



# Plumes in the Earth's Deep Mantle: Insights from Seismic waveform tomography

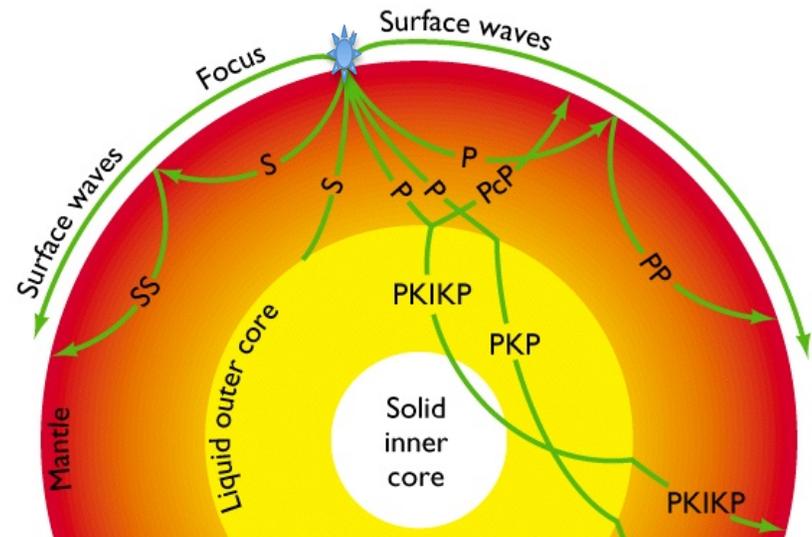
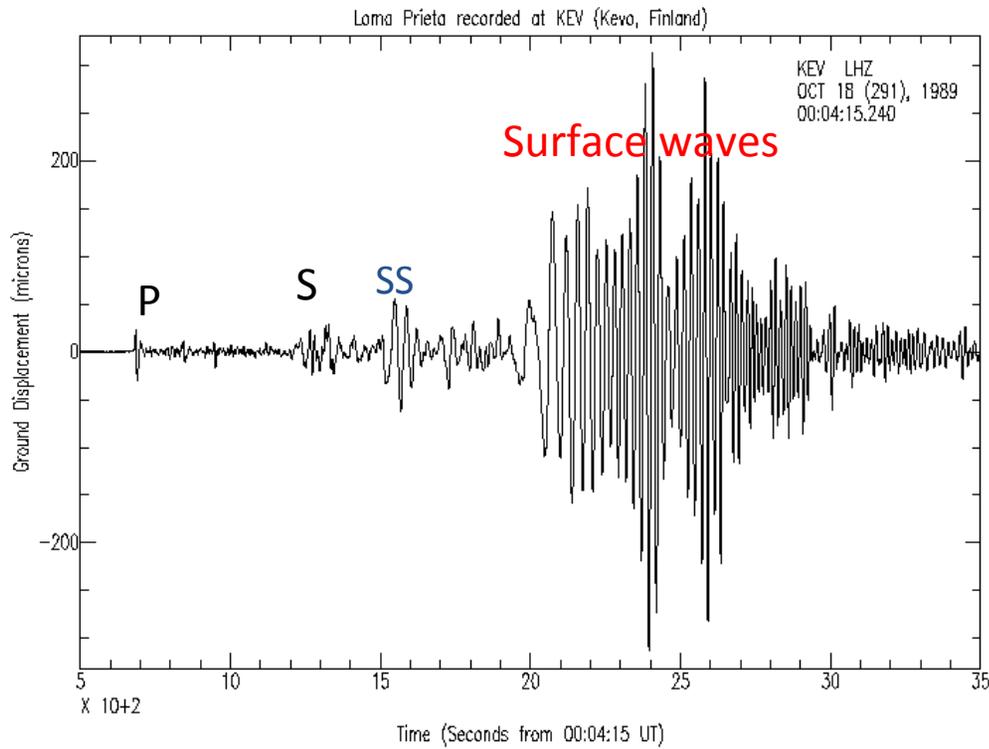
Barbara Romanowicz

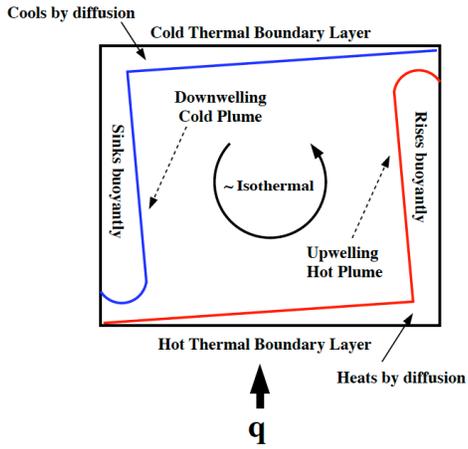
*Univ. of California, Berkeley  
IPG and Collège de France, Paris*

