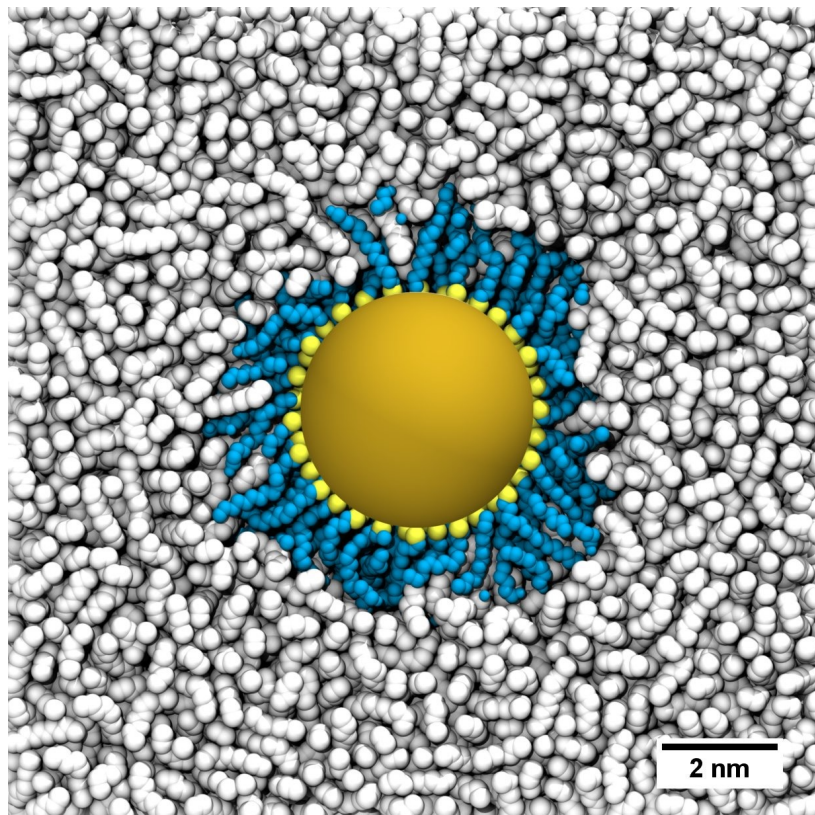


▶ **Self-assembling ultrathin nanowires
into bundles, fibres, and transparent electrodes**

Beate Reiser, Simon Bettscheider, Lukas Engel, and Tobias Kraus

INM – Leibniz-Institute for New Materials and Saarland University, Saarbrücken, Germany

► Introduction: apolar nanoscale colloids



Inorganic nanoparticles with apolar shells:

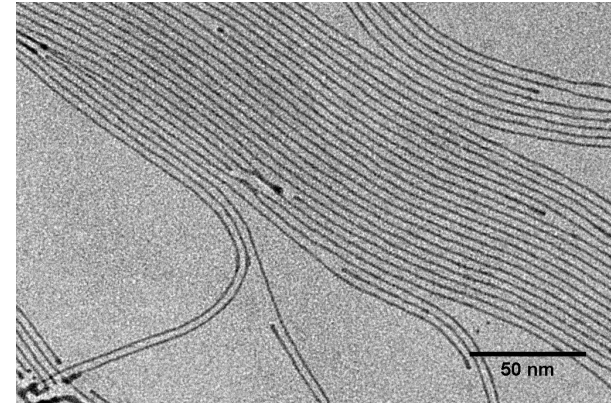
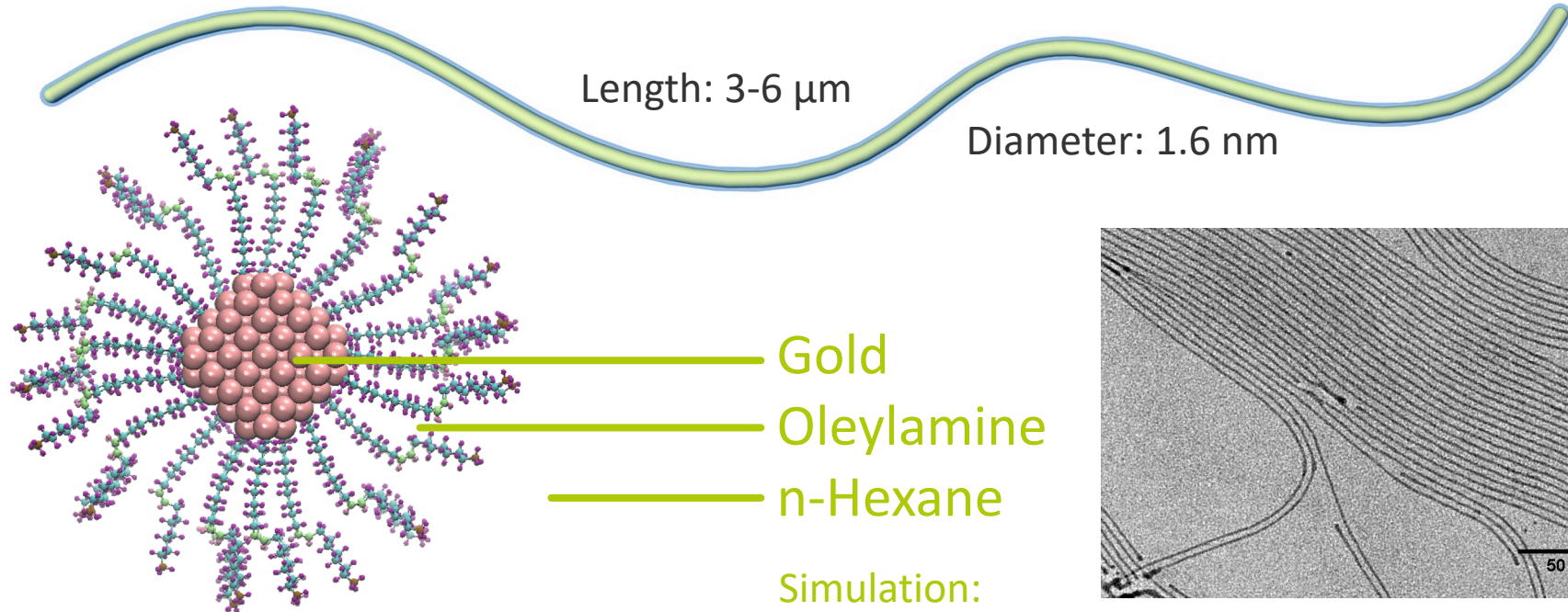
- Soft spheres, often attractive $O(k_B T)$
- Molecular configurations affect interactions
- Small changes affect colloidal stability
- Geometries and properties of agglomerates sensitively depend on conditions

