Important aspects related to the pairing mechanism of iron-based superconductors revealed by ARPES

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About the Conference

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Welcome

Welcome to the 9th International Conference on Spectroscopies in Novel Superconductors (SNS2010), which will be held on May 23-28, 2010, in Shanghai, China.

SNS2010 continues the tradition of previous SNS meetings held at Argonne (1991), Sendai (1992), Santa Fe (1993), Stanford (1995), Cape Cod (1997), Chicago (2001), Sitges (2004), and Sendai (2007). The purpose of SNS2010 is to provide an opportunity for the international scientific community to discuss the recent experimental and theoretical developments in advanced materials and novel electronic properties in connection with superconductivity.

Important Dates

1	Abstract Submission Deadline	Extended to February 28, 2010
2	Early Registration Deadline	January 31, 2010
3	Hotel Reservation Deadline	March 31, 2010
4	Manuscript Submission Deadline	May 24, 2010

Login

ICAM workshop of "Physics of Novel Energy Materials" Beijing, May 31 – June 3, 2010



Collaborators

ARPES:

Boston College: Yiming Xu, M. Neupane, Z.-H. Pan

Tohoku Univ.: P. Richard, K. Nakayama, T. Kawahara, T. Qian, K. Sugawara,

T. Arakane, Y. Sekiba, A. Takayama, S. Souma, T. Sato, T. Takahashi

IOP: Jon Bowen, Y.-B. Huang

UVSOR: K. Terashima

ALS: Alexei Fedorov

Theory:

BC: Z. Wang

IOP: X. Dai, Z. Fang

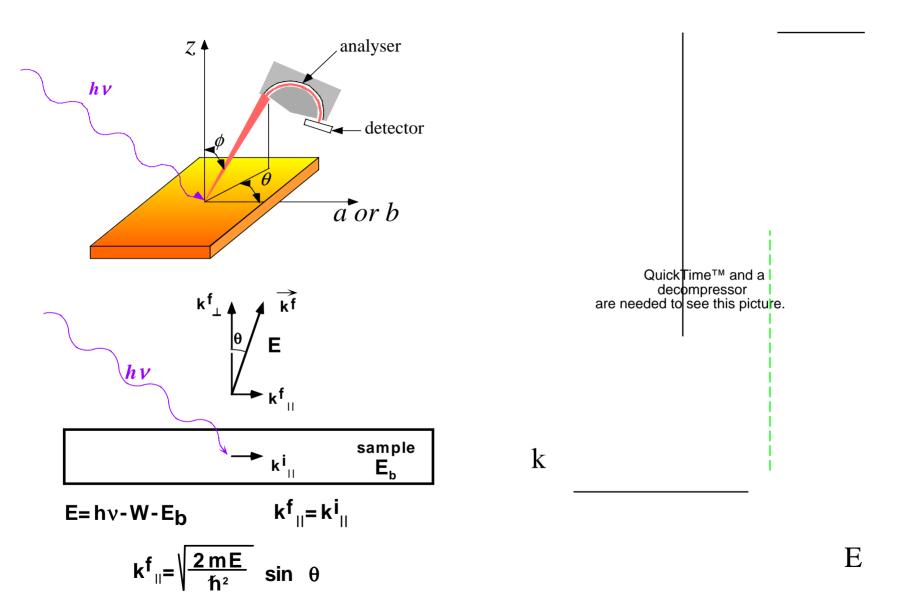
Samples:

IOP: G.-F. Chen, J.-L. Luo, N.-L. Wang

H.-Q. Luo, H.-H. Wen

Zhejiang Univ.: L. J. Li, G. H. Cao, Z.-A. Xu

ARPES maps band structure and Fermi surface

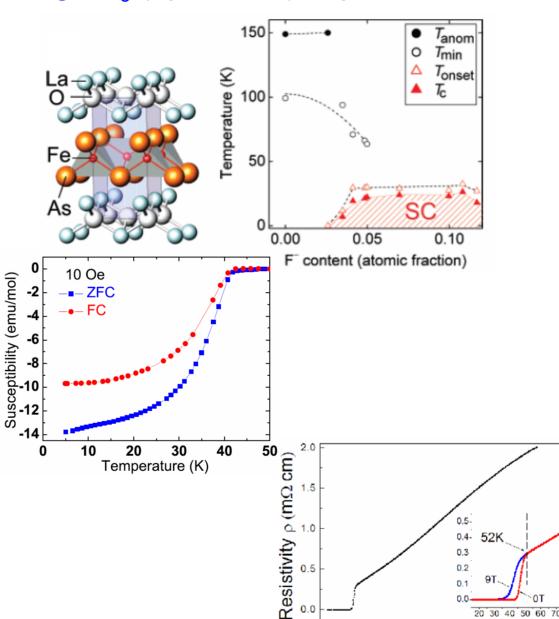


The new iron-based high-T_c (up to 55K) superconductors

LaFeAs $O_{1-x}F_x$ ($T_c = 26K$) H. Hosono, Japan Feb. 23, 2008

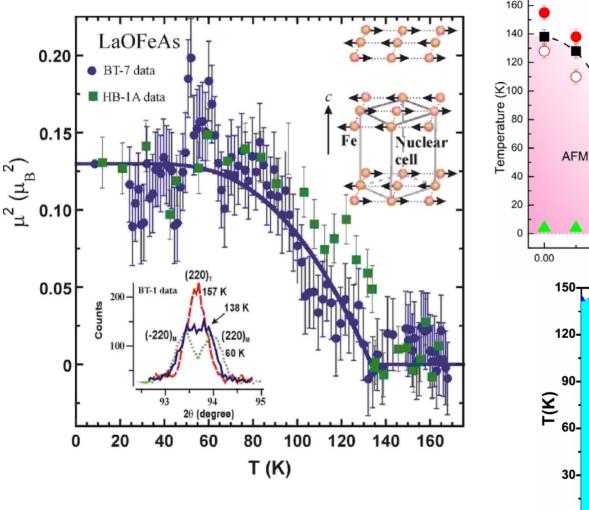
SmFeAs $O_{1-x}F_x$ ($T_c = 43K$) X.H. Chen, USTC, China CeFeAs $O_{1-x}F_x$ ($T_c = 41K$) N.L. Wang, IOP, China March 25-26, 2008

PrFeAs $O_{1-x}F_x$ ($T_c = 52K$) Z.X. Zhao, IOP, China March 28, 2008

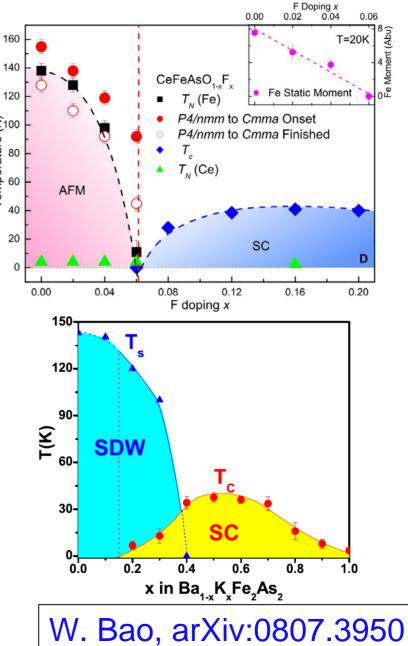


Temperature (K)

