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## Branes, Duality and Quantization

### Observation (S.G. + D. Zagier)

Consider Chern-Simons theory with complex gauge group  $G_{\mathbb{C}}$  at "level"  $k$  on a 3-manifold  $W$  (possibly w/ Wilson lines)

For compact  $G$ :  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$

For complex  $G_{\mathbb{C}}$ :  $k \in \mathbb{Q}$

$Z^{CS}(G_{\mathbb{C}}; q) = \text{quantum } G_{\mathbb{C}}\text{-invariant of } W$

$$\uparrow$$

$$q = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{k}\right)$$

There is a hidden  $SL(2, \mathbb{Z})$  symmetry:

$$Z^{CS}(G_{\mathbb{C}}; q) \sim Z^{CS}({}^L G; {}^L q)$$

where  ${}^L q = \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i}{{}^L k}\right)$  and  ${}^L k = -\frac{1}{k}$ .

[ "quantum modular forms" ]

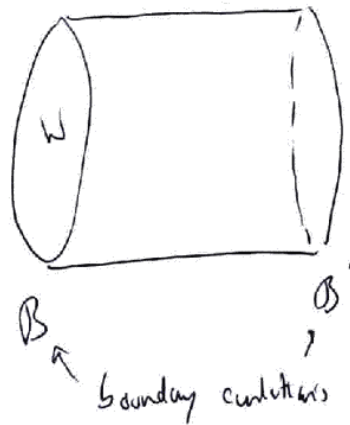
Complex gauge group  $G_{\mathbb{C}}$  } → realize CS theory in  $W=4$   
 S-duality (topological) Yang-Mills theory  
 ↖ 3D ↗ 4D

dimensional reduction of 4D YM theory to 3D

↙  
 on a circle  
 $M = S^1 \times W$

⇓  
 effective 3D theory  
 Invariant under  $P: W \rightarrow \bar{W}$

↘  
 on a "colored interval"  
 $M = I \times W, I = [0, 1]$



⇓  
 effective 3D theory  
 $T(B, B')$   
 not necessarily P-invariant



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In 4d gauge theory,

$$M = \Sigma \times \mathbb{C}$$

where  $\Sigma = \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{I}$   
 $\uparrow$   
 time


 $\simeq$  2d topological  $\sigma$ -model  $\Sigma \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_H(G; \mathbb{C})$ 

$$\mathcal{H} = \text{Hom}(B, B')$$

= space of open string states between branes  
 $B$  and  $B'$  on  $\mathcal{M}_H(G; \mathbb{C})$

Example (Chern-Simons theory):

$$B' = \text{NS5-like b.c.}$$

= mid-dimensional brane supported on  ~~$\mathbb{R}^4$~~

$$\mathcal{M}(G; \mathbb{C}) \subset \mathcal{M}_H(G; \mathbb{C}) \quad (\text{Bung})$$

$B$  = canonical coisotropic brane  
 supported on the entire  $\mathcal{M}_H(G; \mathbb{C})$

$$F = \omega \mathbb{I}$$

This brane exists only in the gauge theory with quantized

$$\tau = \tilde{\lambda} k, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

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[S.G. + E. Witten]:

$\mathcal{H} = \text{Ham}(\mathcal{B}_{\text{c.c.}}, \mathcal{B}') = \text{Hilbert space of Chern-Simons theory w/ gauge group } G, \text{ level } k.$

= quantization of  $\mathcal{M}_{\text{flat}}(G; \mathbb{C})$

\* in this example, both branes  $\mathcal{B}$  and  $\mathcal{B}'$  are of type  $(B, A, A)$ .

S-duality  $(B, A, A) \rightarrow (B, B, B)$

$\mathcal{B}_{\text{c.c.}} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{\text{c.c.}}$

$\mathcal{B}' \rightarrow \tilde{\mathcal{B}}'$

$\tilde{\mathcal{B}}_{\text{c.c.}}$  = space-filling brane, with a nontrivial Chern-Pontryagin bundle of rank  $> 1$ .

exists only for  $\tau = \frac{i}{k}!$  ( $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ )

$\tilde{\mathcal{B}}'$  = zero-brane, supported at the "most singular point" of  $\mathcal{M}_{\text{flat}}(G; \mathbb{C})$

$$\uparrow A_c|_{\text{sing}} = \Phi_c|_{\text{sing}} = 0$$

with a Nahm pole for the fields  $\vec{X} = (\sigma, \vec{\sigma}, \phi_y)$

that corresponds to the principal  $SU(2)$  embedding

$$P_{\text{prin}} : SU(2) \rightarrow {}^L\mathfrak{g}$$