

# Heat transport of quantum excitations: magnons, spinons, and Majorana fermions

## Spintronics Meets Topology in Quantum Materials KITP Workshop

November 12-15, 2019

**Christian Hess**

Institute for Solid State Research

IFW Dresden



Leibniz Institute  
for Solid State and  
Materials Research  
Dresden

Member of the



# Acknowledgements

## Heat transport

N. Hlubek  
R. Hentrich  
M. Gillig  
B. Büchner



## Cuprate crystals

R. Saint-Martin, A. Revcolevschi

Université Paris-Sud

## $\alpha$ - $\text{RuCl}_3$ crystals

D. Nowak, A. Isaeva, and T. Doert  
J. Sears, Y.-J. Kim  
P.J. Kelley, S. Nagler

TU Dresden  
University of Toronto  
Oak Ridge National Lab

## Discussion & Theory

W. Brenig  
X. Zotos

TU Braunschweig  
University of Crete

€€€



NOVMAG  
LOTHERM

Deutsche  
Forschungsgemeinschaft  
DFG



SFB 1143 Correlated Magnetism:  
from frustration to topology

# Heat transport: Experiment

Fourier's law:  $\mathbf{j}_Q = -\kappa \nabla T$

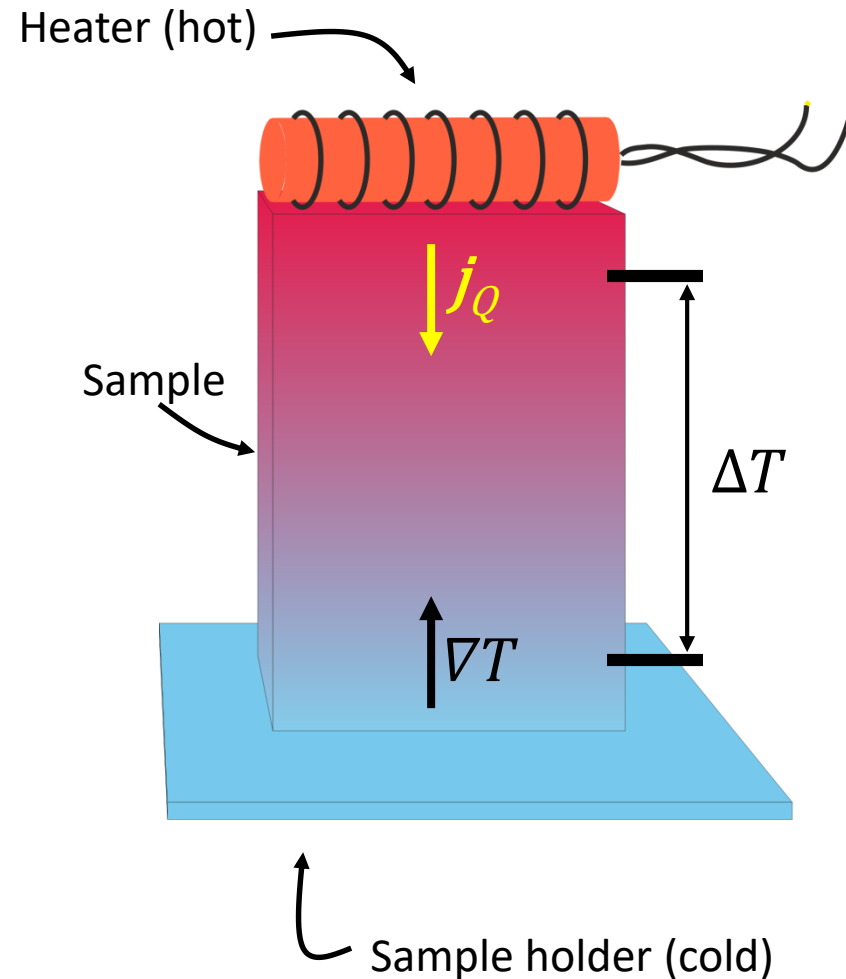
**Estimate:**

$$\kappa \sim c \cdot v \cdot l$$

$c$  = specific heat

$v$  = velocity

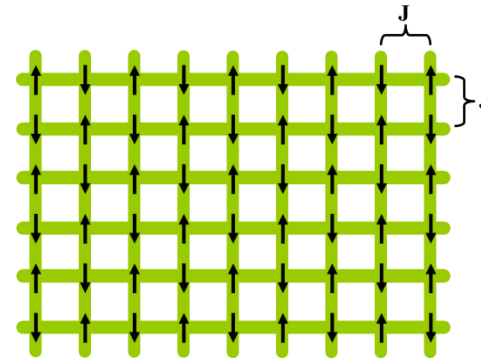
$l$  = mean free path



# Outline

## 2D-AFM Heisenberg

Magnon heat transport



Material:  $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$

## 1D-AFM Heisenberg

Spinon heat transport

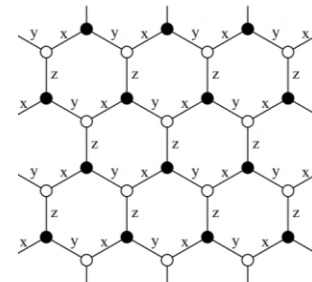


Material:  $\text{SrCuO}_2$

## 2D Kitaev

Longitudinal heat transport

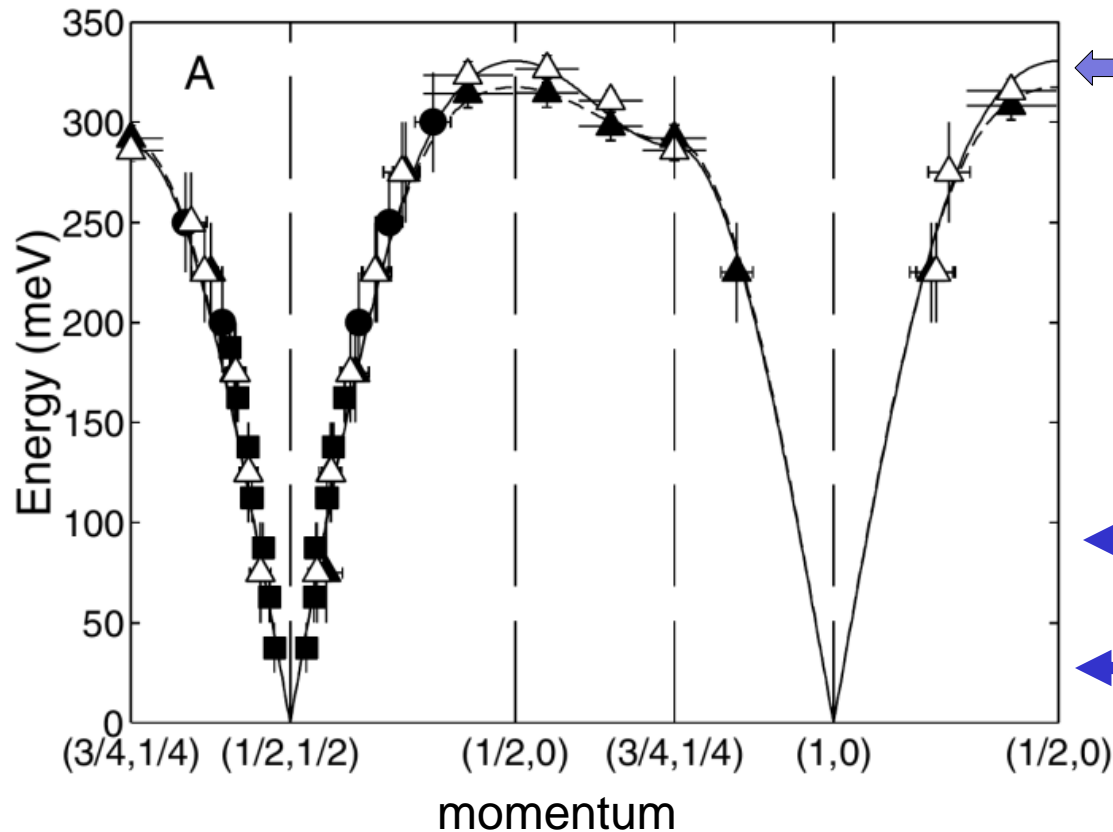
Thermal Hall effect



Material:  $\alpha\text{-RuCl}_3$

# 2D antiferromagnetic magnons in $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$

$s=1/2$  Heisenberg AFM on square lattice



325 meV ~ 3800 K

Magnons are fast!

$$v_0 \approx 1.3 \cdot 10^5 \text{ m/s}$$

optical phonons

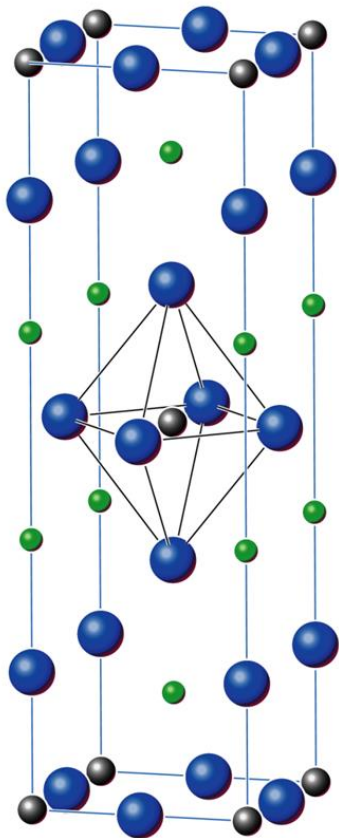
acoustical phonons

Coldea et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 2001

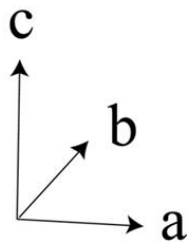
$$\text{Heat conductivity: } \kappa \sim c v_0 l$$

# Magnon heat transport in $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$ : evidence

$\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$



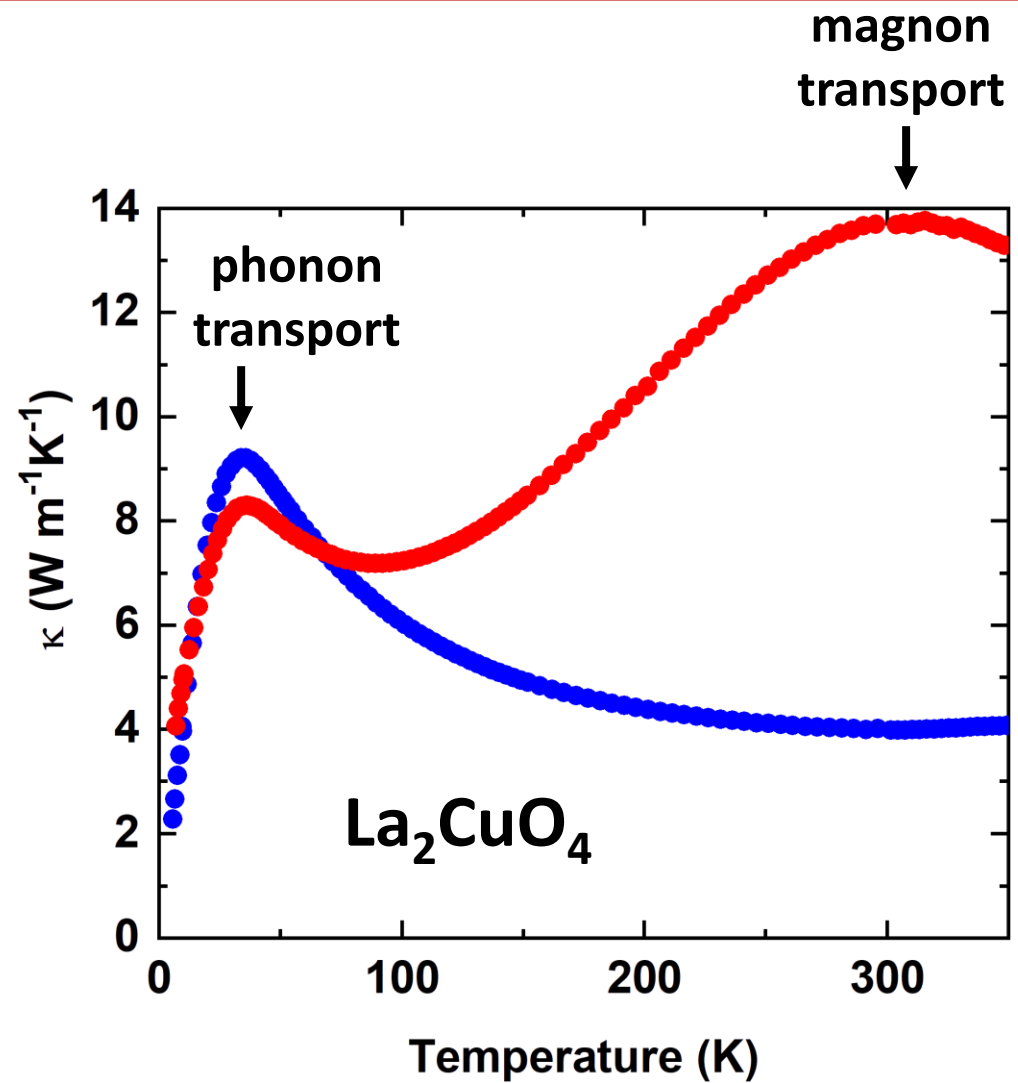
● Cu  
● O  
● La



$$J_{\parallel} \approx 1500\text{K}$$

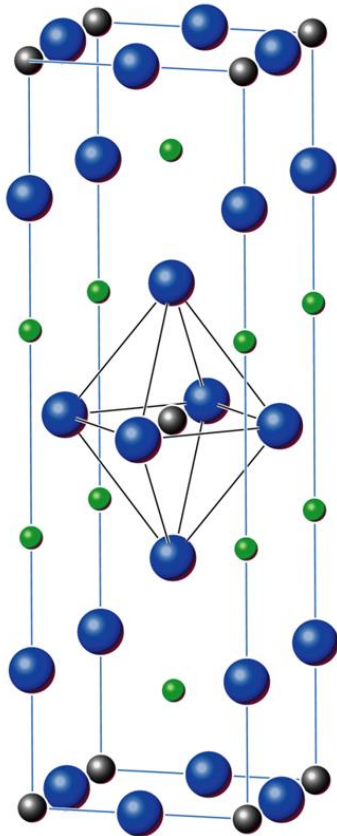
$$J_{\perp} \approx 10^{-5}J_{\parallel}$$

Hess et al., PRL 2003  
Hess, Physics Reports 2019

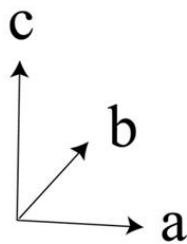


# Magnon heat transport in $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$ : evidence

$\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$



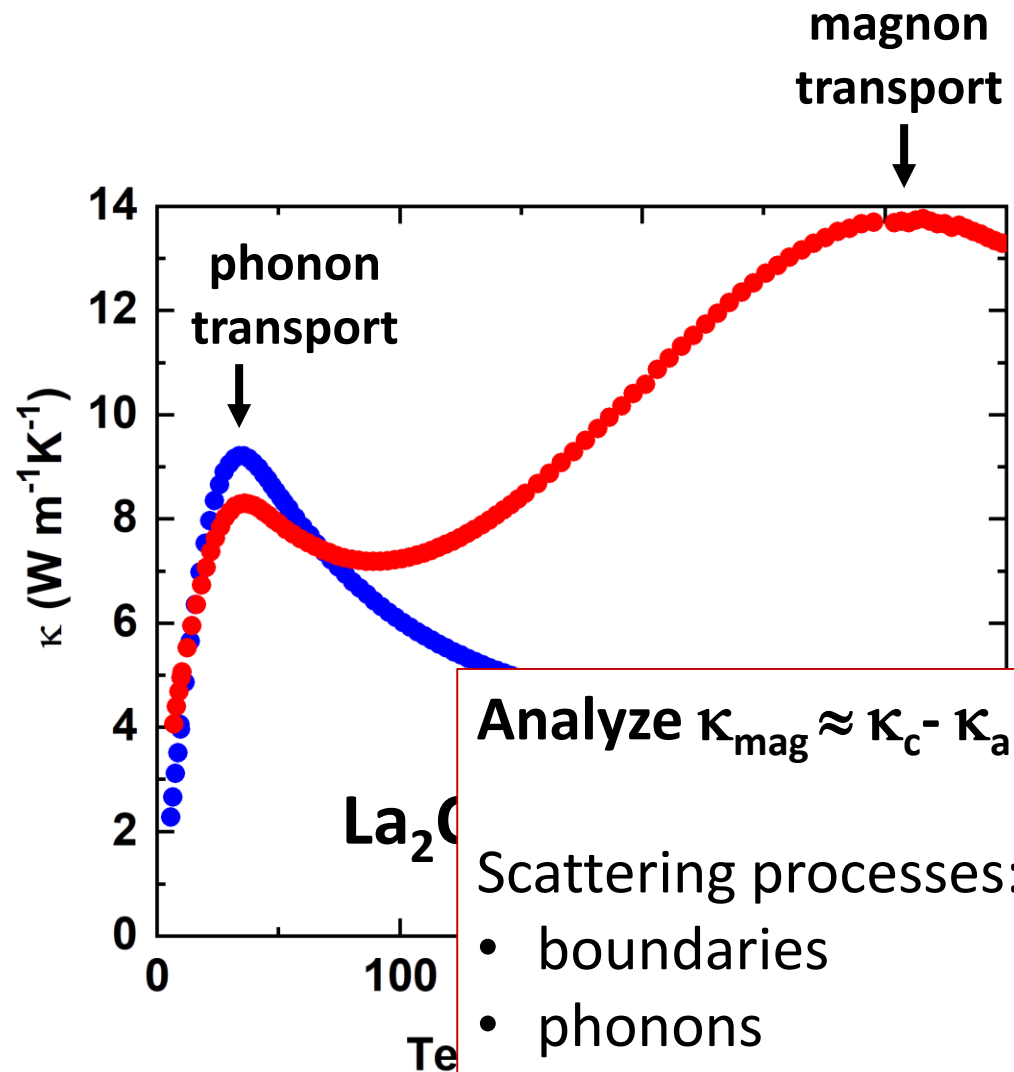
● Cu  
● O  
● La



$$J_{\parallel} \approx 1500K$$

$$J_{\perp} \approx 10^{-5}J_{\parallel}$$

Hess et al., PRL 2003  
Hess, Physics Reports 2019



Analyze  $\kappa_{\text{mag}} \approx \kappa_c - \kappa_a$

Scattering processes:

- boundaries
- phonons
- correlation length

Mohan, Hess et al., unpublished

# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  : 
$$\mathbf{H} = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J > 0, S = 1/2$$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$



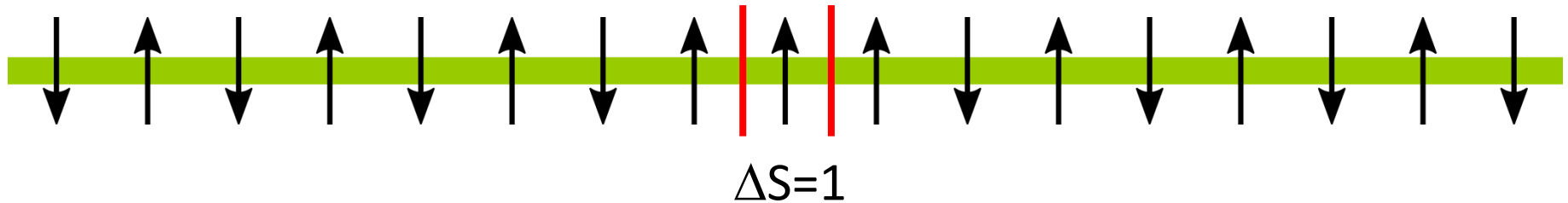


# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  : 
$$\mathbf{H} = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J > 0, S = 1/2$$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$

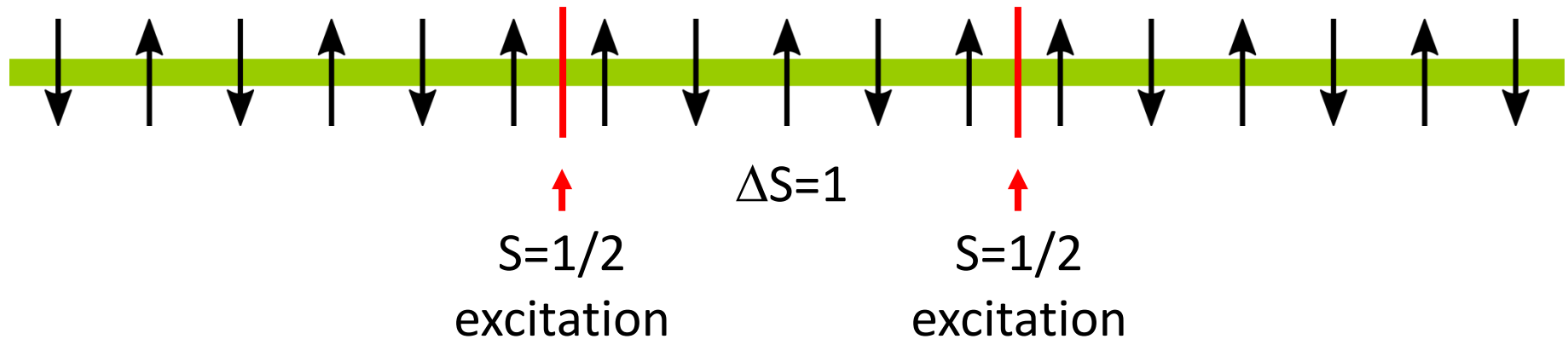


# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  : 
$$\mathbf{H} = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J > 0, S = 1/2$$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$

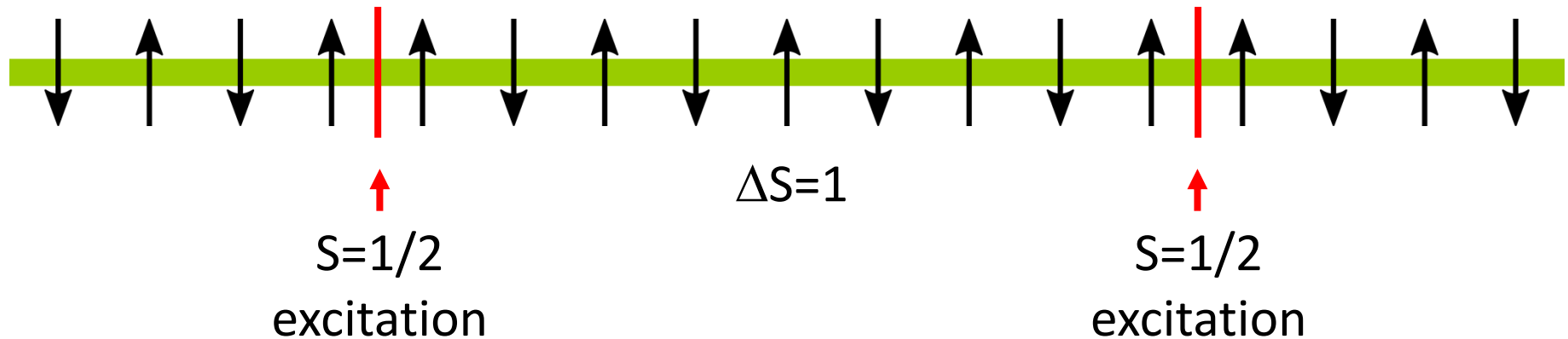


# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  : 
$$\mathbf{H} = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J > 0, S = 1/2$$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$

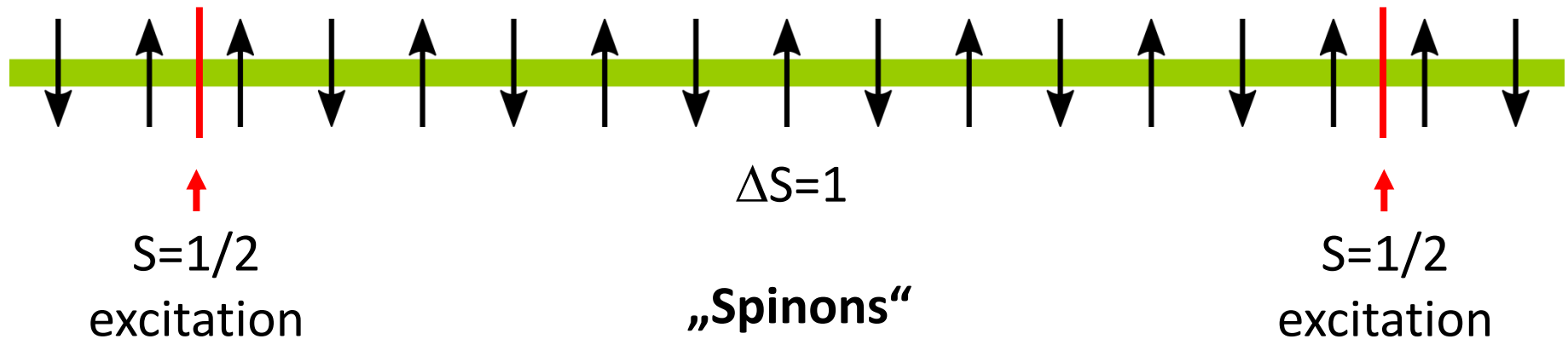


# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  : 
$$\mathbf{H} = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j \quad J > 0, S = 1/2$$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$

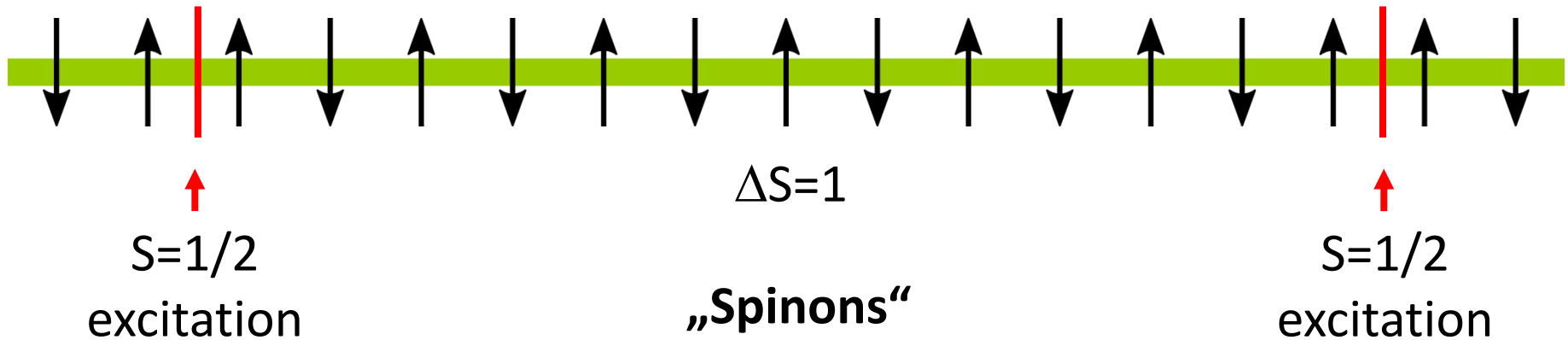


# Antiferromagnetic $S = 1/2$ Heisenberg chain: spinons

Heisenberg Model,  $D=1$  :  $H = J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \mathbf{S}_i \cdot \mathbf{S}_j$   $J > 0, S = 1/2$

## Antiferromagnetic Heisenberg chain

Ground state: correlation length  $\xi \propto 1/n$

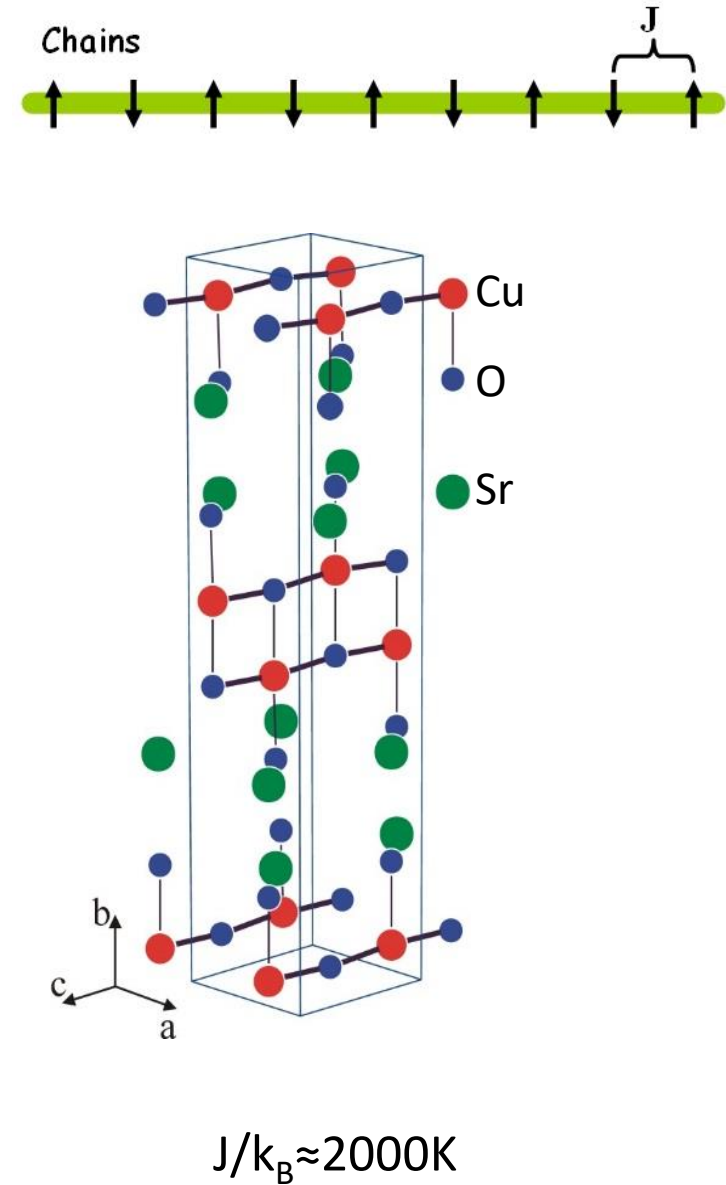
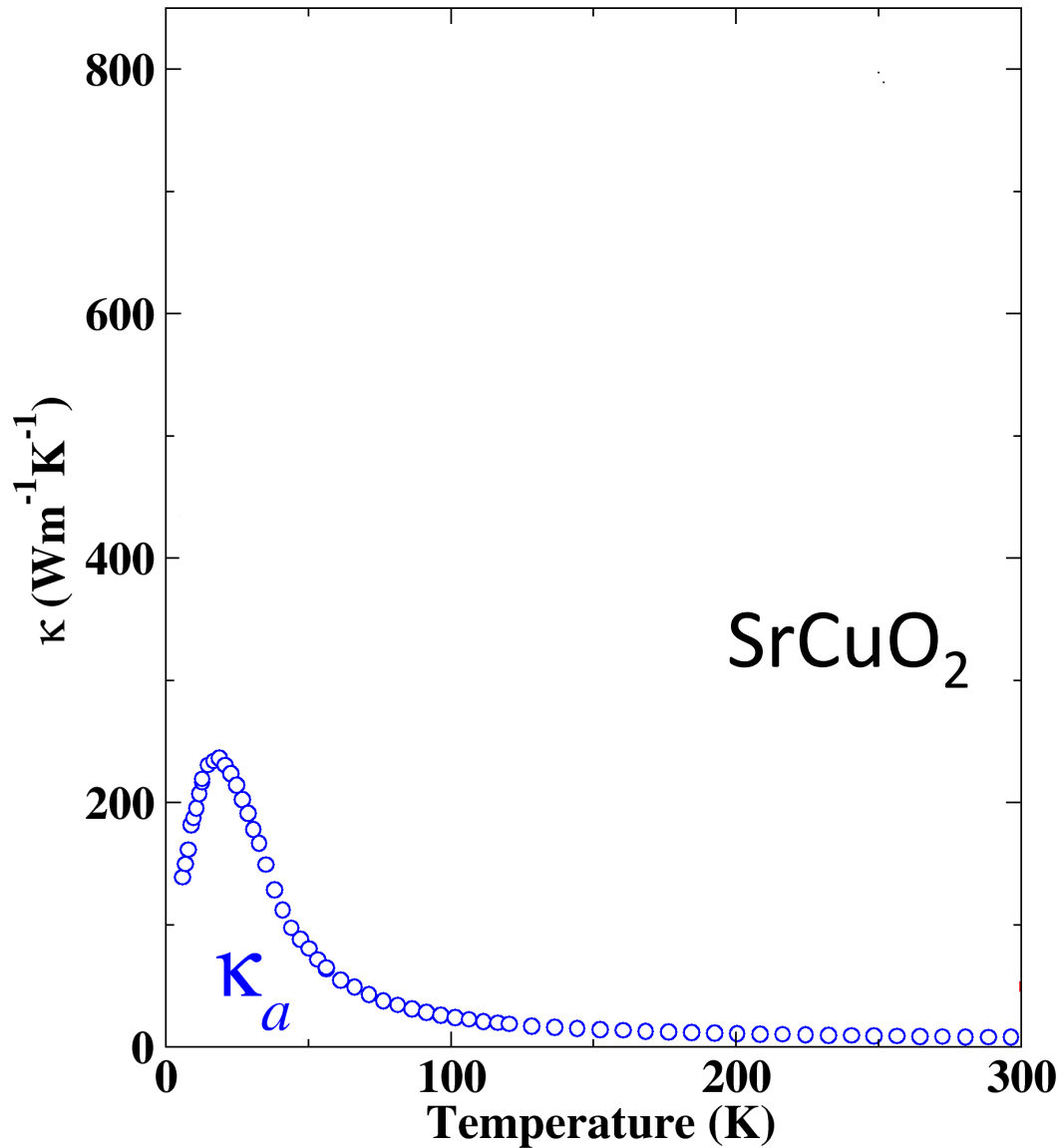


