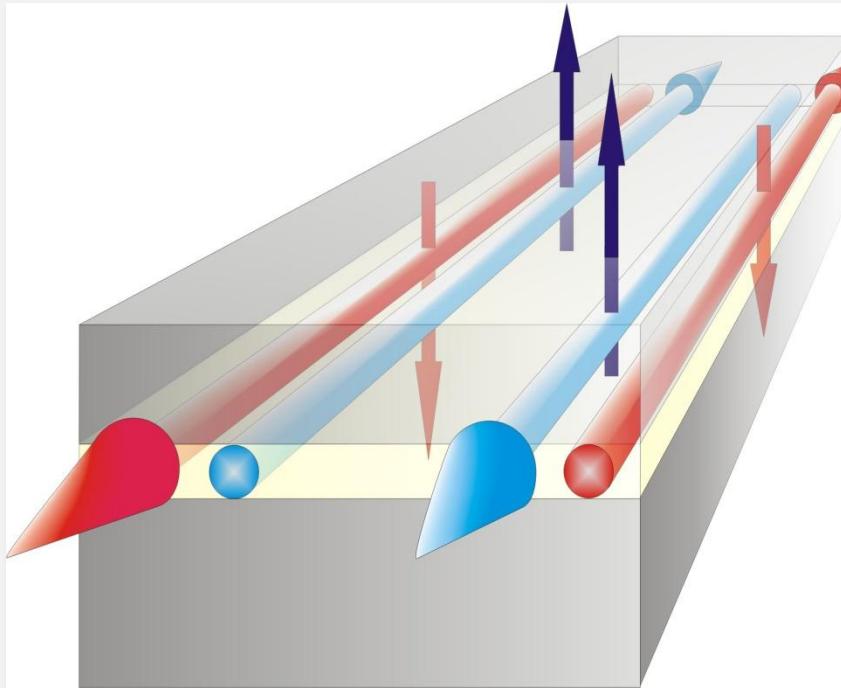


# **Local probing of Quantum Spin Hall edge states**

**Markus König  
Stanford University**

**KITP  
11/15/2011**

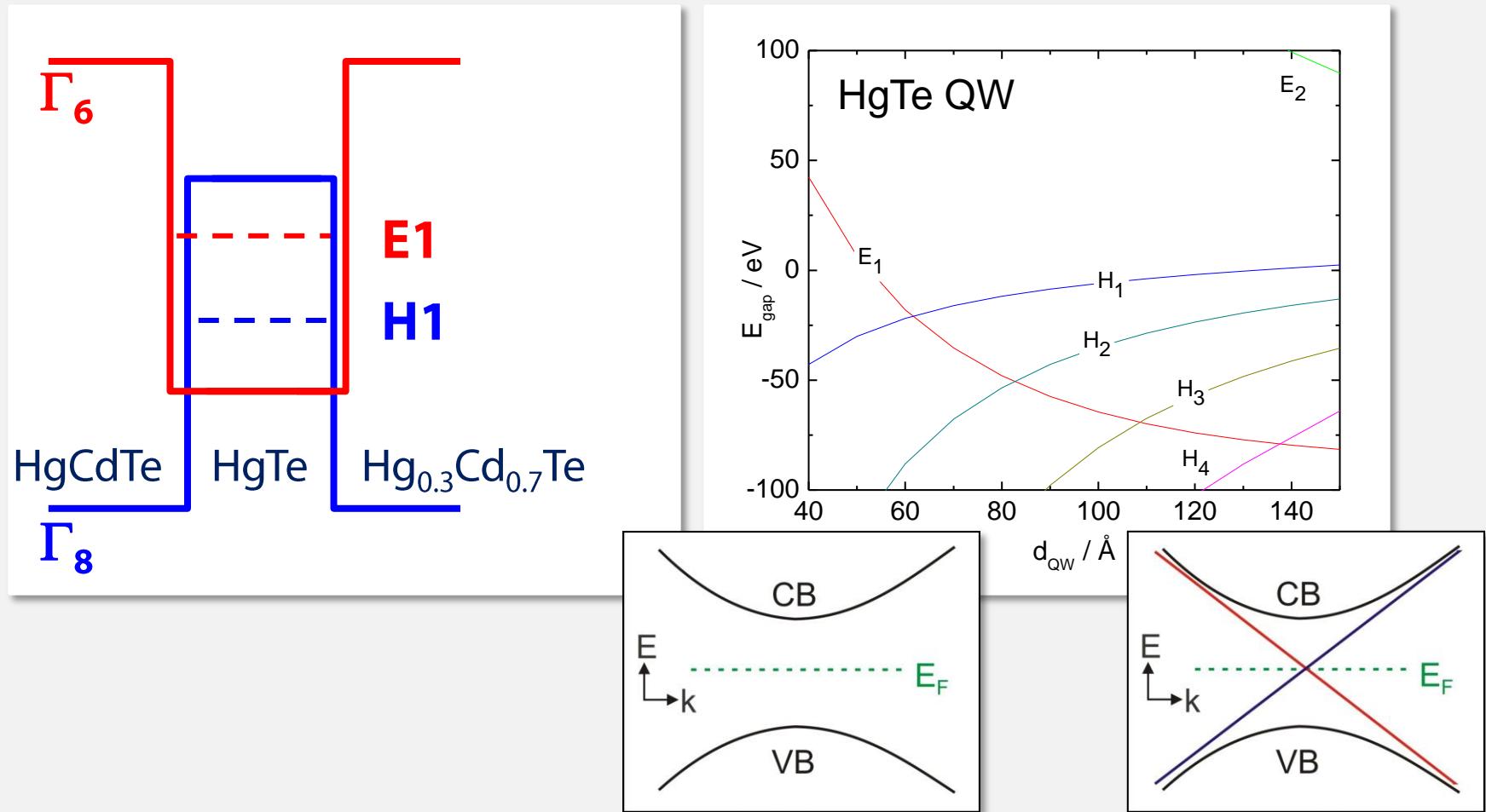
# The Quantum Spin Hall Effect



Quantum Spin Hall state  
is 2D manifestation of a  
topological insulator

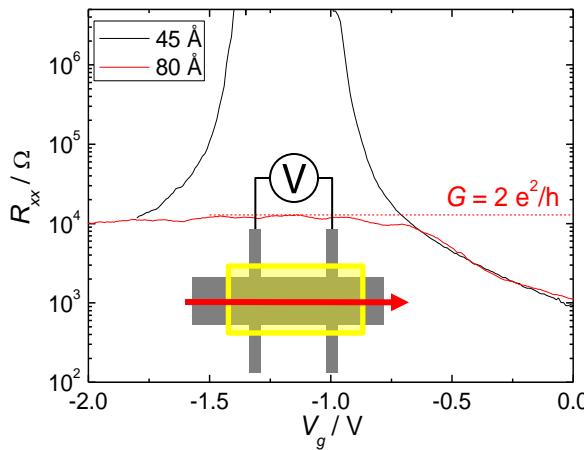
- spin-polarized edge states
- backscattering suppressed  
by time-reversal symmetry
- dissipationless transport  
along sample edge