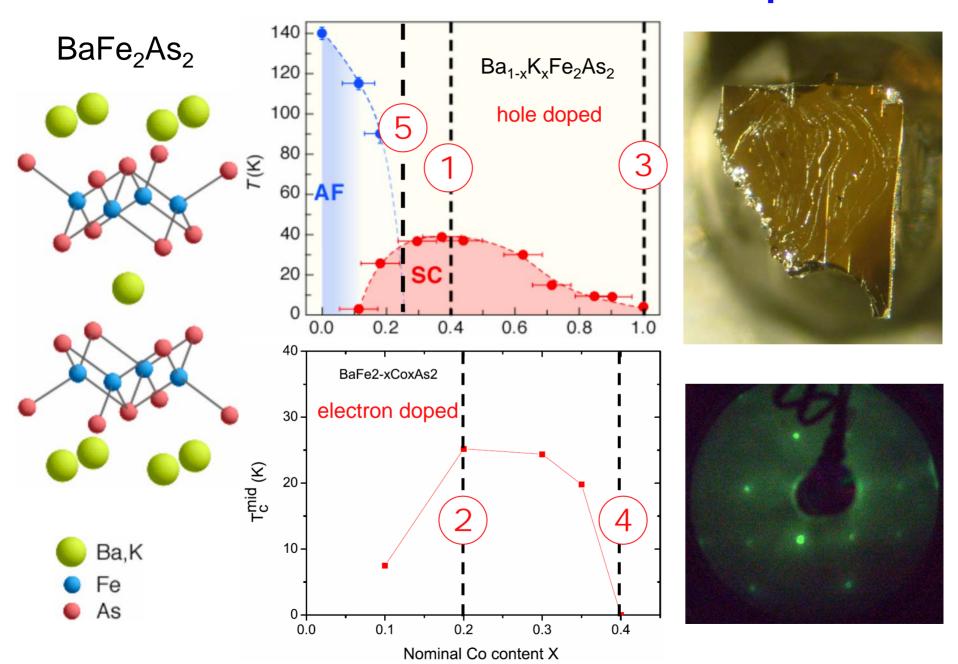
Neutron observation of stripe type SDW



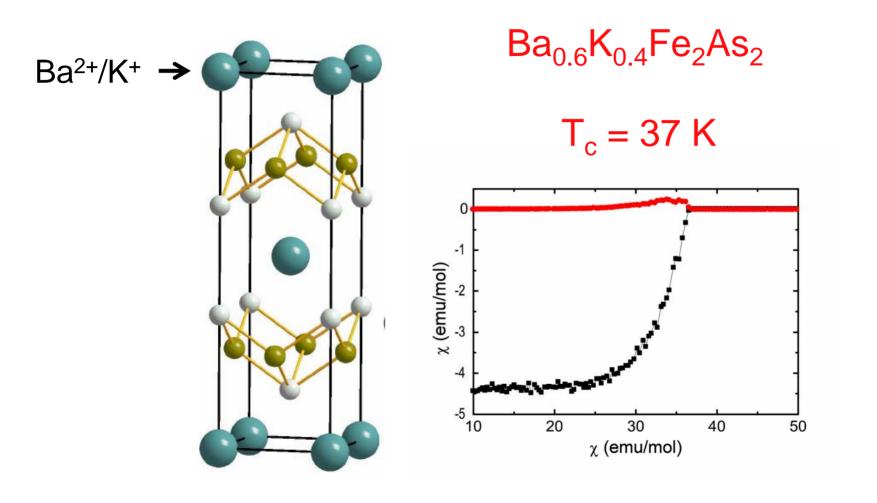
P. C. Dai, Nature 2008



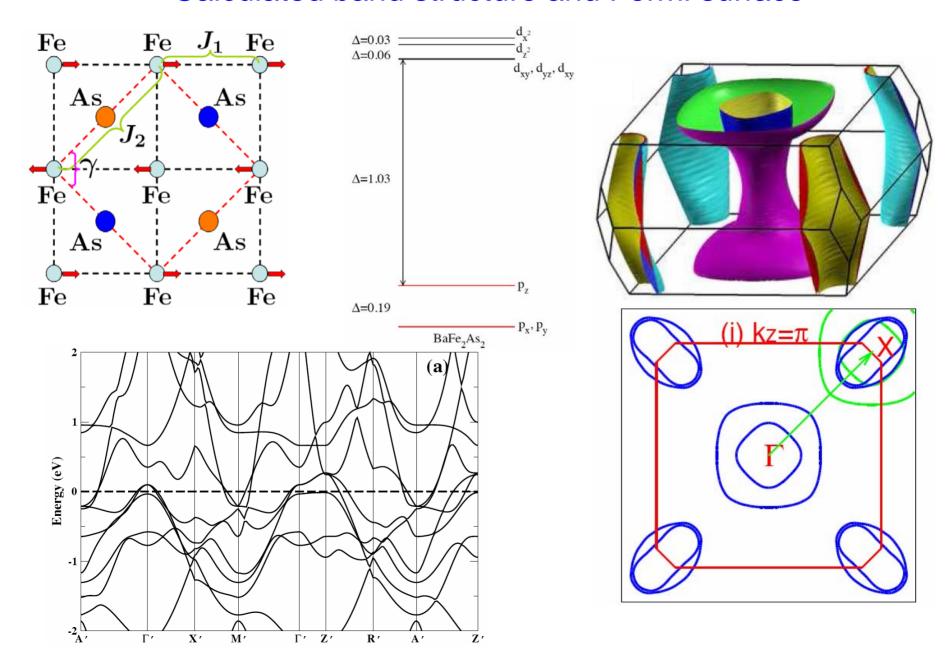
ARPES studies of 5 kinds of "122" compounds



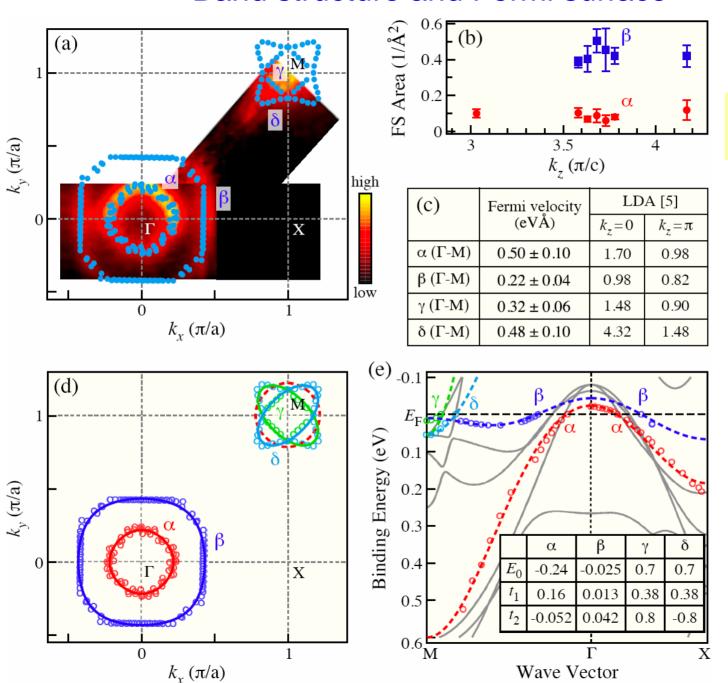
1. Optimally hole doped samples



Calculated band structure and Fermi surface



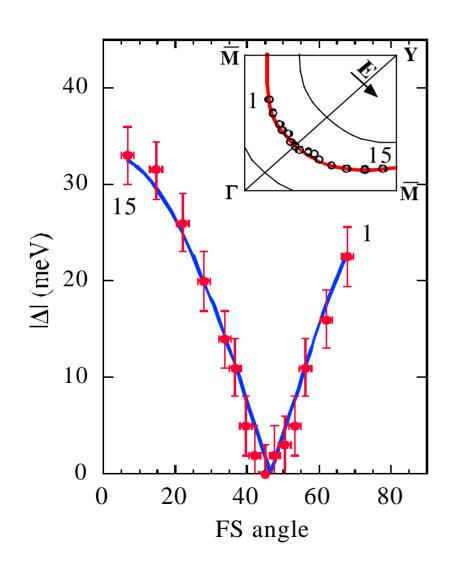
Band structure and Fermi surface

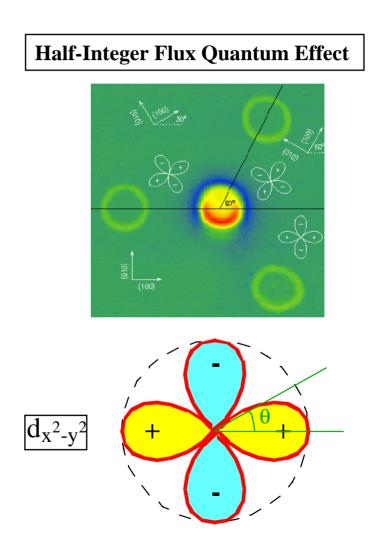


H. Ding *et al*. arXiv: 0812.0534

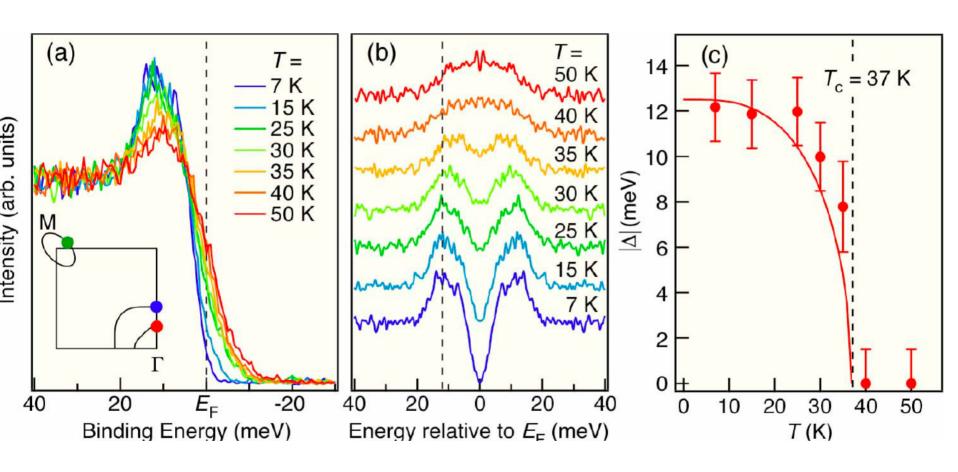
SC gap symmetry is crucial in understanding the SC mechanism