**Heat transport:**  $[j_Q, H]=0 \Rightarrow \text{„}\kappa=\infty\text{“}$   $\rightarrow$  **Ballistic!**<sup>1</sup>

Heat current operator

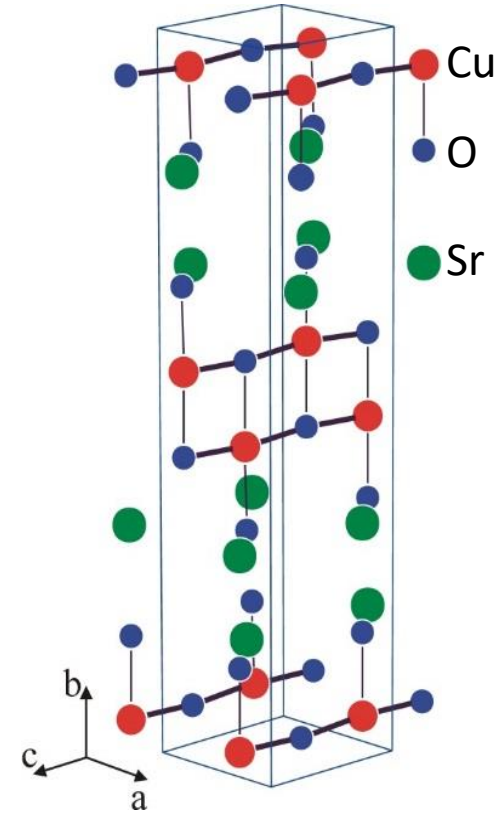
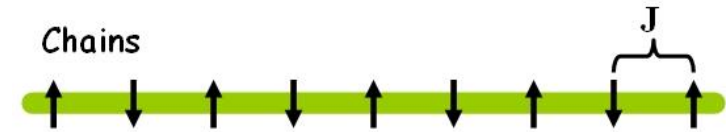
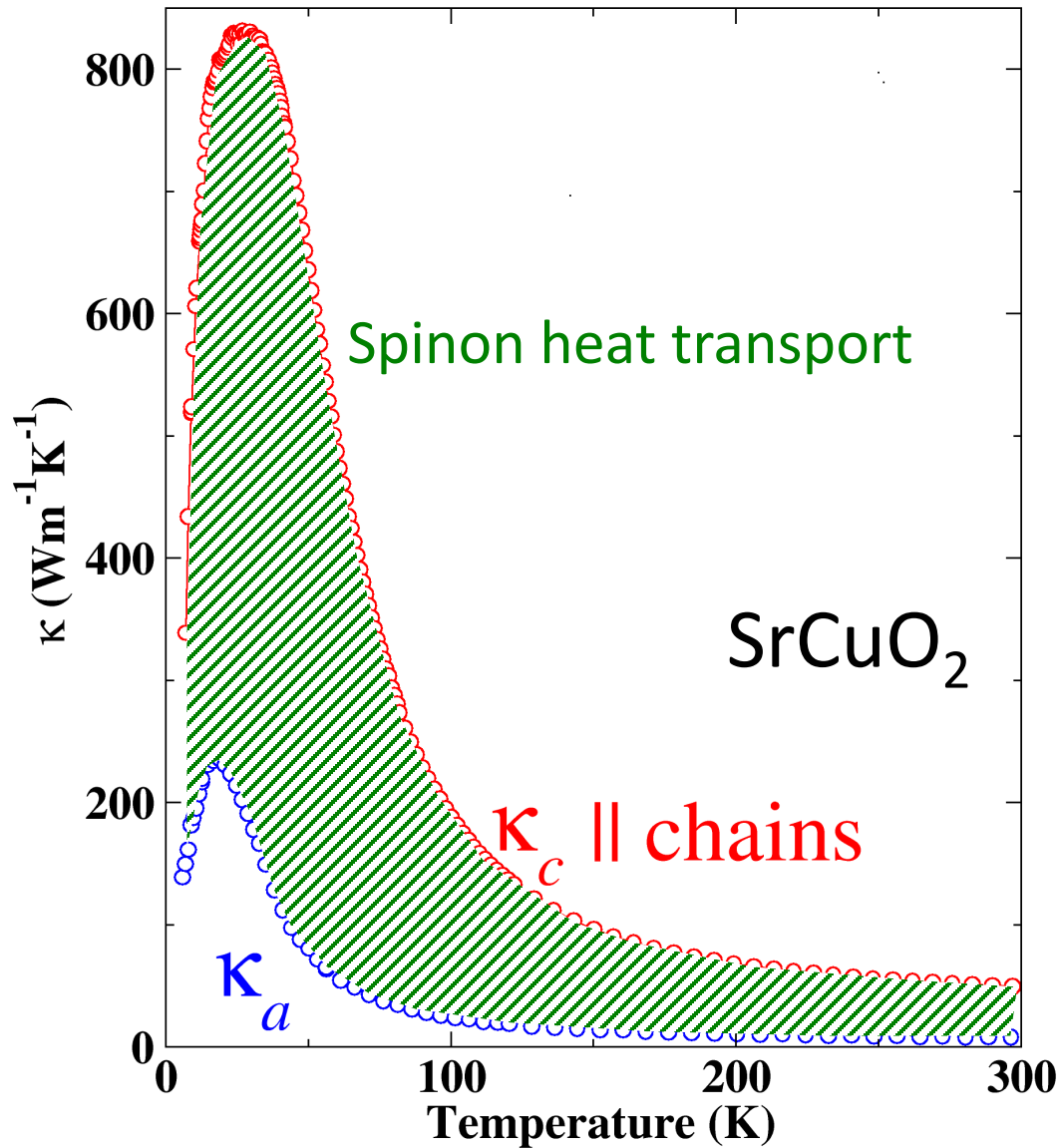
<sup>1</sup>Zotos, Naef, Prelovšek, PRB 1997

# Large spinon heat transport in SrCuO<sub>2</sub>



N. Hlubek et al., PRB 2010; Hess, Physics Reports 2019

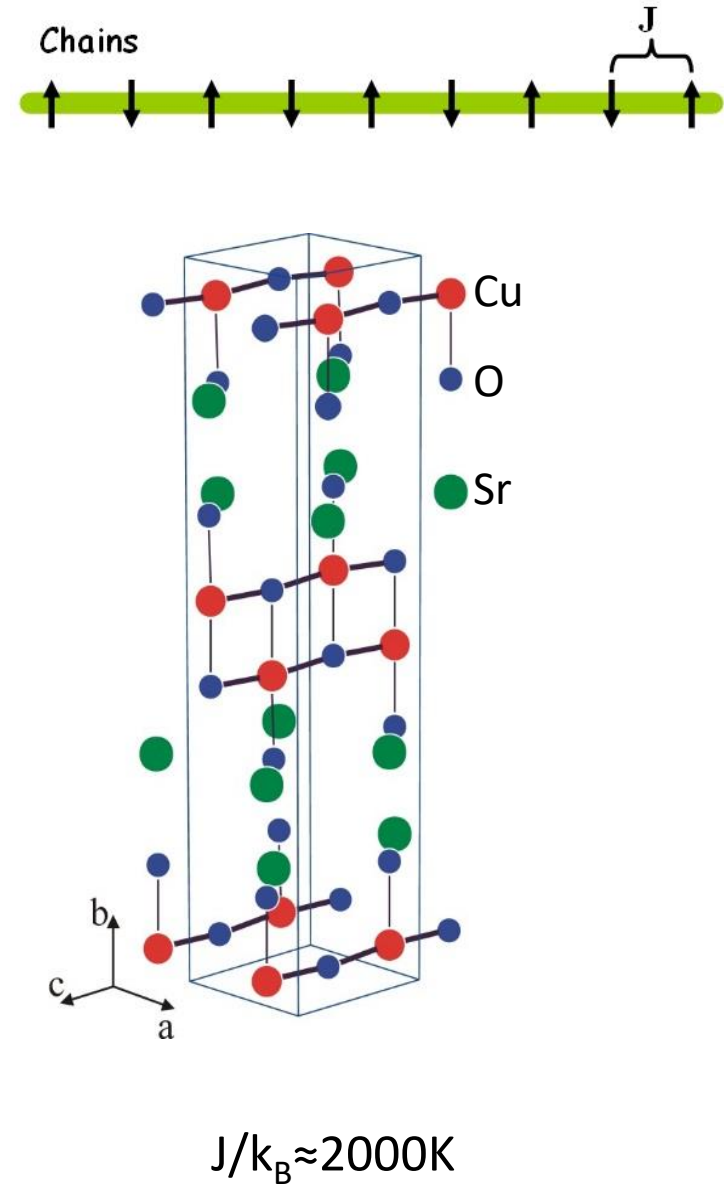
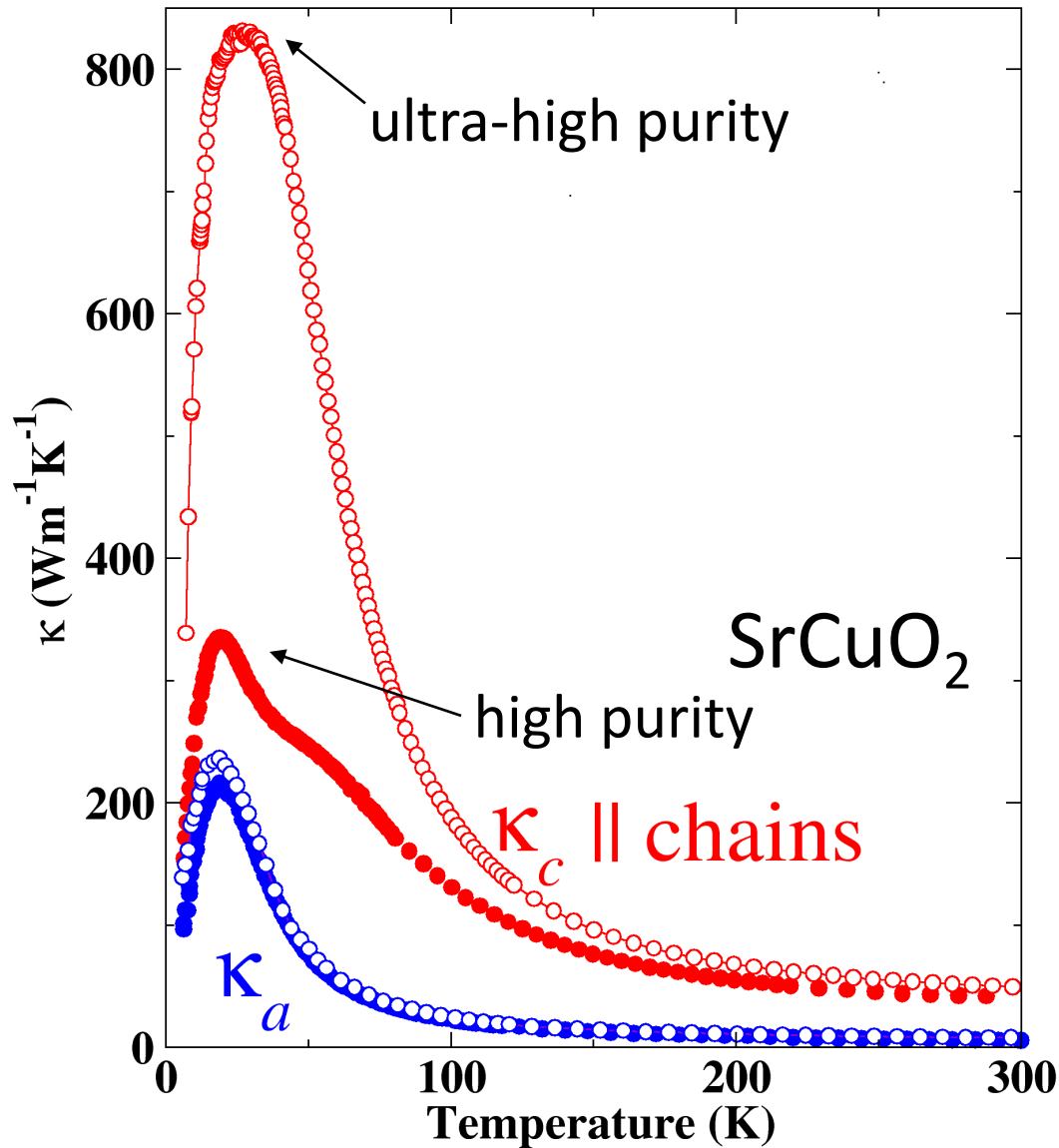
# Large spinon heat transport in SrCuO<sub>2</sub>



$$J/k_B \approx 2000\text{K}$$

N. Hlubek et al., PRB 2010; Hess, Physics Reports 2019

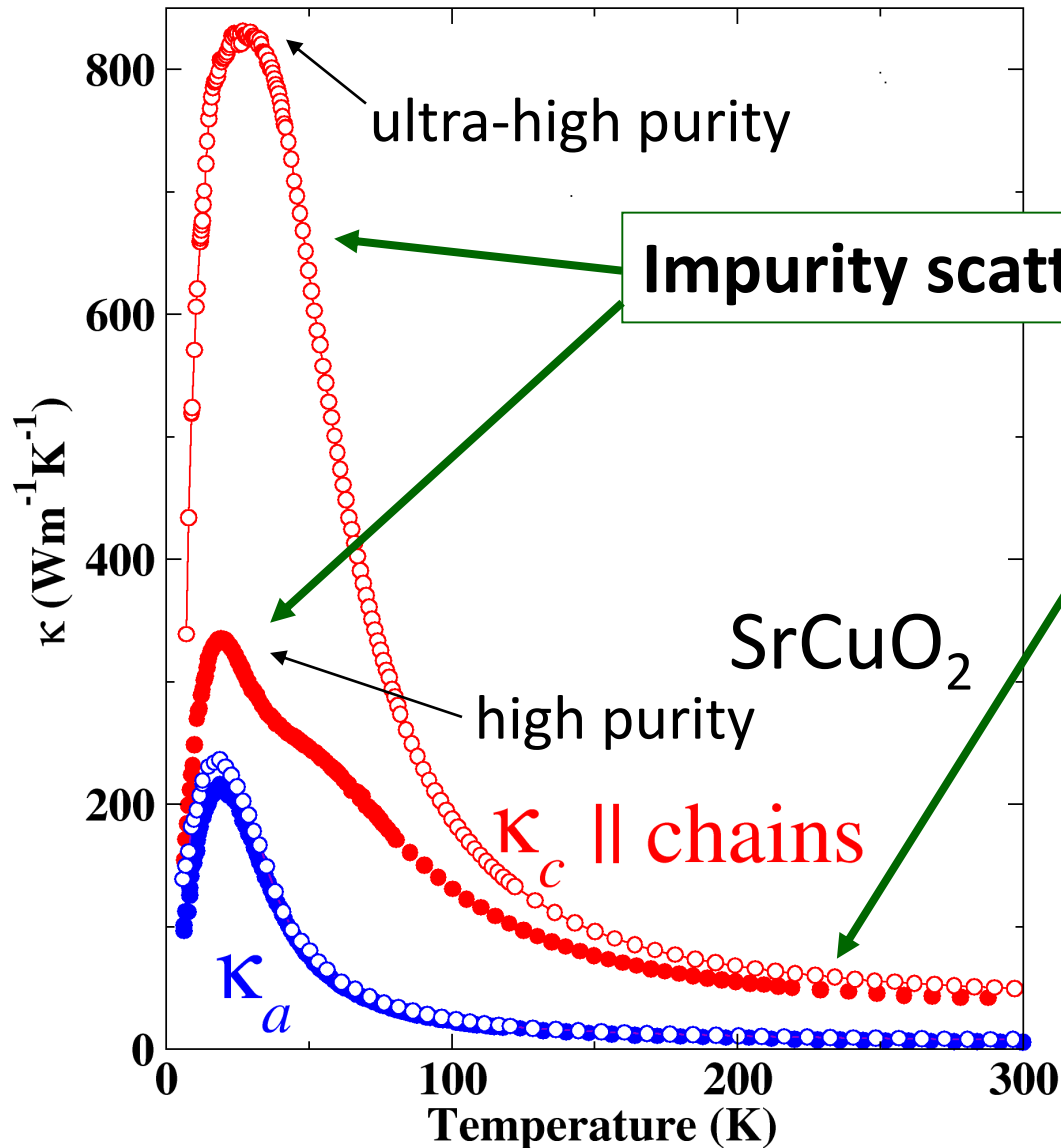
# Large spinon heat transport in SrCuO<sub>2</sub>



N. Hlubek et al., PRB 2010; Hess, Physics Reports 2019



# Large spinon heat transport in SrCuO<sub>2</sub>



**Impurity scattering!**

**Phonon scattering!**

Analyze  $\kappa_{\text{mag}} \approx \kappa_c - \kappa_a$

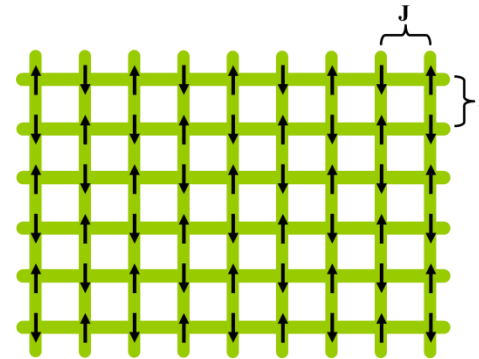
Scattering processes:

- boundaries
  - Phonons
- Ballistic!

