## UNIVERSITYOF BIRMINGHAM

## asteroseismology and Galactic populations

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University of Birmingham, UK
and


University of Aarhus, Denmark

Aerts, Christensen-Dalsgaard \& Kurtz 2009


## PULSATING STARS AND STELLAR POPULATIONS STUDIES

Aerts, Christensen-Dalsgaard \& Kurtz 2009


## PULSATING STARS AND STELLAR POPULATIONS STUDIES

## SOLAR-LIKE OscILLATING STARS:

## Standard Clocks and Rulers for Galactic Studies

Desirable properties:

- intrinsically luminous

numerous
photospheric composition proxy
of the ISM at time of birth
pulsation spectrum rich yet simple
- precise distance and age indicators
span a wide age interval sampling look-back times as long as the age of the Galaxy.


## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

Radius

## distance

Pulsating stars as distance indicators:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RR Lyrae, Cepheids: } P \propto\left(M / R^{3}\right)^{-1 / 2} \\
& \log (P)=a \log (L)+b \log (M)+c \log \left(T_{e f f}\right)+d
\end{aligned}
$$

## Harvard College observatory.

OIROULAR 173.

PERIODS OF 25 VARIABLE STARS IN THE SMALL MAGELLANIC CLOUD.

The following statement regarding the periods of 25 variable stars in the Small Magellanic Cloud has been prepared by Miss Leavitt.

A Catalogue of 1777 variable stars in the two Magellanic Clouds is given in H.A. 60, No. 4. The measurement and discussion of these objects present problems of unusual difficulty, on account of the large area covered by the two regions, the extremely crowded distribution of the stars contained in them, the faintness of the variables, and the shortness of their periods. As many of them never become brighter than the fifteenth magnitude, while very few exceed the thirteenth magnitude at maximum, long exposures are neces-

## Leavitt 1912



## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

Mass age

GIANTS:

Age(RGB) ~ $\mathbf{T H}_{\mathbf{H}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& T_{\mathrm{H}} \sim M / L \\
& L \sim M \eta \quad \eta \sim 3.5
\end{aligned}
$$

Age(RGB) ~ M-2.5

## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS



## first steps

## coordinated activities

next steps

## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

CoRoT: the pioneer

$\approx 1000$ red giants in CoRoT's LRcOl exofield I $<R<16$

Hekker et al. 2009

seismology of populations of stars!
population expected


Miglio et al. 2009

## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

observed vs synthetic populations


Miglio et al. 2009

## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

observed vs synthetic populations


Miglio et al. 2009
bear the signature of the population's mass and radius distributions

## ENSEMBLE SEISMOLOGY OF G-K GIANTS

empirical tests of scaling relations
e.g.

- a few nearby/CoRoT dwarfs and giants

Bruntt et al. 2011, Miglio 2011, Bedding 2011, Lagarde et al. 2015

- interferometry

Huber et al. 2012

- Kepler dwarfs+ Hipp parallaxes

Silva Aguirre et al. 2012

- NGC679I, NGC68I9, NGC68II, NGC6633:

Miglio et al. 2012, Brogaard et al. 2012, Sandquist et al. 2013, Lagarde et al. 2015
model-based tests of $\Delta \nu$ scaling relation

## EARLY RESULTS: DISTANCES



## EARLY RESULTS: DISTANCES



## EARLY RESULTS: DIFFERENTIAL POPULATION STUDIES




## $\overline{\mathbf{Z}}_{\text {LRaOI }}<\overline{\mathbf{Z}}_{\text {LRcOI }}$

Miglio, Chiappini, Morel et al. 2013

## EARLY RESULTS: DIFFERENTIAL POPULATION STUDIES

observed



## $\overline{\mathbf{Z}}_{\mathrm{LRaOI}}<\overline{\mathbf{Z}}_{\mathrm{LRcO}}$

Miglio, Chiappini, Morel et al. 2013
synthetic




# + photospheric constraints <br> from SAGA, APOKASC, COROGEE, GESS 

e.g.


Pinsonneault et al.

Martig et al.



Casagrande et al.


Chiappini et al.


Rodrigues et al.


Valentini et al.

Anders et al.