Relevant for commercially important particles.

Simulation of a hexadecane-covered particle in hexane:

Dr. Asaph Widmer-Cooper and Debora Monego,
University of Sydney, Australia

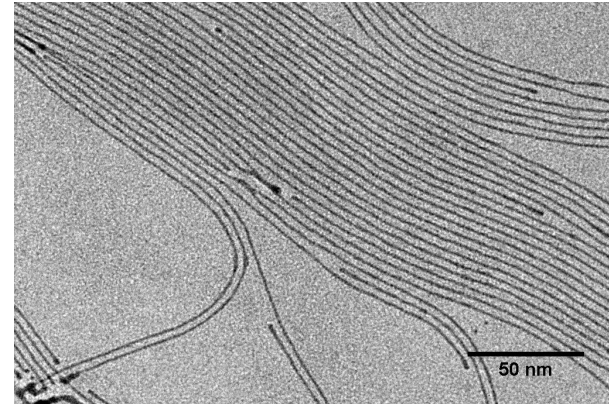
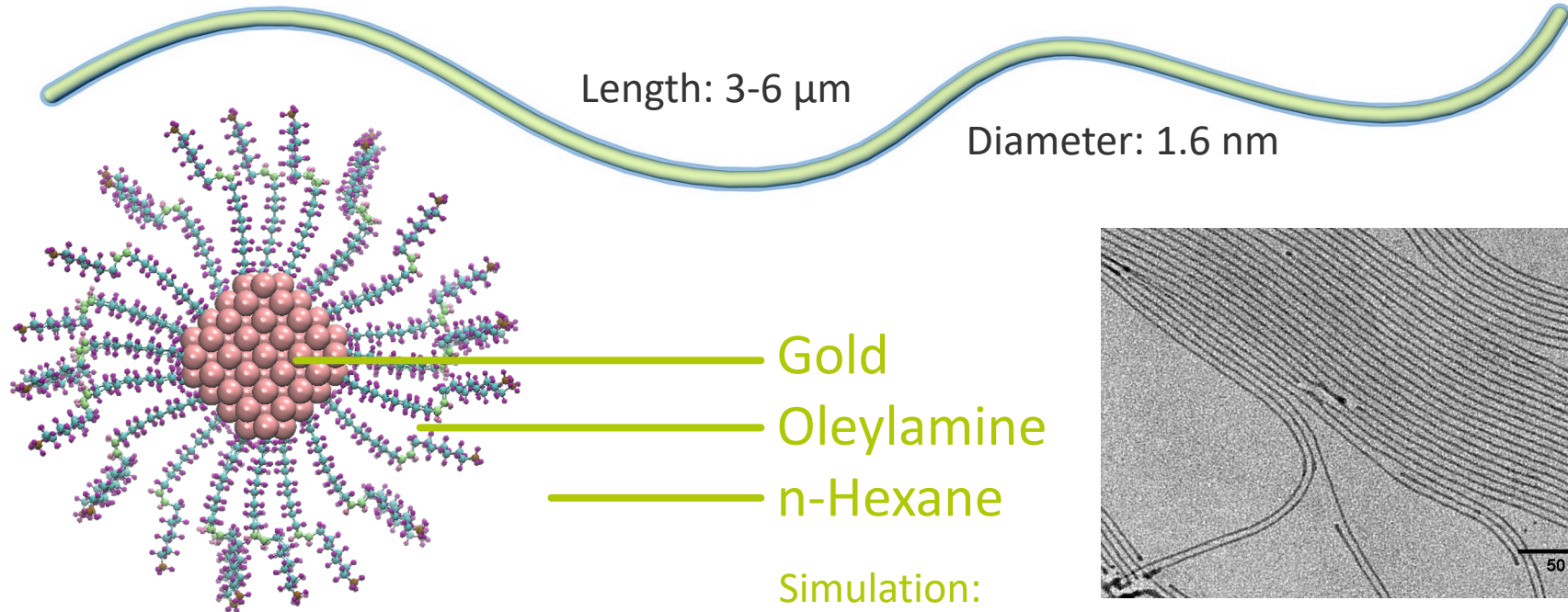
Introduction: apolar nanoscale colloids