# Outline

## 2D-AFM Heisenberg

Magnon heat transport



Material:  $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$

## 1D-AFM Heisenberg

Spinon heat transport

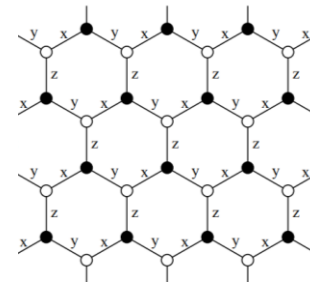


Material:  $\text{SrCuO}_2$

## 2D Kitaev

Longitudinal heat transport

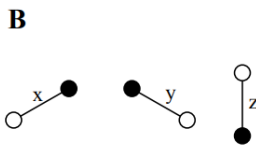
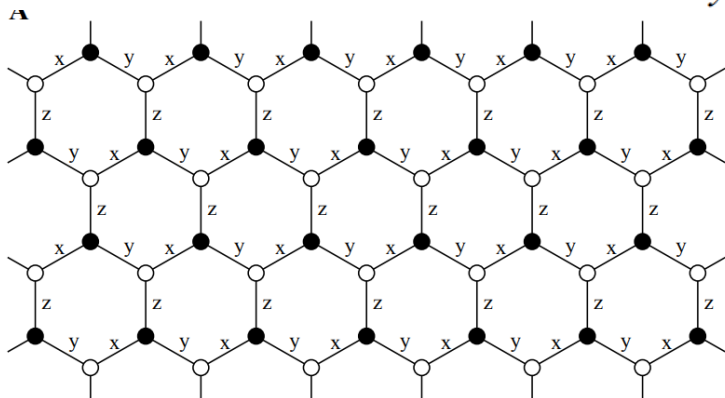
Thermal Hall effect



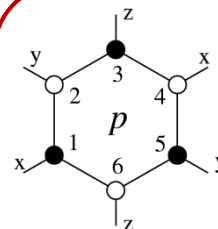
Material:  $\alpha\text{-RuCl}_3$

# Kitaev model

$$H = -J_x \sum_{x\text{-links}} \sigma_j^x \sigma_k^x - J_y \sum_{y\text{-links}} \sigma_j^y \sigma_k^y - J_z \sum_{z\text{-links}} \sigma_j^z \sigma_k^z$$



A. Kitaev,  
Ann. Phys. **321**, 2 (2006)



**Flux loops**

$$[H, W_p] = 0$$

$$W_p = \sigma_1^x \sigma_2^y \sigma_3^z \sigma_4^x \sigma_5^y \sigma_6^z$$

Immobile  $\rightarrow$  no transport

Spins are mapped to 4 Majorana fermions

$$c^\alpha, \alpha = 0, x, y, z \quad \text{with} \quad \{c^\alpha, c^\beta\} = 2\delta_{\alpha\beta}$$

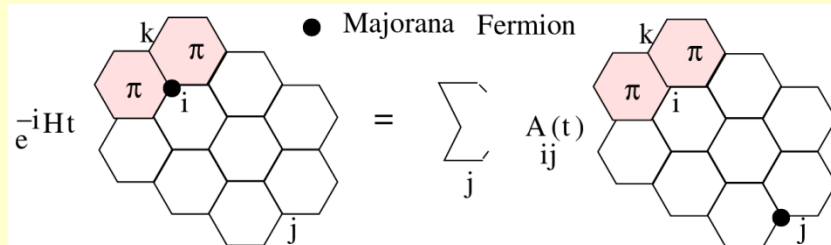
$$\sigma_i^a = ic_i c_i^a, \quad a = x, y, z$$

$$\hat{u}_{\langle ij \rangle_a} \equiv ic_i^a c_j^a$$

$$H = - \sum_{a=x,y,z} J_a \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_a} ic_i \hat{u}_{\langle ij \rangle_a} c_j \quad [H, \hat{u}_{\langle ij \rangle_a}] = 0$$

$\rightarrow$  free propagation  $\rightarrow$  heat transport possible

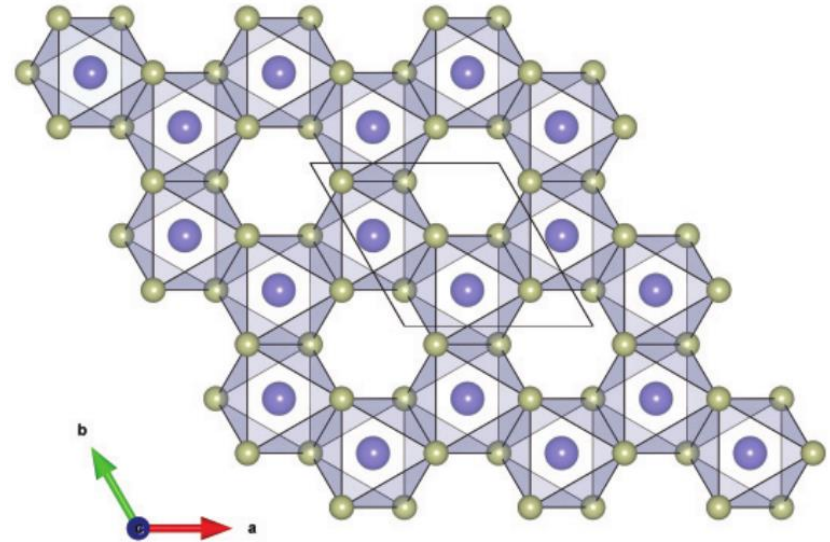
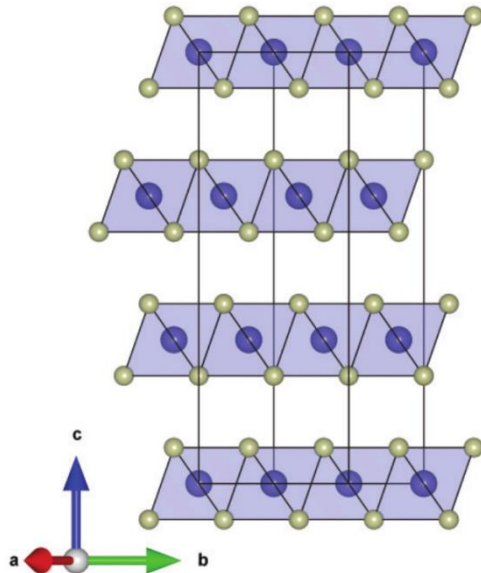
Spin flips fractionalize into  
flux pair + Majorana fermion



Baskaran, Mandal, Shankar,  
PRL **98**, 247201 (2007)

# $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>: a candidate Kitaev-honeycomb system

Plumb et al., PRB **90**, 041112(R) (2014)

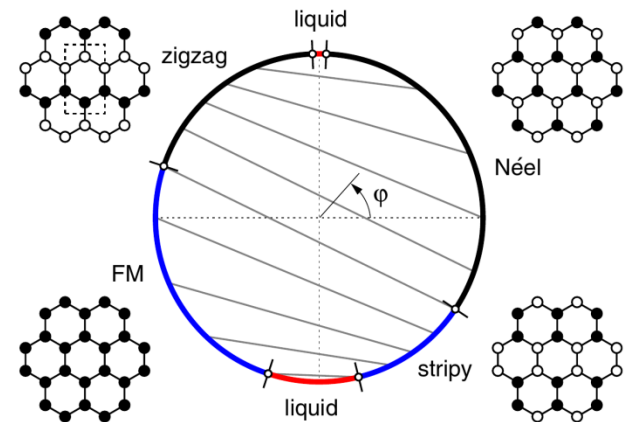


AFM order at  $T_N \approx 7\text{K}$

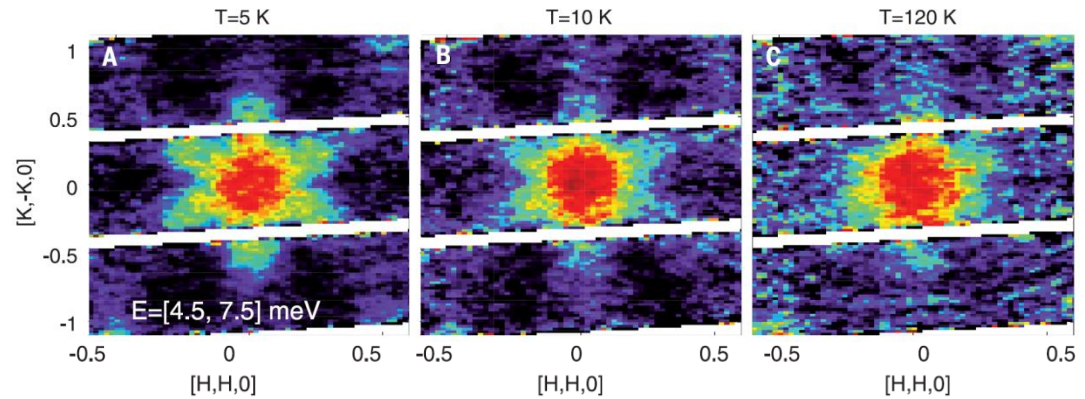
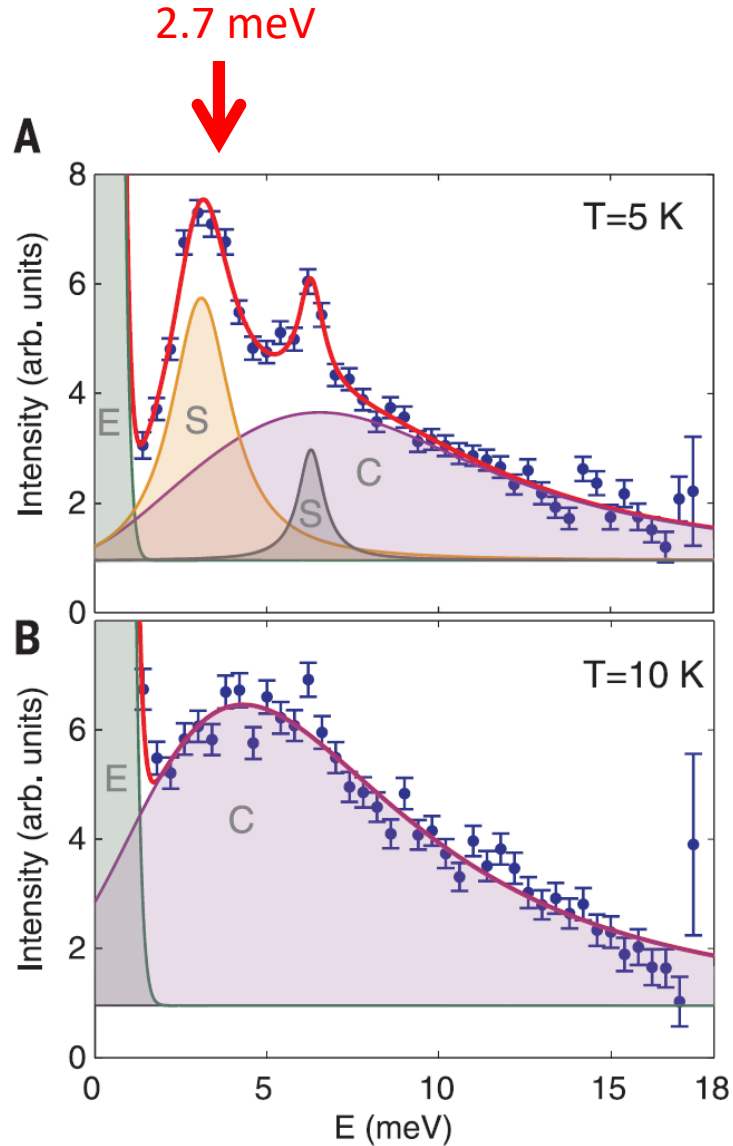
$$H = K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\gamma} S_i^\gamma S_j^\gamma + J \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} \vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j + \dots$$

G. Jackeli and G. Khaliullin, PRL **102**, 017205 (2009)

J. Chaloupka, G. Jackeli and G. Khaliullin, PRL **110**, 097204 (2013)



# Magnetic excitations of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>



A. Banerjee et al., Science **356**, 1055 (2017)

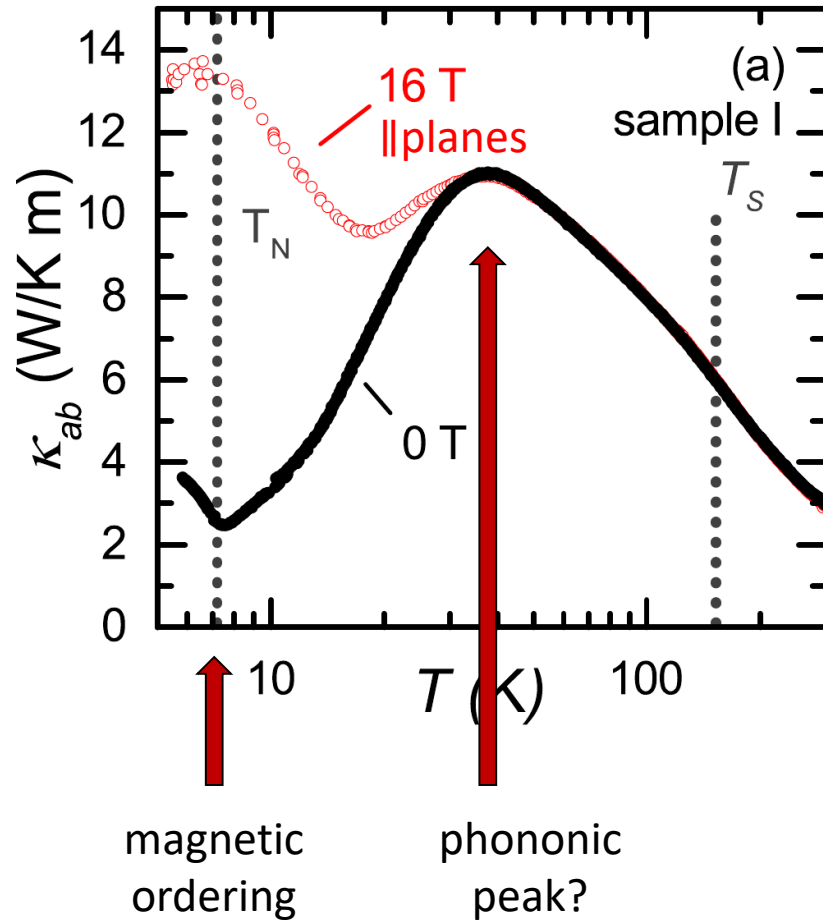
Inelastic neutron scattering at  $q \approx 0$ :

- Sharp and gapped spin waves at  $T < T_N$
- Broad excitation continuum up to  $T \sim 100$  K at higher energies
- $|K| \approx 5$  meV

**Longitudinal thermal conductivity  $\kappa_{xx}$**   
with B|| planes

# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results

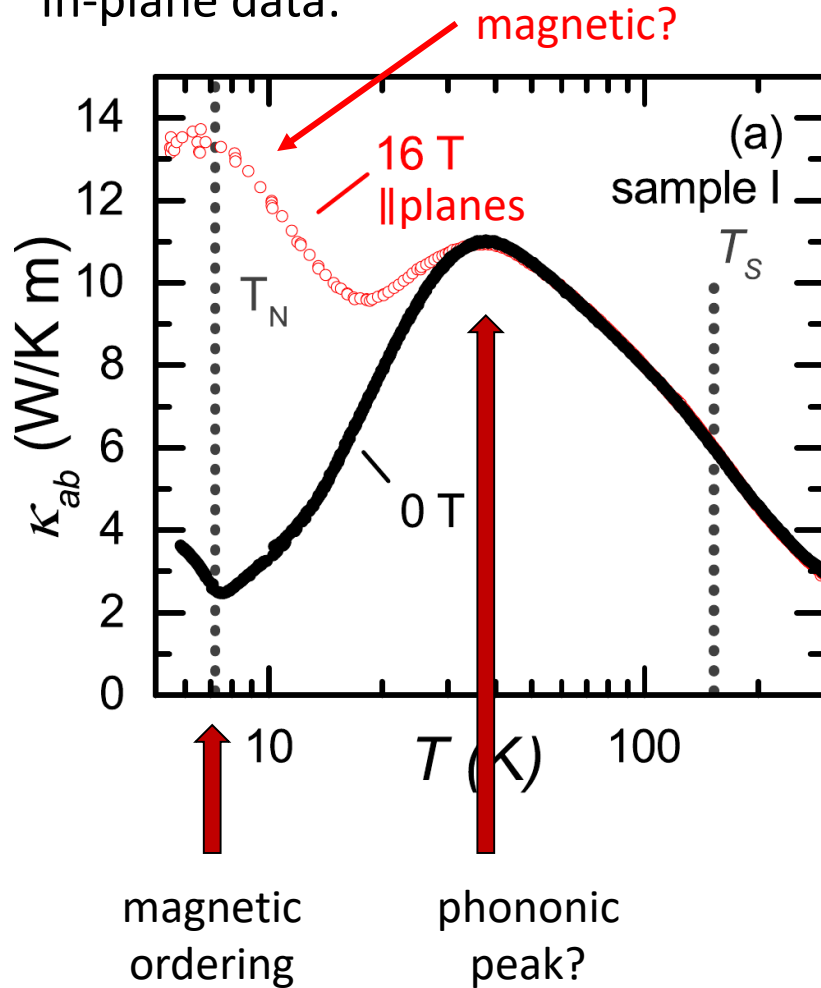
In-plane data:



R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)

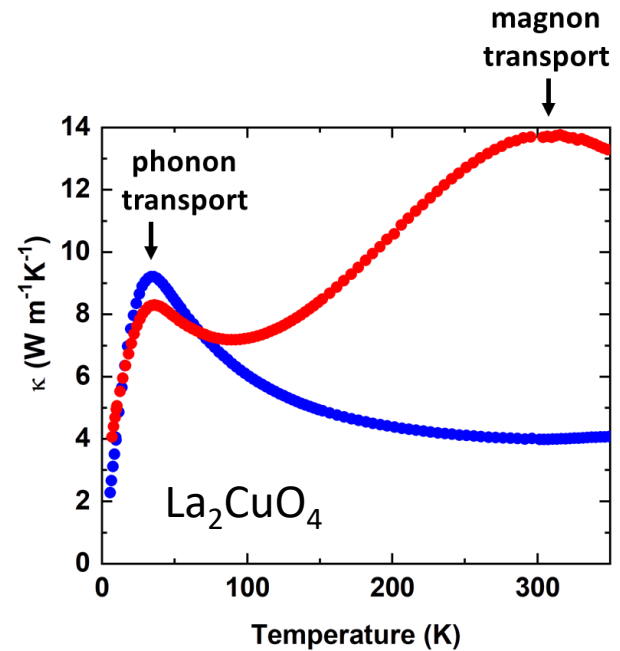
# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results

In-plane data:



Reminder:

phononic + magnetic heat transport



Conjecture

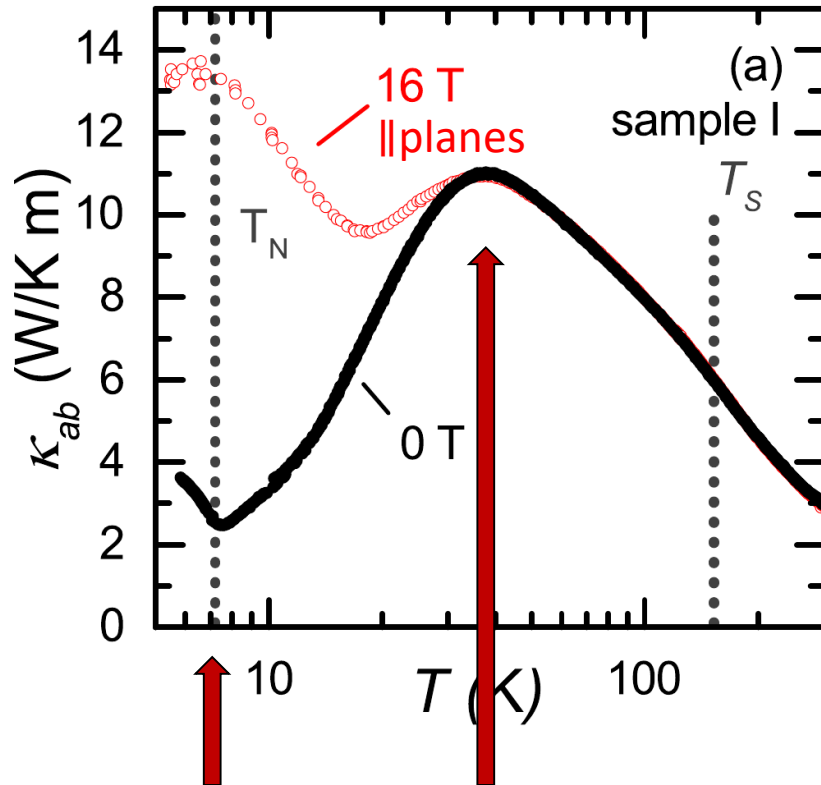
1. Zero field data purely phononic
2. High-field (16T) peak: Majorana excitations

➡ Measure transport  $\perp$  planes



# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results

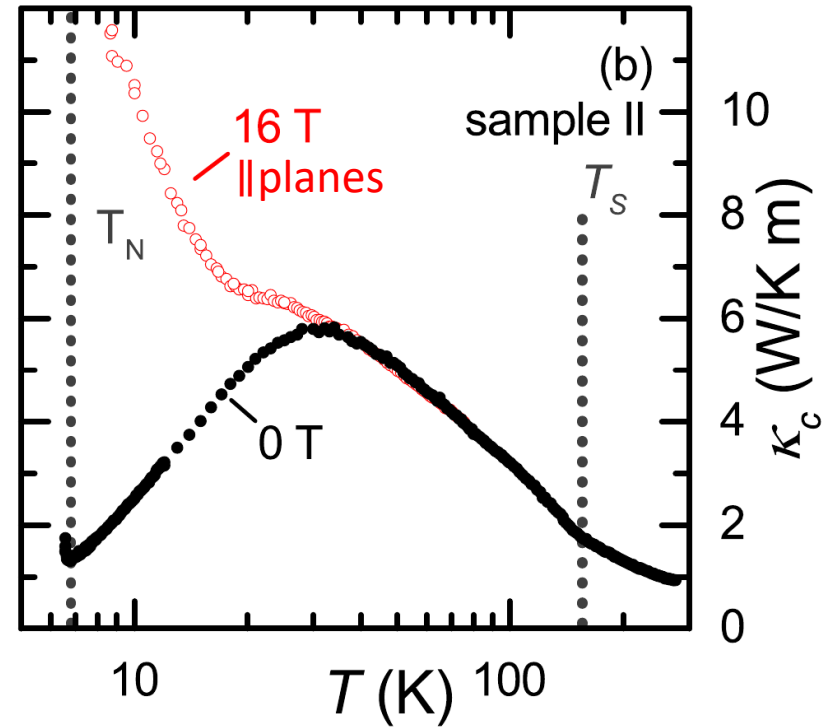
In-plane data:



magnetic  
ordering

phononic  
peak?

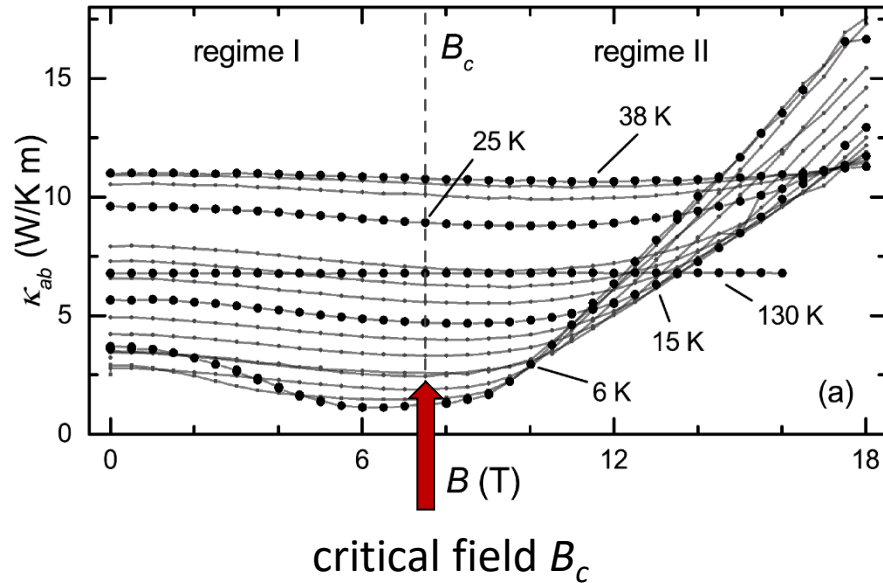
Out-of-plane data:



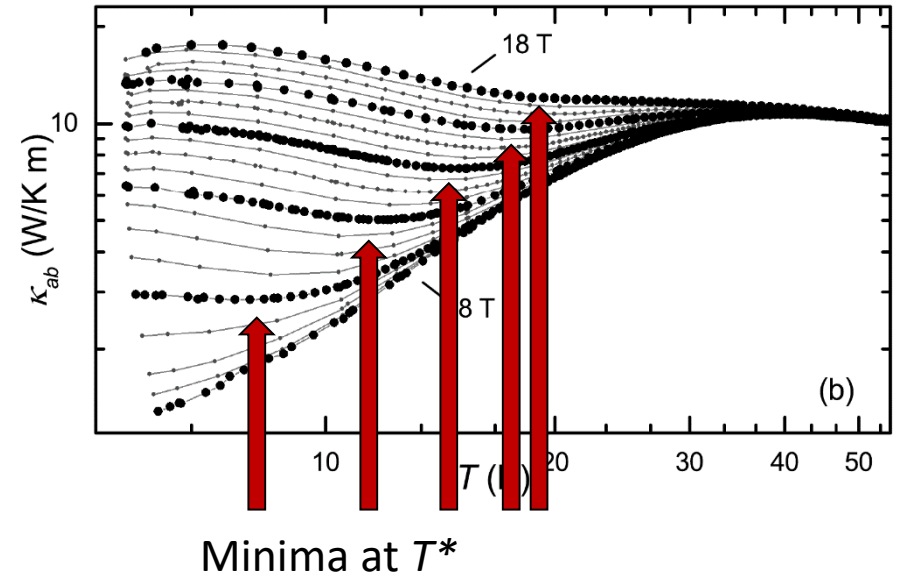
**Low-T enhancement: phononic!**

# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results

Field dependence



Temperature dependence @  $B > B_c$

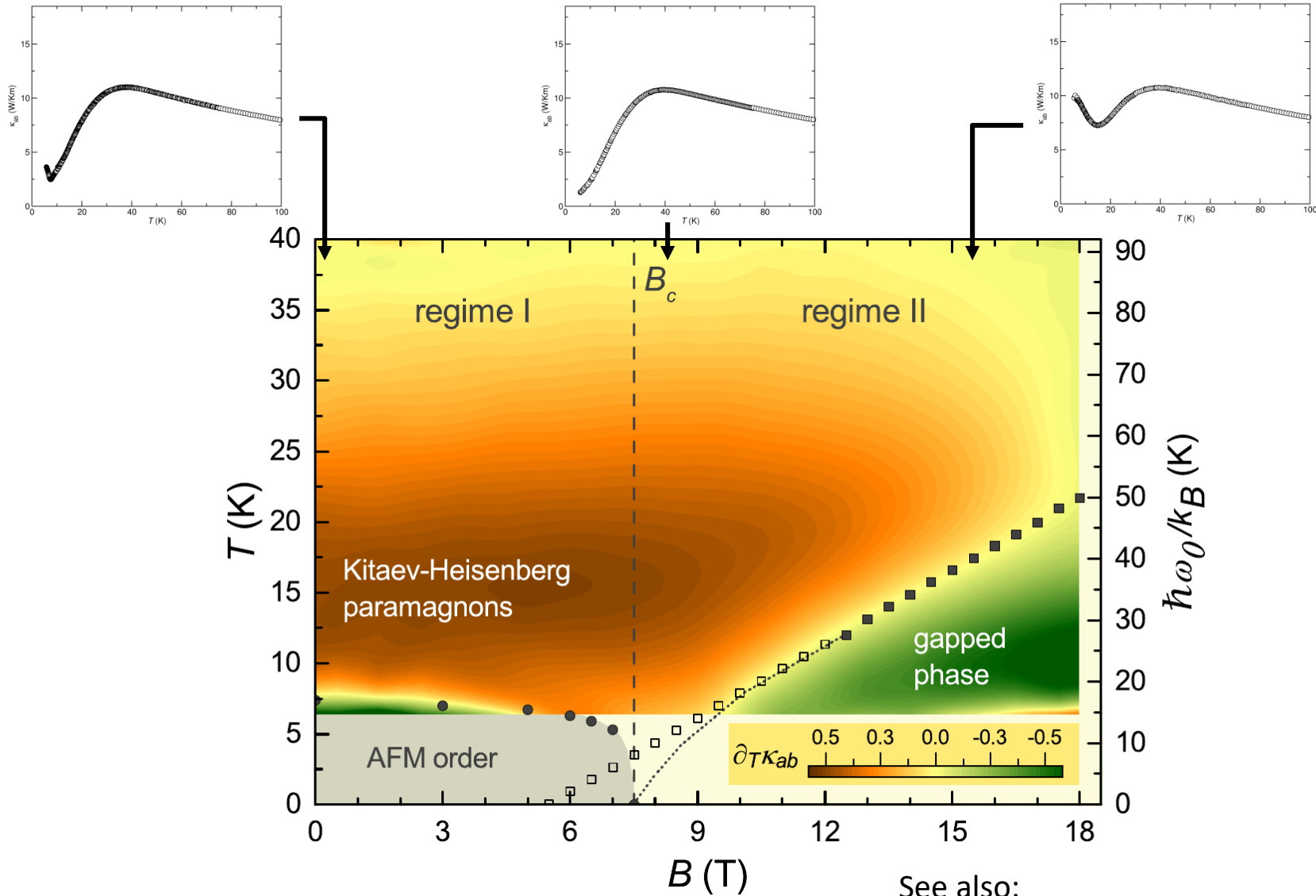


Poor man's approach: minimum at  $T^*$

→ "resonant" scattering process at  $\omega_0 \sim 4k_B T^*$

(in 3D)

# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results



See also:

Baek et al., PRL 2017 (NMR)

Banerjee et al. NPJ Quant. Mat. 2018 (INS)

R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)

# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Analysis

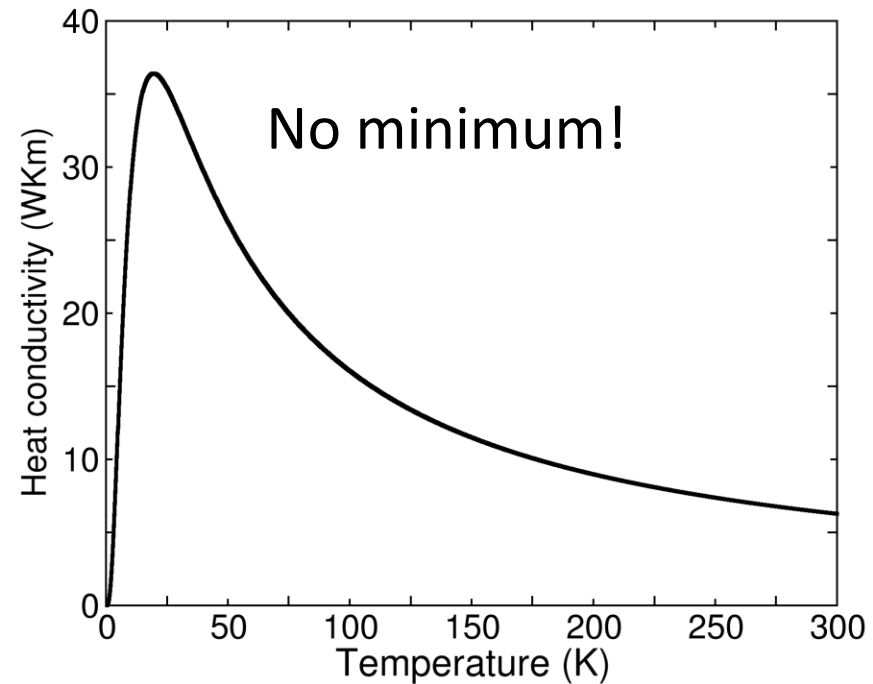
$$\kappa(T) = \frac{k_B}{2\pi^2 v_s} \left( \frac{k_B T}{\hbar} \right)^3 \int_0^{\Theta_D/T} \frac{x^4 e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} \tau_c(x) dx$$

$$\tau_c^{-1} = \tau_P^{-1} + \tau_D^{-1} + \tau_B^{-1}$$

↑  
umklapp

↑  
point defects

↑  
sample boundary



# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Analysis

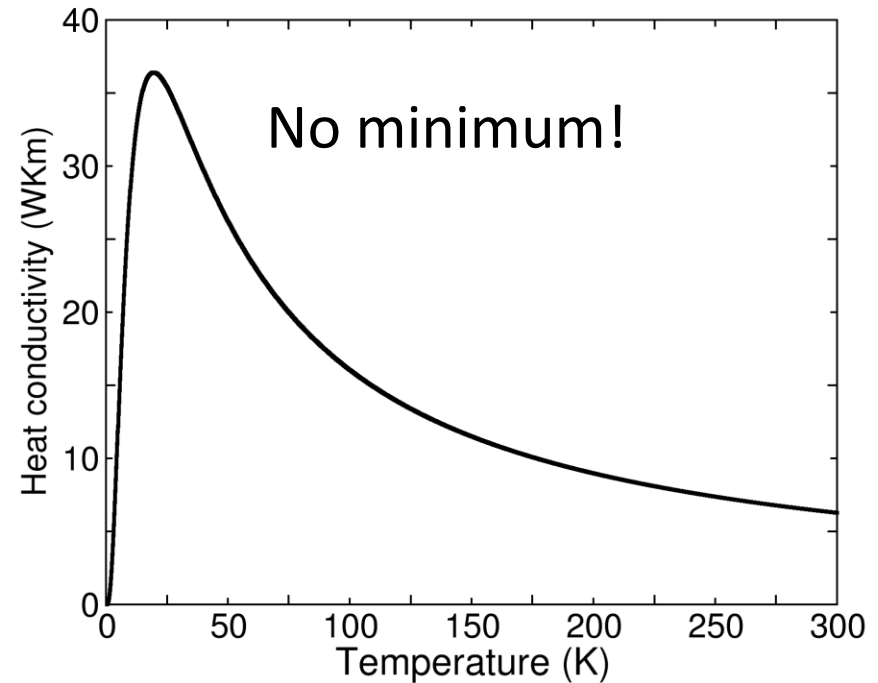
$$\kappa(T) = \frac{k_B}{2\pi^2 v_s} \left( \frac{k_B T}{\hbar} \right)^3 \int_0^{\Theta_D/T} \frac{x^4 e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} \tau_c(x) dx$$

$$\tau_c^{-1} = \tau_P^{-1} + \tau_D^{-1} + \tau_B^{-1} + \tau_{mag}^{-1}$$

↑  
umklapp

↑  
point defects

↑  
sample boundary



# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Analysis

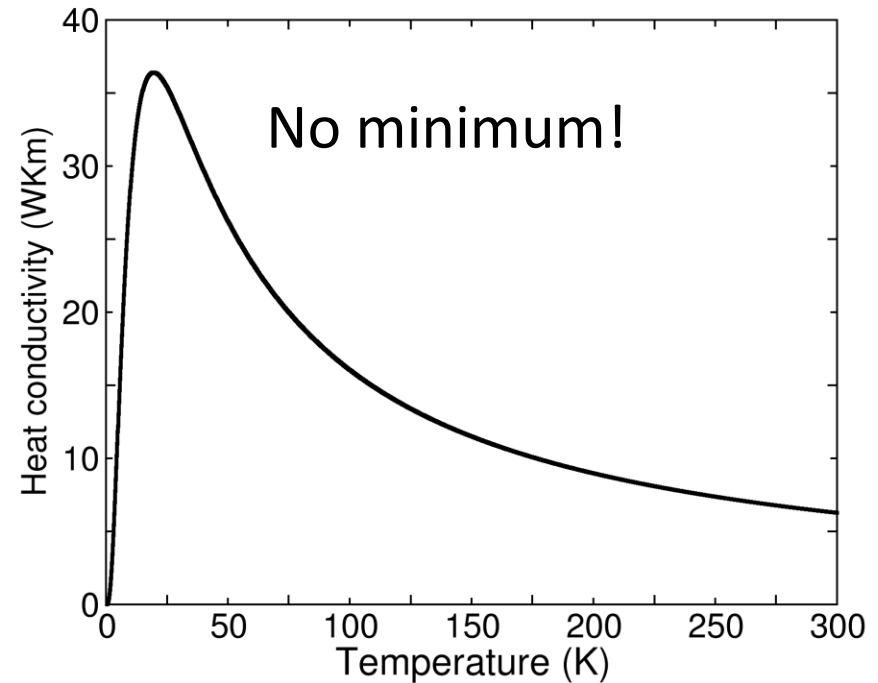
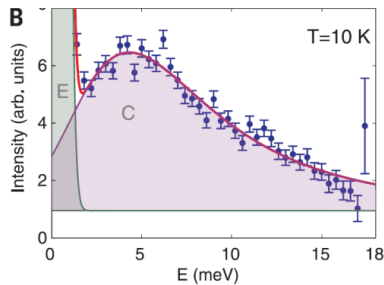
$$\kappa(T) = \frac{k_B}{2\pi^2 v_s} \left( \frac{k_B T}{\hbar} \right)^3 \int_0^{\Theta_D/T} \frac{x^4 e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} \tau_c(x) dx$$

$$\tau_c^{-1} = \tau_P^{-1} + \tau_D^{-1} + \tau_B^{-1} + \tau_{mag}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{mag}^{-1} = C \theta(K - \hbar\omega) \frac{e^{-\frac{\hbar\omega_0}{k_B T}}}{1 + 3e^{-\frac{\hbar\omega_0}{k_B T}}}$$

