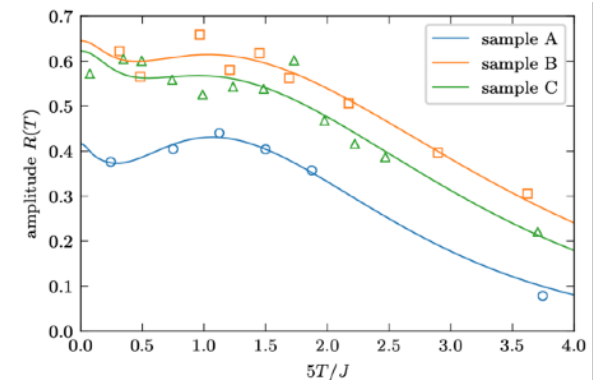
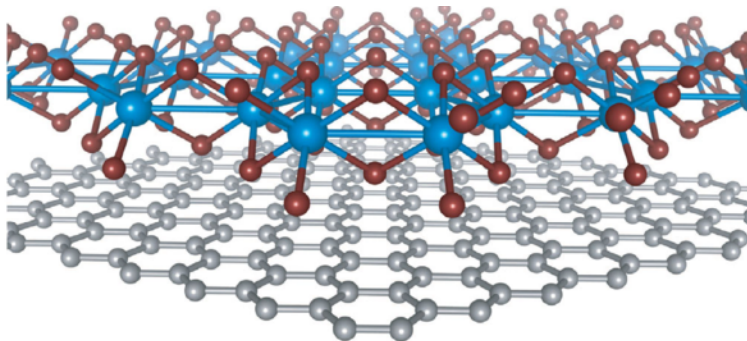


# Anomalous quantum oscillations in RuCl<sub>3</sub>/graphene heterostructures

*KITP: Unconventional Magnetism and Novel  
Probes in Heterostructures, 1st October 2020*

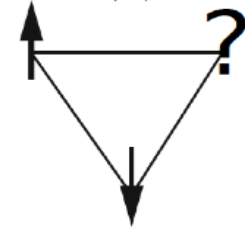
**Johannes Knolle**

*Technical University Munich  
Imperial College London*



# Quantum Spin Liquids

- QSL predicted in **frustrated magnets** which can evade ordering down to  $T=0$ . Anderson 1973



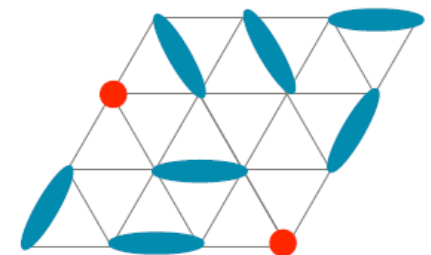
- **QSL**: State of interacting spins that breaks no rotational or translational symmetry and has only short range spin correlations.

RVB:  $\Psi =$

Moessner, Sondhi 2000

$$\text{Oval} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle - |\downarrow\uparrow\rangle)$$

- **Long-range entangled & topologically ordered**
- **Fractional excitations with Anyonic statistics**

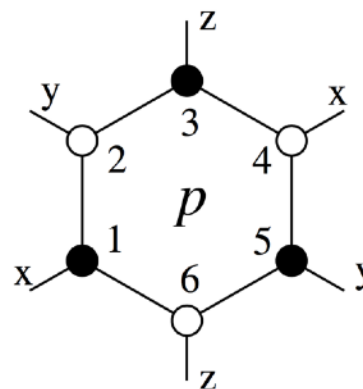
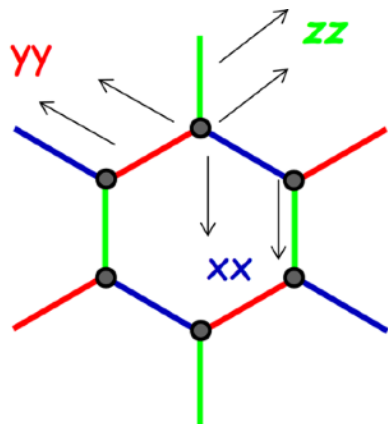


Wen 1990

# Kitaev's QSL

- Spin  $\frac{1}{2}$  on the honeycomb lattice with strong spin orbit coupling  
Kitaev 2006

$$H = -J_x \sum_{x \text{ links}} \sigma_j^x \sigma_k^x - J_y \sum_{y \text{ links}} \sigma_j^y \sigma_k^y - J_z \sum_{z \text{ links}} \sigma_j^z \sigma_k^z$$



$$W_p = \sigma_1^x \sigma_2^y \sigma_3^z \sigma_4^x \sigma_5^y \sigma_6^z$$

- Exactly solvable interacting 2D model!**
- Large number of conserved quantities, local plaquette operators.

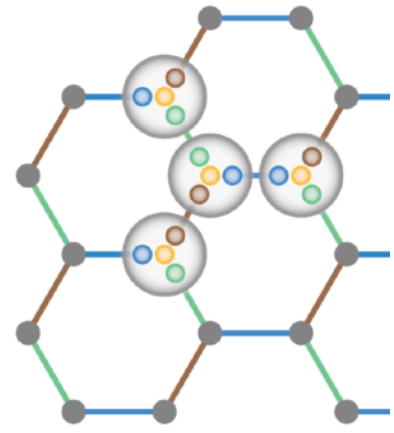
# Kitaev's QSL: Exact Solution

- Mapping spins to Majoranas:

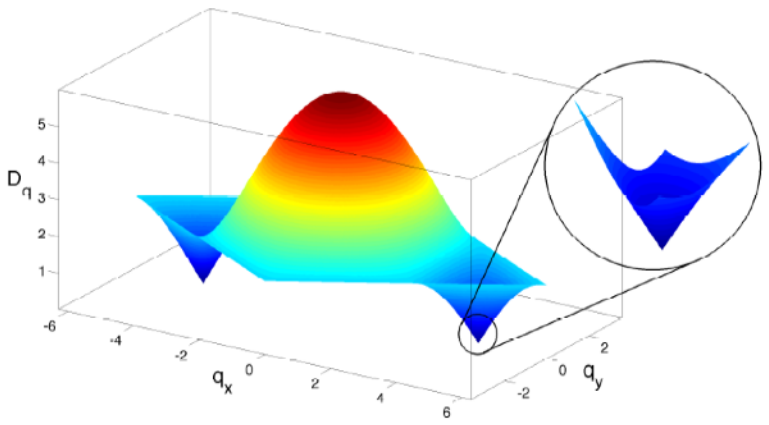
$$\sigma_i^a = ic_i c_i^a, \quad a = x, y, z$$