Simulation:
Dr. Hongyu Gao, Prof. Martin Müser,
Saarland University

H. Gao, TK, ... M. Müser, *Nano Lett.*, 19, 10, 6993-6999, 2019

► Introduction: apolar nanoscale colloids



Simulation:
Dr. Hongyu Gao, Prof. Martin Müser,
Saarland University

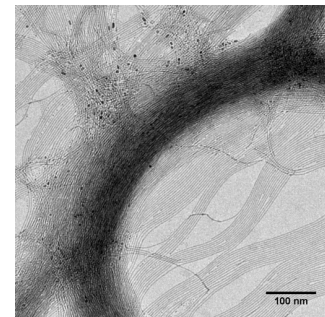
H. Gao, TK, ... M. Müser, *Nano Lett.*, 19, 10, 6993-6999, 2019

► Structure of this talk

1. Assembling wires

Entropic agglomeration

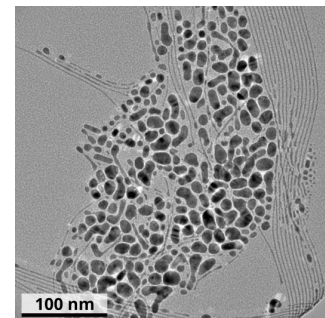
Weaving hierarchical fibres



2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau

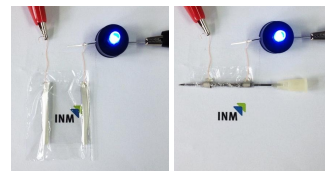
Stabilization mechanisms



3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Printing wires as electrodes

Are wires or spheres better?