# HgTe quantum wells

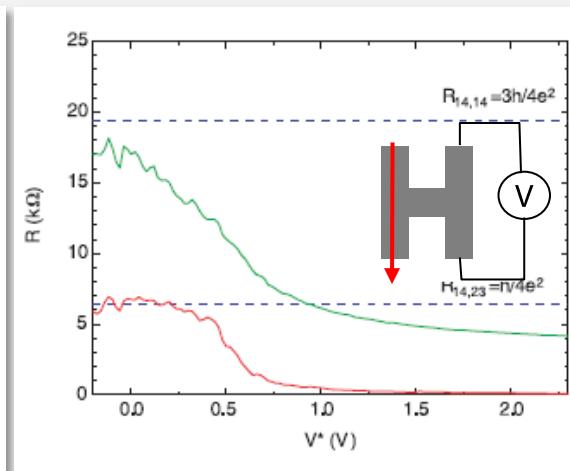
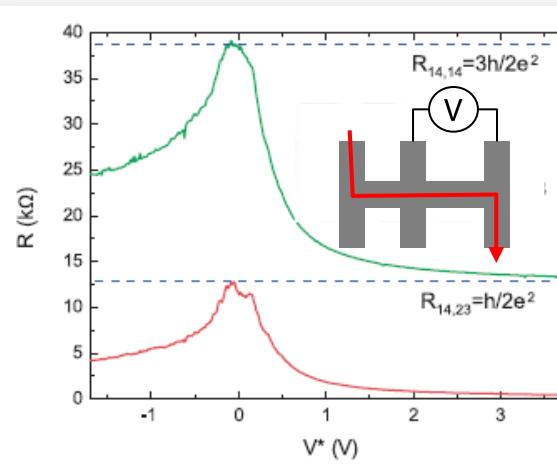
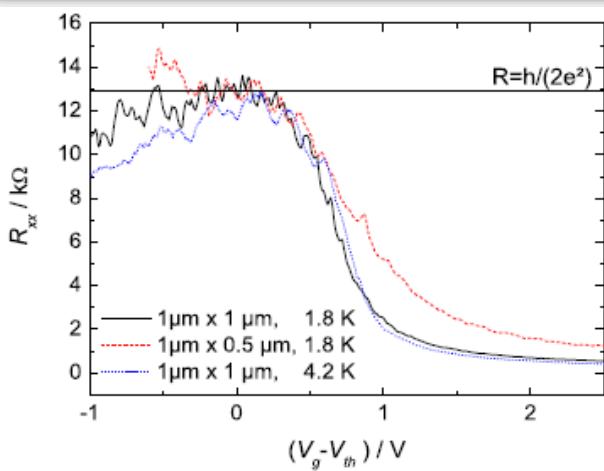


B.A. Bernevig, T. L. Hughes, and S. C. Zhang, Science 314, 1757 (2006)

# Experimental observations



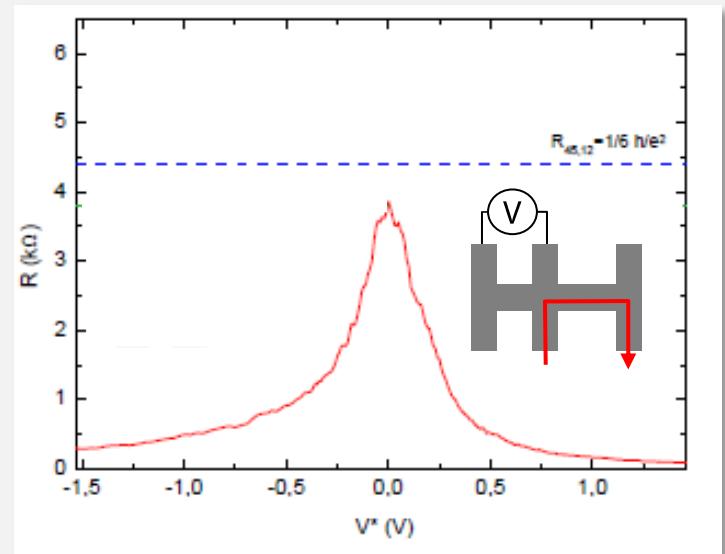
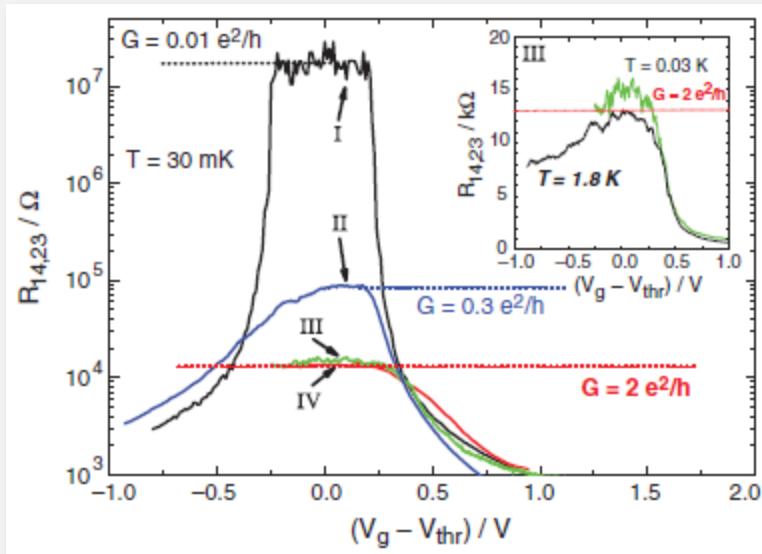
- QSHE observed for  $d_{QW} > 63 \text{ \AA}$ , thinner QWs show insulating behavior
- $G = 2e^2/h$  not depending on aspect ratio
- non-local measurements  
→ edge state transport



M. König *et al.*, Science 318, 766 (2007); M. König *et al.*, JPSJ 77, 031007 (2008);  
A. Roth *et al.*, Science 325, 294 (2009)