Acknowledging contributions: Scott French, Ved Lekic,  
Sanne Cottaar

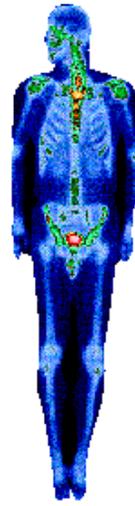
Paris, January 12, 2015

# Loma Prieta (CA) 1989 M 7 earthquake observed at KEV, Finland

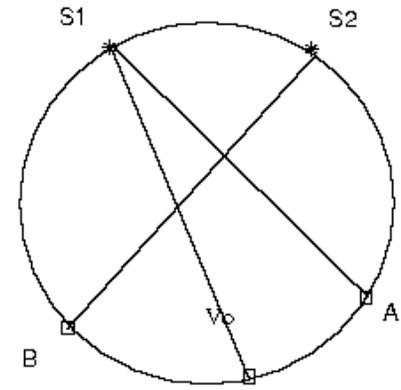




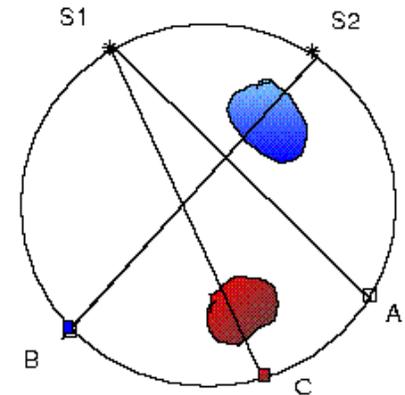
## Medical Imagery



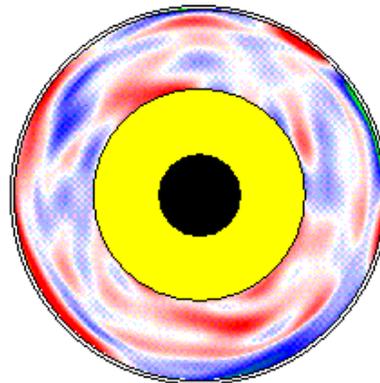
## Homogeneous Body



## Body with inhomogeneities



**Slow**  
(hot)



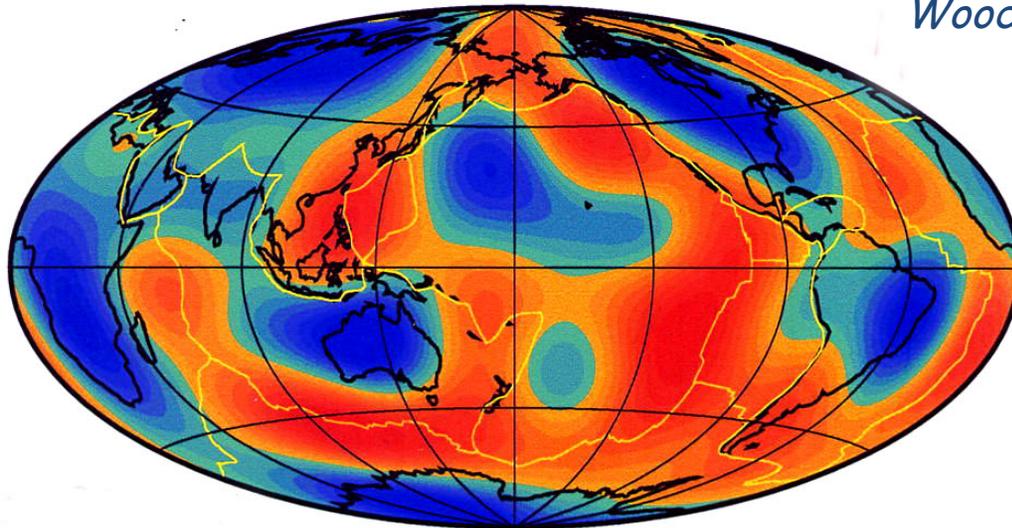
**Fast**  
(cold)

## Seismic Tomography

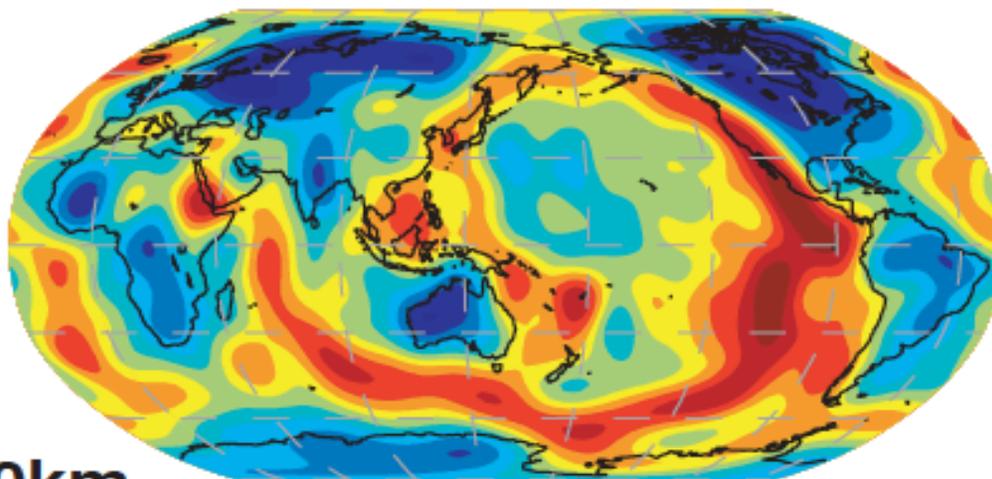


Model M84C (100 km)

