **What happens beyond EDMFT?**

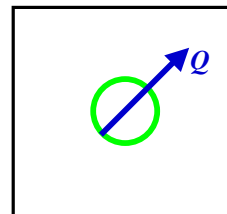


- **Ising case:** Kondo coupling to fermions irrelevant

- **Heisenberg case:**

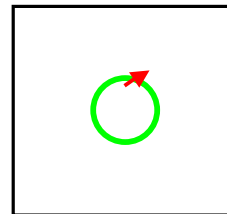
$$S(\mathbf{x}, \rho) \sim m \cdot n e^{i\mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{x}}$$

– Coupling of fermions to n irrelevant:



– Coupling of fermions to m :

$$\int_a^b y^a \int dx d_\rho m^a(\mathbf{x}, \rho) m_c^a(\mathbf{x}, \rho)$$



**Related problem
in 1D:**

$$\beta(y_{\perp}) = \left(1 - \frac{K_{\tau}}{2} - \frac{1}{2K_{\tau}}\right) y_{\perp} + u K_{\tau} y_z y_{\perp}$$

$$\beta(y_z) = u K_{\tau}^2 y_{\perp}^2$$

$$\beta(K_{\tau}) = \left(1 - K_{\tau}^2\right) y_{\perp}^2$$

where $u = \sqrt{2\pi} v_s / (v_s + v_{\tau})$

*E. Pivovarov, & QS, Phys.Rev. B '04;
O. Zachar, & A. M. Tselik, PRB '01;
A. E. Sikkema, I. Affleck, & S. R. White, PRL '97;
O. Zachar, S. A. Kivelson, & V. J. Emery, PRL '96*

SUMMARY

- **Two types of quantum critical metals**
 - T=0 SDW transition (Gaussian)
 - **Locally quantum-critical: destruction of Kondo effect exactly at the magnetic QCP (interacting)**
- **Microscopic (EDMFT) results of Kondo lattice models**
- **Evidence from Hall effect, inelastic neutron scattering, NMR, and Grüneisen ratio**
- **Beyond microscopics**
- **Relevance to other strongly correlated metals?**