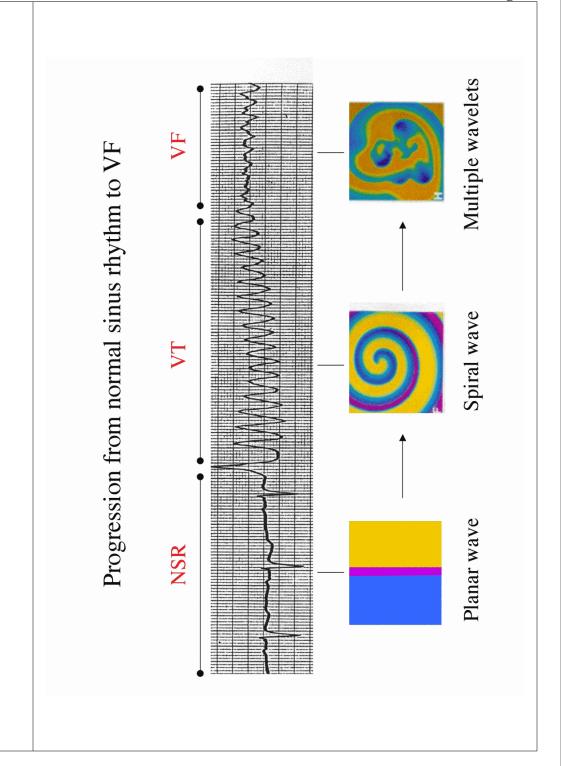
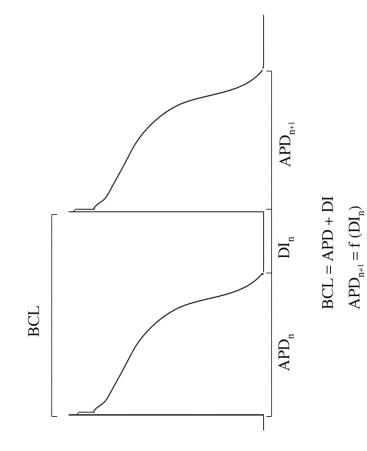
Dynamic Mechanism for Conduction Block in Heart Tissue

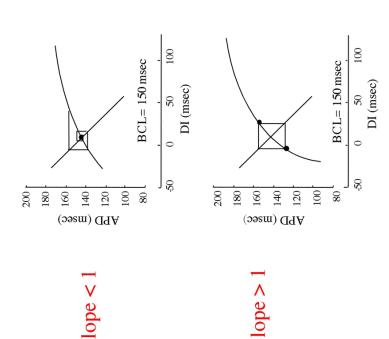
Robert F. Gilmour, Jr.
Department of Biomedical Sciences
Cornell University