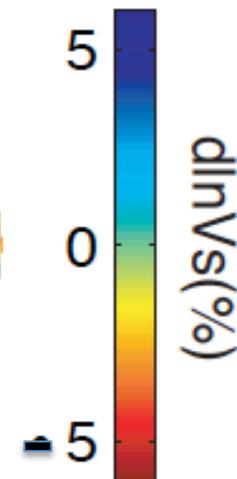
*Woodhouse and Dziewonski, 1984*



Depth = 100 km

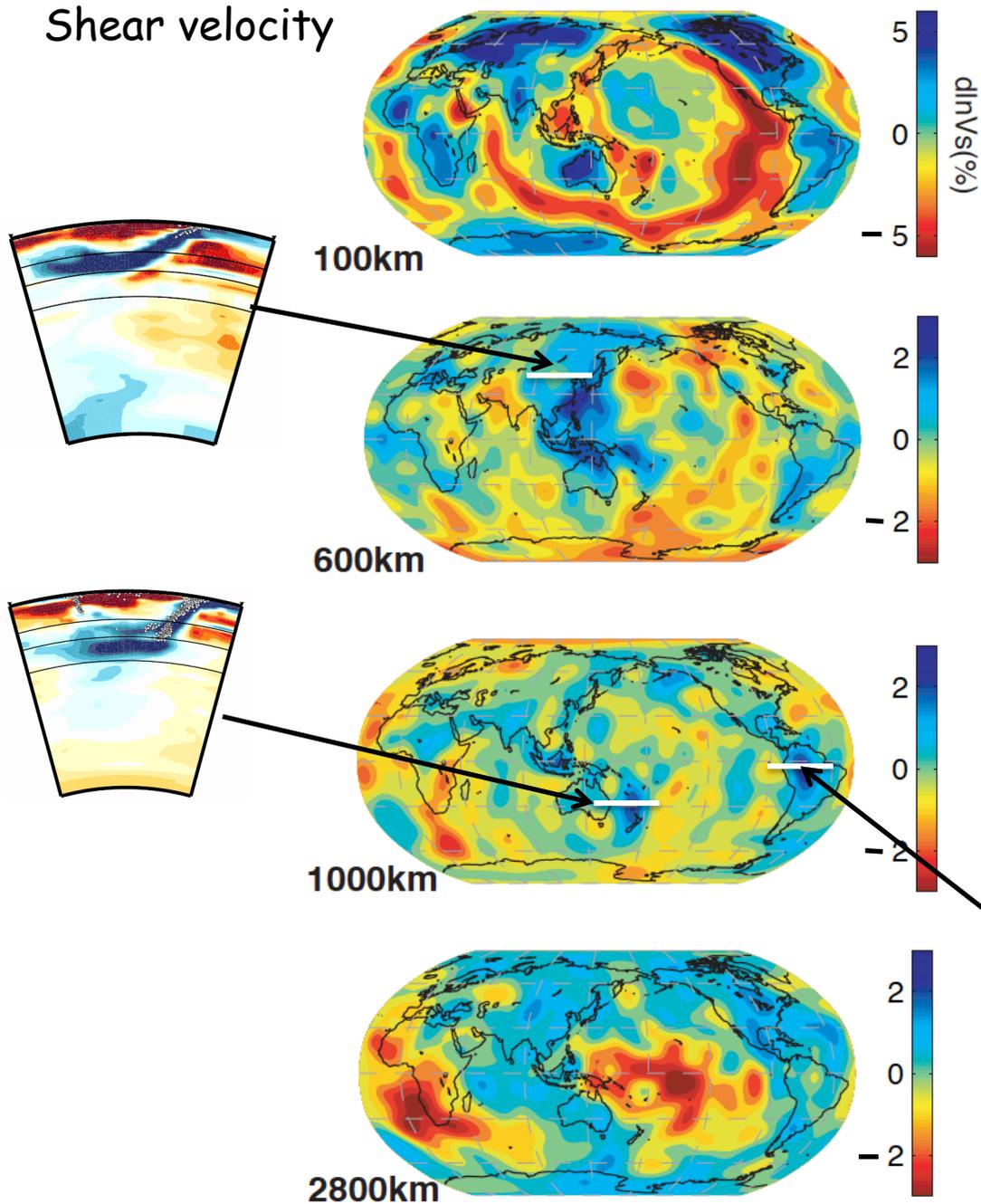


100km

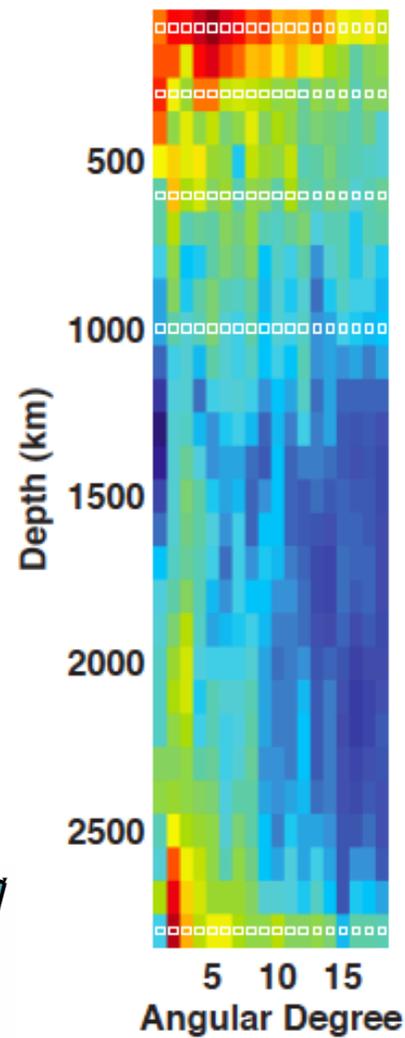