## what have we learnt



2013 Sesto

Andraa Miglio
Patrick Eggenterger
Eob Girardi
Jasefina Montalbán Editors
Asteroseismology of Stellar
Populations in the Milky Way

e.g.<br>Uncertainties in Models of Stellar Structure and Evolution Arlette Noels and Angela Bragaglia<br>Photospheric Constraints, Current Uncertainties in Models of Stellar Atmospheres, and Spectroscopic Surveys.<br>Bertrand Plez and Nicolas Grevesse

# asteroseismology of STEllar Populations 

Open collaboration, 3 areas of expertise:

- Galactic astrophysics


## Spectroscopy

Stellar structure, evolution, seismology

$\sim 100$ scientists from $\sim 20$ countries

| Enrico | Corsaro | X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eric | Depagne |  | X | X |  |
| Eric | Michel | X |  | X |  |
| Frederic | Thevenin |  | X |  |  |
| Gail | Zasowski |  | X |  | APOGEE spectroscopy, photometry / reddening |
| Guy | Davies | X |  |  |  |
| Gyula | Szabo |  | X |  | spectroscopy of bright objects |
| Holger | Lehman |  | X |  | brighter objects <br> Thueringer |
| Ian | Roxburgh |  |  | X |  |
| Isa | Brandao |  |  | X | Gaia-ESO survey |
| Jason | Drury | X |  |  |  |
| Jennifer | Johnson |  | X |  | APOGEE |
| Jerome | Ballot | X |  |  |  |
| Joao Pedro | Marques |  |  | X |  |
| Jose Dias | do <br> Nascimento <br> Jr. |  | X |  |  |
| Josefina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| Joss | Hawthorn |  | X |  |  |
| Juan Carlos | Suarez | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE / photometry / modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathieu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Enrico | Corsaro | X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Eric | Depagne |  | X | X |  |
| Eric | Michel | X |  | X |  |
| Frederic | Thevenin |  | X |  |  |
| Gail | Zasowski |  | X |  | APOGEE spectroscopy. photometry / reddening |
| Guy | Davies | X |  |  |  |
| Gyula | Szabo |  | X |  | spectroscopy of bright objects |
| Holger | Lehman |  | X |  | brighter objects Thueringer |
| Ian | Roxburgh |  |  | X |  |
| Isa | Brandao |  |  | X | Gaia-ESO survey |
| Jason | Drury | X |  |  |  |
| Jennifer | Johnson |  | X |  | APOGEE |
| Jerome | Ballot | X |  |  |  |
| Joao Pedro | Marques |  |  | X |  |
| Jose Dias | do Nascimento Jr. |  | X |  |  |
| Josefina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| Joss | Hawthorn |  | X |  |  |
| Juan <br> Carlos | Suarez | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE / photometry /modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathicu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |

## Analysis and interpretation of K2 data for Galactic studies: a collaborative effort

K2 data analysis<br>spectroscopy<br>modelling

| Eric | Michel | $x$ |  | $x$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frederic | Thevenin |  | X |  |  |
| Gail | Zasowski |  | X |  | APOGEE spectroscopy. photometry / reddening |
| Guy | Davies | x |  |  |  |
| Gyula | Szabo |  | X |  | spectroscopy of bright objects |
| Holger | Lehman |  | X |  | brighter objects Thueringer |
| lan | Roxburgh |  |  | X |  |
| Isa | Brandoo |  |  | X | Gaia-ESO survey |
| Jason | Drury | X |  |  |  |
| Jennifer | Johnson |  | X |  | APOGEE |
| Jerome | Ballot | X |  |  |  |
| Joao Pedro | Marques |  |  | X |  |
| Jose Dias |  |  | X |  |  |
| Joselina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| Joss | Hawthorn |  | X |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Juan } \\ \text { Carlos } \end{gathered}$ | Suarez | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE/photometry /modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathicu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafael | Peralta | x |  | x |  |