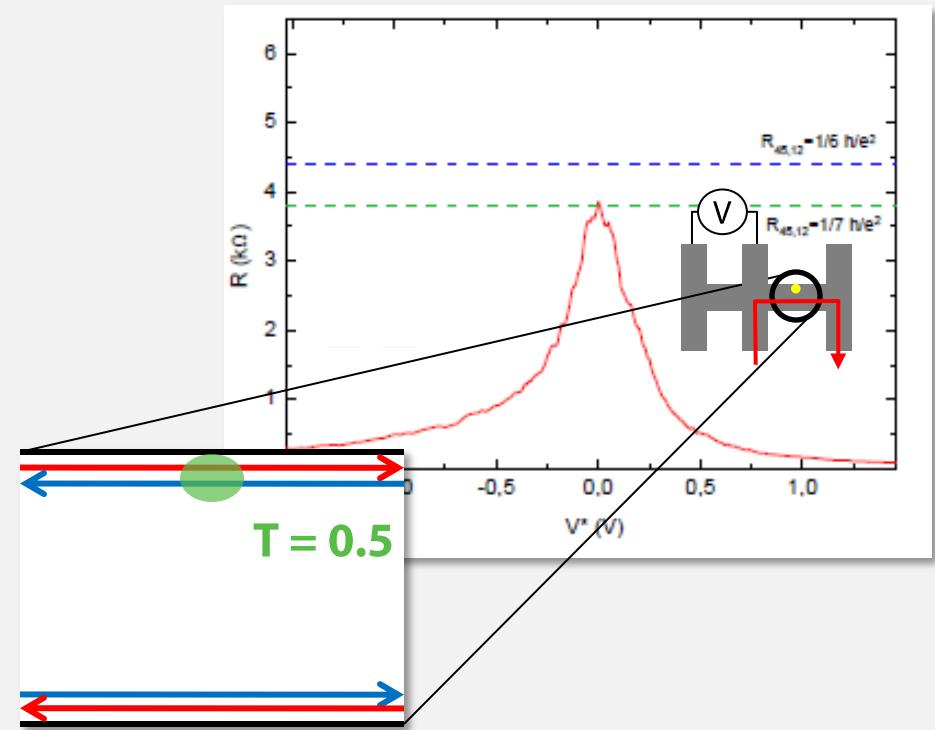
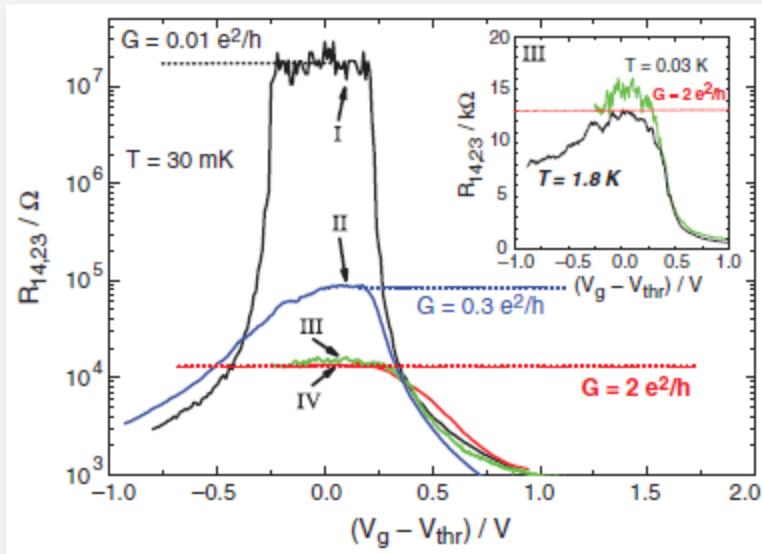
# Scattering of QSH edge channels

- mean free path  $\sim 1 \mu\text{m}$
- single impurity sufficient for full equilibration



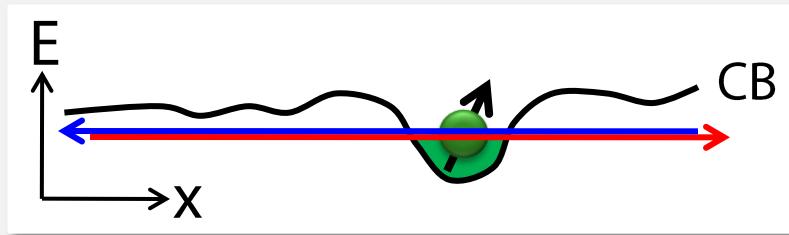
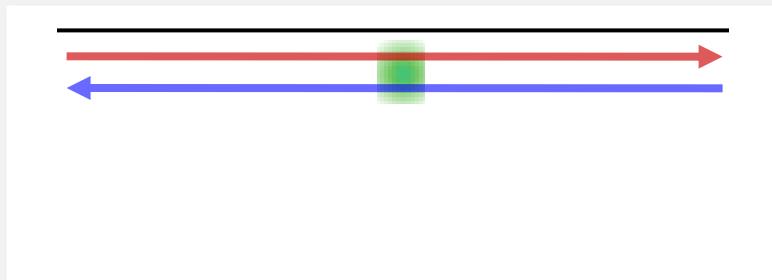
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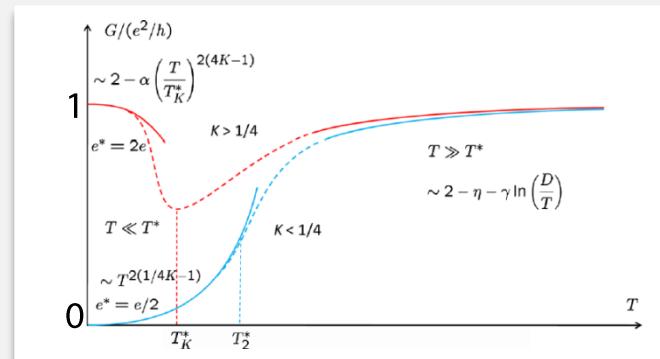
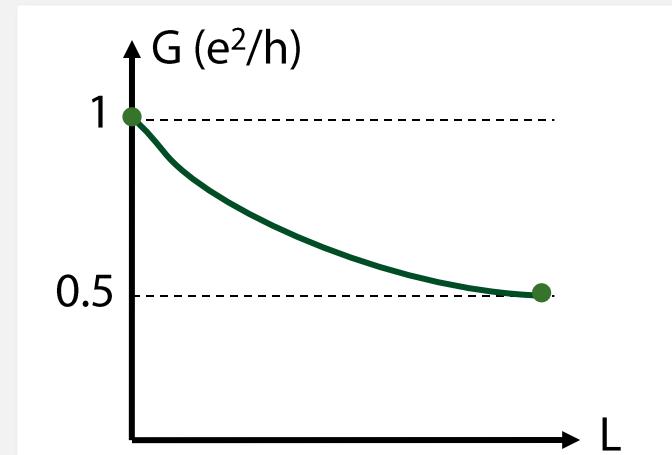
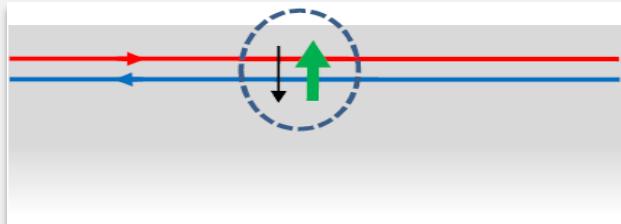