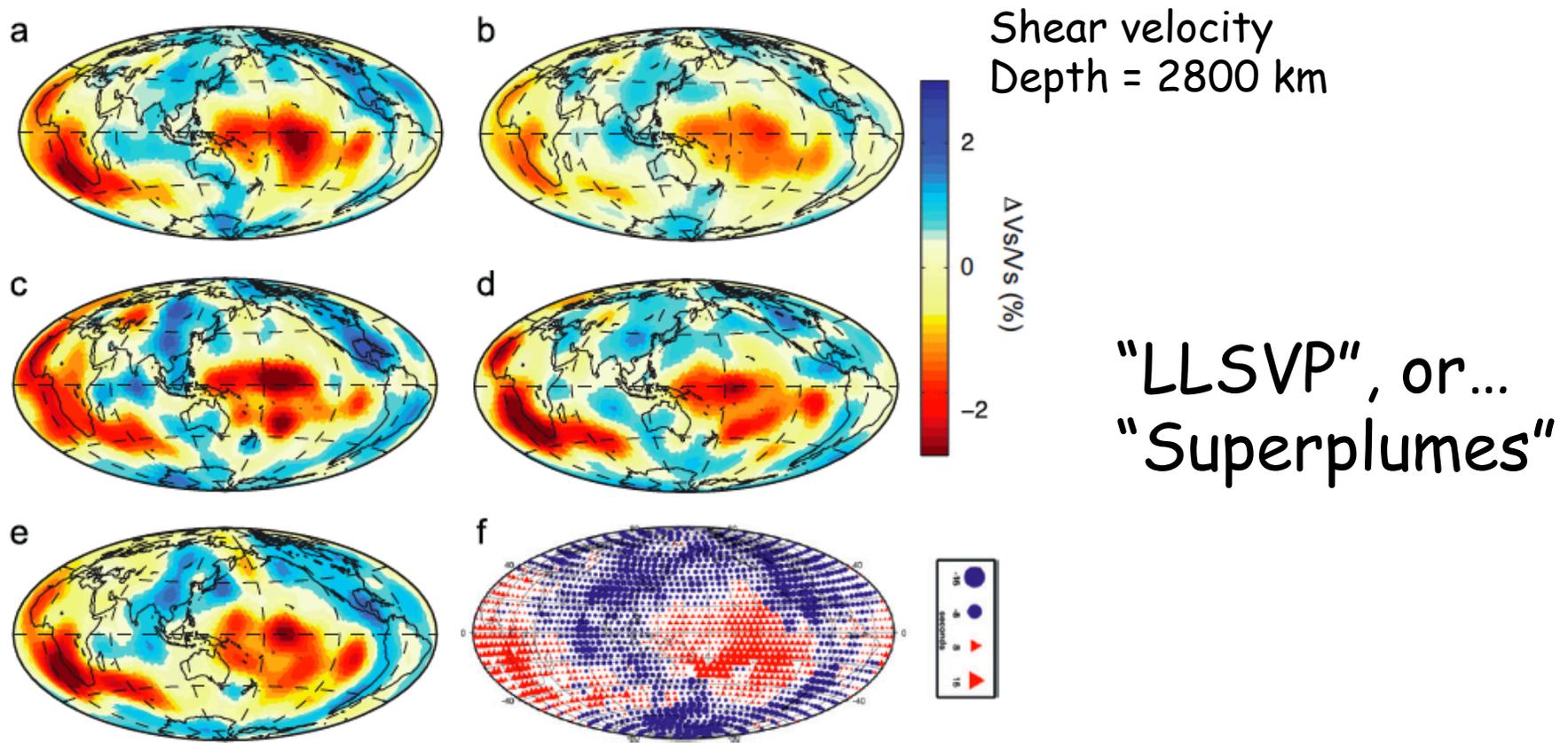
*Kustowski et al., 2008*

# Shear velocity



# Spectrum of heterogeneity

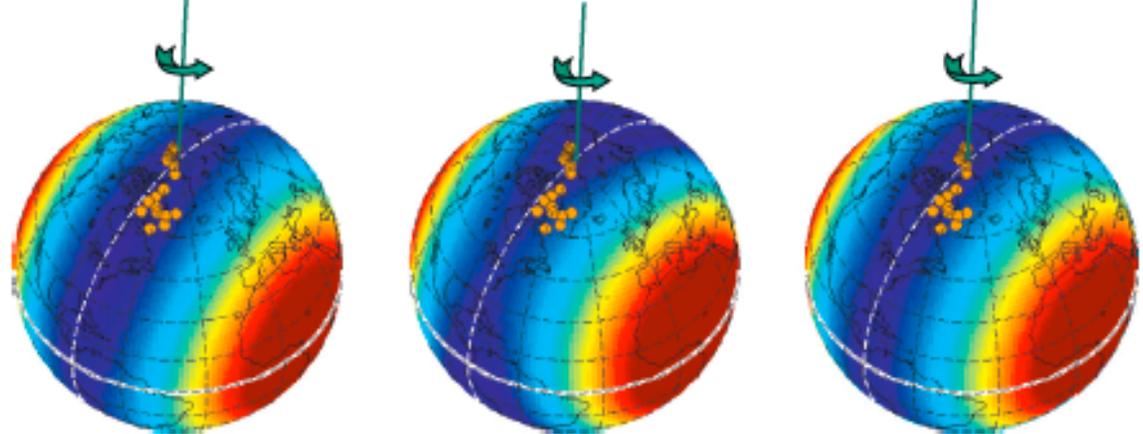