High-energy  
cutoff

triplet  
excitations



R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)

# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Analysis

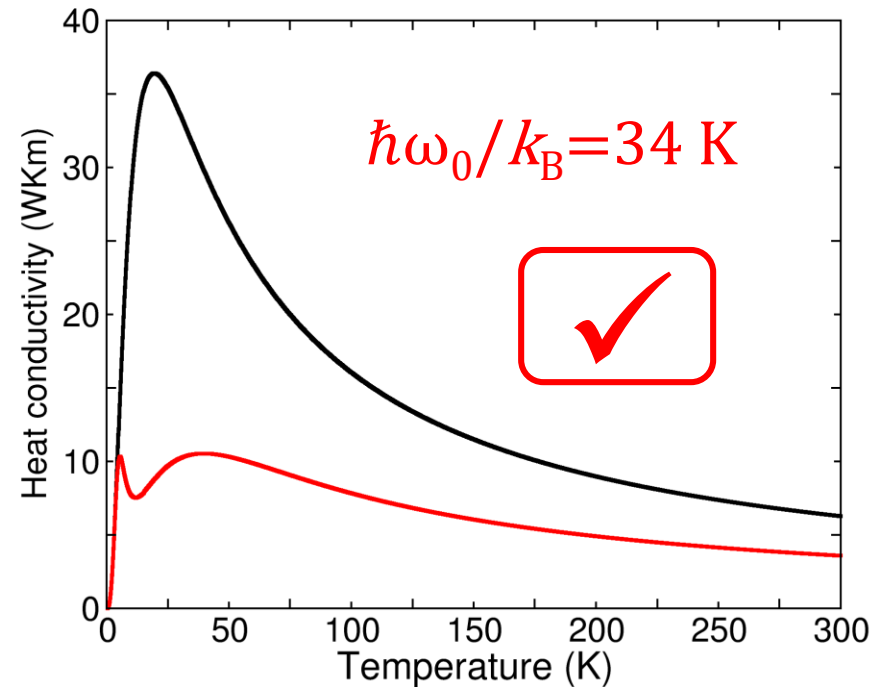
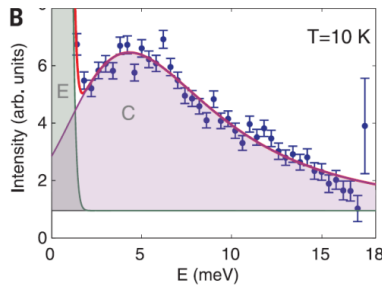
$$\kappa(T) = \frac{k_B}{2\pi^2 v_s} \left( \frac{k_B T}{\hbar} \right)^3 \int_0^{\Theta_D/T} \frac{x^4 e^x}{(e^x - 1)^2} \tau_c(x) dx$$

$$\tau_c^{-1} = \tau_P^{-1} + \tau_D^{-1} + \tau_B^{-1} + \tau_{mag}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{mag}^{-1} = C \theta(K - \hbar\omega) \frac{e^{-\frac{\hbar\omega_0}{k_B T}}}{1 + 3e^{-\frac{\hbar\omega_0}{k_B T}}}$$

High-energy  
cutoff

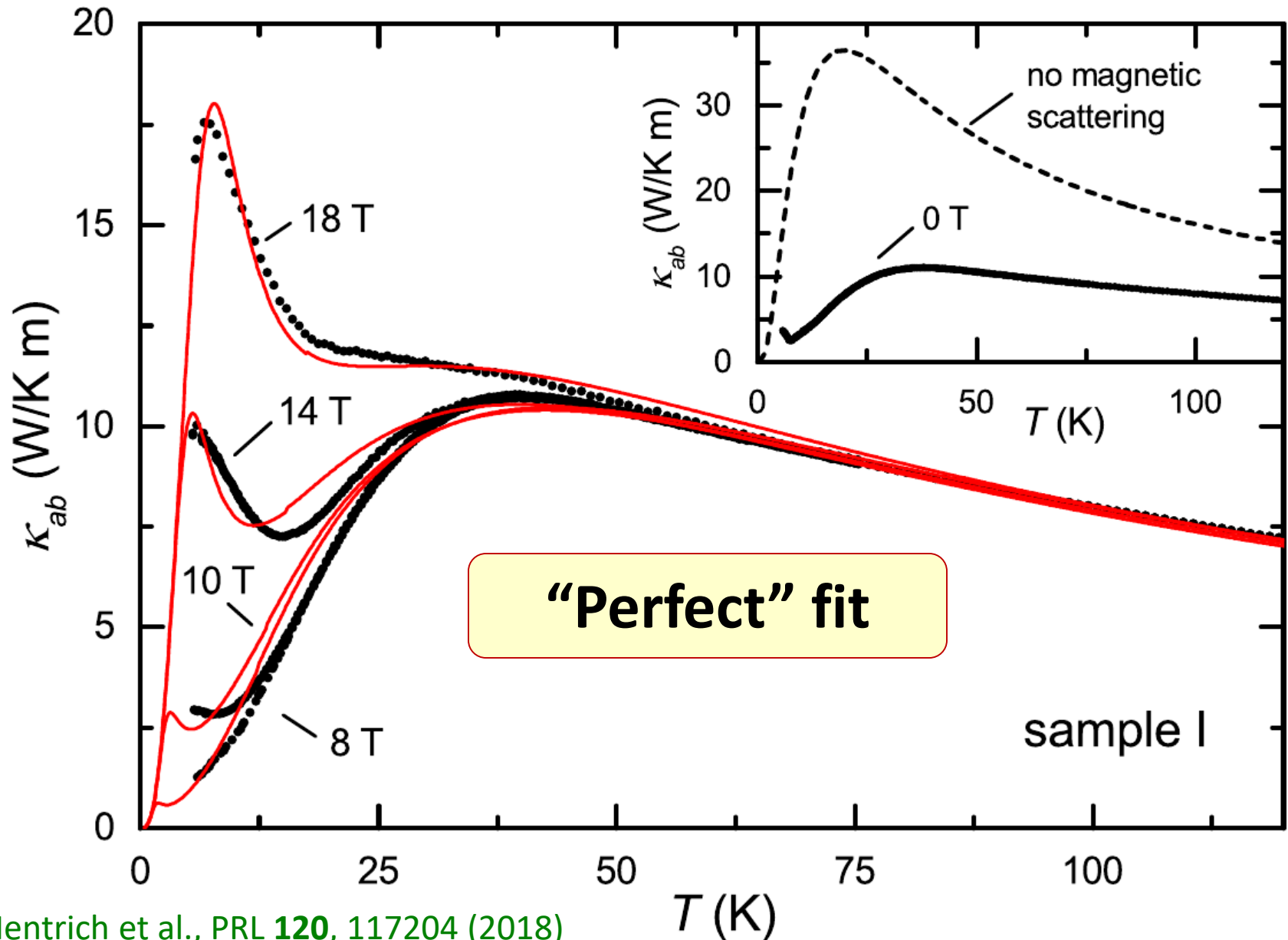
triplet  
excitations



➔ fit all data, extract  $\omega_0(B)$

R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)

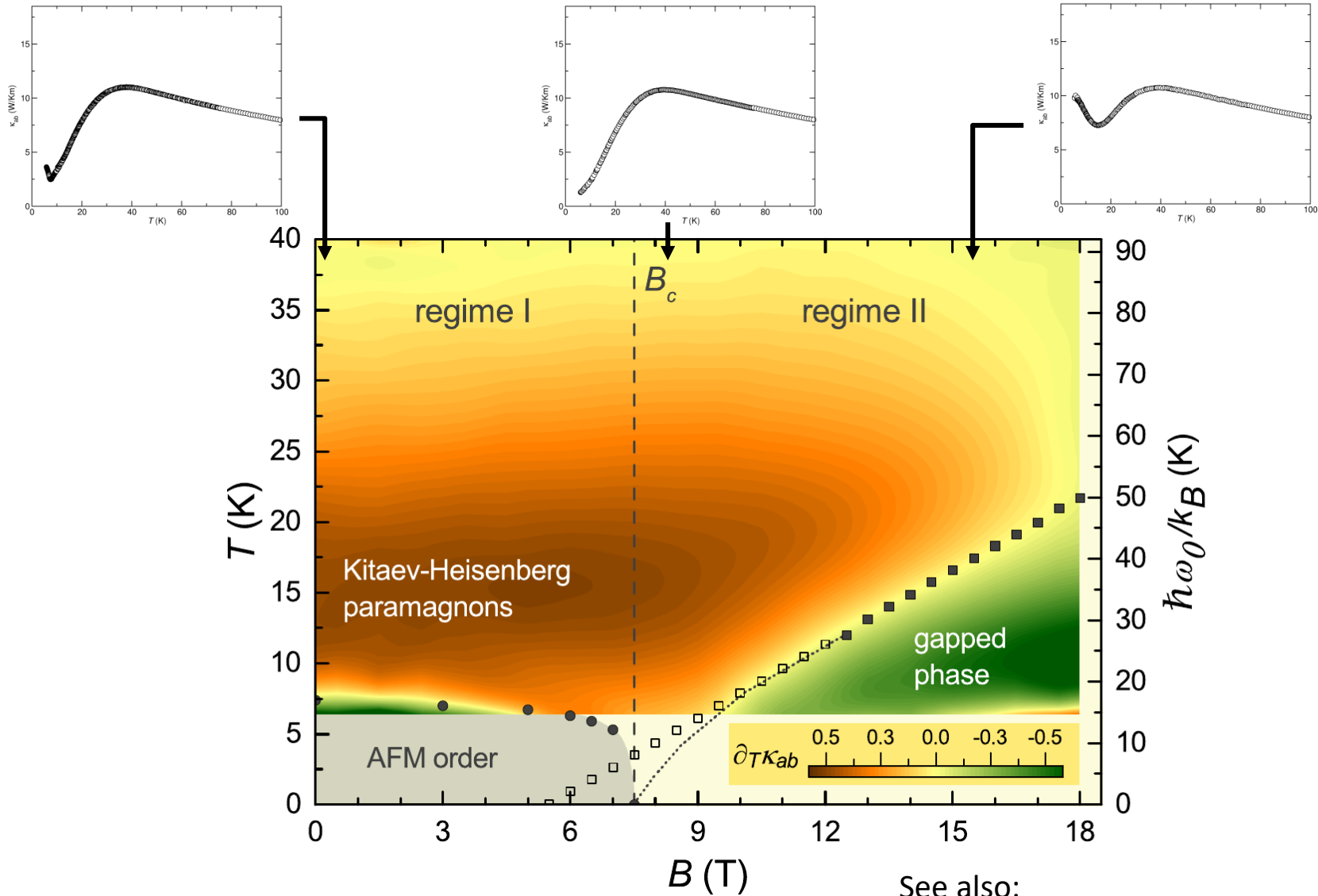
# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Analysis



R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)



# Heat transport of $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub> : Results



See also:

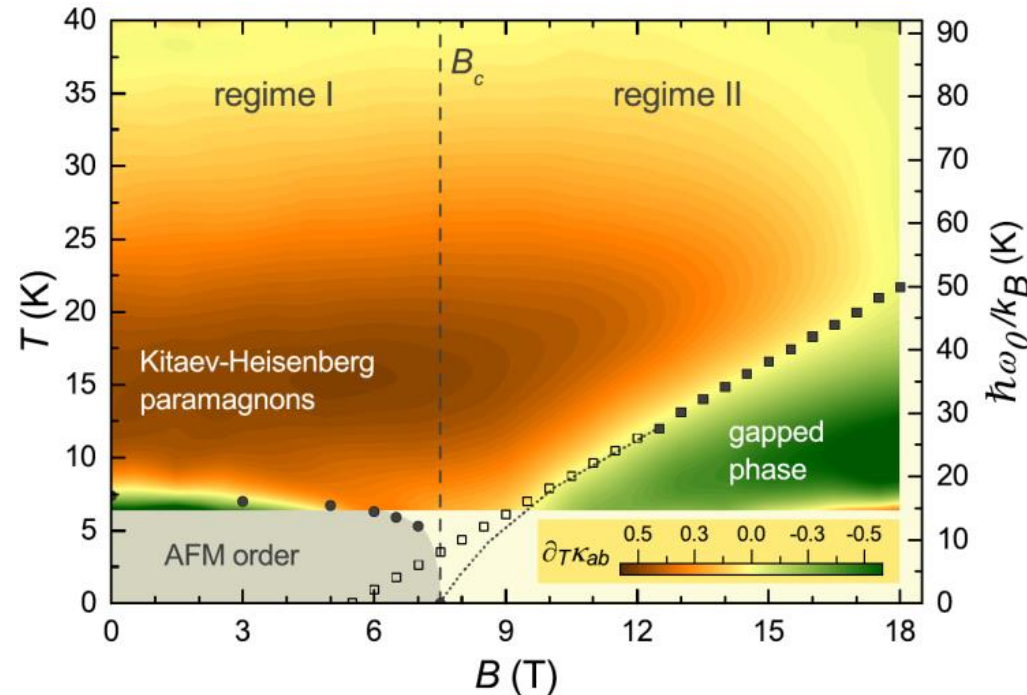
Baek et al., PRL 2017 (NMR)

Banerjee et al. NPJ Quant. Mat. 2018 (INS)

R. Hentrich et al., PRL **120**, 117204 (2018)

# $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>: Conclusions I

- Longitudinal thermal transport of  $\alpha$ -RuCl<sub>3</sub>: primarily phononic
- Phonons scatter off spin fluctuations
- Gapped spectrum for  $B_{\parallel} > B_{cr} \sim 7.5$  T, putative QSL at  $B_{cr}$

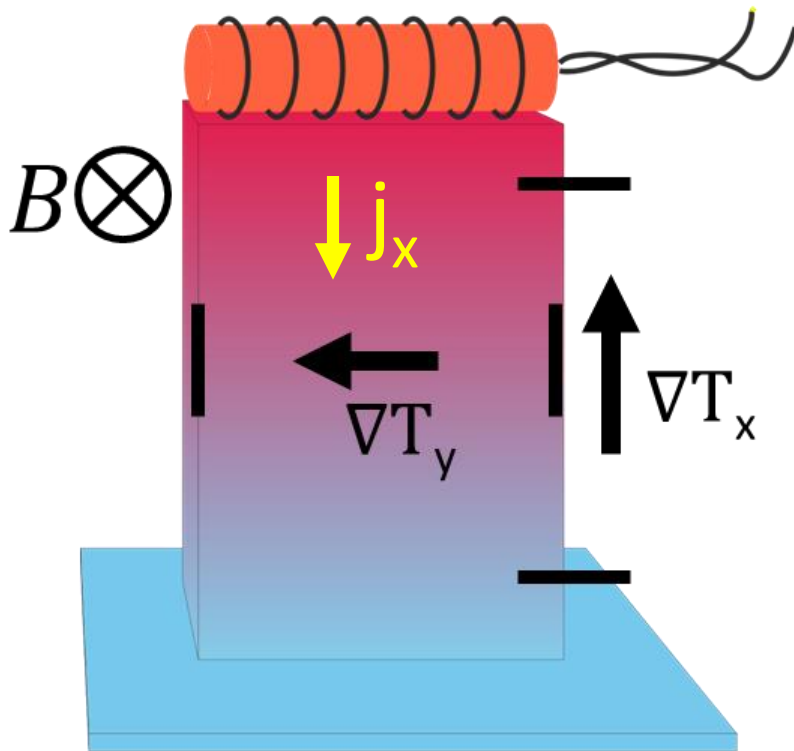


## To clarify:

- True nature of spin model
- Spin-phonon coupling
- Is there Majorana fermion transport?