d-wave in cuprates



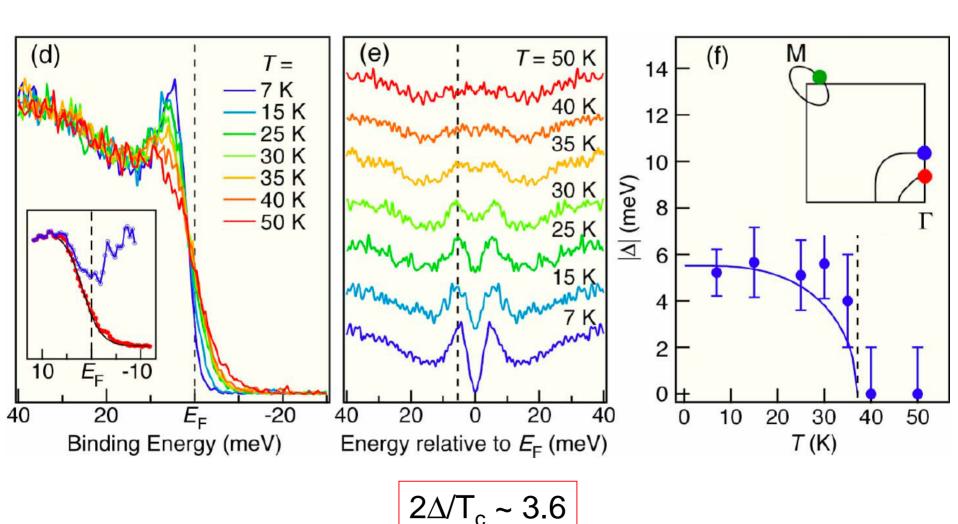


T-dependence of the SC gap at the α FS

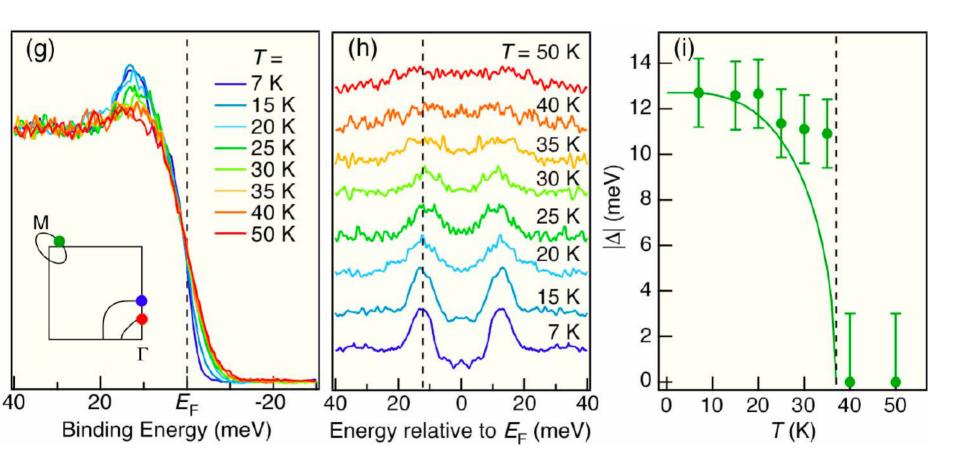


$$2\Delta/T_c \sim 7$$

T-dependence of the SC gap at the \$\beta\$ FS

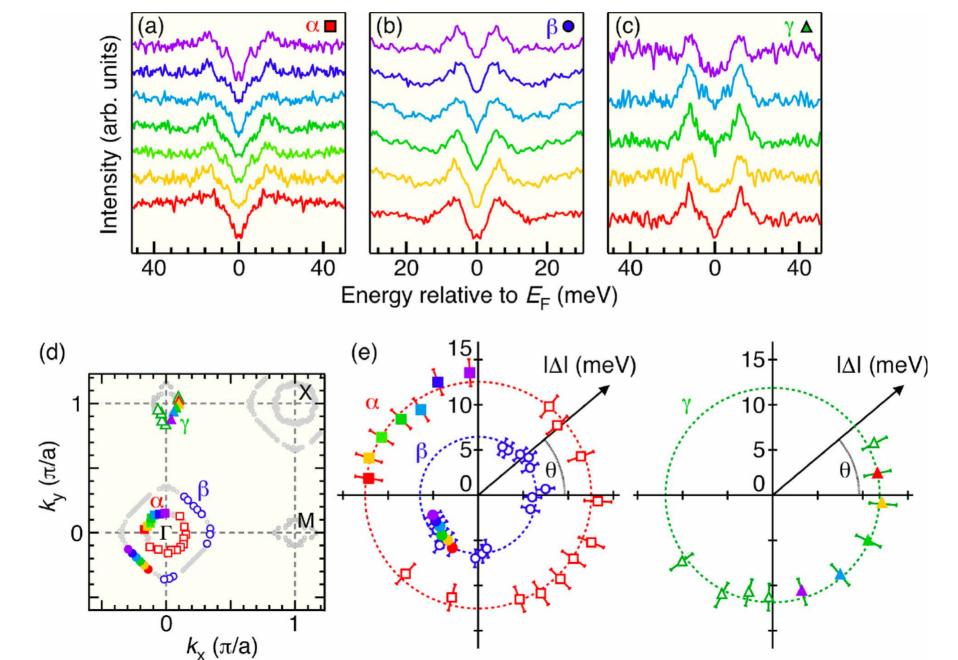


T-dependence of the SC gap at the γ FS

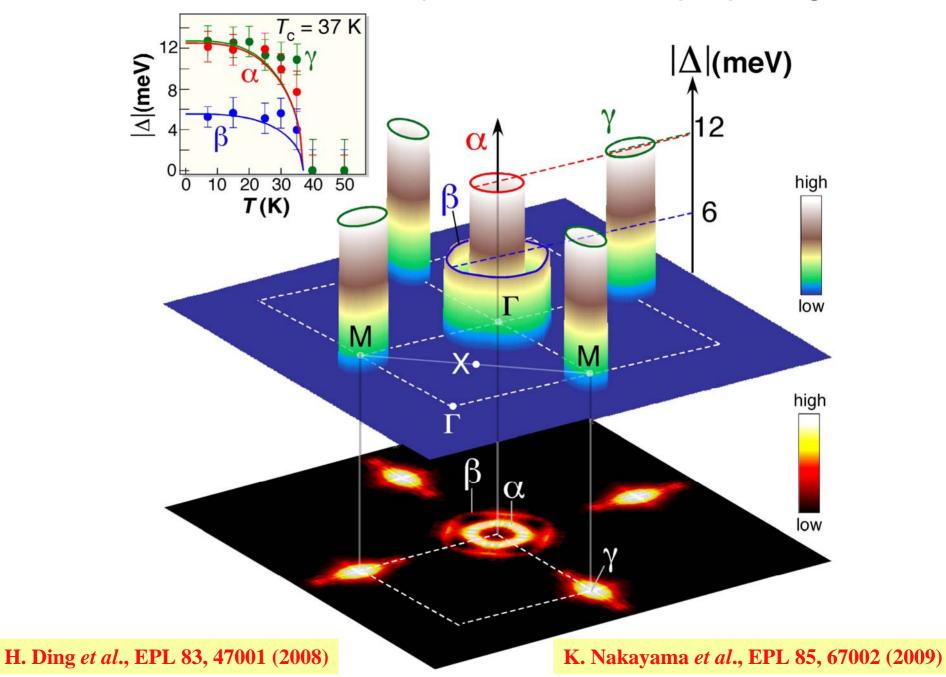


$$2\Delta/T_c \sim 7$$

Momentum dependence of the superconducting gap



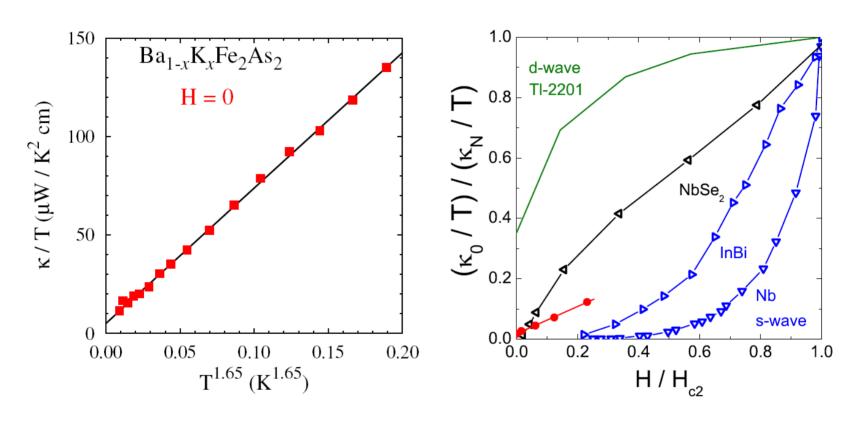
Fermi surface dependent but isotropic pairing