S362ANI

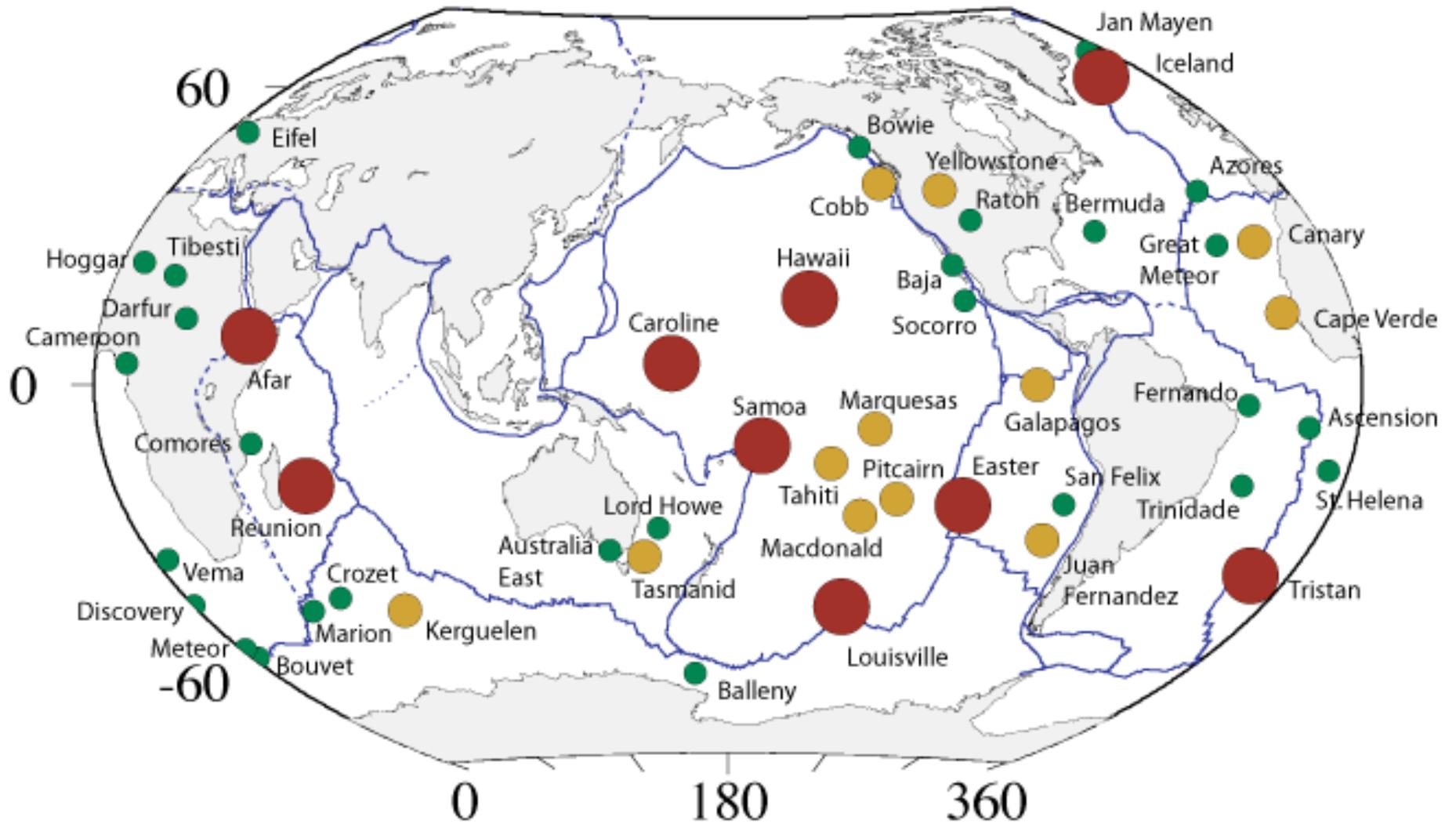
SAW24B16

S20RTS

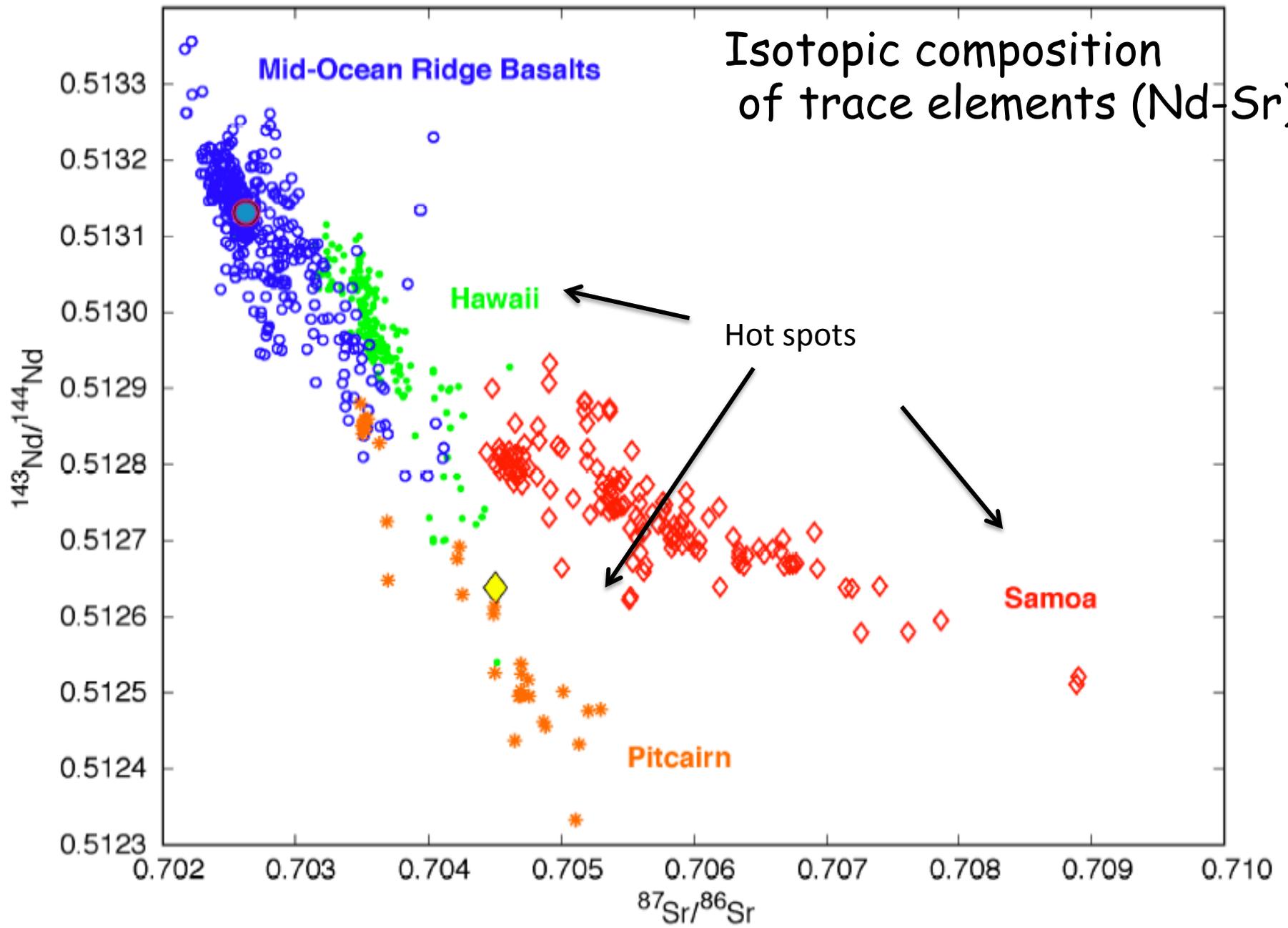


- Paleo-pole locations  
(Besse and Courtillot, 2002)