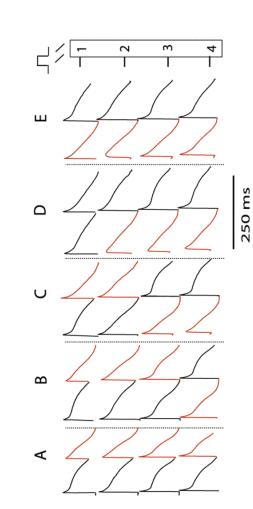




Restitution and APD dynamics

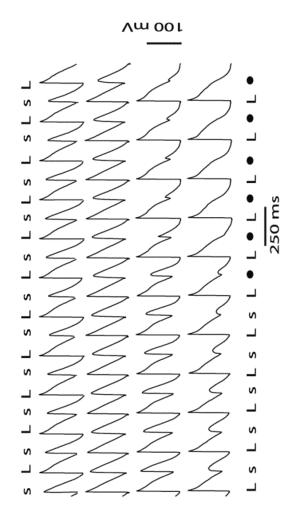


Concordant and discordant APD alternans

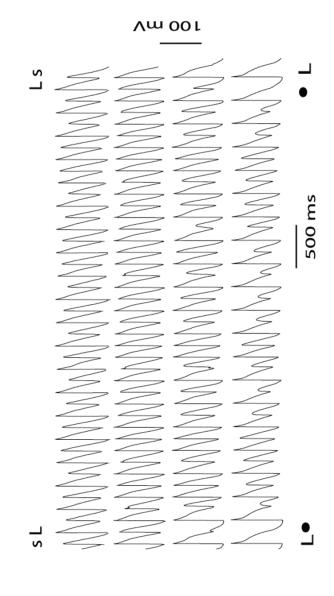


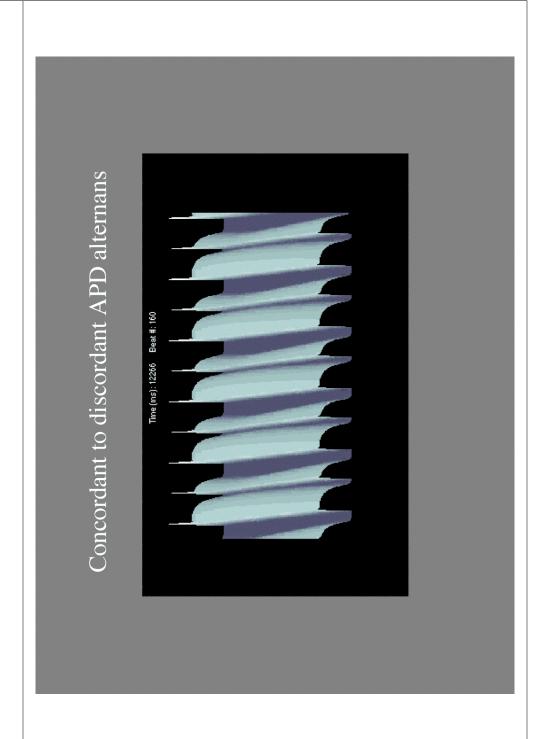
Fox et al, Circ Res, 2002

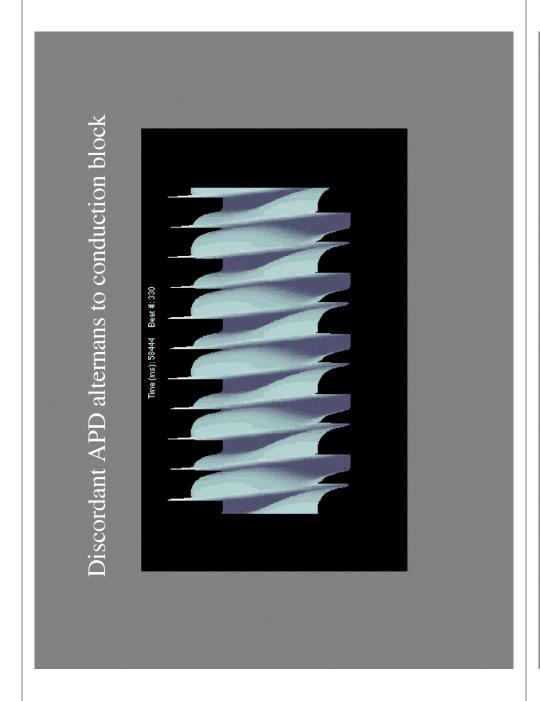
Discordant APD alternans and conduction block