Nodeless gap confirmed by thermal conductivity

 $_{0}/T$

hole-doped $Ba_{1-x}K_xFe_2As_2$ (Tc ~ 30 K)

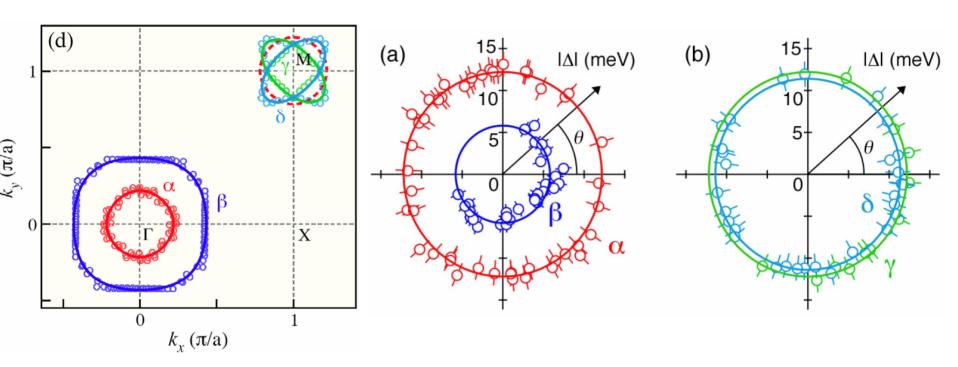


Nodeless gap

k-dependent gap

X. G. Luo et al., PRB 80, 140503(R) (2009)

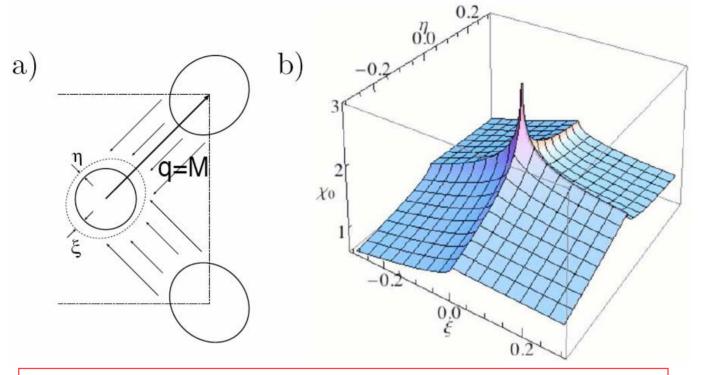
In optimally hole doped samples, quasi FS nesting between the inner (α) hole pocket and the electron pockets



Strong pairing also happens to these FSs!

$$2\Delta/k_BT_c=7.7,\ 3.6,\ 7.7,\ and\ 7.2$$
 for $\alpha,\ \beta,\ \gamma,\ and\ \delta$

Quasi Fermi surface nesting



V. Cvetkovic and Z. Tesanovic, EPL **85**,37002 (2009)

Perfect FS nesting

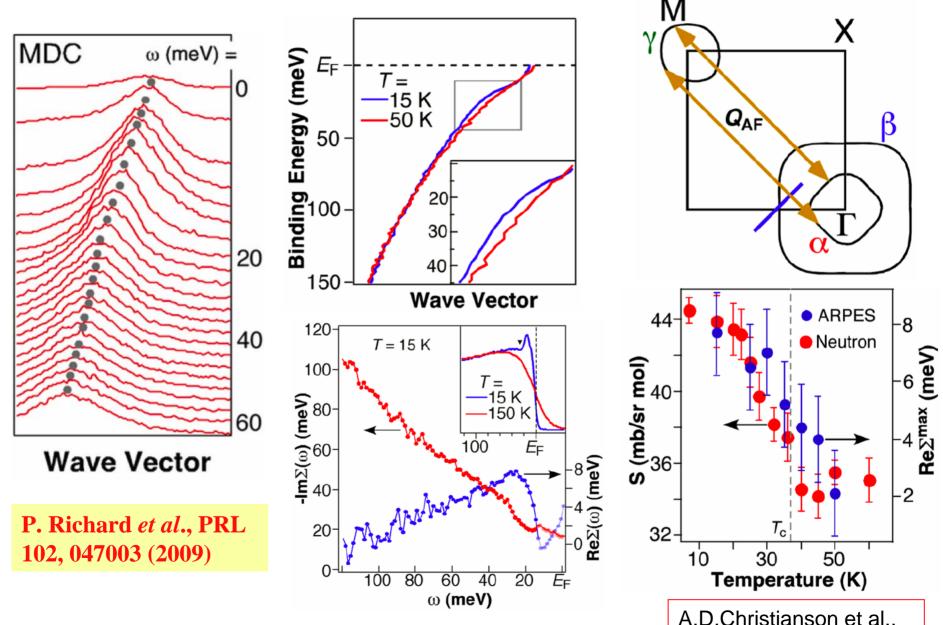
$$\chi_0'(\mathbf{q}, \omega = 0) = 2\frac{m_e}{2\pi} \log \frac{\Lambda}{|\mathbf{q} - \mathbf{M}|}$$

Quasi FS nesting

$$\chi_0'(\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{M}, 0) = \frac{4m_e}{2\pi} \frac{(1+\xi)^2}{\Xi} \log \left[\frac{\Lambda}{k_F |\xi|} \sqrt{\frac{2\Xi}{(2+\xi)^2}} \right]$$

Or dynamic FS nesting, enhances $\chi_0'(q,\omega \neq 0)$

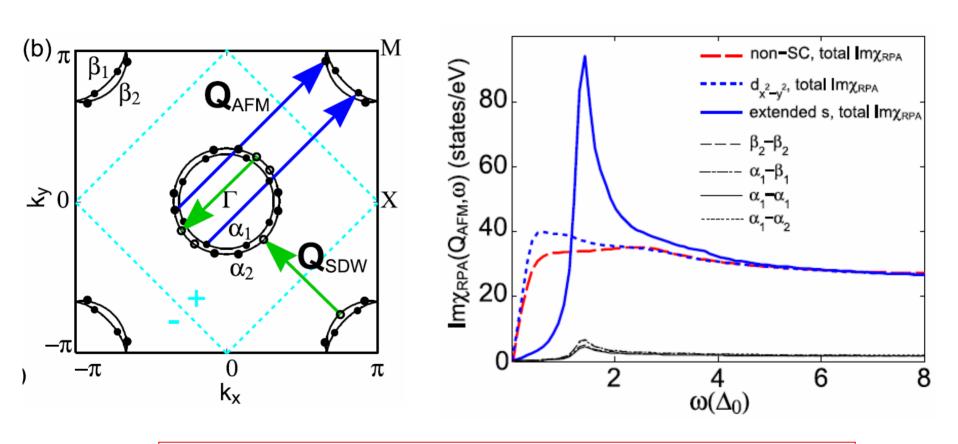
A FS-dependent kink observed in SC state



 Ω ~ 13 meV, similar to neutron resonance mode ~ 14 meV

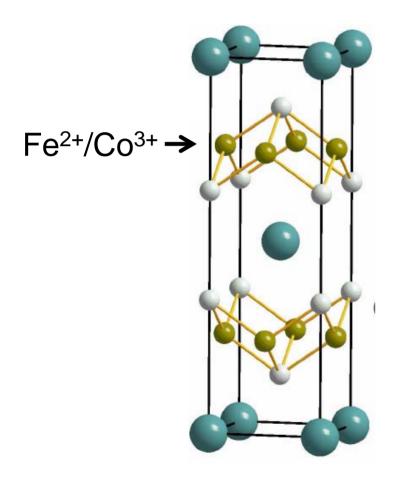
A.D.Christianson et al., Nature **456**, 930 (2008)

Consistent with extended $s \pm pairing$ model

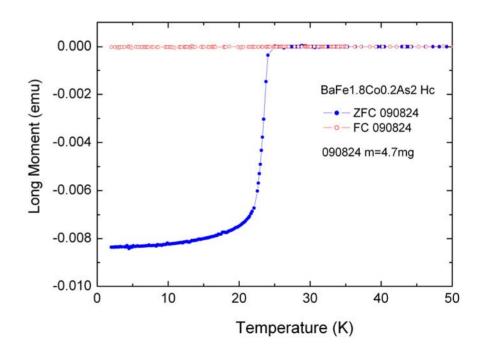


M.M. Korshunov and I. Eremin, Phys. Rev. B 78, 140509 (R) (2008)