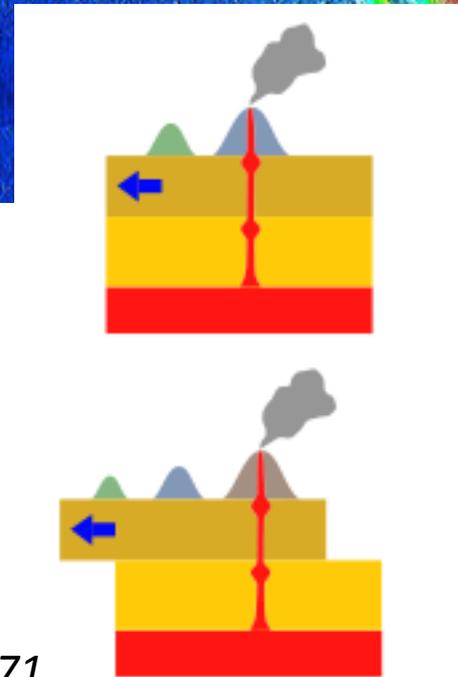
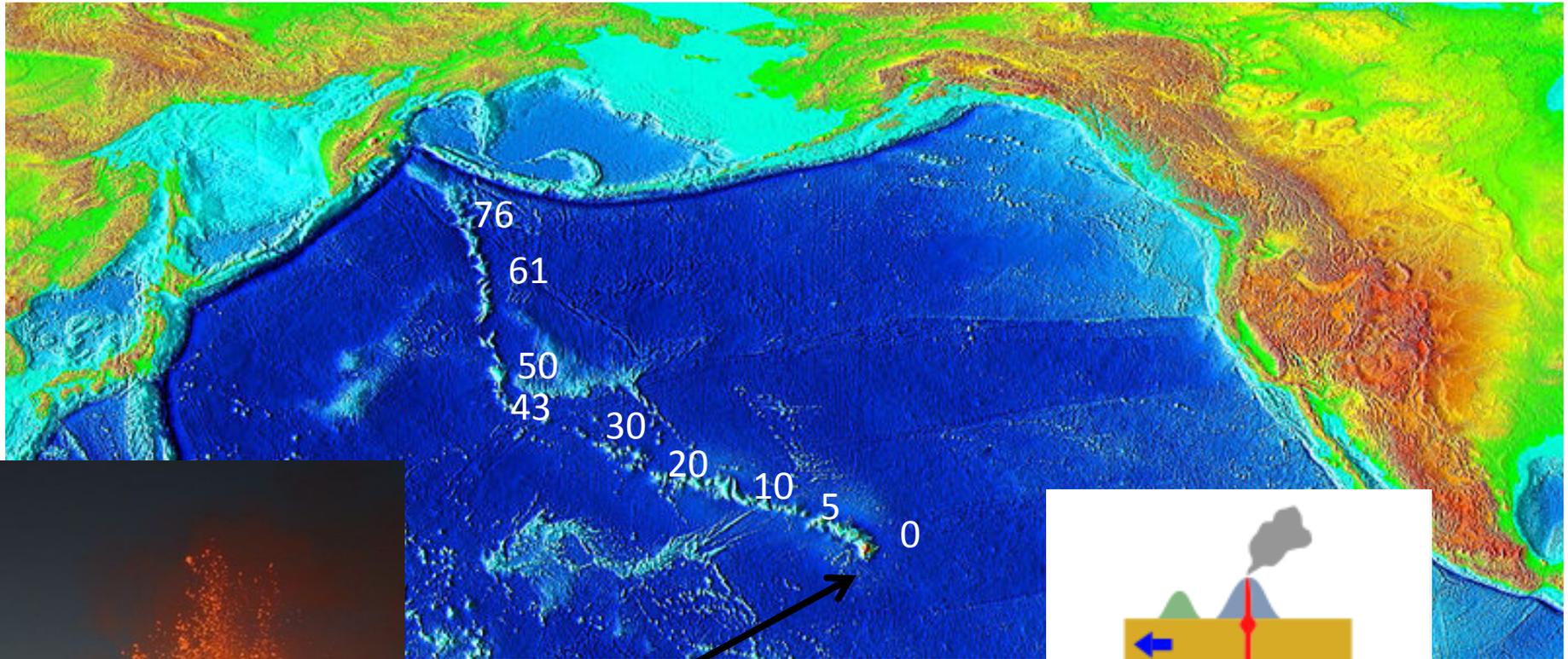
# Catalogued hotspots



source: mantleplumes.org

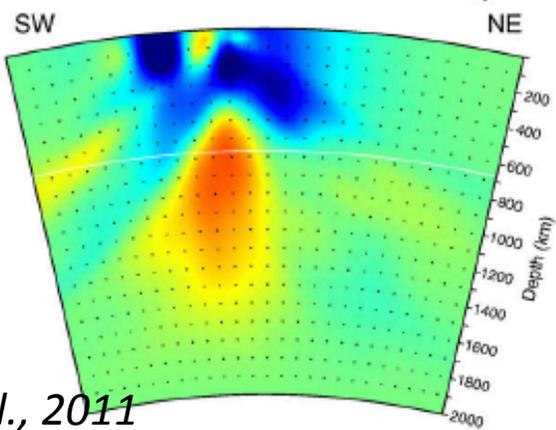
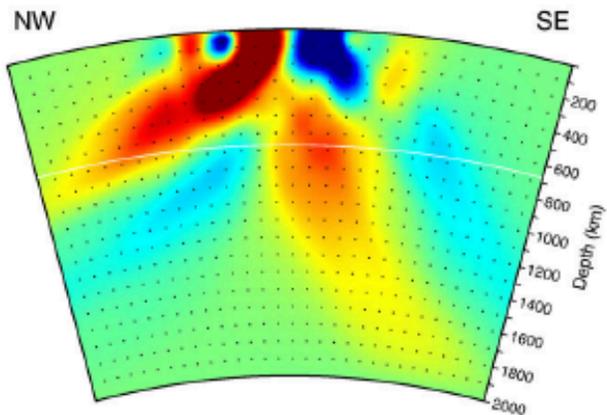
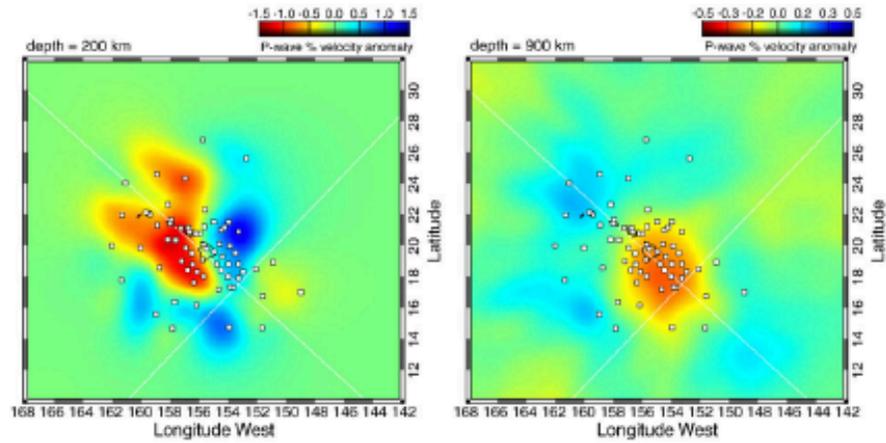