- Tight-binding Hamiltonian

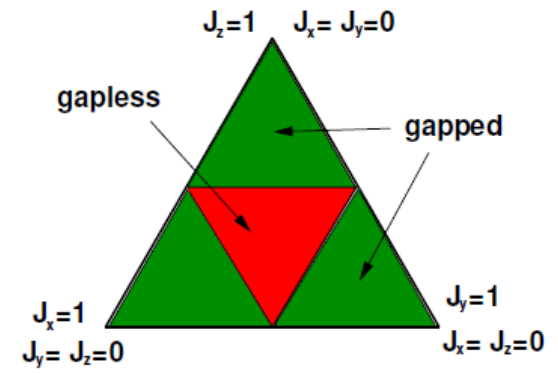
$$H = - \sum_{a=x,y,z} J_a \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_a} ic_i \hat{u}_{\langle ij \rangle_a} c_j \text{ with } \hat{u}_{\langle ij \rangle_a} \equiv ic_i^a c_j^a$$



- Spectrum:



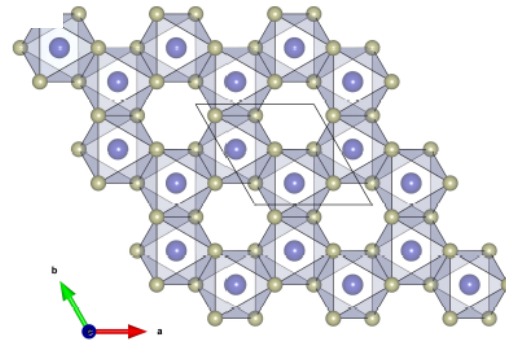
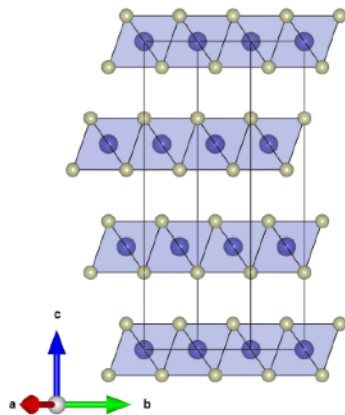
- Phase diagram:



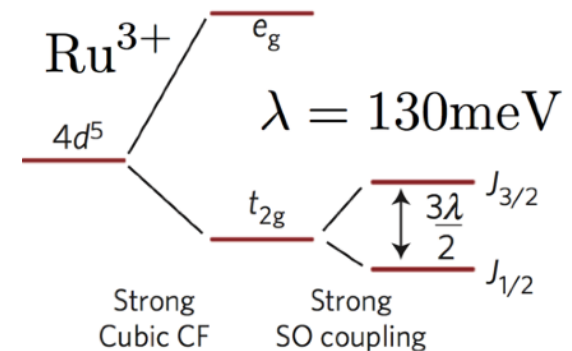
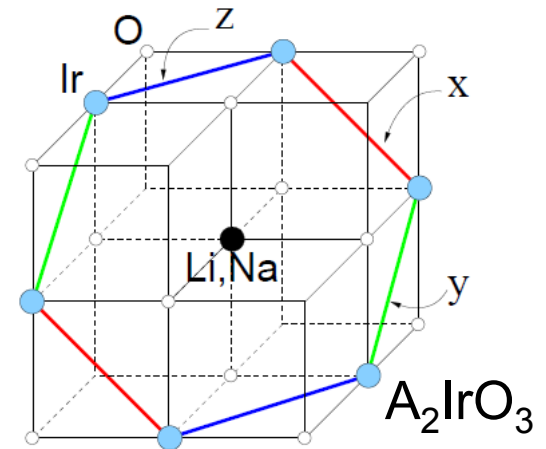
# Kitaev's QSL: Candidate Materials

- Correlations between real and spin space?  
→ Strong spin orbit interaction (e.g. Ir, Ru).

Jackeli, Khaliullin 2009, Singh, Gegenwart 2010  
Modic et al. 2014, Takayama et al. 2015



Plumb et al. 2014



## Many candidate materials and many developments

Motome, Nasu *JPSJ* 2020

Takagi, Takayama, Jackeli, Khaliullin, Nagler *Nature Review Physics* 2019

Hermann, Kimchi, JK *Annual Review CMP* 2018

Winter, Tsirlin, Daghofer, v.d.Brink, Singh, Gegenwart, Valenti *JPCM* 2017

# Kitaev's QSL: Candidate Materials

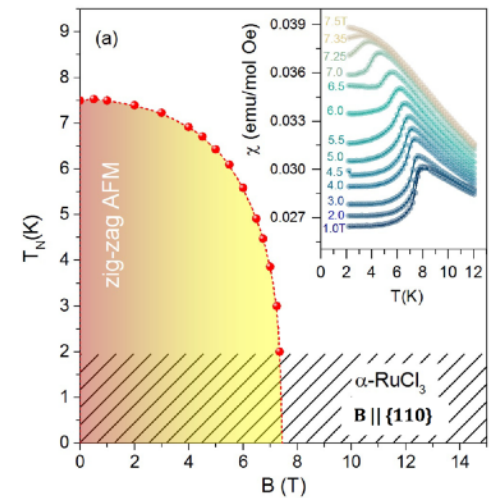
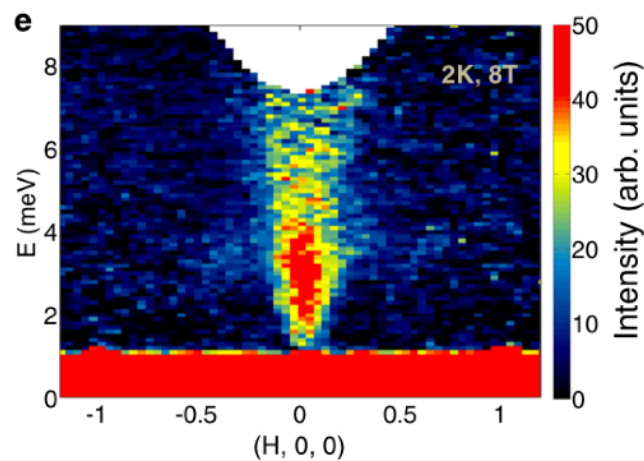
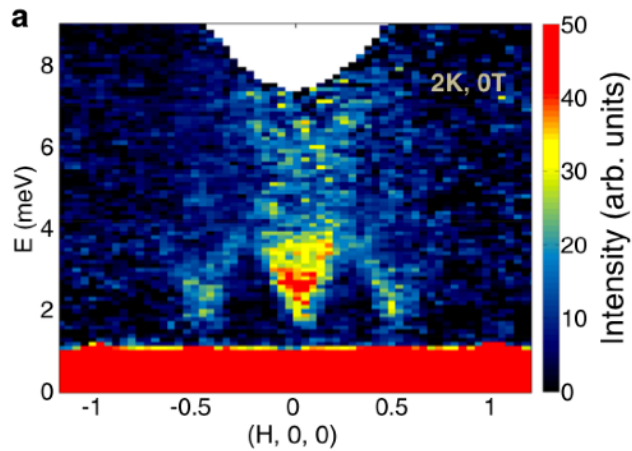
- Melt residual magnetic order of the 'proximate QSL'

A. Banerjee, et al. Nature Materials 2016

A. Banerjee, et al. Science 2017

→ Many tuning parameters

magnetic field, pressure, intercalation, thin film heterostructures



A. Banerjee, et al., npj QM 2018

→ Is there a magnetic field induced QSL?