# Scattering mechanisms

- quasi-2D region at sample edge

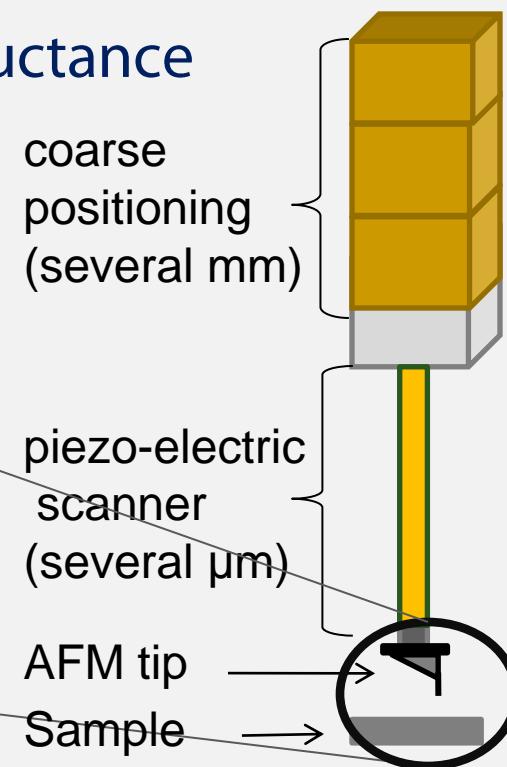
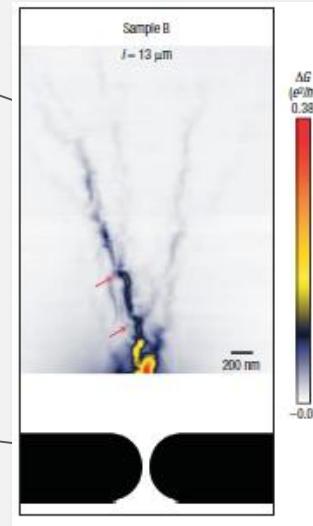
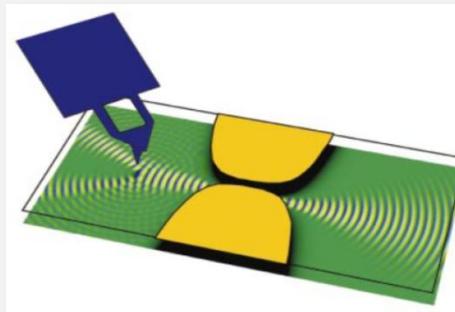


- magnetic impurities



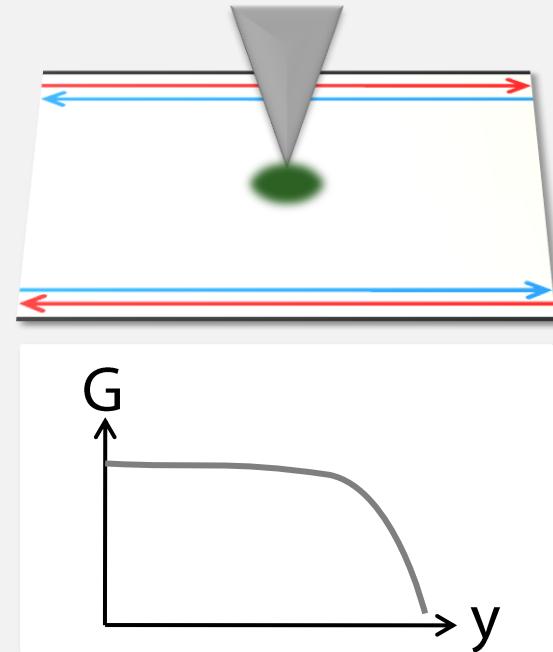
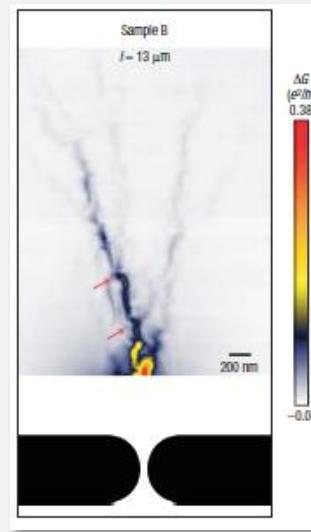
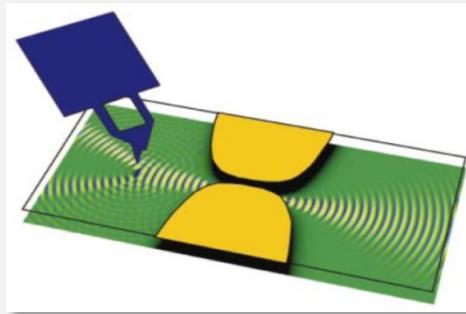
# Scanning Gate Microscopy

- effect of a local potential modulation on transport properties
- charged AFM tip is scanned over surface
- correlation of tip position and conductance