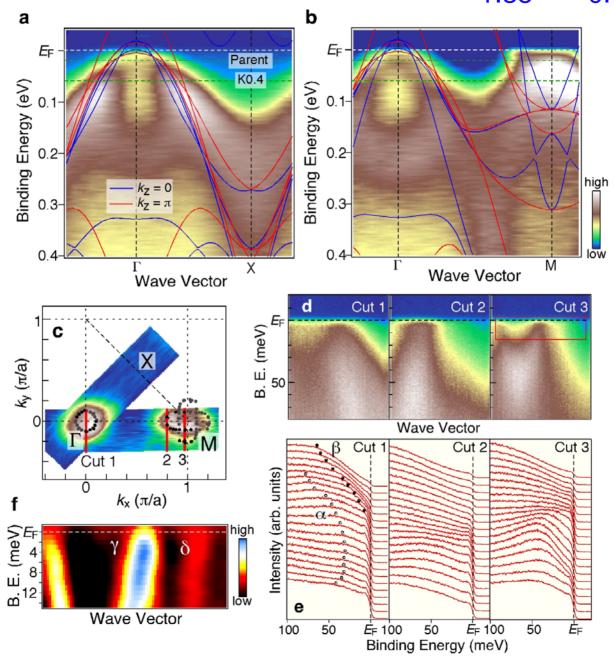
2. Optimally electron doped samples



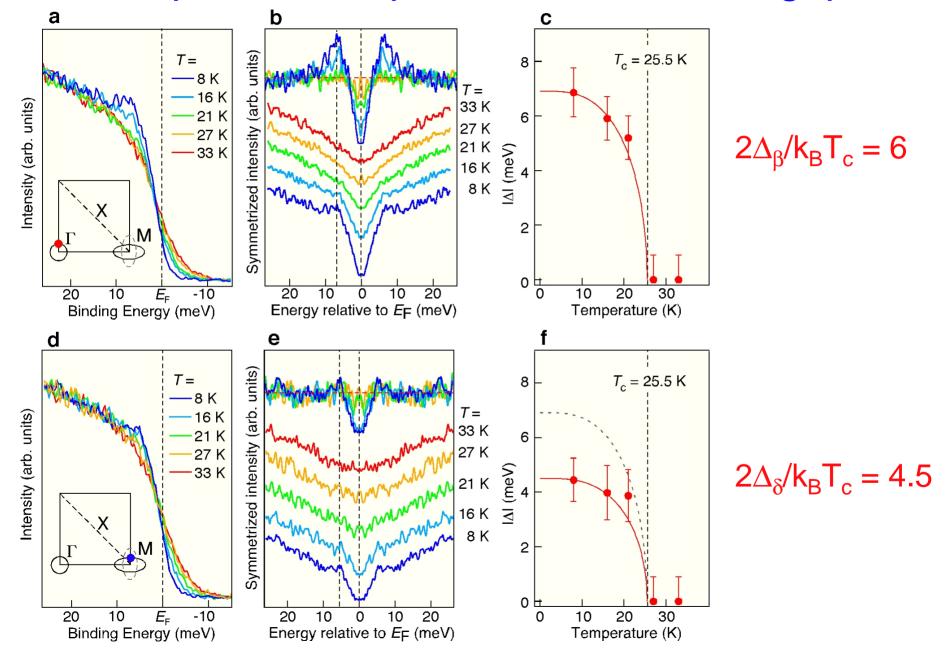
BaFe_{1.85}Co_{0.15}As₂ ($T_c = 25.5 \text{ K}$) Nominal Co = 0.2



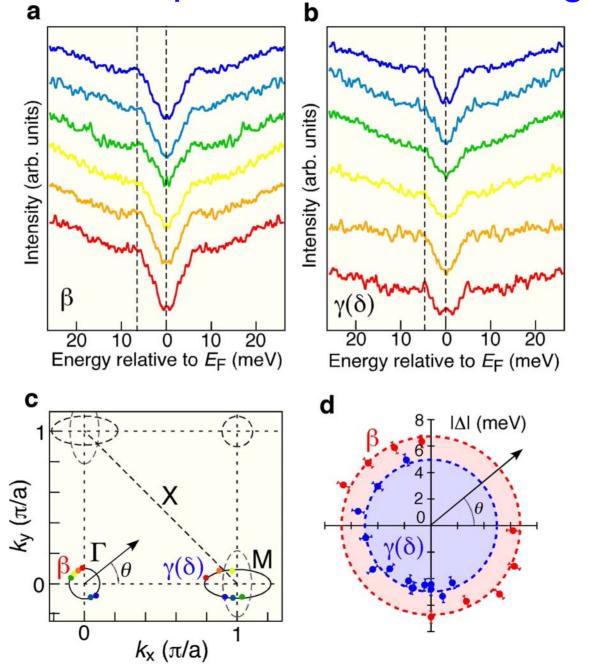
Band structure and FS in BaFe_{1.85}Co_{0.15}As₂



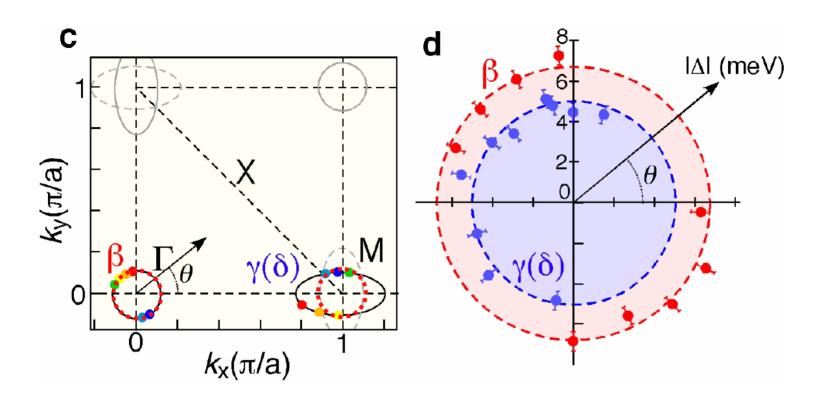
Temperature dependence of the SC gaps



Momentum dependence of the SC gaps



In optimally electron doped samples, quasi FS nesting between the outer (β) hole pocket and the electron pockets

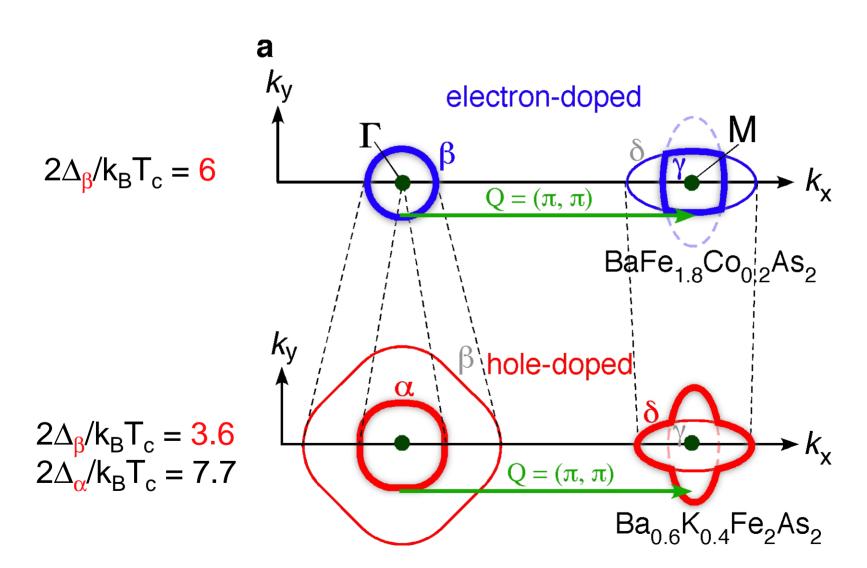


Strong pairing also happens to these FSs!

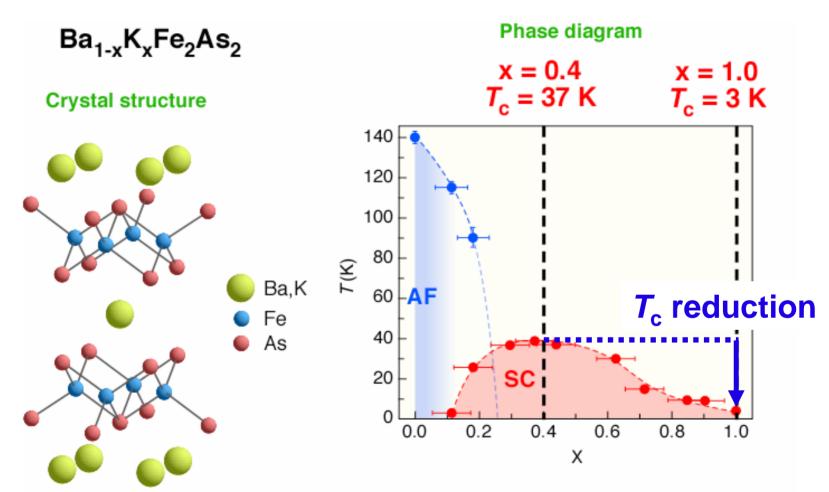
$$2\Delta/k_BT_c = 6$$
, 4.5 for β , $\gamma(\delta)$