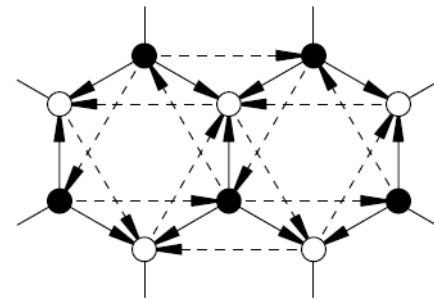
→ Half-integer quantized THE?

Kasahara et al. Nature 559, 227-231 (2018)

# Non-Abelian Kitaev QSL in a Field

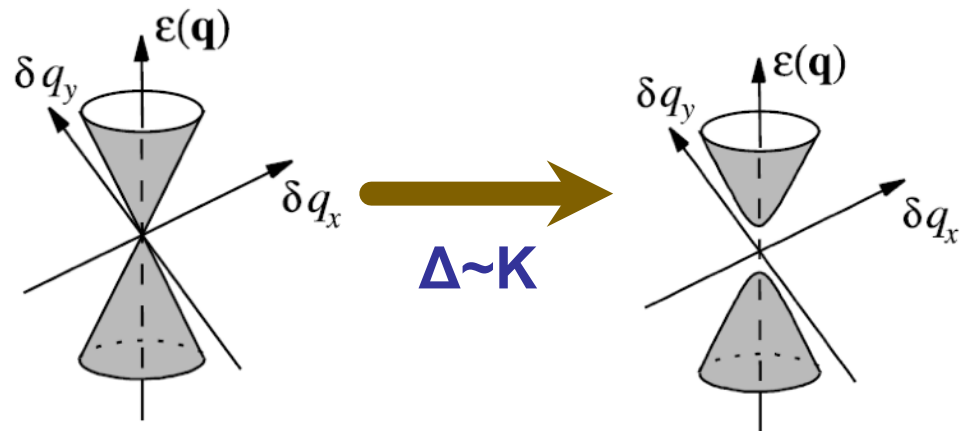
- Additional **three spin interaction** gives a **non-Abelian** QSL  
 → term arises perturbatively in a magnetic field    Kitaev 2006

$$H' = -K \sum_{\substack{\langle i, j \rangle_\alpha, \langle j, k \rangle_\beta \\ \gamma \perp \alpha, \beta}} \sigma_i^\alpha \sigma_j^\gamma \sigma_k^\beta$$



- Spectrum is gapped  
 → Chern bands.

$$E(\mathbf{q}) = \sqrt{\xi_{\mathbf{q}}^2 + |\Delta_{\mathbf{q}}|^2}$$



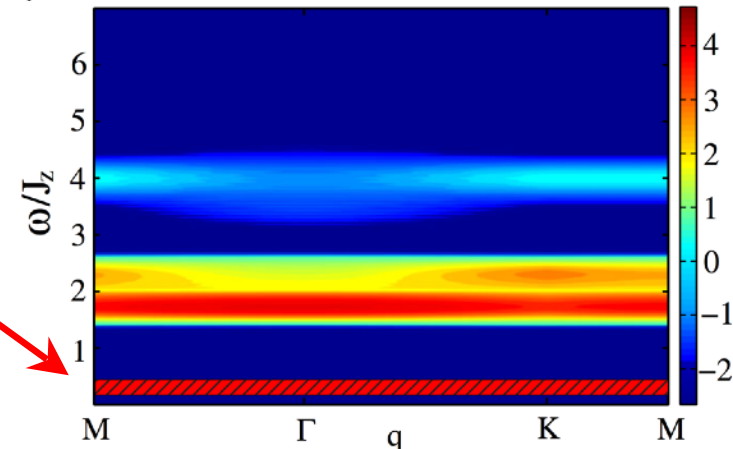
- Now each flux  $\sigma$  binds a Majorana Fermion.  
 → Two Majorana fermions give one complex fermion at energy  $\epsilon_0 < \Delta$

# Bound states of fractionalized excitations

- Structure factor of Kitaev model in a magnetic field

→ Flux-Majorana Bound State

JK, Kovrizhin, Chalker, Moessner, *PRB* (2015)

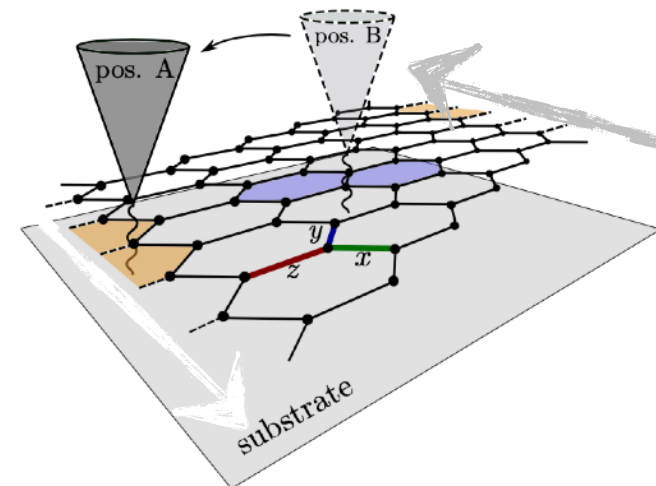


- Can we use spin-polarized STM for directly probing charge neutral excitations in real space?

→ Inelastic tunneling via magnetic layer

$$\frac{\partial I}{\partial V} = \frac{2e^2}{\hbar} \sum_{i,j,\alpha} t_1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_i) t_1(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}_j) c_{\alpha\beta} \int_0^{eV} d\omega S_{ij}^{\alpha\beta}(\omega)$$

Feldmeier, Natori, Knap, JK, *arXiv:2007.07912*

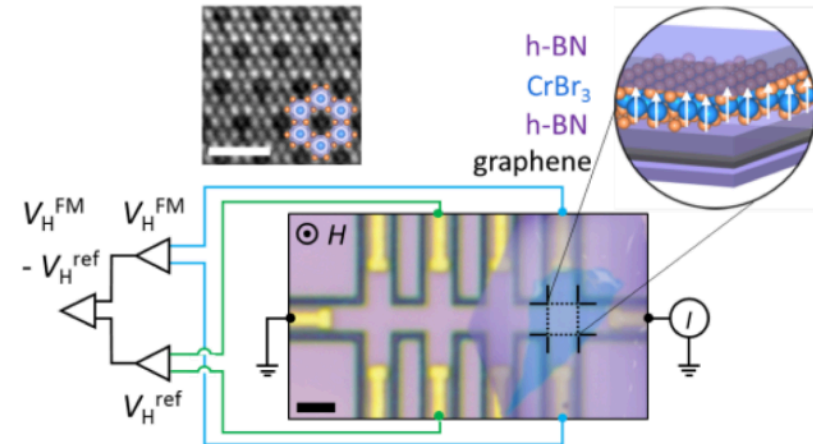
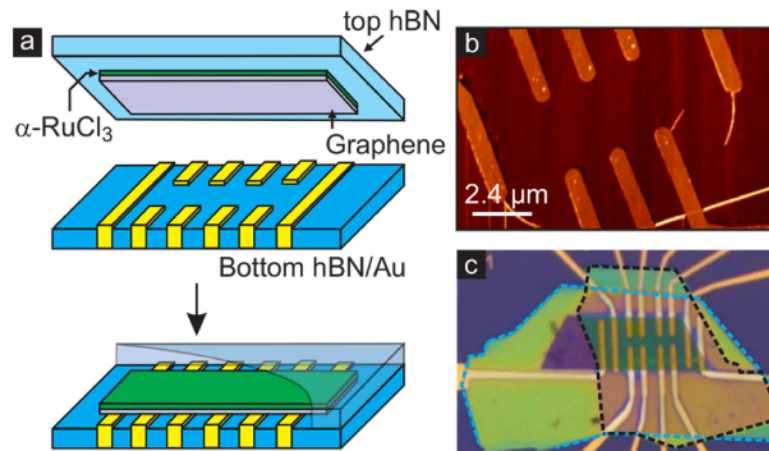