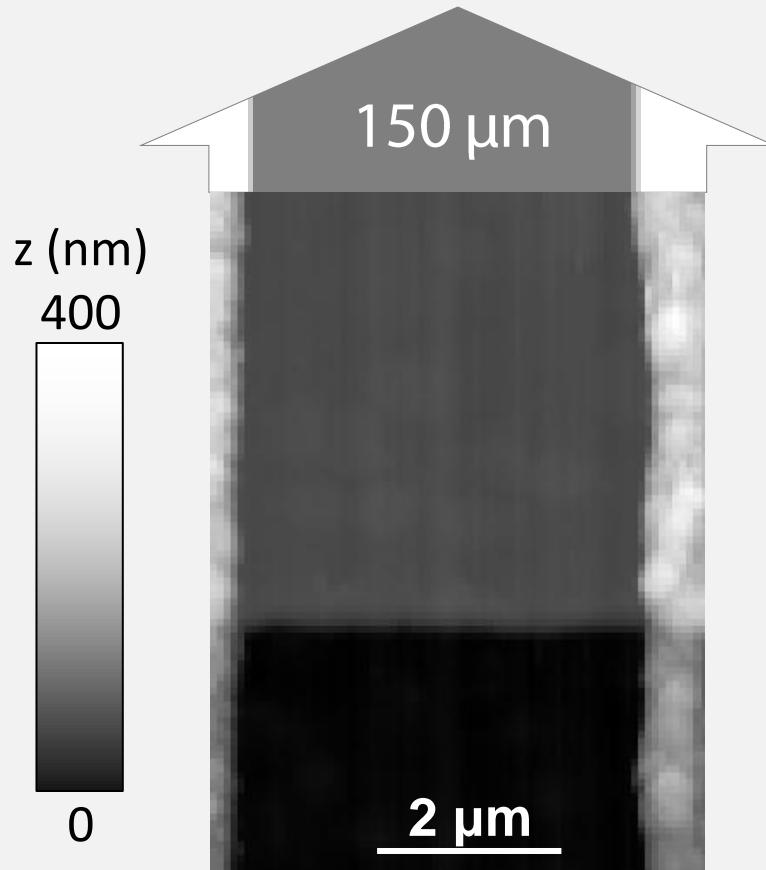


# Scanning Gate Microscopy

- effect of a local potential modulation on transport properties
- charged AFM tip is scanned over surface
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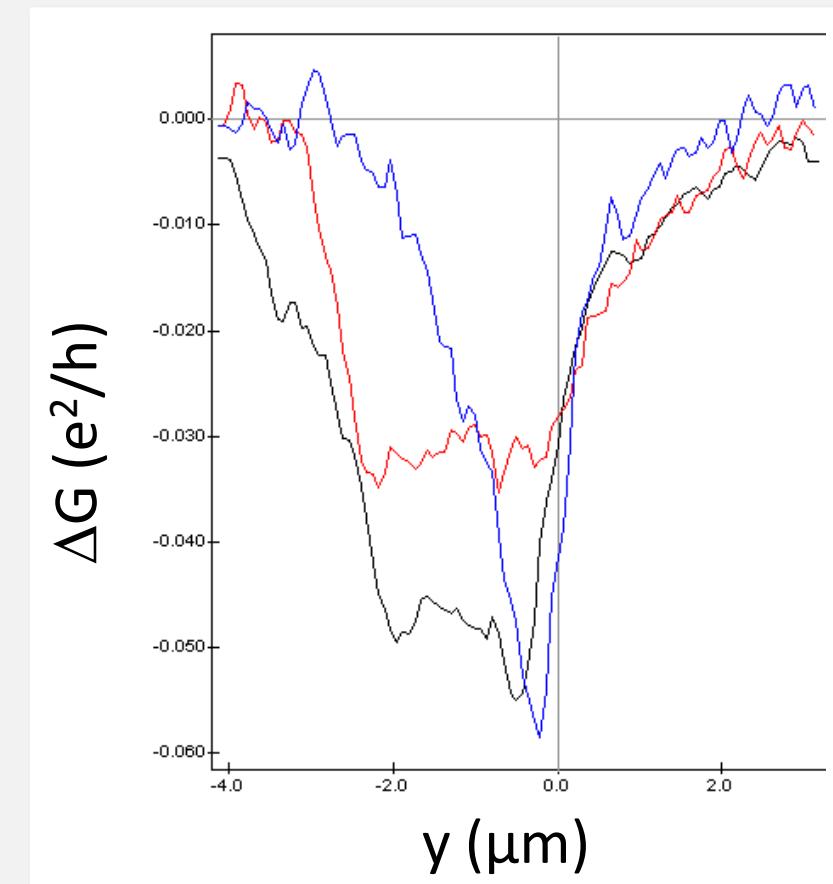
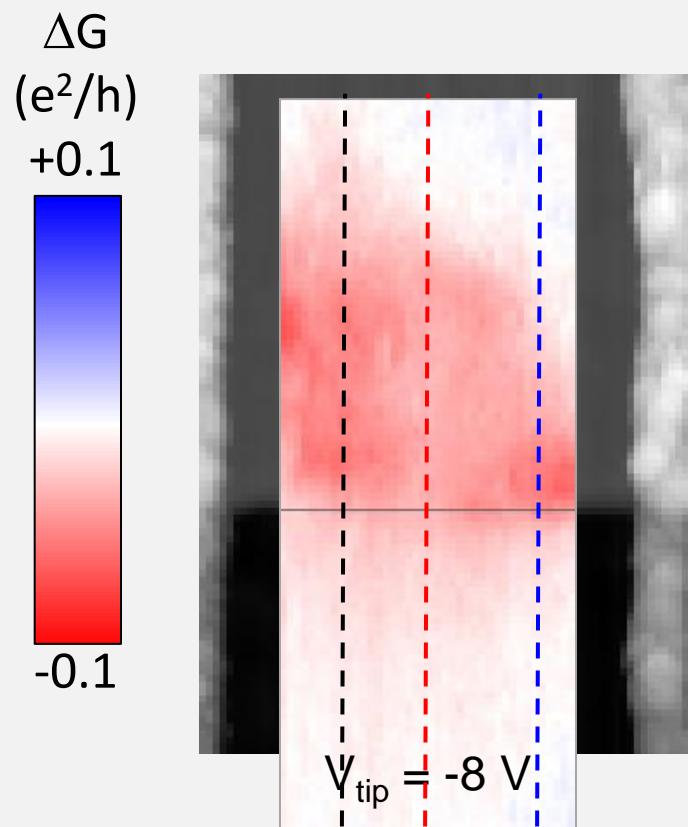