**Transversal thermal conductivity  $\kappa_{xy}$**   
with  $B \perp$  planes

# Thermal Hall effect



$$\kappa_{xy} = \frac{\kappa_{xx}^2 \partial_y^a T}{j_x}$$

Expectation for spin liquids:

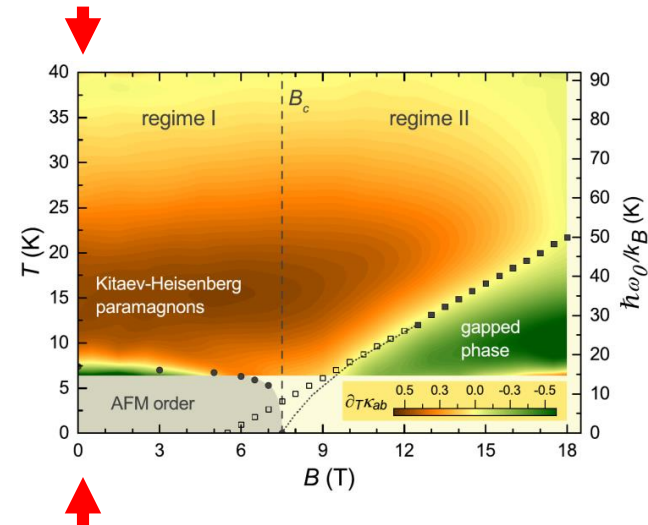
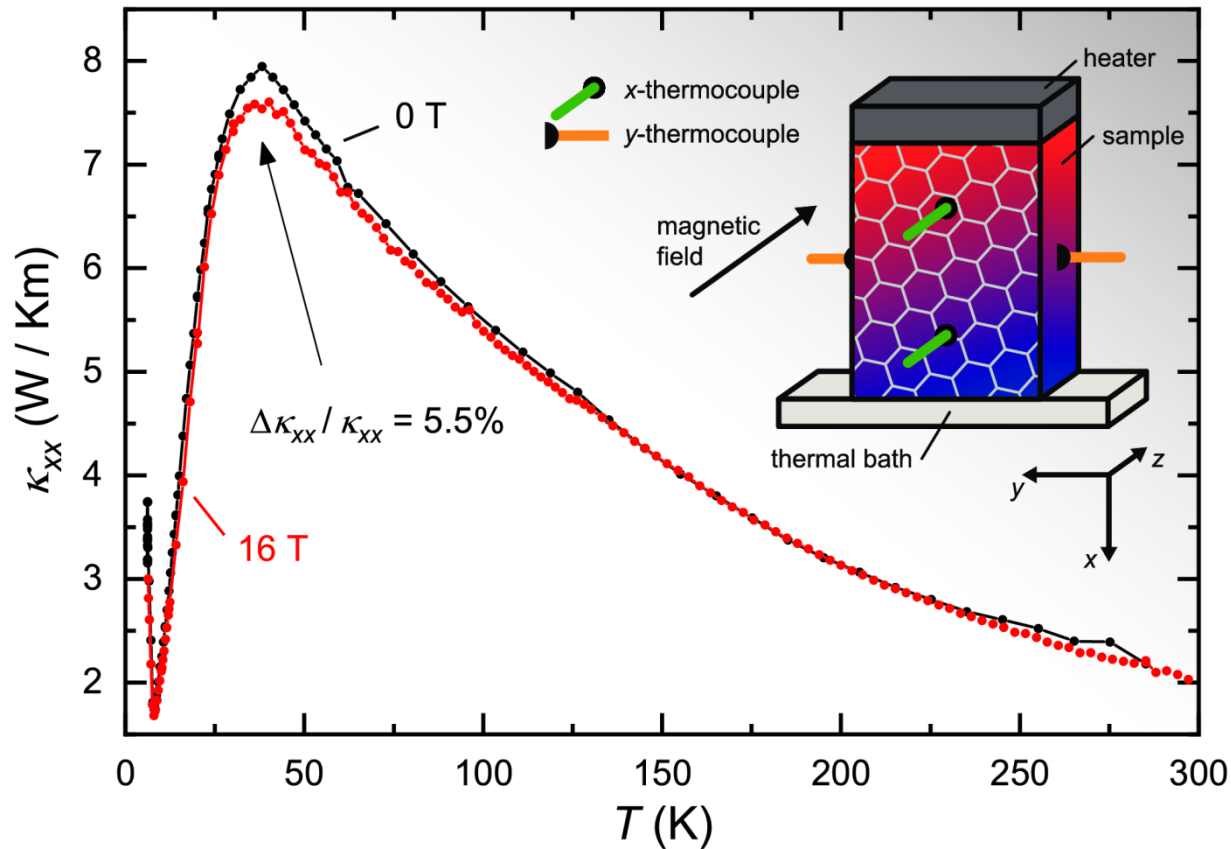
deconfined fermionic excitations experience Lorentz force

**→** Thermal Hall effect (analog of electronic Hall effect)

Katsura, Nagaosa, and Lee, PRL 2010

# Results

Longitudinal thermal conductivity  $\kappa_{xx}$  with  $B \perp$  planes

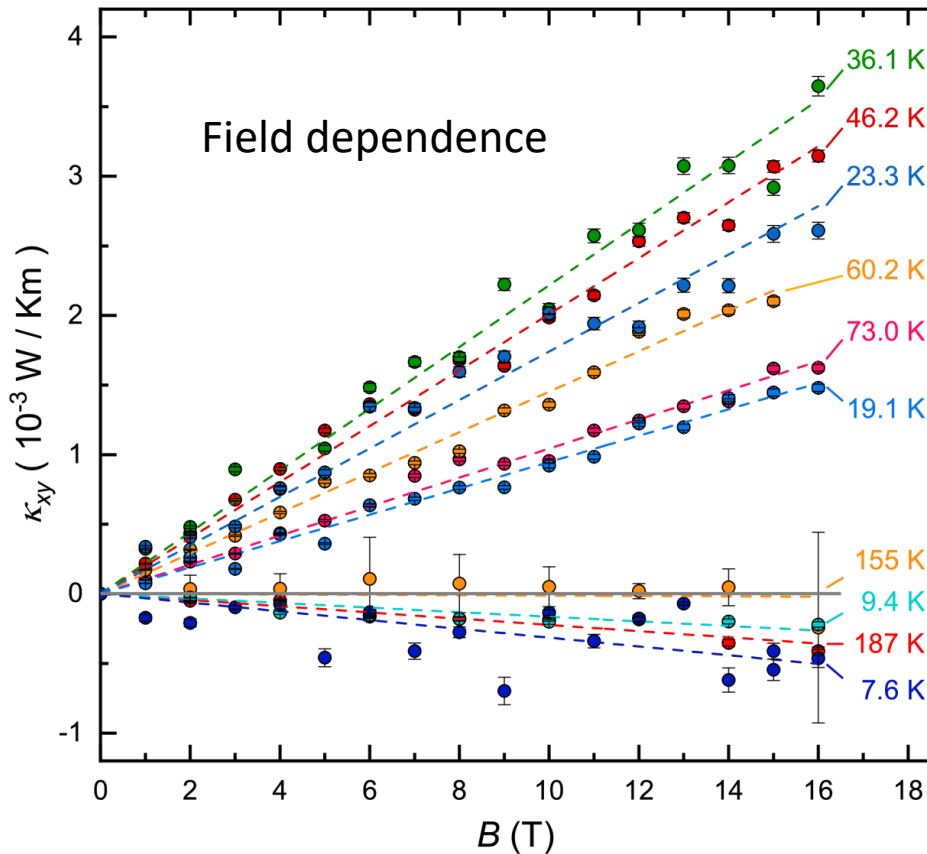


➔ Slight suppression in field

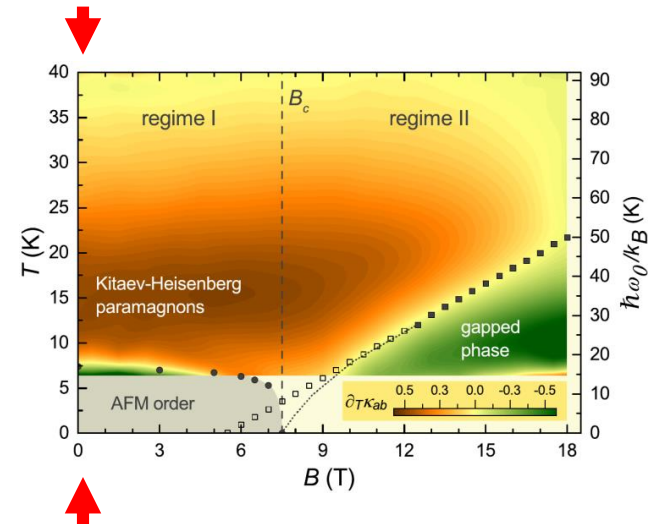
R. Hentrich, et al., PRB 99, 085136 (2019)

# Results

Transversal thermal conductivity  $\kappa_{xy}$  with  $B \perp$  planes



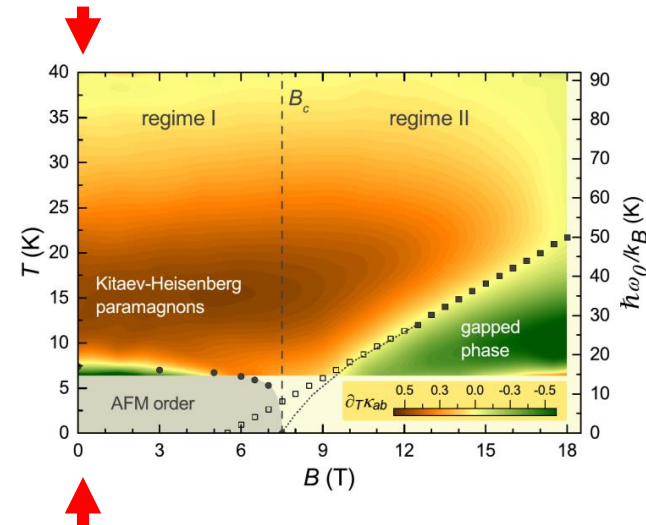
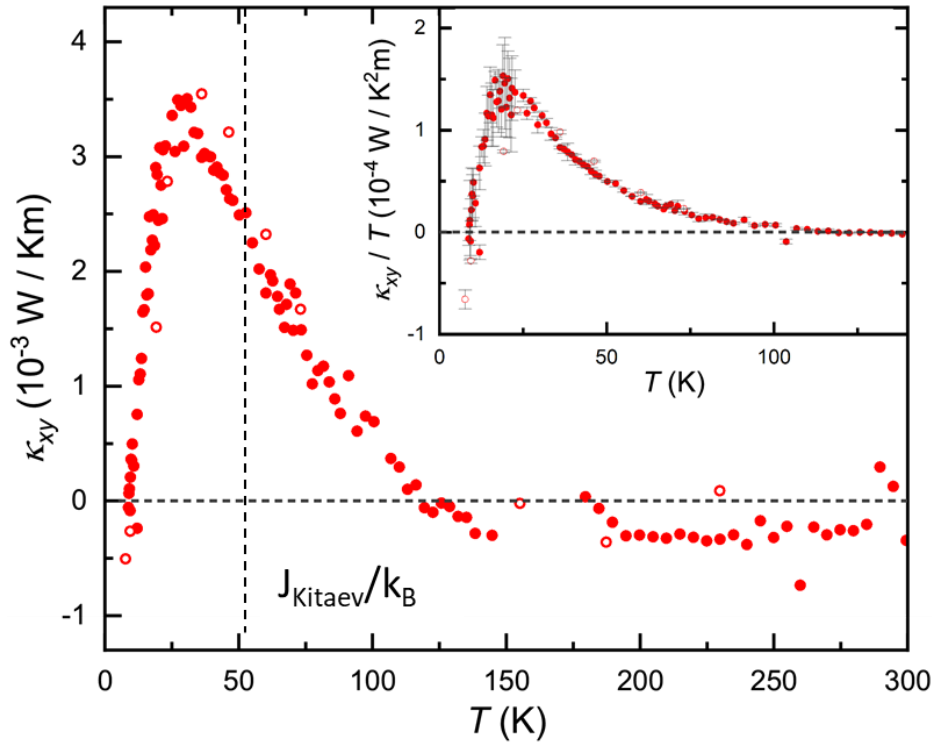
Large (!) positive  $\kappa_{xy} \propto B$  in paramagnetic phase



# Results

## Transversal thermal conductivity $\kappa_{xy}$ with $B \perp$ planes

Temperature dependence

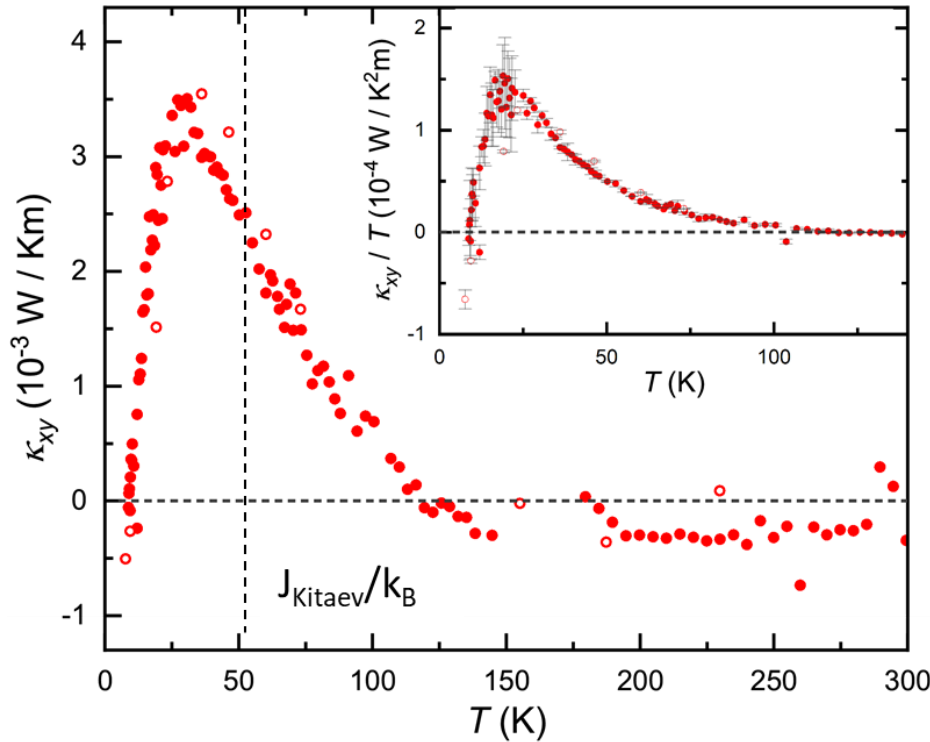


**Large (!) positive  $\kappa_{xy} \propto B$  in paramagnetic phase**

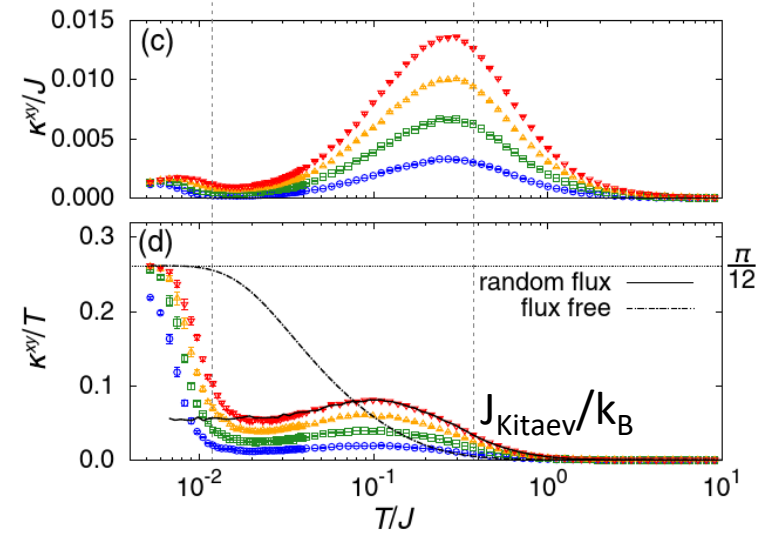
# Results

## Transversal thermal conductivity $\kappa_{xy}$ with $B \perp$ planes

Temperature dependence



## QMC-Results



Nasu, Yoshitake, Motome,  
PRL 2017

**Large (!) positive  $\kappa_{xy} \propto B$  in paramagnetic phase**

**➔ Transport by Kitaev-Heisenberg paramagnons?**

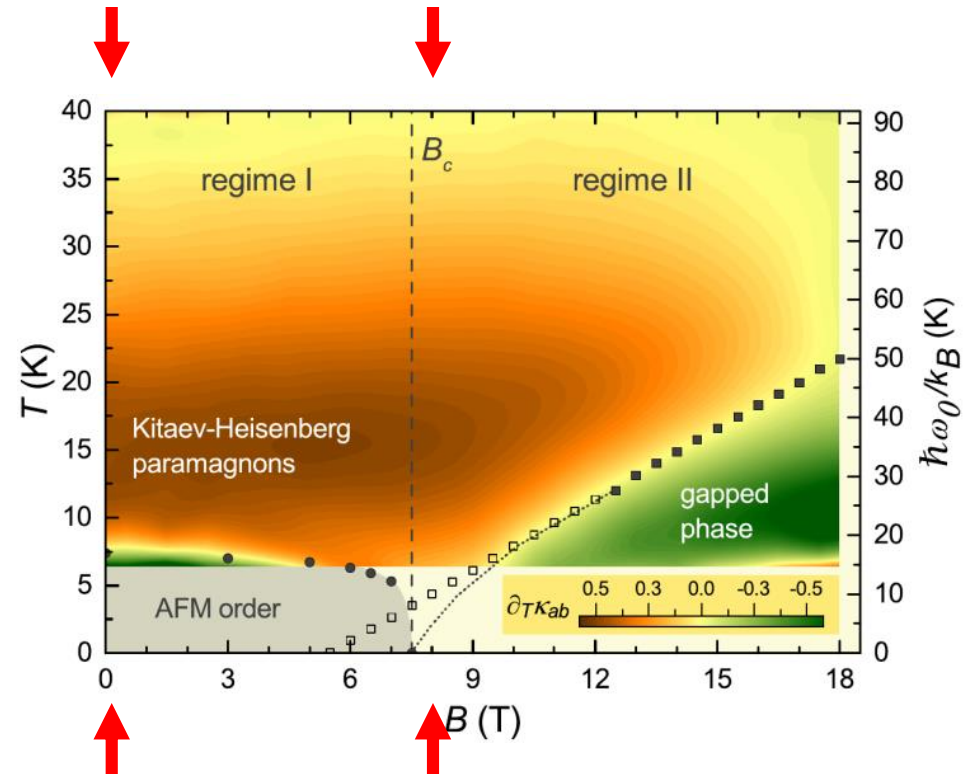
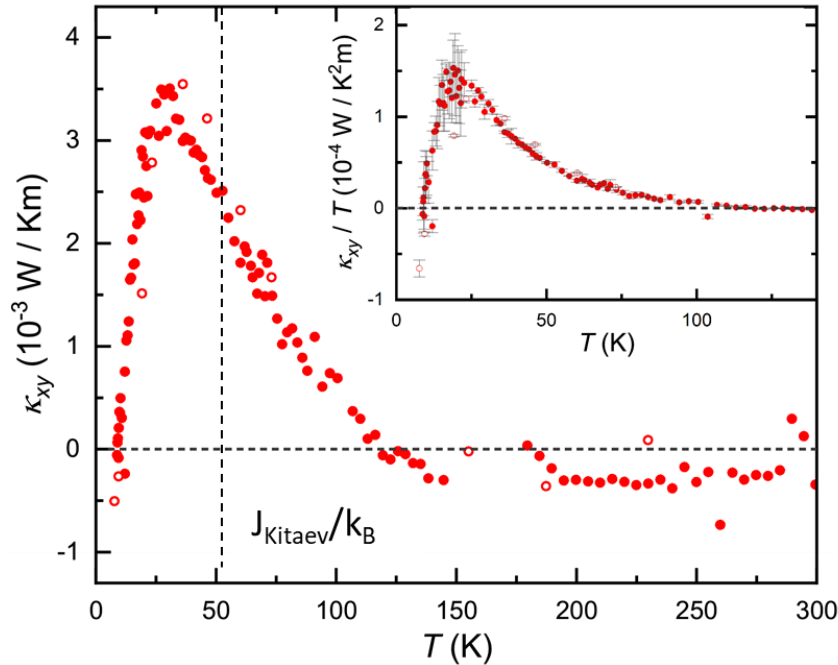
R. Hentrich, et al., PRB 99, 085136 (2019)