K. Terashima et al., PNAS 106, 7330 (2009)

Quasi FS nesting induced strong pairing

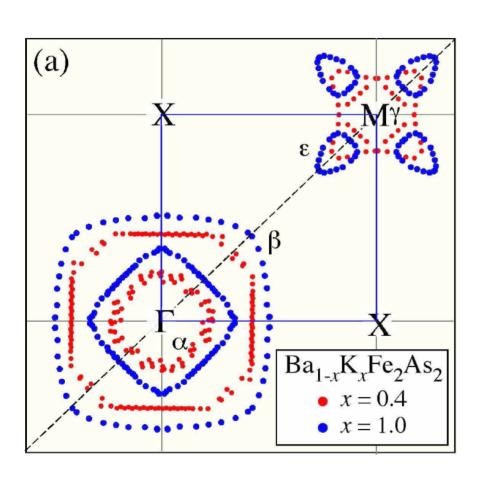


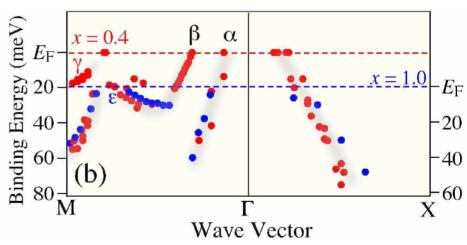
3. Collapse of T_c in heavily hole doped samples

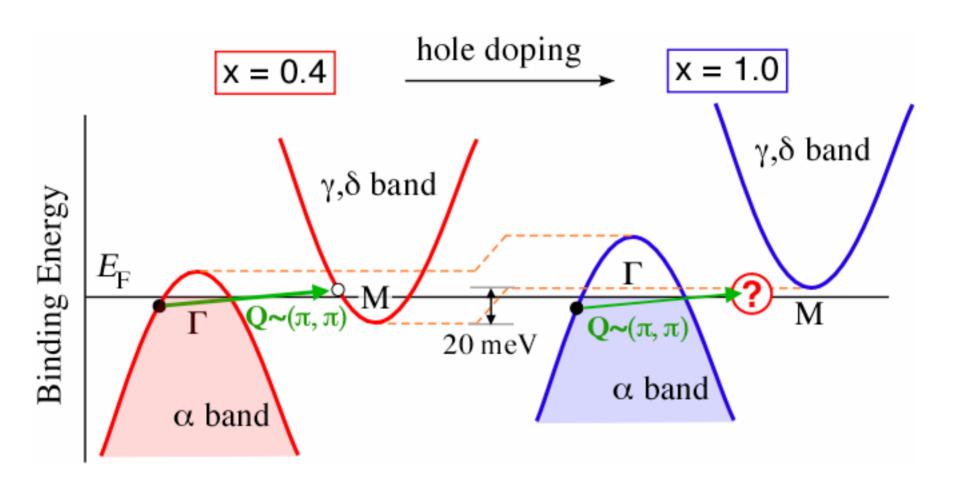


M. Rotter et al., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 47, 7949-7952 (2008).

Doping evolution of Fermi surfaces of Ba_{1-x}K_xFe₂As₂

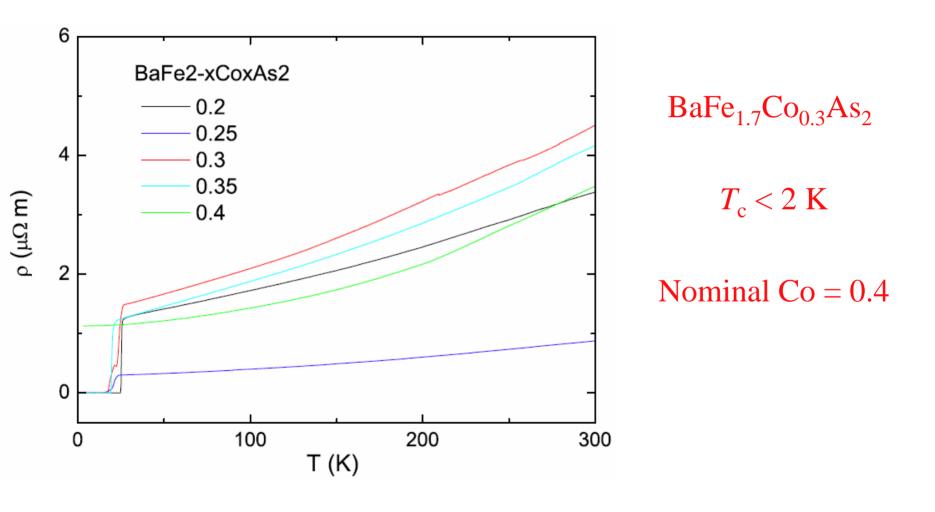




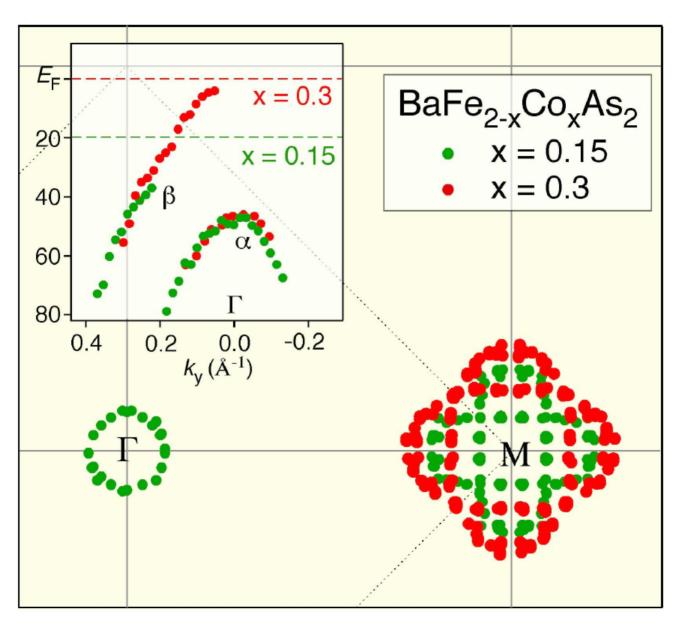


Interband scattering via Q_{AF}

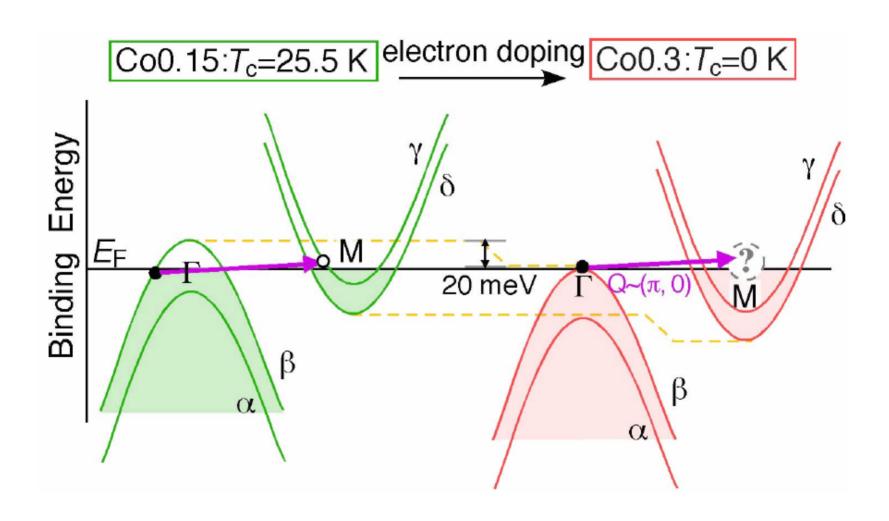
4. Disappearance of T_c in heavily electron doped samples