# Device characterization

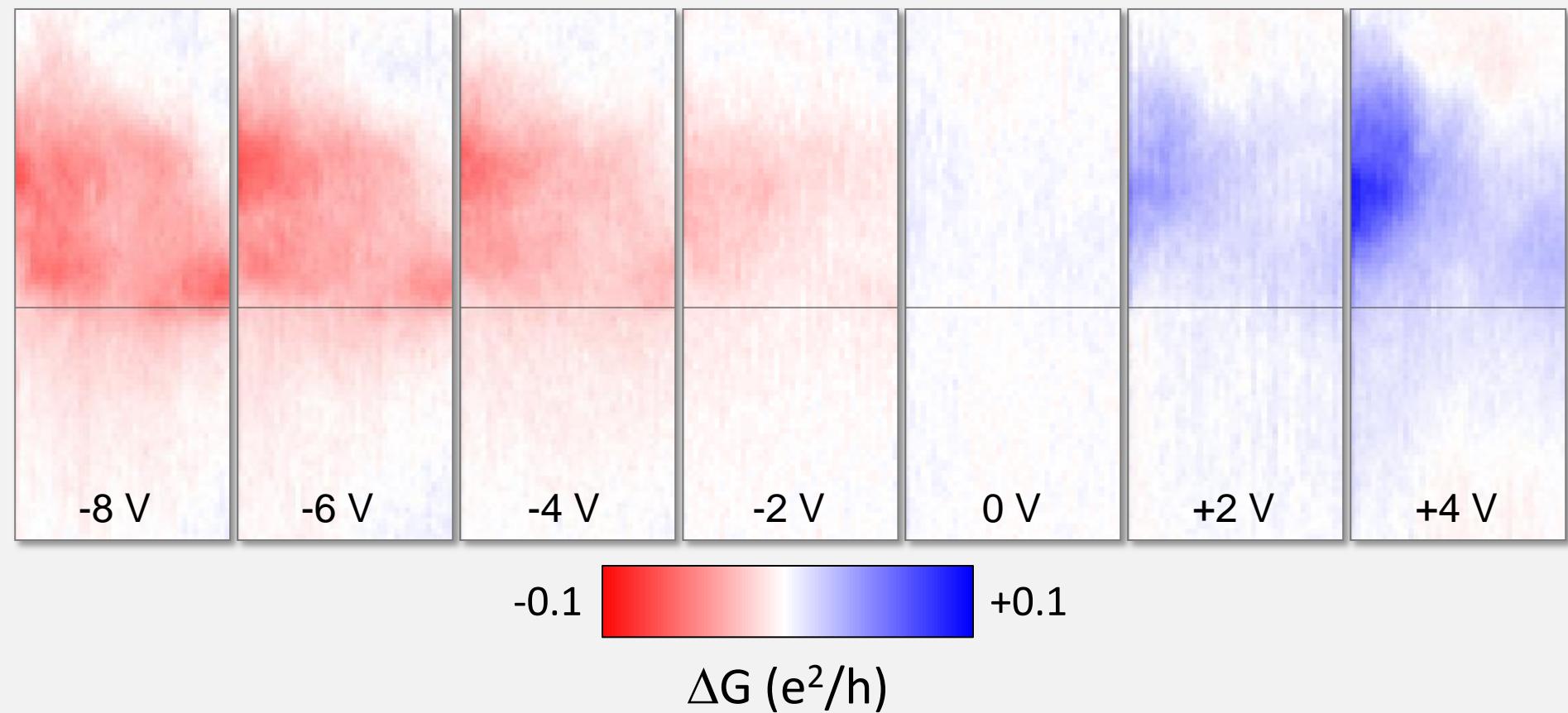


- HgTe quantum well
- $d_{\text{QW}} = 7.0 \text{ nm} \Rightarrow E_{\text{gap}} \approx 20 \text{ meV}$
- sample intrinsically undoped
- $G \approx 3 \text{ e}^2/\text{h}$   
→ contribution from p-type bulk