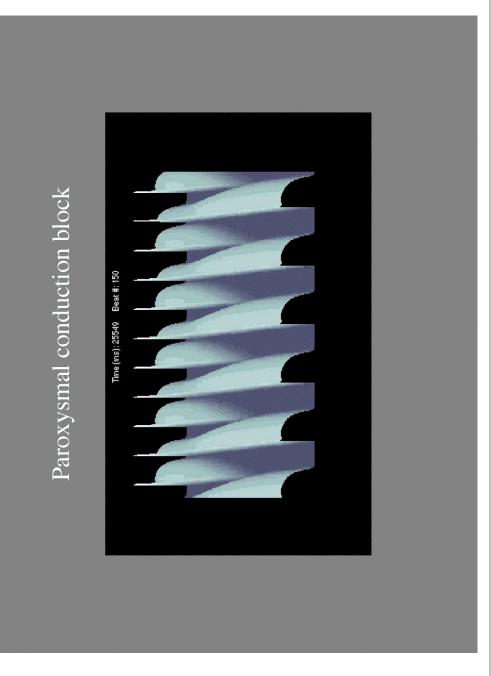


Paroxysmal conduction block

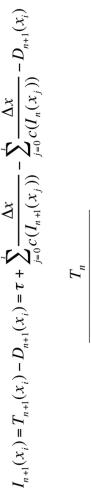


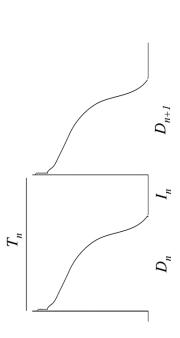




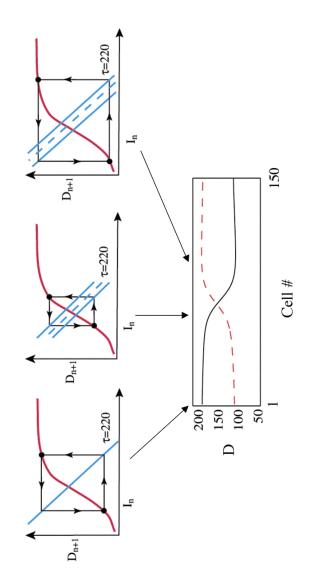


Coupled Maps Model

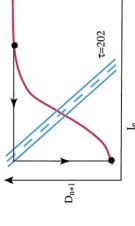


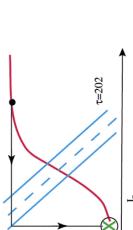


Mechanism for transition from concordant to discordant APD alternans



Mechanism for transition from discordant APD alternans to conduction block

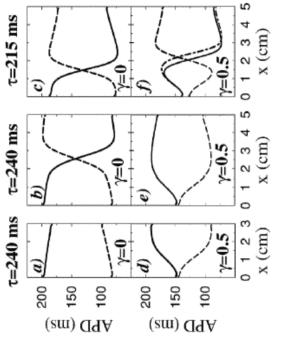




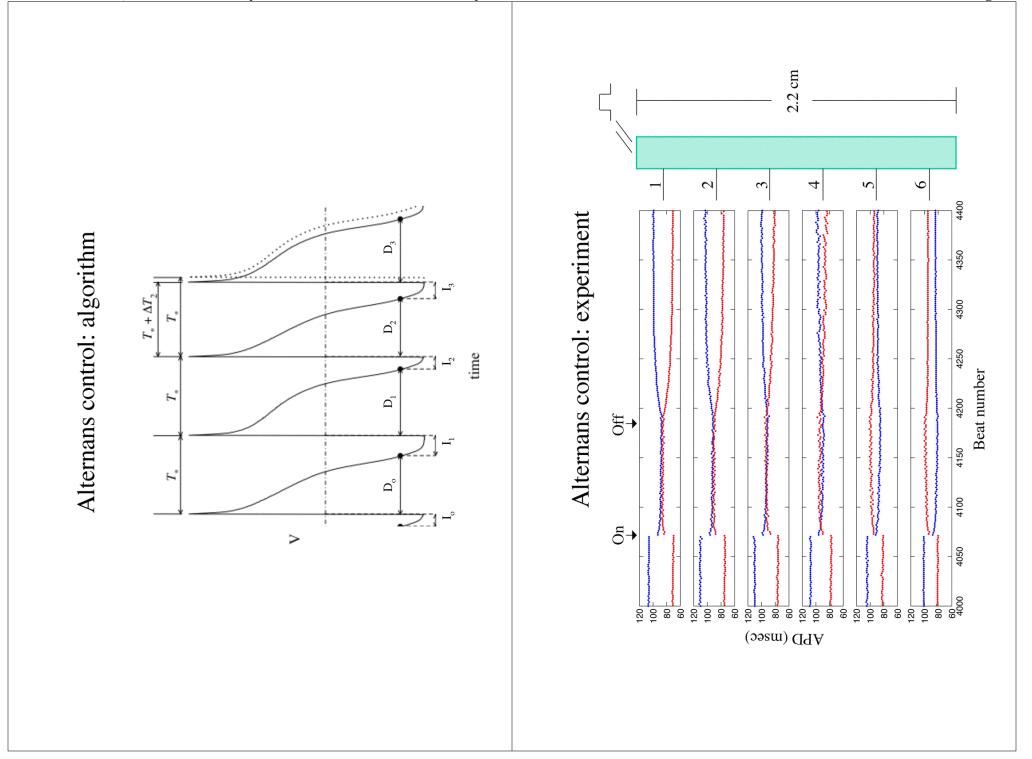
 $D_{n+1} \\$

Alternans control: theory

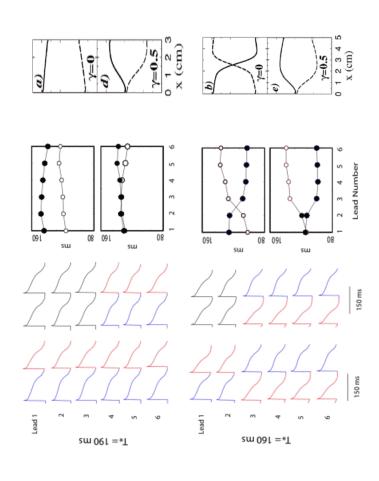
Control equation: $T'' = \tau + \frac{\gamma}{2} (APD'' - APD''^{-1})$