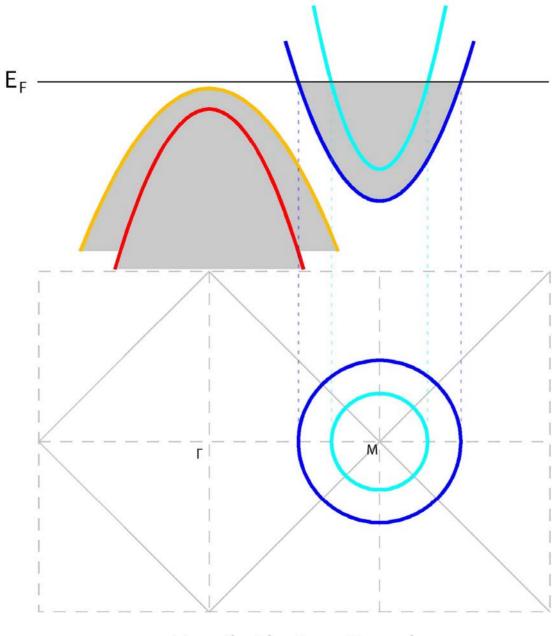


Doping evolution of Fermi surfaces of BaFe_{2-x}Co_xAs₂



Disappearance of hole FS pockets \longleftrightarrow collapse of T_c



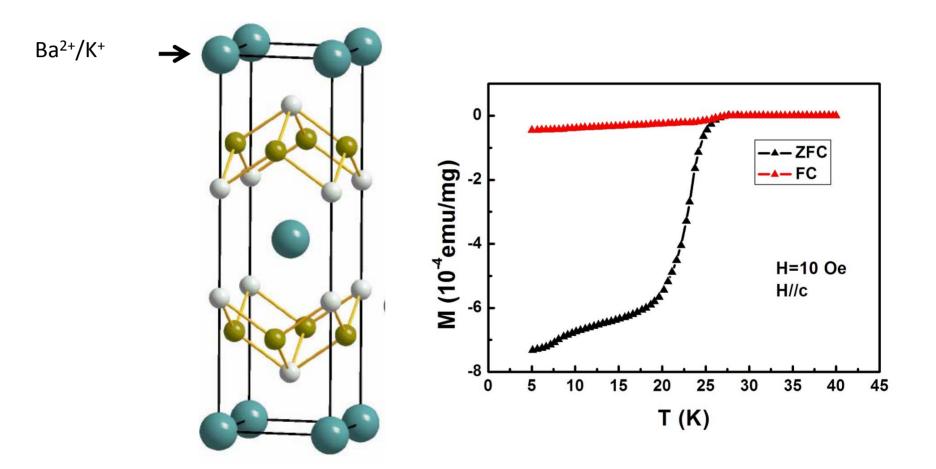


Heavily Electron Doped

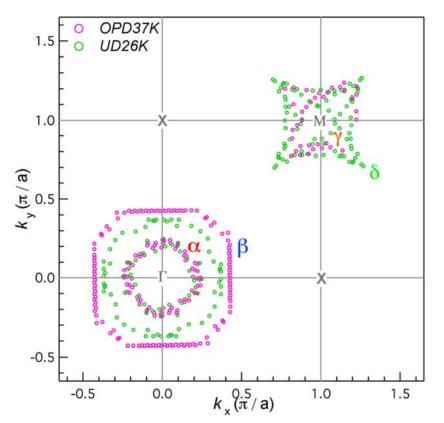
1. Optimal Hole Doped

More realistic view of what is happening in pnictides

5. Underdoped $Ba_{0.75}K_{0.25}Fe_2As_2$ ($T_c = 26 \text{ K}$)



Comparison between UD and OPD samples



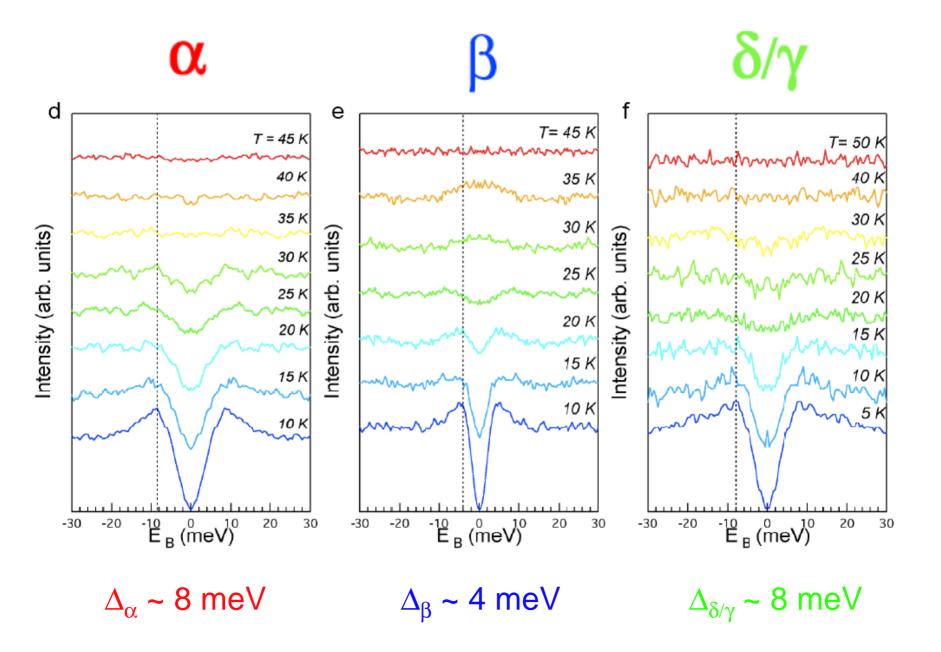
	α	β	γ	δ	α'
OP	~4%	~18%	~2%	~4%	~4%
UD	~4%	~13%	~2%	~6%	~4%

OP: \sim 40% hole / 2Fe, nominal x = 0.40

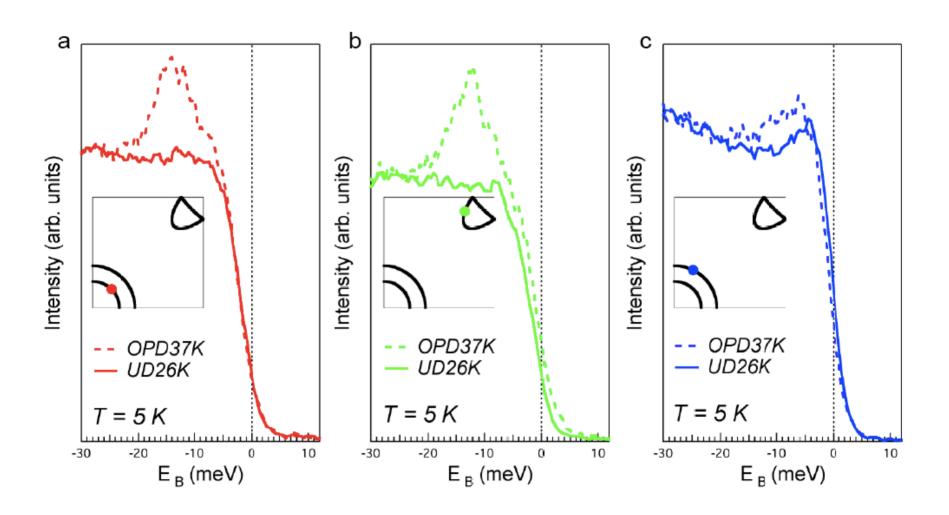
UD : \sim 26% hole / 2Fe, nominal x = 0.25

Luttinger theorem is satisfied in both doping

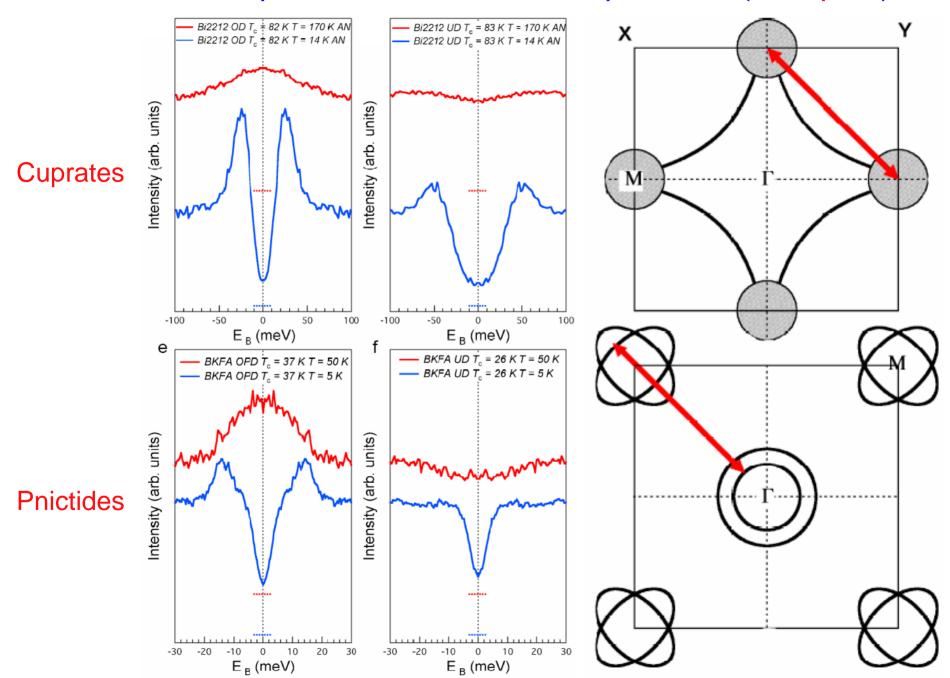
Superconducting gaps and their T-dependence