# RuCl<sub>3</sub>-graphene heterostructure

→ tuning parameter: **thin films and substrate engineering**

## • Single layer RuCl<sub>3</sub> on Graphene



S. Mashadi, ..., M. Burghard et al. Nano Lett. 19, 4659 (2019)

B. Zhou, ... E.A. Henriksen PRB 100, 165426 (2019)

→ Use graphene transport as a sensor for QSL fluctuations?

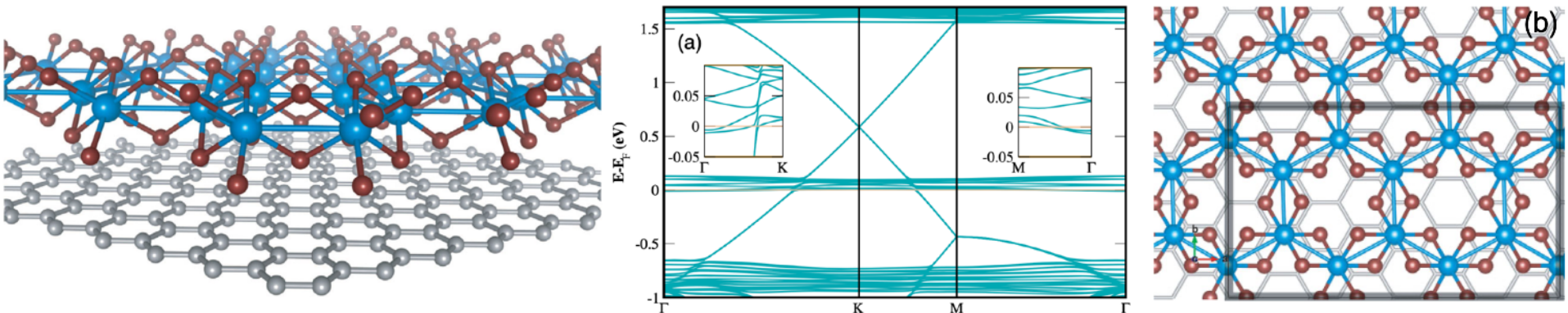
M. Kim, JK..., A.K. Geim, Nature Electronics (2019)

# RuCl<sub>3</sub>-graphene heterostructure

- **Single layer RuCl<sub>3</sub> on Graphene**

→ from ab-initio calculations to effective models

Biswas, Winter, JK, Valenti PRL 123, 237201 (2019)



→ lattice mismatch causes local strain

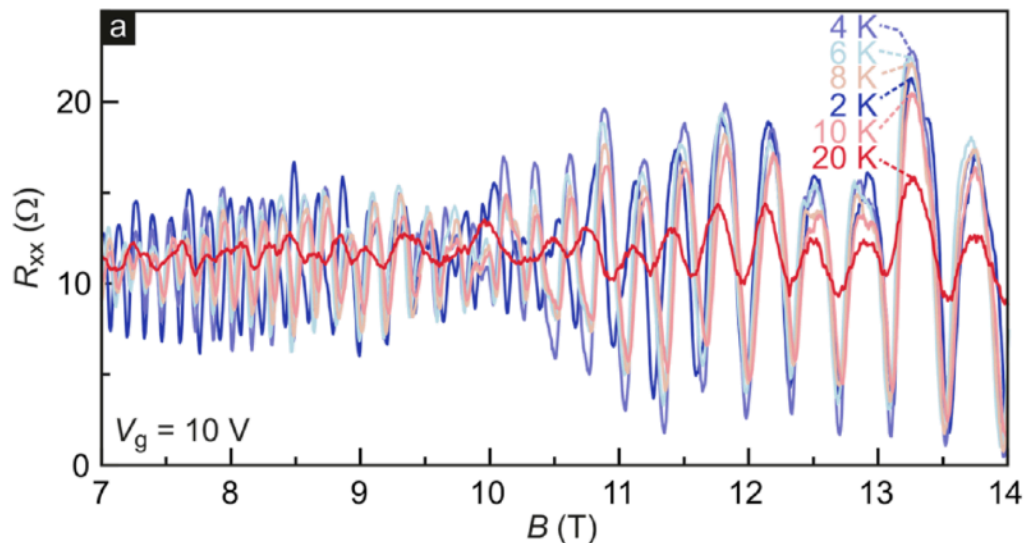
→ **increase of Kitaev interaction**

- **Charge transfer leads to electron (hole) doped RuCl<sub>3</sub> (graphene)**

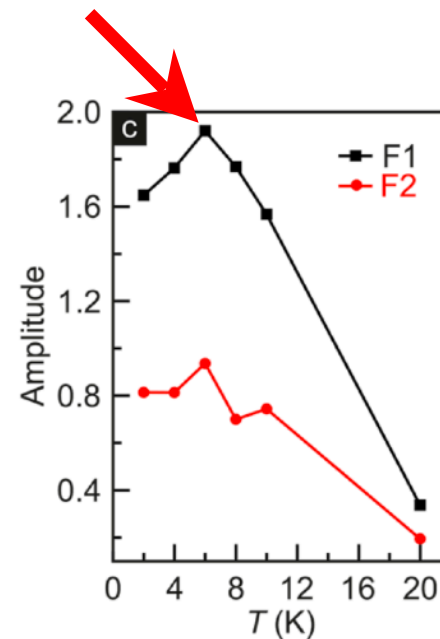
→ recent observation of highly doped 2D interface

Wang et al., arXiv:2007.06603; Rizzo et al., arXiv:2007.07147

# Anomalous Quantum Oscillations



S. Mashadi, ..., M. Burghard et al.  
Nano Lett. 19, 4659 (2019)



**Non-Lifshitz-Kosevich behaviour!**

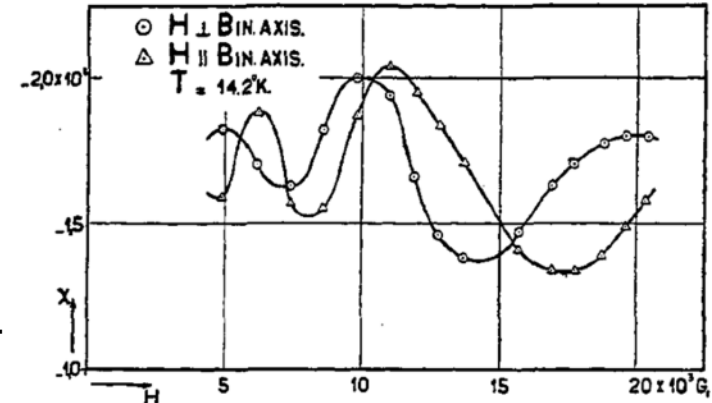
- Interaction between proximate QSL excitations and graphene?