## example

## Analysis and interpretation of K2 data for Galactic studies: a collaborative effort

## K2 data analysis

spectroscopy
modelling

| Gyula | Szabo |  | X |  | spectroscopy of bright objects |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Holger | Lehman |  | X |  | brighter objects Thueringer |
| Ian | Roxburgh |  |  | X |  |
| Isa | Brandao |  |  | X | Gaia-ESO survey |
| Jason | Drury | X |  |  |  |
| Jennifer | Johnson |  | X |  | APOGEE |
| Jerome | Ballot | X |  |  |  |
| Joao Pedro | Marques |  |  | X |  |
| Jose Dias | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { do } \\ \text { Nascimento } \\ \text { Jr. } \end{array}$ |  | X |  |  |
| Josefina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| Joss | Hawthom |  | X |  |  |
| Juan Carlos | Suarez | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Mare | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE / photometry /modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathicu | Vrand | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafael | Peralta | X |  | X |  |
| Rasmus | Handberg | X |  |  |  |
| Reza | Samadi |  |  | X |  |
| Rhita Maria | Ouazzani |  |  | X |  |


| Jason | Drury | X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jennifer | Johnson |  | X |  | APOGEE |
| Jerome | Ballot | X |  |  |  |
| Joao Pedro | Marques |  |  | X |  |
| Jose Dias | $\begin{gathered} \text { do } \\ \text { Nascimento } \\ \text { Jr. } \end{gathered}$ |  | X |  |  |
| Josefina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| Joss | Hawthorn |  | X |  |  |
| Juan Carlos | Suarcz | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE / photometry /modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathicu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafael | Peralta | X |  | X |  |
| Rasmus | Handberg | X |  |  |  |
| Reza | Samadi |  |  | X |  |
| Rhita Maria | Ouazzani |  |  | X |  |
| Sanjib | Sharma |  |  |  |  |
| Santi | Cassisi |  |  | X |  |
| Sarbani | Basu |  |  | X |  |
| Saskia | Hekker | X |  |  |  |
| Savita | Mathur | X |  |  |  |
| Schastien | Deheuyels | X |  |  |  |


| Josefina | Montalban |  |  | X |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Joss | Hawthorn |  | X |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Juan } \\ \text { Carlos } \end{gathered}$ | Suarcz | X |  |  |  |
| Leo | Girardi |  |  | X |  |
| Luca | Casagrande |  | X |  |  |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE/photometry / modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathieu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafael | Peralta | X |  | X |  |
| Rasmus | Handberg | X |  |  |  |
| Reza | Samadi |  |  | X |  |
| Rhita Maria | Ouazzani |  |  | X |  |
| Sanjib | Sharma |  |  |  |  |
| Santi | Cassisi |  |  | X |  |
| Sarbani | Basu |  |  | X |  |
| Saskia | Hekker | X |  |  |  |
| Savita | Mathur | X |  |  |  |
| Sebastien | Deheuvels | X |  |  |  |
| Steve | Kawaler | X |  | X | already experience with K2 SC |
| Steven | Bloemen | X |  |  |  |
| Thaise | Rodrigues |  |  | X |  |
| Thierry | Morel |  | X |  | Gaia-ESO, not only |
| Thomas | Kallinger | X |  |  |  |

## Analysis and interpretation of K2 data for Galactic studies: a collaborative effort

## K2 data analysis


spectroscopy

modelling

| catar | (1) |  | $N$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marc | Pinsonneault |  | X | X | APOGEE / photometry /modelling |
| Marcio | Catelan |  |  |  |  |
| Maria | Bergemann |  | X |  |  |
| Maria Pia | Di Mauro |  |  | X |  |
| Marian | Suran |  |  | X |  |
| Marica | Valentini |  | X |  | RAVE, Gaia-ESO |
| Martin | Asplund |  | X |  | Hermes, AAOmega |
| Mathicu | Vrard | X |  |  |  |
| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafacl | Peralta | X |  | X |  |
| Rasmus | Handberg | X |  |  |  |
| Reza | Samadi |  |  | X |  |
| Rhita <br> Maria | Ouazzani |  |  | X |  |
| Sanjib | Sharma |  |  |  |  |
| Santi | Cassisi |  |  | X |  |
| Sarbani | Basu |  |  | X |  |
| Saskia | Hekker | X |  |  |  |
| Savita | Mathur | X |  |  |  |
| Sebastien | Deheuvels | X |  |  |  |
| Steve | Kawaler | X |  | X | already experience with K2 SC |
| Steven | Blocmen | X |  |  |  |
| Thaise | Rodrigues |  |  | X |  |
| Thierry | Morel |  | X |  | Gaia-ESO, not only |
| Thomas | Kallinger | X |  |  |  |
| Tim | White | X |  |  | and interferomertric data, when possible |
| Tim | Bedding | X |  |  |  |
| Ulrike | Heiter |  | X |  | Gaia-ESO |
| Victor | Silva Aguirre |  | X | X |  |