# Hotspots and plumes

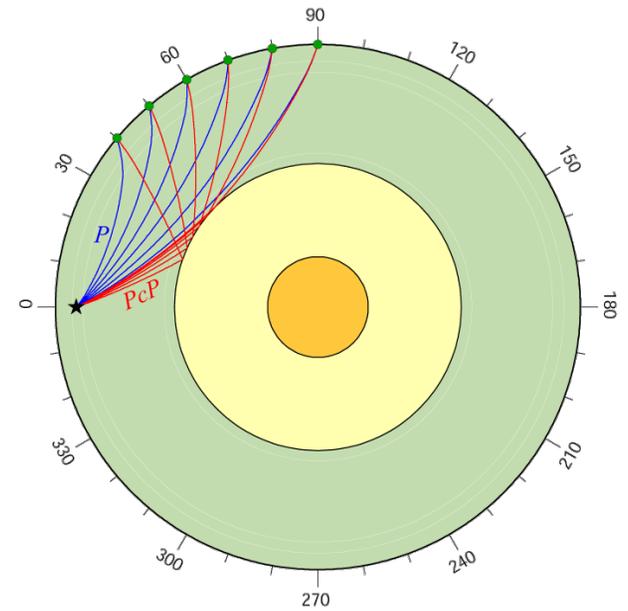


*Morgan, 1971*

# P wave travel time tomography

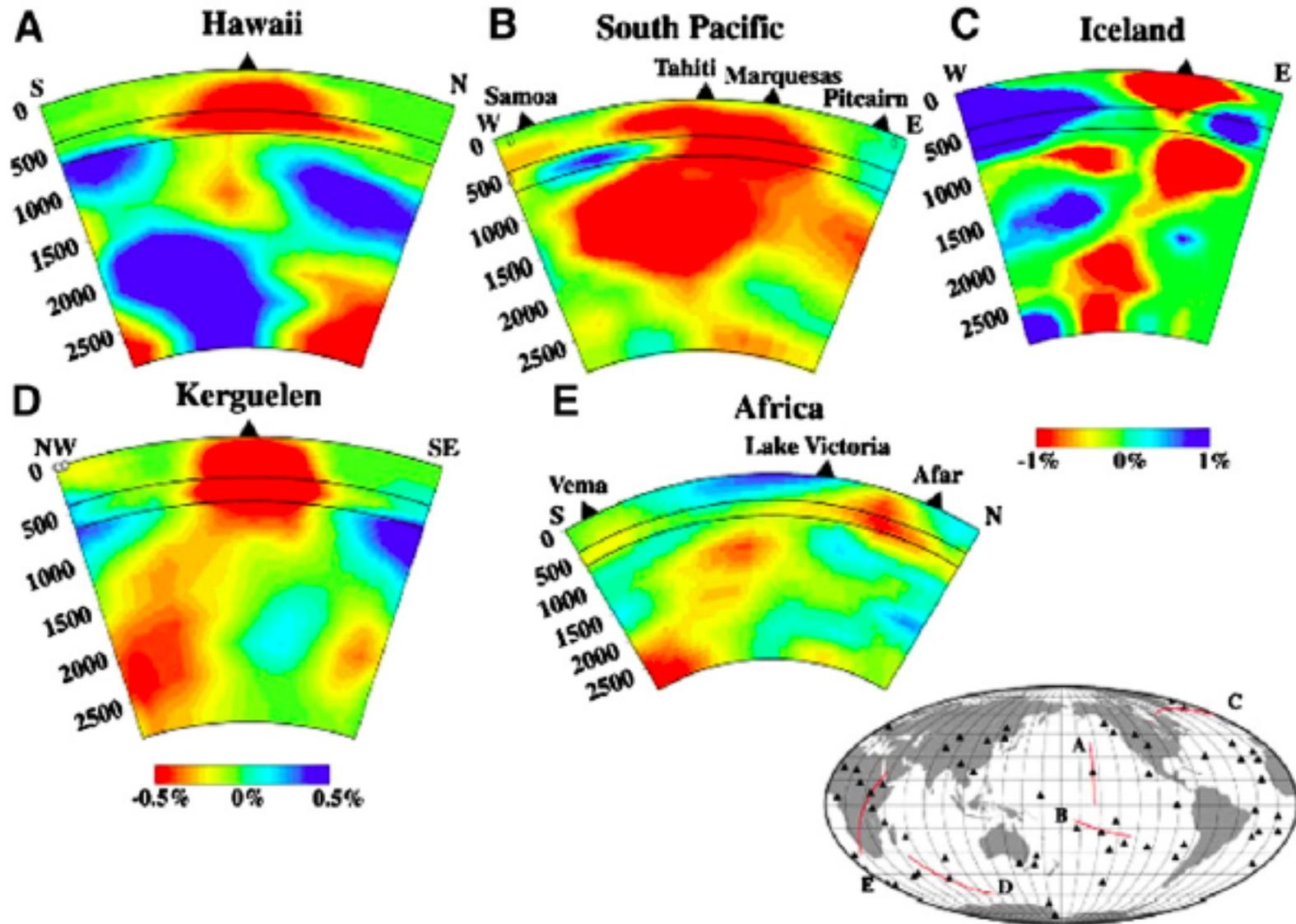


# Hawaiian "plume"



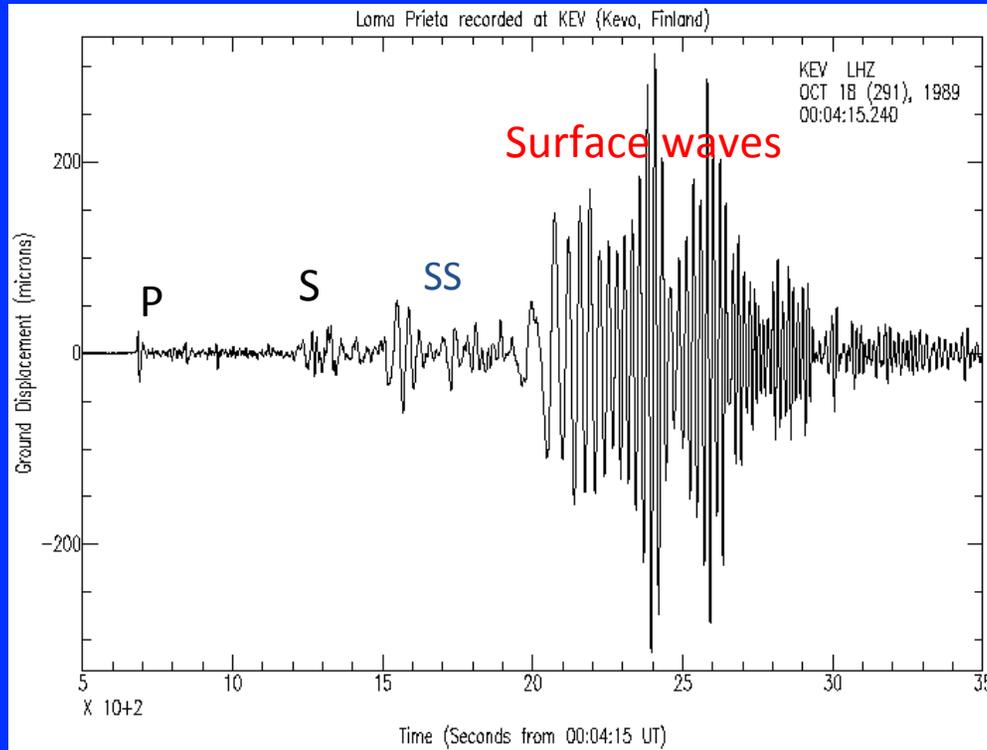
Wolfe et al., 2011

# P wave travel time tomography



Nolet et al., 2005

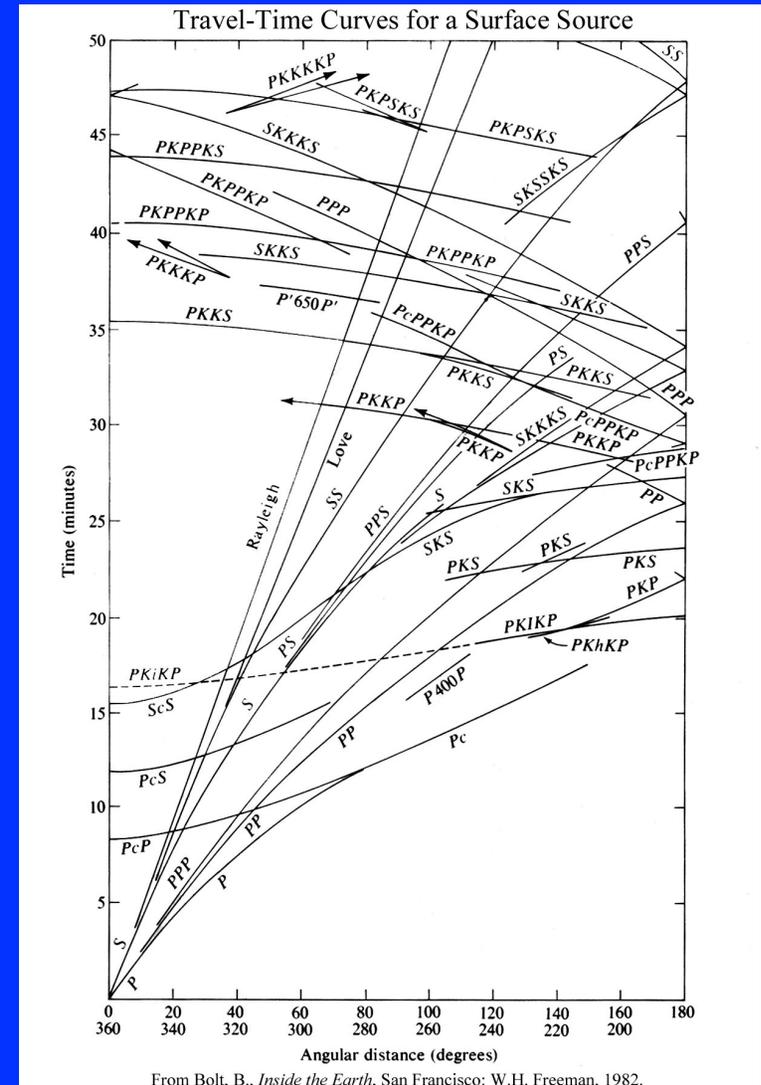
# Richness of the teleseismic wavefield:



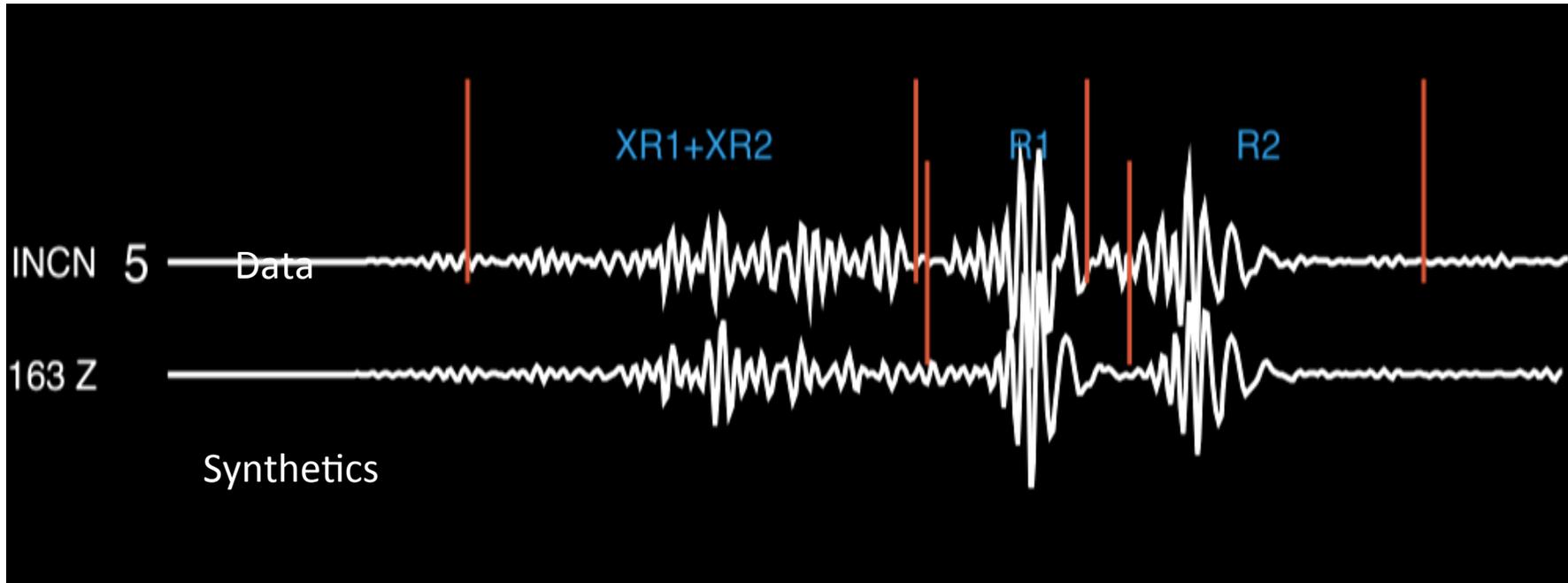
← 50 mn →

Most tomographic studies rely primarily on travel times of phases well separated on the seismogram:

P, PP, S, SS, fundamental mode surface waves.



# Full Waveform Tomography using SEM:



Replace mode synthetics by numerical synthetics computed using the Spectral Element Method (SEM)

- Challenges: computational time increases as  $\omega^3$
- Several hundred of events, iterations
- Thin slow layers in crust