**Main question:**

**Are anomalous QO and non-LK behaviour related to QSL correlations? How to describe non-LK QO?**

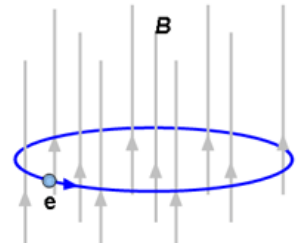
# Recap: Quantum Oscillations

- Oscillation of magnetisation as a function of applied B-field dHvA 1930  
Landau 1930
- experimental tool for measuring properties of **metals** Lifshitz, Kosevich 1954



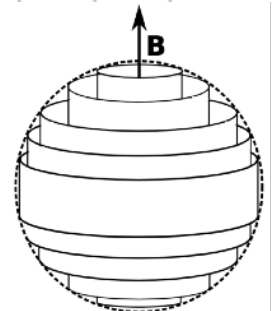
- Origin: Bohr-Sommerfeld quantisation of closed electron orbits

$$\oint \vec{p} d\vec{r} = (n + \gamma) 2\pi \hbar = \frac{e}{c} \oint \vec{B} d\vec{S} = \frac{e}{c} \Phi$$



- Quantised k-space area  $S l_B^2 = 2\pi(n + \gamma)$   
Onsager 1952

$$\rightarrow \text{periodic oscillations} \quad \Delta\left(\frac{1}{B}\right) = \frac{1}{B_{n+1}} - \frac{1}{B_n} = \frac{2\pi e}{\hbar c S_e}$$



# Lifshitz-Kosevich theory

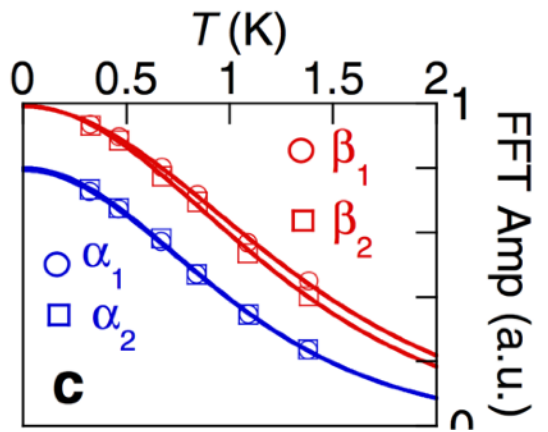
- **Universal T-dependence:**

$$R(T) = \frac{\chi}{\sinh \chi}$$

with  $\chi = \frac{2\pi^2 T}{\hbar\omega_c}$ ,  $\omega_c = \frac{eB}{m^*c}$

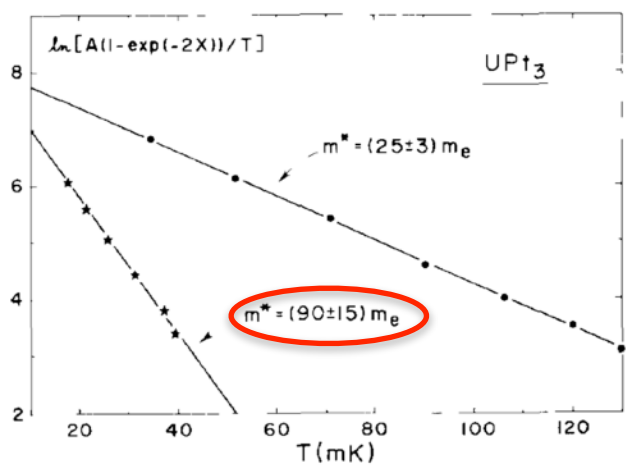
- **Measurement of effective mass** LK 1954

Ex.: LaFePO  
A. Coldea PRL 2008



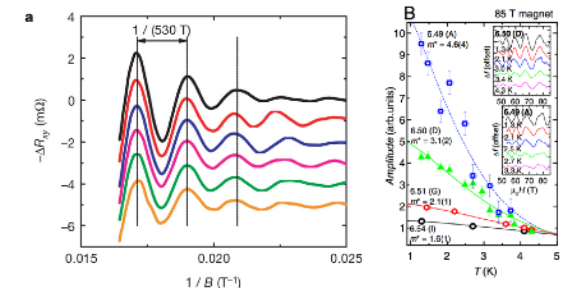
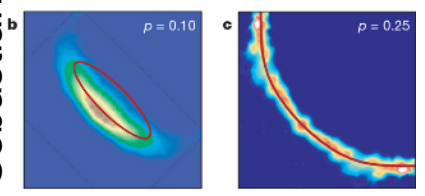
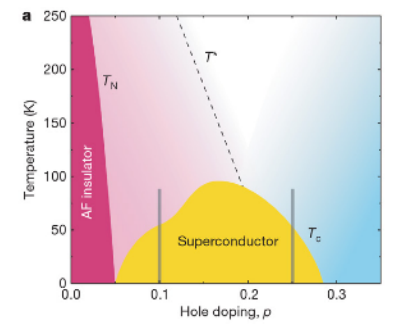
→ mass enhancement ~2

Ex.: UPt<sub>3</sub> heavy fermions  
L. Taillefer JMMM 1987



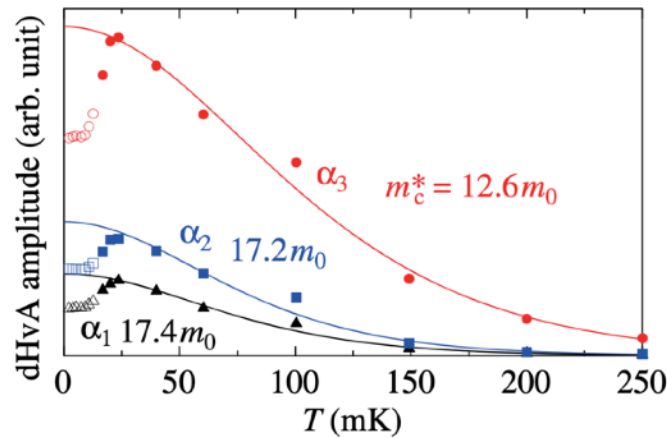
Ex.: Cuprates

Doiron-Leyraud Nature 2007  
Sebastian PNAS 2009



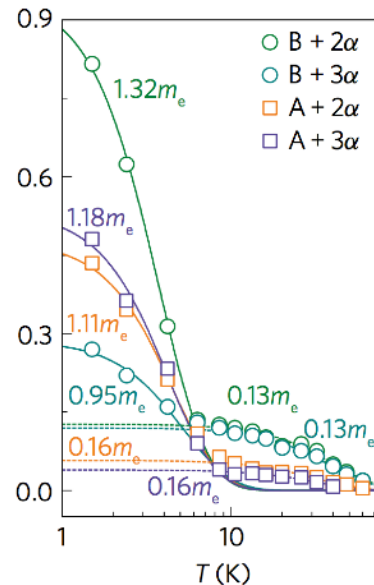
# A Triumph of Fermi Liquid theory

- QO universally observed in metallic materials!  
→ Copper, Heavy Fermions, Cuprates, ...
- Very few exceptions to LK T-dependence:



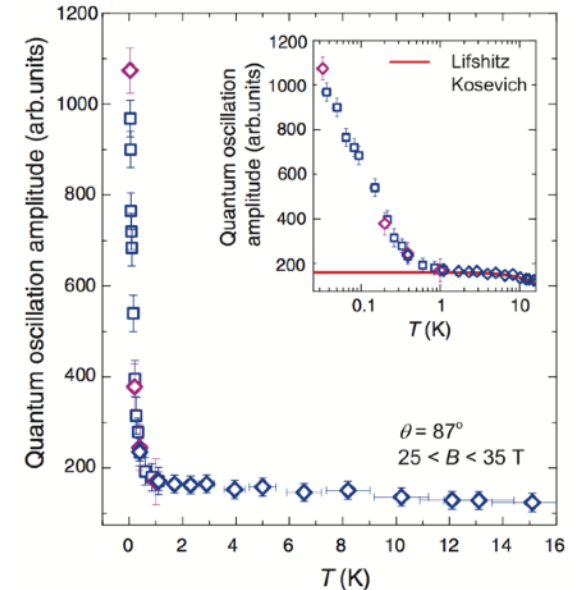
Ex.:  $\text{CeCoIn}_5$

McCollam, et al. PRL 2005  
Shishido, et al. PRL 2018



Ex.:  $\text{ZrSiS}$

Pezzini, et al.  
Nature Physics 2018



Ex.:  $\text{SmB}_6$  Kondo system

Tan, et al. Science 2015

# Beyond LK ?

- **Anomalous QO in inverted (topological) insulators**

→ peculiar Landau level structure beyond semi-classics

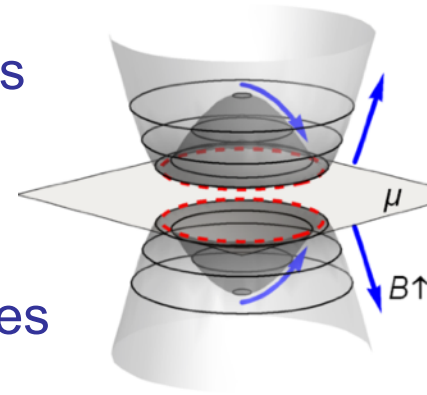
JK, N. R. Cooper, PRL (2015)

Zhang, Song, Fa Wang PRL (2016); many others ...

→ predicted in InAs/GaSb quantum well heterostructures

JK, N. R. Cooper, PRL (2017)

Z. Han, et al., PRL 123, 126803 (2019); D. Xiao, et al., PRL 122, 186802 (2019)



- **QO from fractionalized excitations in insulating magnets**

→ indirect coupling of the orbital magnetic field to spin interactions

O. I. Motrunich, PRB 73, 155115 (2006)

→ orbital field effects in Mott insulators with strong SO coupling

W. Natori, R. Moessner, JK, PRB 100, 144403 (2019)

→ QO from spinon Fermi surface in QSLs ?

D. Chowdhury, I. Sodemann, and T. Senthil, Nature Comm. 9, 1 (2018)

I. Sodemann, D. Chowdhury, and T. Senthil, PRB 97, 045152 (2018)

# Kitaev-Kondo Model

- **Minimal model for the RuCl<sub>3</sub>-Graphene heterostructure**

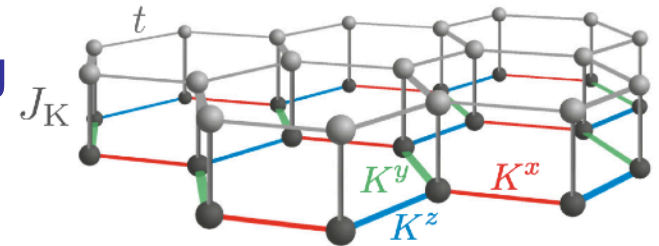
Seifert, Meng, Vojta PRB (2018); Choi, Klein, Rosch, Y.B. Kim PRB (2018)

$$H = -K \sum_{\langle ij \rangle_\alpha} S_i^\alpha S_j^\alpha - t \sum_{\langle ij \rangle, \sigma} (c_{i, \sigma}^\dagger c_{j, \sigma} + h.c.) + J \sum_{i, \sigma, \sigma', \alpha} c_{i, \sigma}^\dagger \tau_{\sigma, \sigma'}^\alpha c_{i, \sigma'} S_i^\alpha$$

- **Rich phase diagram via Kondo coupling**

→ Fractionalized Majorana excitations  
may hybridise with the electronic  
excitations of the Graphene layer

→ **Effective description of the low-T  
heavy Fermi liquid phase**





# Effective Model

- Effective hybridisation between Majoranas and electrons

$$H = \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \sigma} \begin{pmatrix} c_{\mathbf{k}, A, \sigma} \\ c_{\mathbf{k}, B, \sigma} \\ f_{\mathbf{k}, A, \sigma} \\ f_{\mathbf{k}, B, \sigma} \end{pmatrix}^\dagger \begin{pmatrix} W & t\theta_{\mathbf{k}} & \frac{J}{2} & 0 \\ t\theta_{\mathbf{k}}^* & W & 0 & \frac{J}{2} \\ \frac{J}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{K}{4}\theta_{\mathbf{k}} \\ 0 & \frac{J}{2} & \frac{K}{4}\theta_{\mathbf{k}}^* & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{\mathbf{k}, A, \sigma} \\ c_{\mathbf{k}, B, \sigma} \\ f_{\mathbf{k}, A, \sigma} \\ f_{\mathbf{k}, B, \sigma} \end{pmatrix}$$