| Maurizio | Salaris |  |  | X |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nadege | Lagarde |  |  | X |  |
| Orlagh | Creevey |  |  | X |  |
| Othman | Benomar | X |  |  |  |
| Paola | Marigo |  |  | X |  |
| Patrick | Gaulme | X |  |  |  |
| Patrick | Eggenberger |  |  | X |  |
| Paul | Beck | X |  |  |  |
| Rafa | Garcia | X |  |  |  |
| Rafael | Peralta | X |  | X |  |
| Rasmus | Handberg | X |  |  |  |
| Reza | Sumadi |  |  | X |  |
| Rhita Maria | Ouazzani |  |  | X |  |
| Sanjib | Sharma |  |  |  |  |
| Santi | Cassisi |  |  | X |  |
| Sarbani | Basu |  |  | X |  |
| Saskia | Hekker | X |  |  |  |
| Savita | Mathur | X |  |  |  |
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| Thomas | Kallinger | X |  |  |  |
| Tim | White | X |  |  | and interferomertric data, when possible |
| Tim | Bedding | X |  |  |  |
| Ulrike | Heiter |  | X |  | Gaia-ESO |
| Victor | Silva Aguirre |  | X | X |  |
| Warrick | Ball |  |  | X |  |
| Yveline | Lebreton |  |  | X |  |
| Yvonne | Elsworth | X |  |  |  |
| Zhao | Guo |  | X |  |  |

## Analysis and interpretation of K2 data for Galactic studies: a collaborative effort

K2 data analysis<br>spectroscopy<br><br>modelling

## example 2

## isochrone fitting (old problem), has to be revisited in the light of new constraints

systematic uncertainties:
collaborative project involving several codes


## example 3

## asteroSTEP:

## Hare\&hounds exercises

andrea miglio*. luca casagrande, joris de ridder, gail zasowski on behalf of

the asteroSTEP collaboration ${ }^{\prime}$

Inferring the full, detailed chemodynamical evolution of the Milky Way is a long sought-after goal now being made achievable by unprecedented quantities and types of stellar catalogs. However, interpretation of these data relies critically on understanding the uncertainties and biases inherent to the methods used. Here, we report on the status of a large collaborative project that aims at assessing under which conditions and with which accuracy the properties of a stellar population can be recovered, given current state-of-the-art analysis methods. We seek a comprehensive understanding of the impacts of target selection biases and uncertainties on classical (spectroscopic, astrometric, photometric) and asteroseismic data. In this poster, we describe how this collaboration is structured into teams and tasks, the generation of mock Milky Way catalogs, and progress along other aspects of the project.

## Team A: <br> Generating artificial datasets <br> members: Annie Robin, Sanjib Shorma, Leo Girardi <br> - Generate various sets of artificial data representative of populations of giants in the fields of COROT and Kepler (including the fields of the 2 -wheel mission)

- Use parametrized models of the Milly Way (TRILEGAL, Besancon, Galaxia, ...)
- The team's output will be artificial observational data such as:
- seismic data (such as large frequency separation nu_max, and the period spacing).
- spectroscopic data (effective temperature, chemical abundances, radial velocity).
- photometric constraints (apparent magnitudes, colours)


Team B:
Introducing noise and biases coordinator: Luca Cosogrande

e.g. color-magnitude diagrams:

Inferring the full, detailed chemodynamical evolution of the Milky Way is a long sought-after goal now being made achievable by unprecedented quantities and types of stellar catalogs. However, interpretation of these data relies critically on understanding the uncertainties and biases inherent to the methods used. Here, we report on the status of a large collaborative project that aims at assessing under which conditions and with which accuracy the properties of a stellar population can be recovered, given current state-of-the-art analysis methods. We seek a comprehensive understanding of the impacts of target selection biases and uncertainties on classical (spectroscopic, astrometric, photometric) and asteroseismic data. In this poster, we describe how this collaboration is structured into teams and tasks, the generation of mock Milky Way catalogs, and progress along other aspects of the project.