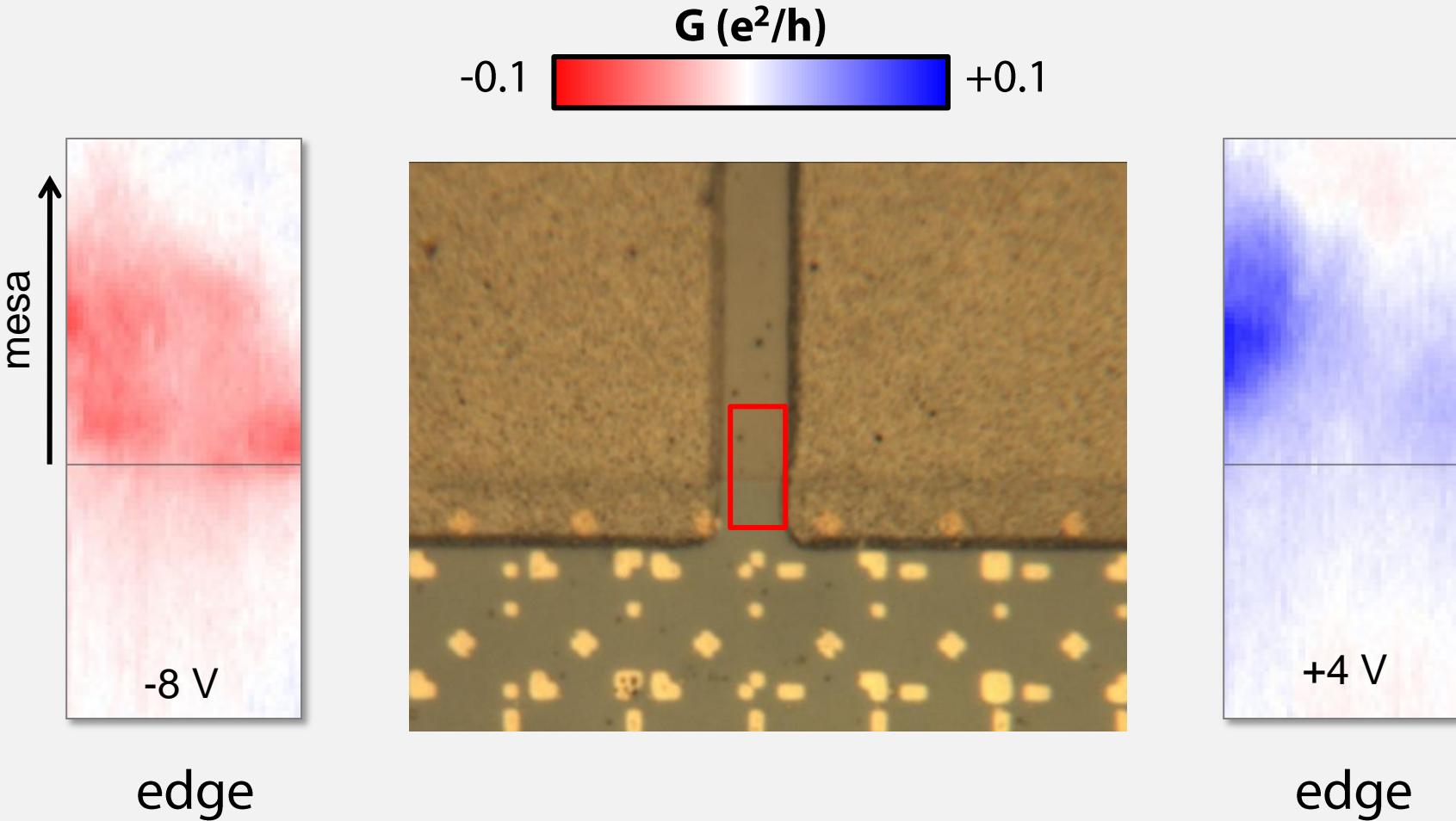
# Scanning Gate measurements



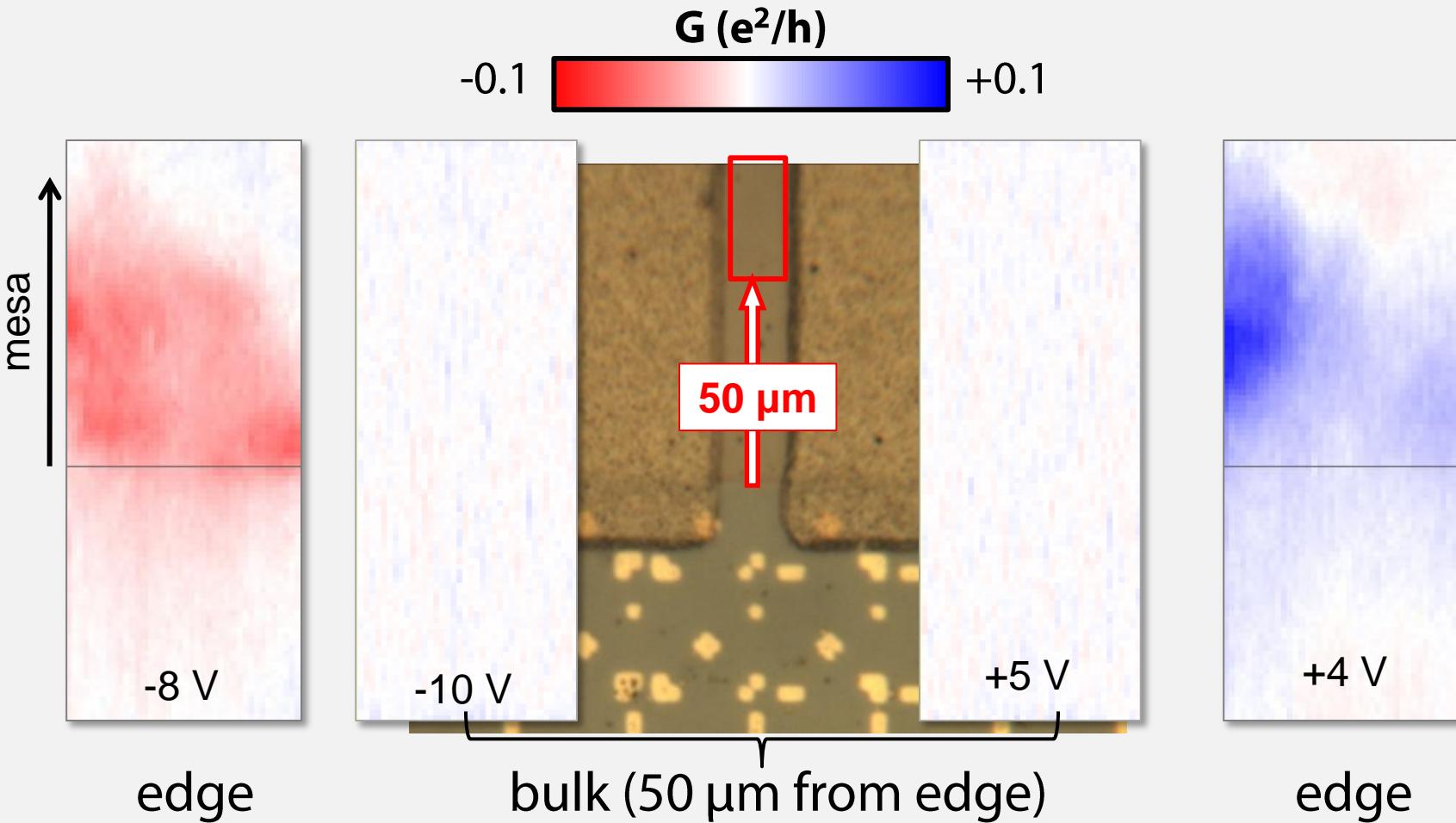
# Scanning Gate measurements



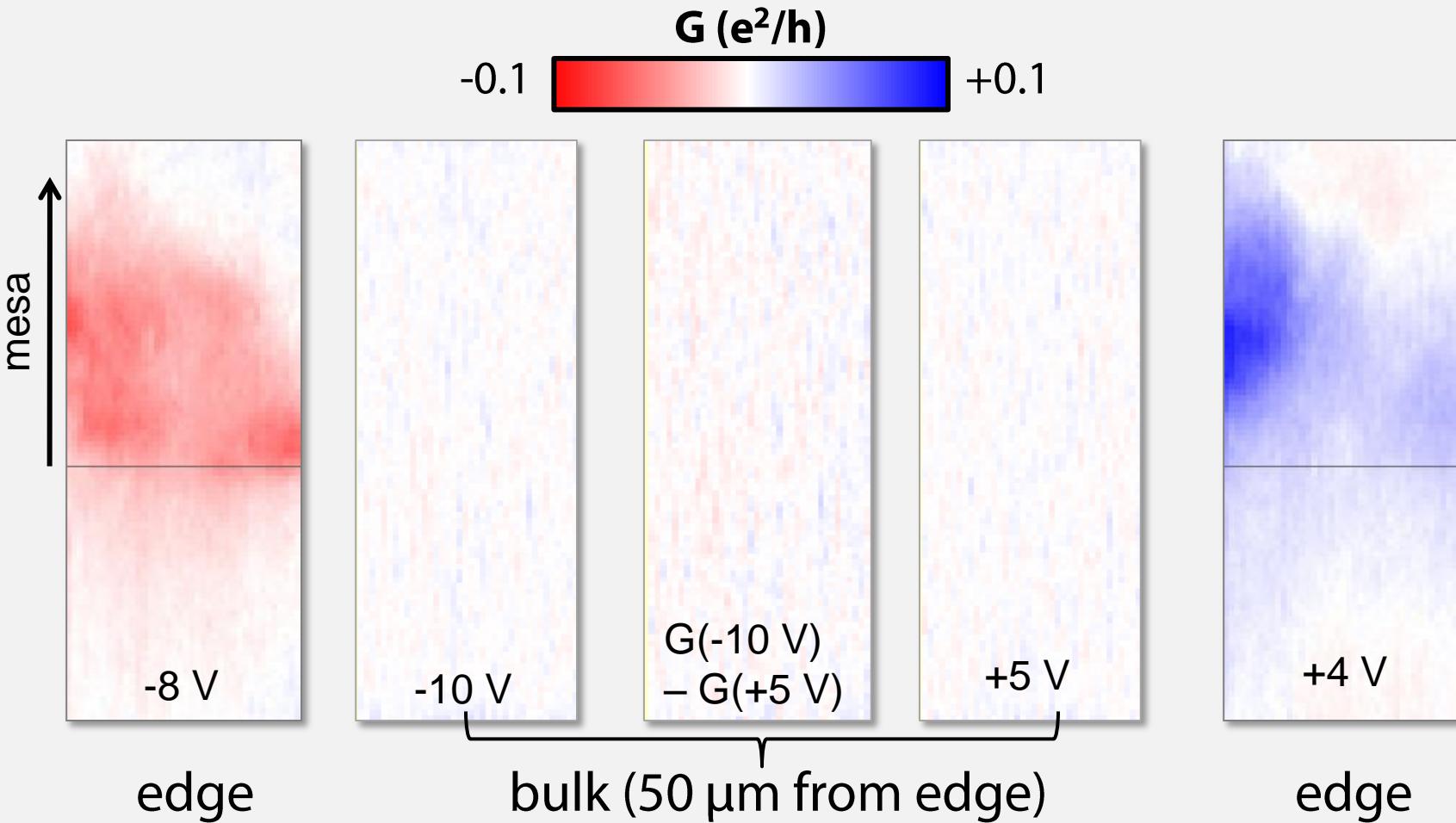
# Edge vs. bulk



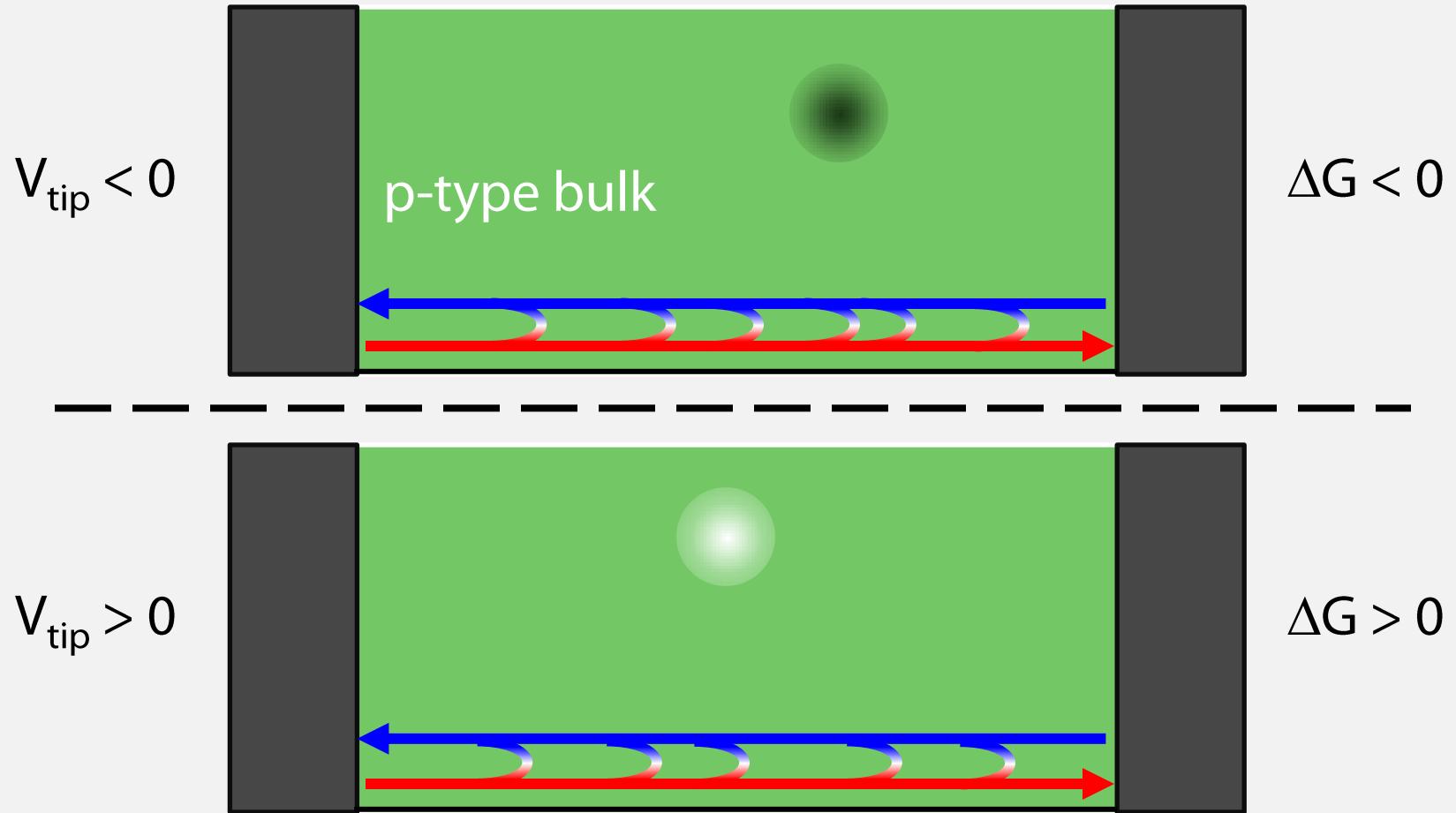
# Edge vs. bulk



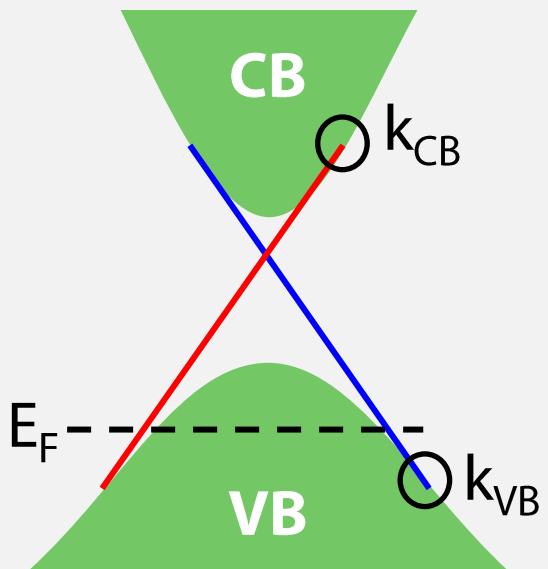
# Edge vs. bulk



# A cartoon model



# Width of the edge states



- edge states have a finite width
- exact value depends on position of  $E_F$
- $L \sim 1 \mu\text{m}$  reasonable for our sample with low density of p-type carriers in the bulk

$$L^{-1} = N - \sqrt{N^2 + (k - k_{VB})(k - k_{CB})}$$

# Summary and future directions

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- Scanning Gate measurements on HgTe devices
  - Clear gate effect near mesa edge, possibly related to QSH edge states
  
  - Control of bulk carriers
  - Stronger localization of tip effect
  
  - spatial mapping of edge states
  - sensitivity to potential fluctuations
  - dominant scattering mechanism?
-

# Acknowledgements

Andrei Garcia, Matthias Baenninger,  
David Goldhaber-Gordon

Nahid Harjee, Alex Haemmerli, Beth Pruitt

Christoph Brüne, Hartmut Buhmann,  
Laurens Molenkamp