See also: Kasahara et al., PRL 2018



# Open questions

Temperature dependence

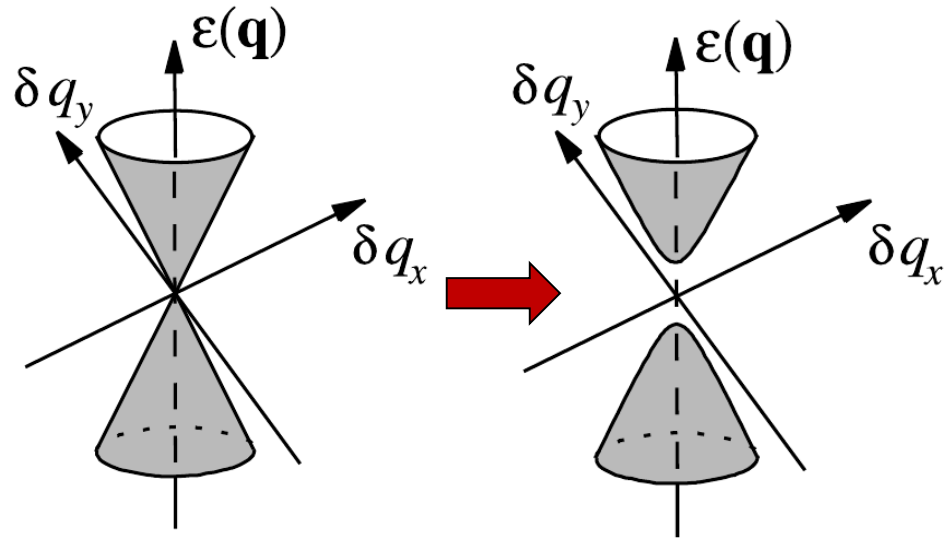
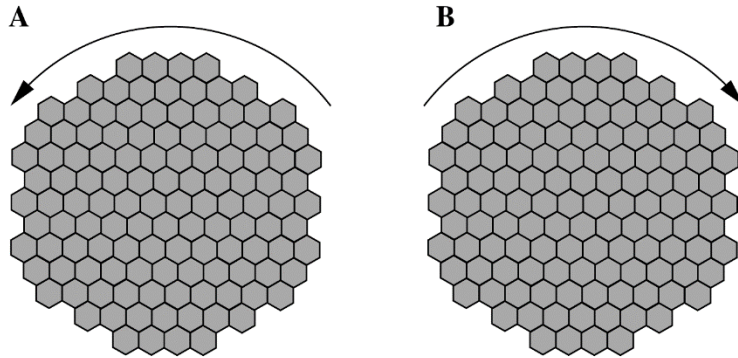


- Kitaev-Heisenberg paramagnons = Majorana Fermions?
- Temperature dependence of  $\kappa_{xy}$ ?
- Phononic origin?
- Evolution upon suppressing long-range order  $\rightarrow$  edge state?

# Thermal Transport in the Kitaev Model

Kitaev model in magnetic field:

-> quantized edge currents



-> quantized transversal heat conductivity

$$\kappa_{xy}/T = \frac{\pi}{12} \frac{k_B^2}{\hbar} \text{ for } T \ll \Delta$$

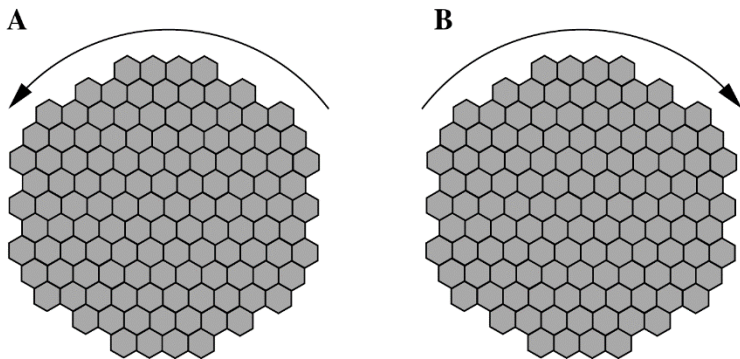
A. Kitaev, Ann. Phys. **321**, 2 (2006)

**Fractional Thermal Hall effect!?**

# Thermal Transport in the Kitaev Model

Kitaev model in magnetic field:

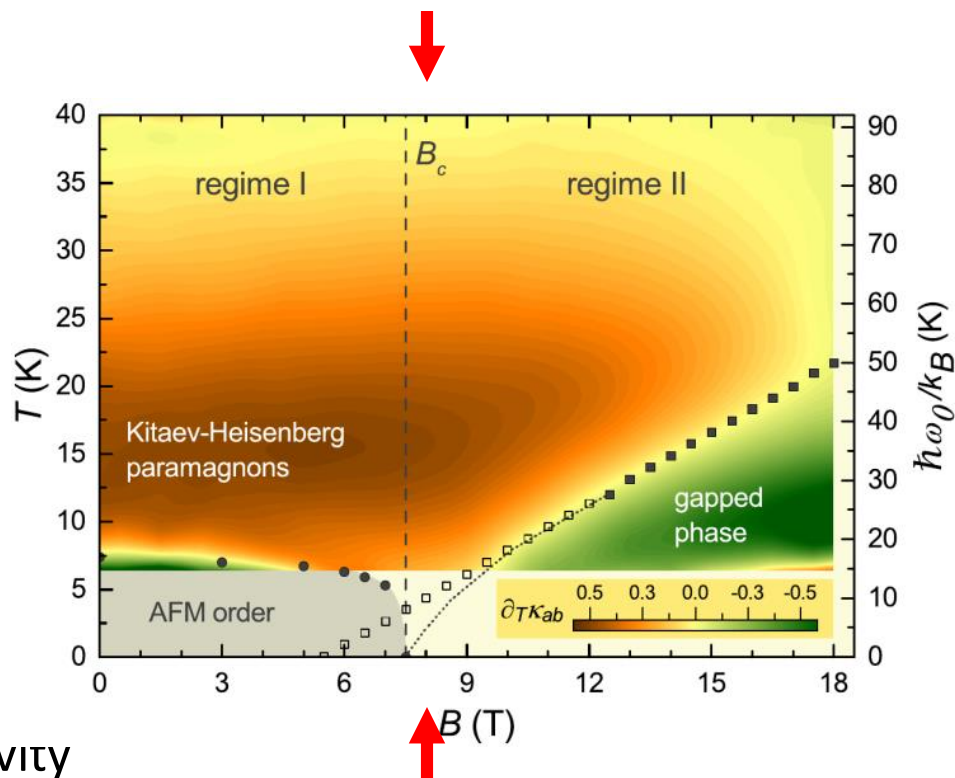
-> quantized edge currents



-> quantized transversal heat conductivity

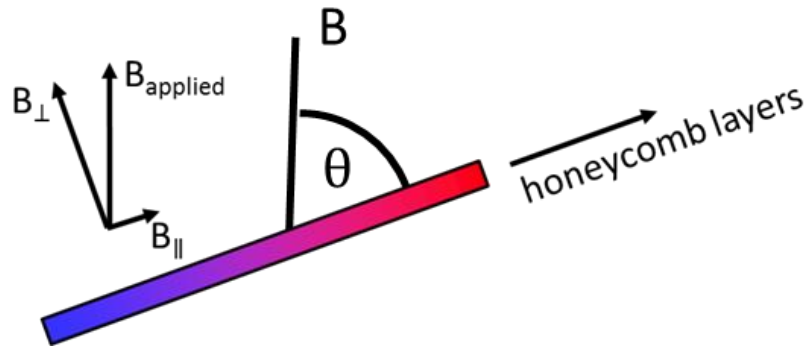
$$\kappa_{xy}/T = \frac{\pi}{12} \frac{k_B^2}{\hbar} \text{ for } T \ll \Delta$$

A. Kitaev, Ann. Phys. **321**, 2 (2006)

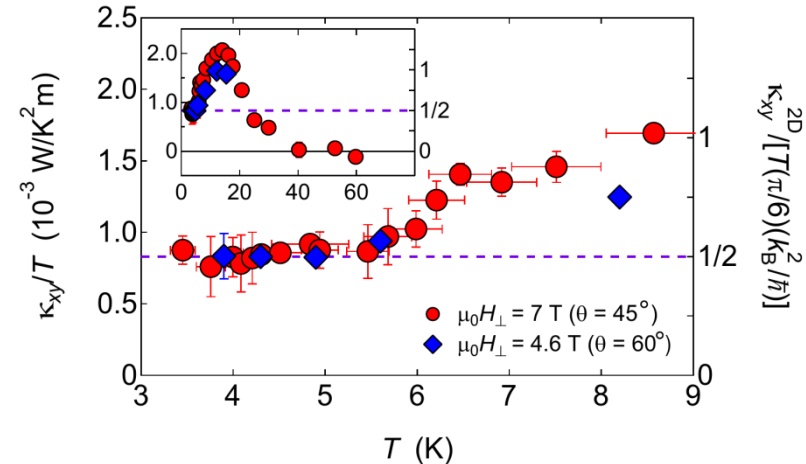


**Fractional Thermal Hall effect!?**

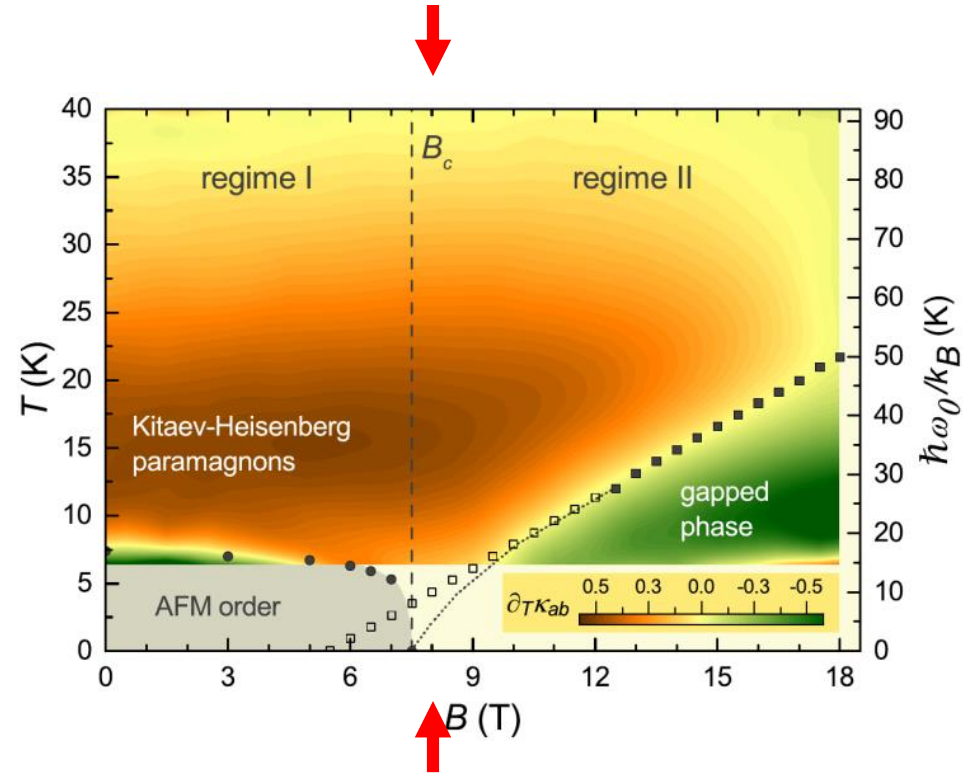
# Evidence for Majorana edge states?



Kasahara et al., Nature 2018:



...to be confirmed



**Fractional Thermal Hall effect!?**

# Evidence for Majorana edge states?

To do:

1) Confirm plateau at tilted magnetic field:

difficult

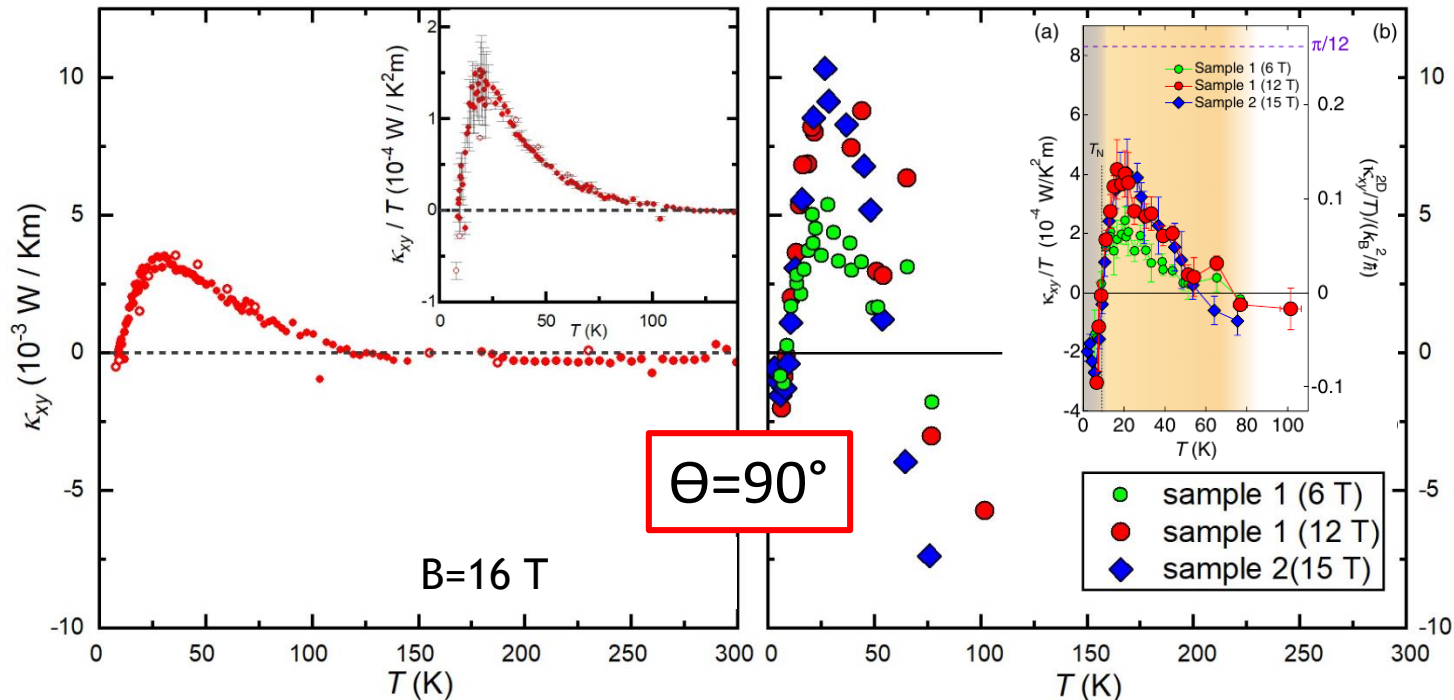
2) Confirm fractionalized value

$$\kappa_{xy}/T \xrightarrow{T \ll \Delta} \frac{1}{2} \frac{\pi k_B^2}{6\hbar}$$

difficult

R. Hentrich et al., PRB **99**, 085136 (2019)

Y. Kasahara et al., PRL **120**, 217205 (2018)



# Conclusions

## Large spin heat transport in $S=1/2$ Heisenberg magnets

- ➔ 2D magnon heat transport in  $\text{La}_2\text{CuO}_4$
- ➔ Ballistic heat transport of 1D spinons in  $\text{SrCuO}_2$

## Thermal transport in Kitaev material $\alpha\text{-RuCl}_3$

- ➔ Phononic  $\kappa_{xx}$  (mostly), strong phonon-spin scattering
- ➔ Sizeable thermal Hall effect (!)
  - ➔ heat transport by Majorana fermions?