## Team A: <br> Generating artificial datasets <br> members: Annie Robin, Sanjib Sharma, Leo Girardi

- Generate various sets of artificial data representative of populations of giants in the fields of CoRoT and Kepler (induding the fields of the 2 -wheel mission)
- Use parametrized models of the Milly Way (TRILEGAL, Besancon, Galaxia,...)
- The team's output will be artificial observational data such as:
- seismic data (such as large frequency separation nu_max, and the period spacing).
- spectroscopic data (effective temperature, chemical abundances, radial velocity).
- photometric constraints (apparent magnitudes, colours)
- astrometric constraints (parallaxes and proper motions) as we will obtain them with Gaia



## Team B:

Introducing noise and biases
coordinator: Luca Casogrande
members: Andrea Miglia, joris De Ridder, Bill Choplin, Goil Zosowski, Rafa Garcia, Rob Former, Enda Farrell, Berry Holl

- Add random (possibly non-gaussian) and systematic uncertainties to the "unbiased stellar population" generated by Team A.
- Add reddening biases

e.g. color-magnitude diagrams:


## Team C:

now being made achievable by unprecedented quantities and types of stellar catalogs. However, interpretation of these data relies critically on understanding the uncertainties and biases inherent to the methods used. Here, we report on the status of a large collaborative project that aims at assessing under which conditions and with which accuracy the properties of a stellar population can be recovered, given current state-of-the-art analysis methods. We seek a comprehensive understanding of the impacts of target selection biases and uncertainties on classical (spectroscopic, astrometric, photometric) and asteroseismic data. In this poster, we describe how this collaboration is structured into teams and tasks, the generation of mock Milky Way catalogs, and progress along other aspects of the project.

## Team A:

## Generating artificial datasets

members: Annie Robin, Sanjb Sharma, Leo Girurdi

- Generate various sets of artificial data representative of populations of glants in the fields of CoRoT and Kepler (including the fields of the 2 -wheel mission)
- Use parametrized models of the Milly Way (TRILEGAL, Besancon, Galaxia,...)
- The team's output will be artificial observational data such as:
- seismic data (such as large frequency separation nu_max, and the period spacing).
- spectroscopic data (effective temperature, chemical abundances, radial velocity).
- photometric constraints (apparent magnitudes. colours)
* astrometric constraints (parallaxes and proper motions) as we will obtain them with Gaia


## Team C:

Retrieving the stellar parameters
members: Victor Siva Aguirre, Dennis Stello, Thaise Rodrigues, Benoit, Mosser, Orlagh Creevey, Maurizio Salaris, Santino Cossisi, Adriano Pietrinferni, Sarbani Basu, Josefina Montafban, Aldo Serenelt, Marie Martig, Scllid Degflinnocents

- Use stellar evolution and pulsation codes to model the "observed" stellar properties to estimate their age.


e.g. color-magnitude diagrams:

Team B:
Introducing noise and biases
coordinator:Luca Cosogrande
members: Andreo Miglio, Jonis De Ridder, Bill Chaplin, Goil Zosowski, Rafa Garcia, Rob Farmer. Endo Forrell, Berry Holl

- Add random (possibly non-gaussian) and systematic uncertainties to the unbiased stellar population" generated by Team A.
- Add reddening biases
- Add target selection biases


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- Use stellar evolution and pulsation codes to model the "observed" stellar properties to estimate their age, distance, mass, etc.
- Carefully keep record of the assumptions you use, such as which opacities you use, mixing length, overshoot parameter, etc.
- No information from team A will be available.


## Team E:

Assessing the different methods and codes used

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- Cokor LReor
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- k2 Fieldi
- Ka fielda



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- Add reddening biases
- Add target selection biases


## Team D:

## Retrieving the galactic parameters

members: Genry Gilmore, JossBland-Howthom, AlejandruRecio-Blanca, ManMinchev, JoBoyy. Borja Anguiano, Georges Kordopatis, Friedrich Anders

- Given the stellar properties derived by Team C, recover the global galactic population properties that constrain the chemical and dynamical evolution of the galactic disk.
- Estimate the age-metallicity and age-velocity dispersion relations as a function of the position in the disk Retrieve possible gradients.
- Estimate the initial mass function.

e.g. color-magnitude diagrams:


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## Team E:

Assessing the different methods and codes used

- Given the input and output population parameters. compare the results of the different groups using different methods/codes.
- Establish the reliability of the error bars returned by team D.
- Assess how robust the results are as a function of the noise levels.
- Make recommendations for an optimized observation strategy for the Kepler, CORoT and APOGEE teams.