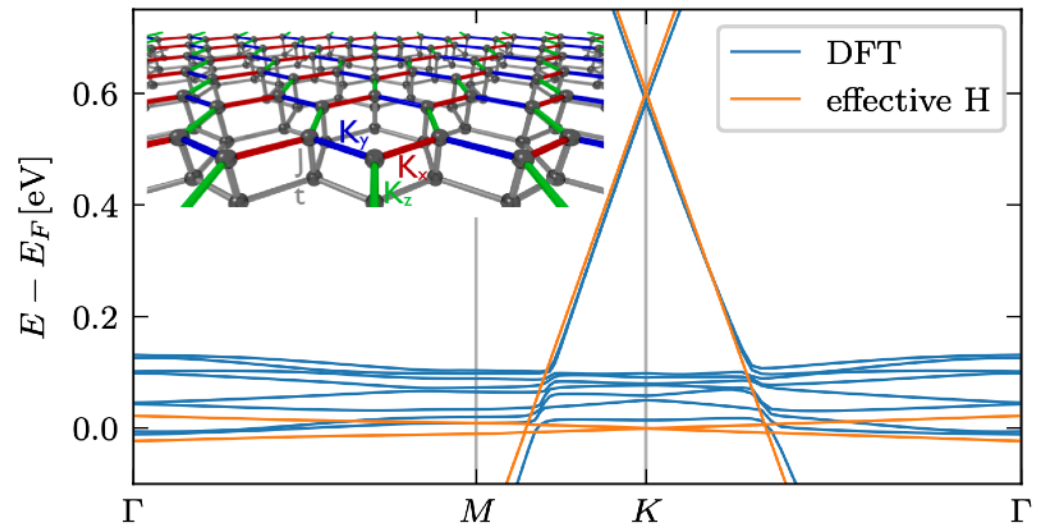
- Microscopic model parameters from ab-initio calculations

$W \sim 600 \text{ meV}$

$J \sim 2 \text{ meV}$

$K \sim 17 \text{ meV} \ll t \sim 2.6 \text{ eV}$

→ incommensurate lattice!



# Anomalous QO

- Exact Landau levels from low energy expansion

$$E_l^{\xi=\pm 1, \zeta=\pm 1} = \frac{1}{2} \left( W + \xi(\omega_t + \omega_K)\sqrt{l} + \zeta \sqrt{\left( W + \xi(\omega_t - \omega_K)\sqrt{l} \right)^2 + J^2} \right)$$

- QO from poles of Greens function  $G_{\xi, \zeta}^{-1}(i\omega_n) = i\omega_n - (E_l^{\xi, \zeta} - \mu)$

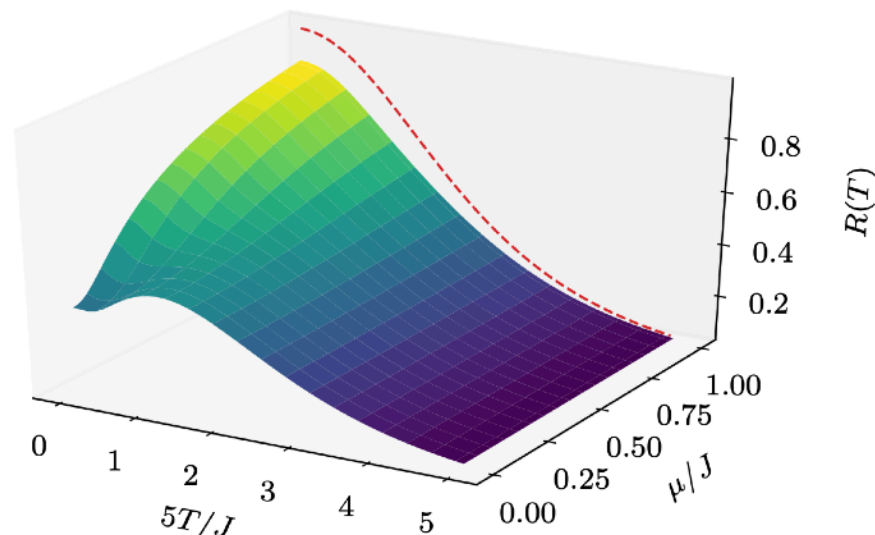
S. A. Hartnoll, D. M. Hofman, PRB 81 (2010)

- New formula for anomalous QO

$$M = -\frac{\partial \Omega_{\text{osc.}}}{\partial B_z} = -\frac{AW}{\phi_0 \pi} \sin \left( 2\pi \left[ \frac{W}{\omega_t} \right]^2 \right) R(T)$$

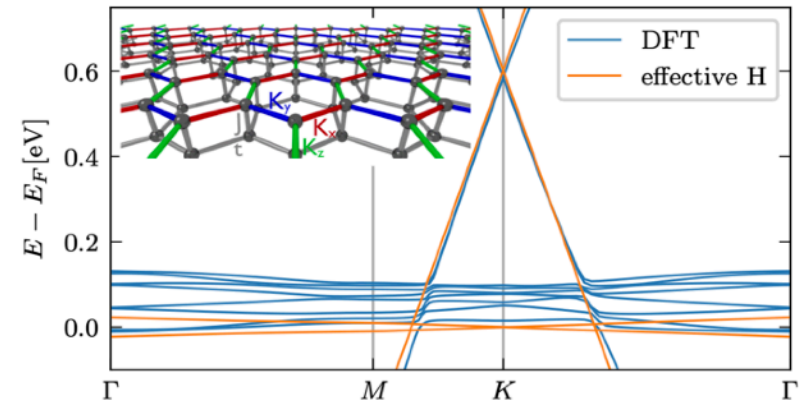
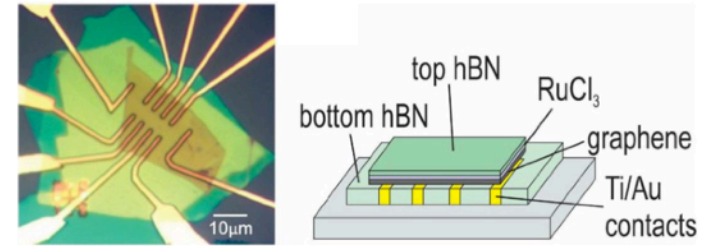
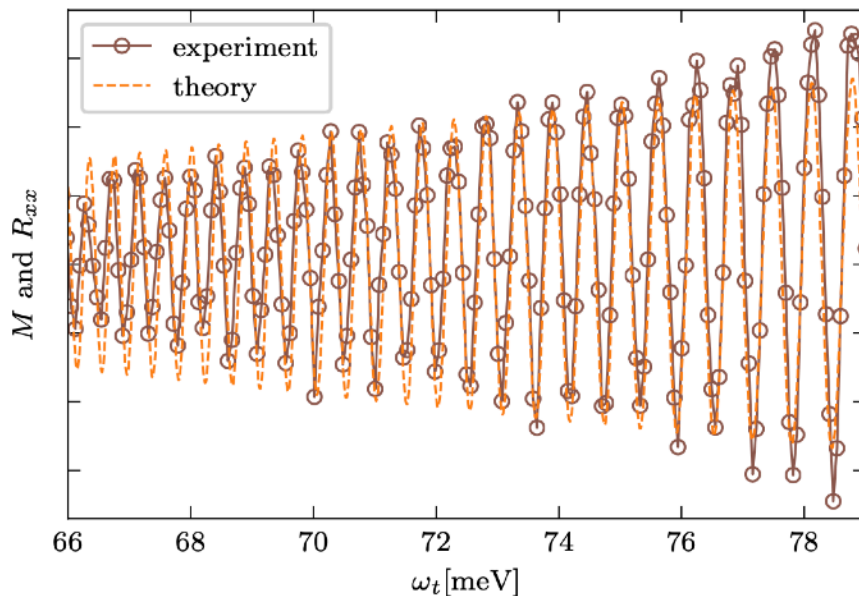
→ Non-LK temperature decay

→  $T_{\text{max}}$  set by Kondo scale  $J$



# Anomalous QO in RuCl<sub>3</sub>-Graphene

- Ab-initio parameters



→  $W \sim 600$  meV from charge transfer accounts for the frequency

- What about signatures of fractionalized QSL particles?