FS-dependent QP suppression in underdoped pnictides



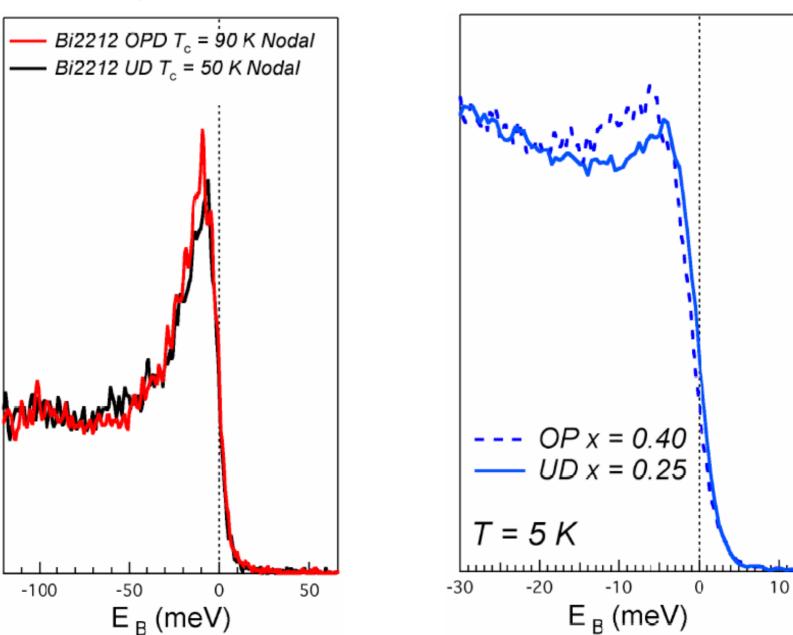
Antinode in cuprates vs nested FS in pnictides (hot spots)



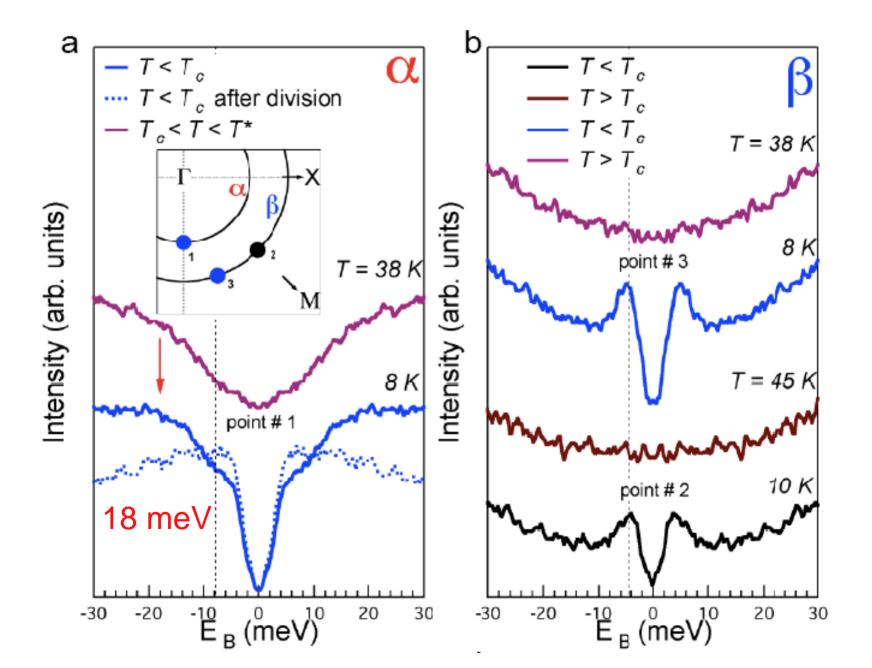
Node in cuprates $vs \beta$ band in pnictides (cold spots)

Cuprates

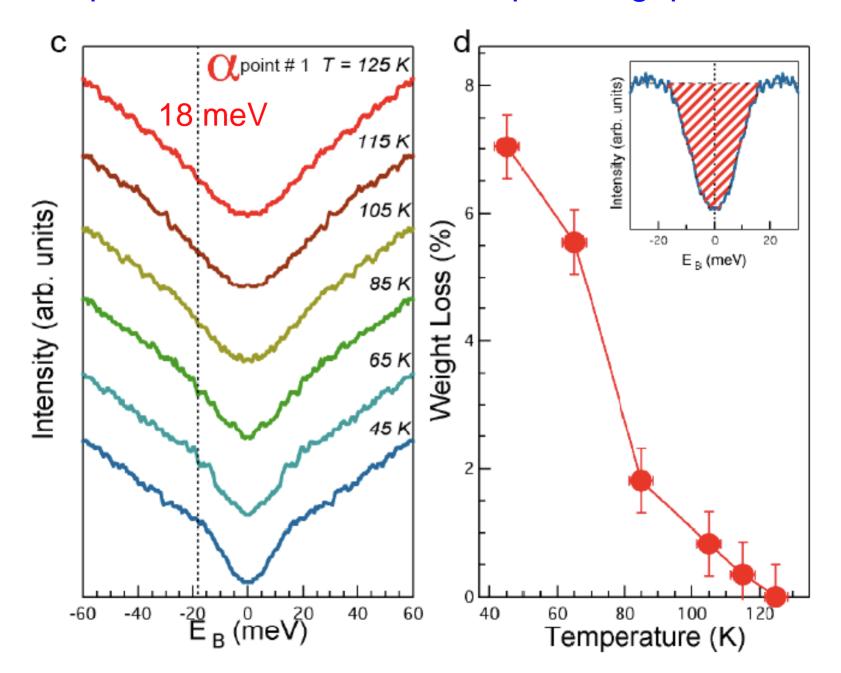
Pnictides



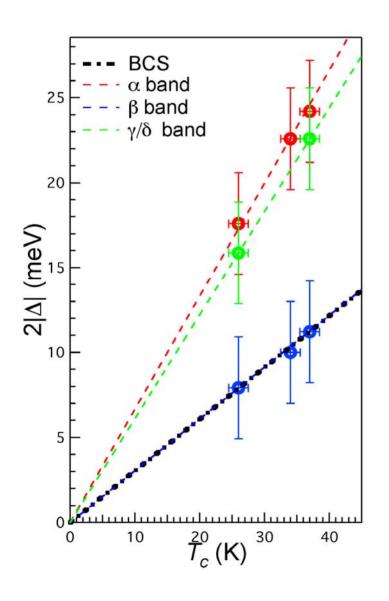
A distinct pseudogap emerges on the nesting FS region



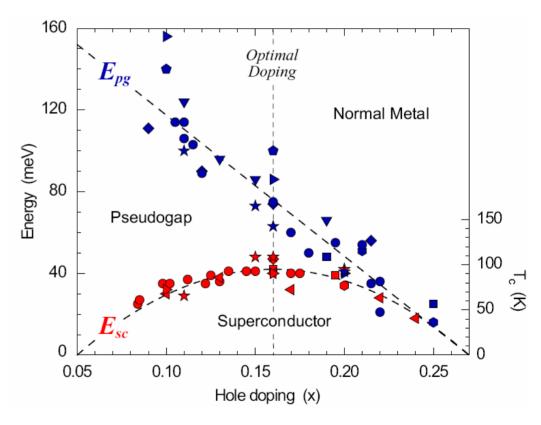
T-dependent measurement of "pseudogap" on α band



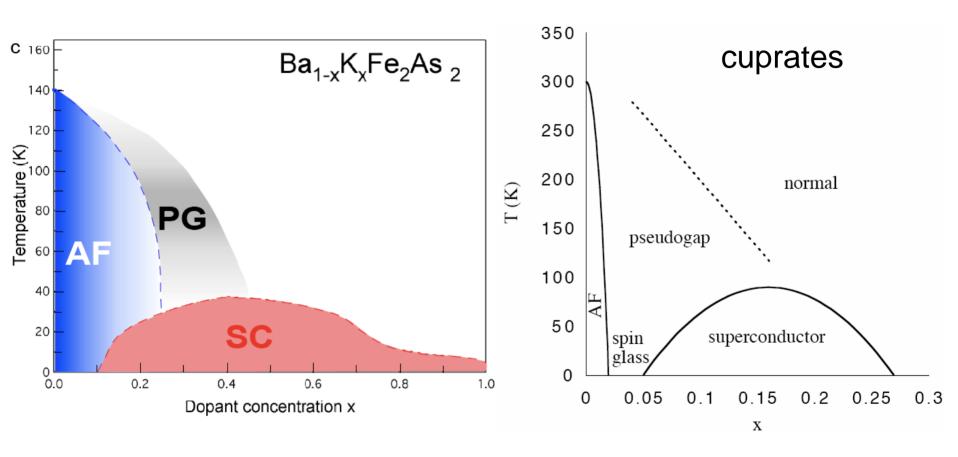
Superconducting gaps scale with T_c



cuprates



Schematic diagram of hole-doped pnictides



Conclusions

- Our ARPES results support s ± pairing
- Inter-FS scatterings play a crucial role in paring
- Fermi surface near-nesting enhances pairing
- In underdoped pnictides, SC gaps scale with Tc
- A distinct pseudogap emerges at the nesting FS regions, competing with SC
- Unified picture for pnictides and cuprates:

AF fluctuations?