## Team B:

Introducing noise and biases coordinator: Luca Casagrande
members: Andreo Miglio, Jonis De Ridder, Bill Choplin, Gail Zosowski, Rafa Garcia, Rob Farmer. Enda Farrell, Berry Holl

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members: Gerry Glimore, JossBland-Howthorn, AlejandraRedio-Blanca, ManMinchev, JoBovy, Borja Anguiana, Georges Kordopatis, Friedrich Anders

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- Estimate the initial mass function.
- Estimate the star formation rate as a function of the position in the disk
* email address: amiglio@bham.ac.uk
'asteroeismology of STElarPopulations aims to foster, and coordinate collaborations between researchers interested in stellar population studies using CoRoT, Kepler, and K2 data. Currently about 90 scientists from 16 countries are members of asteroSTEP.


## first steps

## coordinated activities

next steps

## Ensemble seismology

impose that a solution $\left(\nu_{\max }, \Delta \nu,[\mathrm{Fe} / \mathrm{H}], T_{\text {eff }}\right)$ belongs to an evolutionary track

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consider period spacing, small frequency separations
- model individual frequencies
examples of current efforts in Birmingham


## TESTING NEAR-CORE MIXING IN RC STARS



Bossini et al, in preparation
testing stellar structure

improve accuracy of model predictions

## SEISMOLOGY OF GIANTS IN CLUSTERS

mean density from individual radialmodes frequenciesmore stringent tests of scaling relations


stars that evolved through 'non-standard' evolution are being identified.
Brogaard et al. 2015
Handberg, Miglio, Brogaard, in preparation

## ACOUSTIC GLITCHES IN GIANTS

## CoRoT

Hell ionisation zone in a red giant


Miglio et al. 2010

where

$$
\begin{aligned}
& t(r)=\int_{0}^{r} \frac{\mathrm{~d} r^{\prime}}{c} \\
& c^{2}=\Gamma_{1} \frac{P}{\rho} \\
& \Gamma_{1}=\left(\frac{\operatorname{\partial n} P}{\partial \ln \rho}\right)_{\mathrm{ad}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## ACOUSTIC GLITCHES IN GIANTS

Kepler giants in NGC6819


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average seismic parameters depend to some extent on stellar structure (and physics within)internal mixing: interpretation of photospheric abundancesage estimates: model dependent

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CoRoT, Kepler, K2: calibration fields for GAIA and gold standards for Galactic astronomy

## PLATO: FIELD OFVIEW



UNIVERSITYOF BIRMINGHAM

## DISCUSSION

would an open platform to exchange expertise / foster collaborations be worth keeping / expanding?

K2: no proprietary light curves, but proprietary spectroscopic data:
"run away and publish" or wide collaborations?
Hare\&Hounds exercises are the way to go?
asteroseismology of red giants: just scratching the surface
asteroseismology of sun-like stars: few and nearby targets, but relevant as age calibrators
age determination: precision vs. accuracy.
differential ages as a first step?

## DISCUSSION

PLATO: come up with criteria for target/field selection, lobby for targets

## 592. WE-Heraeus-Seminar - 1st to 5th June 2015

Reconstructing the Milky Way's History: Spectroscopic Surveys, Asteroseismology and Chemodynamical Models

## Venue:

Physics Center Bad Honnef
Hauptstrasse 5
53604
Bad Honnef (near Bonn, Germany)
The Physics Center is run by the Deutsche Physikalische Gesellschaft e. V. (DPG) and is supported by the University of Bonn and the state North Rhine - Westphalia.

The stately mansion housing the Physikzemtrum is surrounded by a park at the foot of the Siebengebirge ("The Seven Hills") on the right bank of the Rhine River.


This seminar is generously Aunded by the Wilhelm und Elise Heraeus-Sotung.

Click here to learn more about the foundation.

## Keplèr


https://escience.aip.de/592-WE-Heraeus-Seminar/cms/