→ charge neutral fermions acquire charge by effective hybridisation!

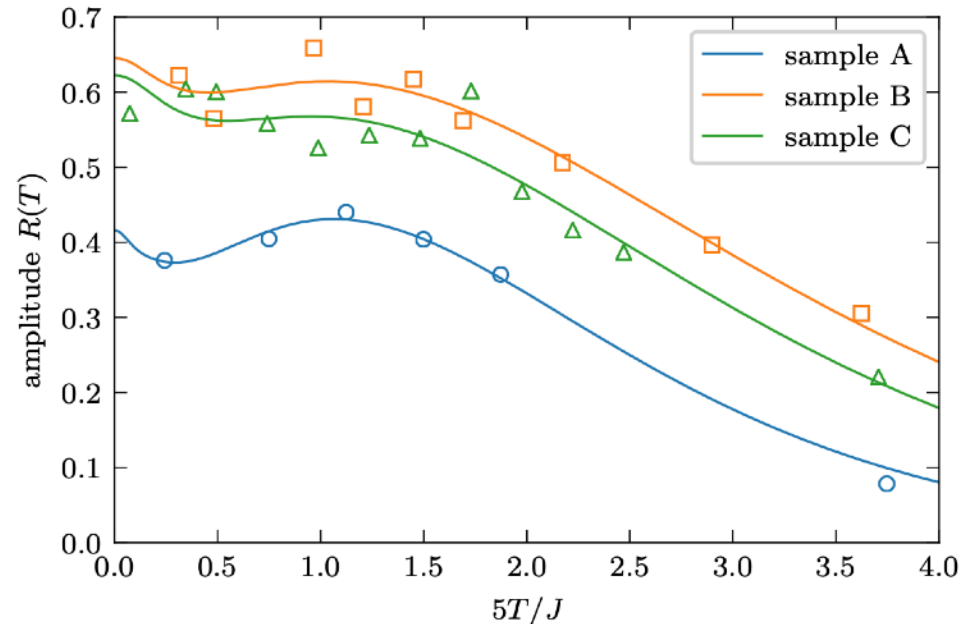
# Anomalous QO in RuCl<sub>3</sub>-Graphene

- **Non-Lifshitz-Kosevich temperature dependence**

$$R(T) = 2\chi \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-2\chi(n+\frac{1}{2})} \Gamma\left(\frac{\mu}{J}, \frac{\omega_n}{J}\right)$$

with 
$$\chi = 4\pi^2 \frac{TW}{\omega_t^2}$$

- **T<sub>max</sub> set by Kondo coupling**



**Interplay of itinerant Dirac electrons and fractionalized-excitations of the QSL may lead to non-LK behaviour!**

→ What about scattering of spin fluctuations around T<sub>N</sub>?

→ Test our scenario via pressure tuning, STM, other heterostructures ...

# Summary

- **Probing charge neutral excitations**

→ SP-STM as a local probe for charge neutral excitations

Feldmeier, Natori, Knap, JK,  
*arXiv:2007.07912*

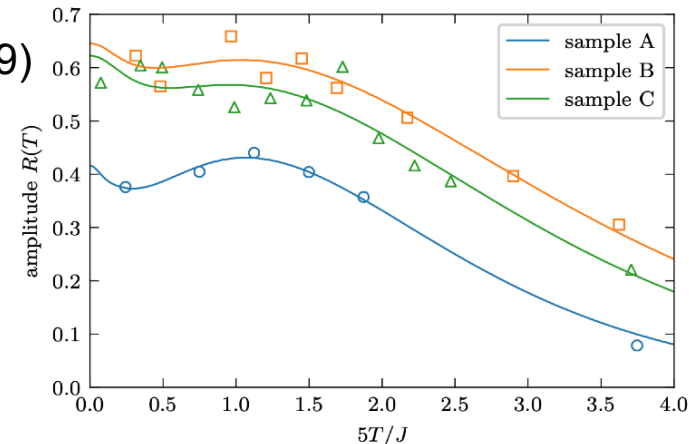
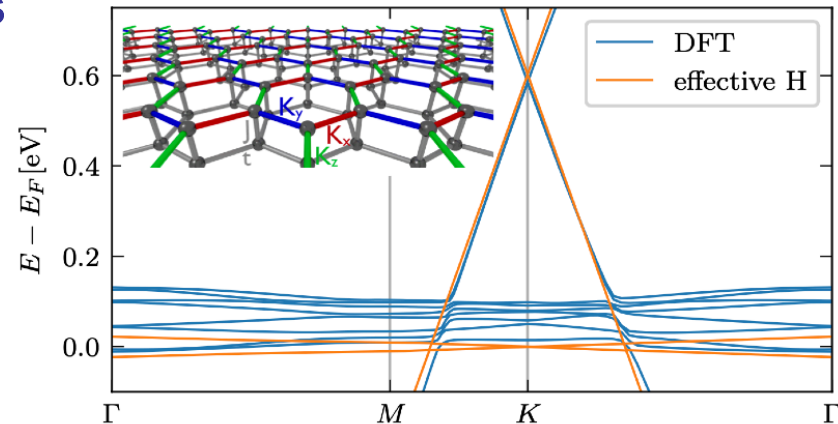
- **Kitaev heterostructures**

→ RuCl<sub>3</sub>-graphene heterostructures

Biswas, Winter, JK, Valenti PRL 123, 237201 (2019)

→ Interplay of electronic and fractionalized excitations

→ Anomalous QO and non-LK behaviour



Leeb, Polyudov, Mashhadi, Biswas, Valenti, Burghard, JK, *arXiv:2010.01649*

Collaborators:

Johannes Feldmeier  
William Natori  
Michael Knap

**Valentin Leeb**  
Sananda Biswas  
Steven Winter  
Roser Valenti

K. Polyudov  
S. Mashhadi  
M. Burghard

# Thank you!

Leeb, Polyudov, Mashhadi, Biswas,  
Valenti, Burghard, JK, *arXiv:2010.01649*

Collaborators:

Roderich Moessner  
Natalia Perkins  
Dima Kovrizhin  
John Chalker

Arnab Banerjee  
Steve Nagler  
Alan Tennant  
Ken Burch

...

Review Articles:

*Fractionalization in Kitaev Quantum Spin Liquids*

Hermanns, Kimchi, Knolle, *Annu. Rev. Condens. Matter Phys.* 9 (2018)

*A Field Guide to Spin Liquids*

Knolle, Moessner, *Annu. Rev. Condens. Matter Phys.* 10 (2019)