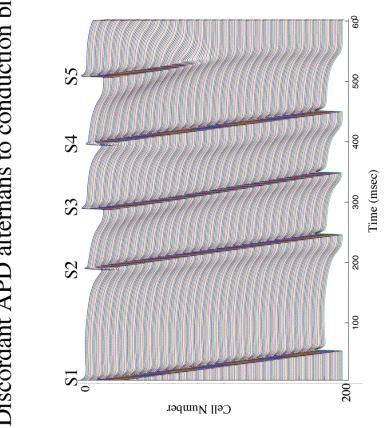
Echebarria and Karma, Chaos, 2002







Discordant APD alternans to conduction block



Return map memory model



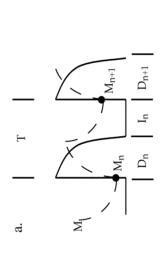
M: Memory
T: stimulus period (Time)
D: action potential Duratic

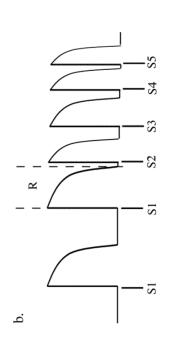
D: action potential Duration
I: diastolic Interval

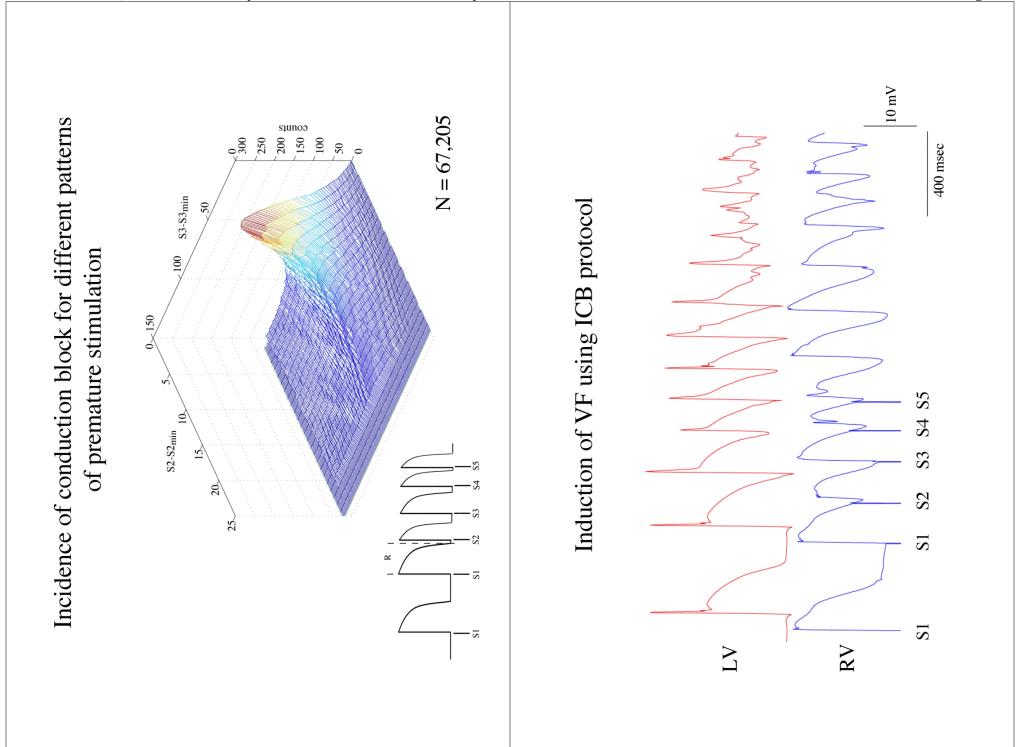


Fox et al, PRL, 2002

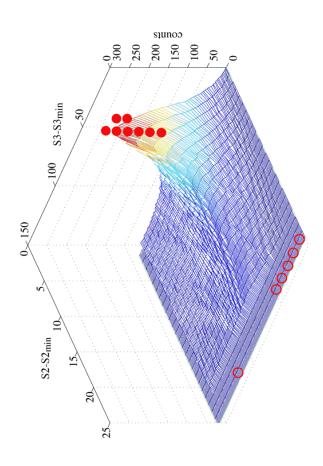
Induction of conduction block by premature stimulation







Incidence of conduction block for different patterns of premature stimulation





Eberhard Bodenschatz Cornell









David Christini Cornell Med



Dante Chialvo UCLA



Alain Karma (et al) Northeastern



Mark Riccio Cornell

Jeff Fox **GNS**