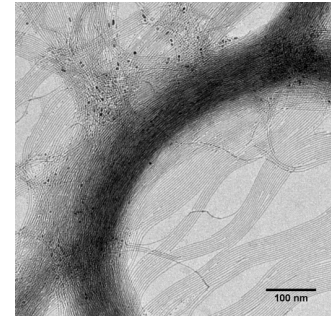


► Structure of this talk

1. Assembling wires

Entropic agglomeration

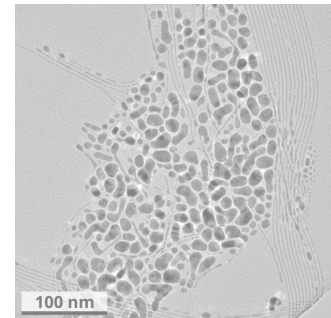
Weaving hierarchical fibres



2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau

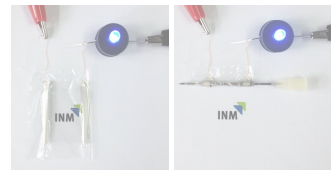
Stabilization mechanisms



3. Transparent flexible electrodes

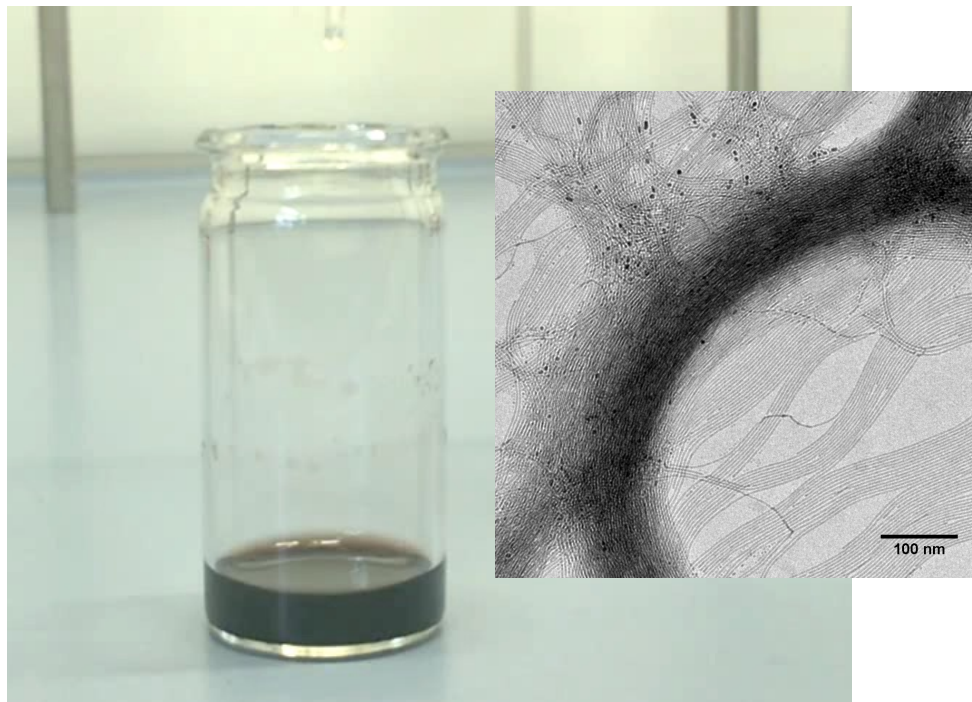
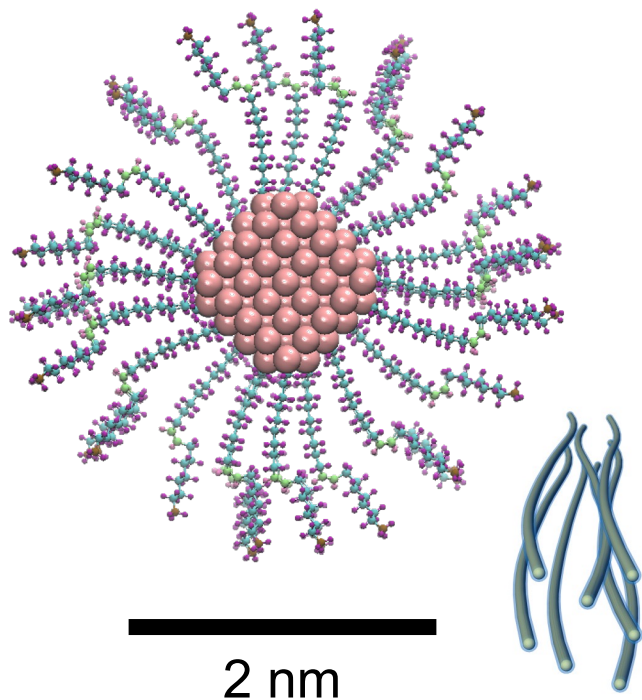
Printing wires as electrodes

Are wires or spheres better?



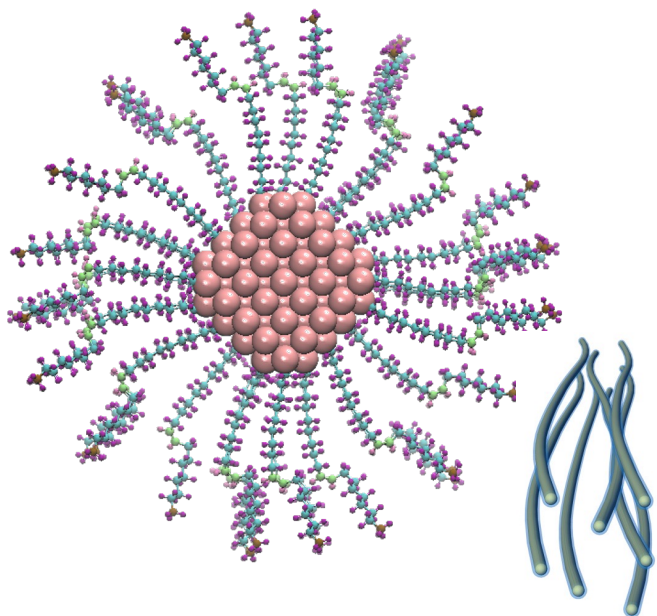
▶ 1. Assembling wires

Agglomeration in ethanol

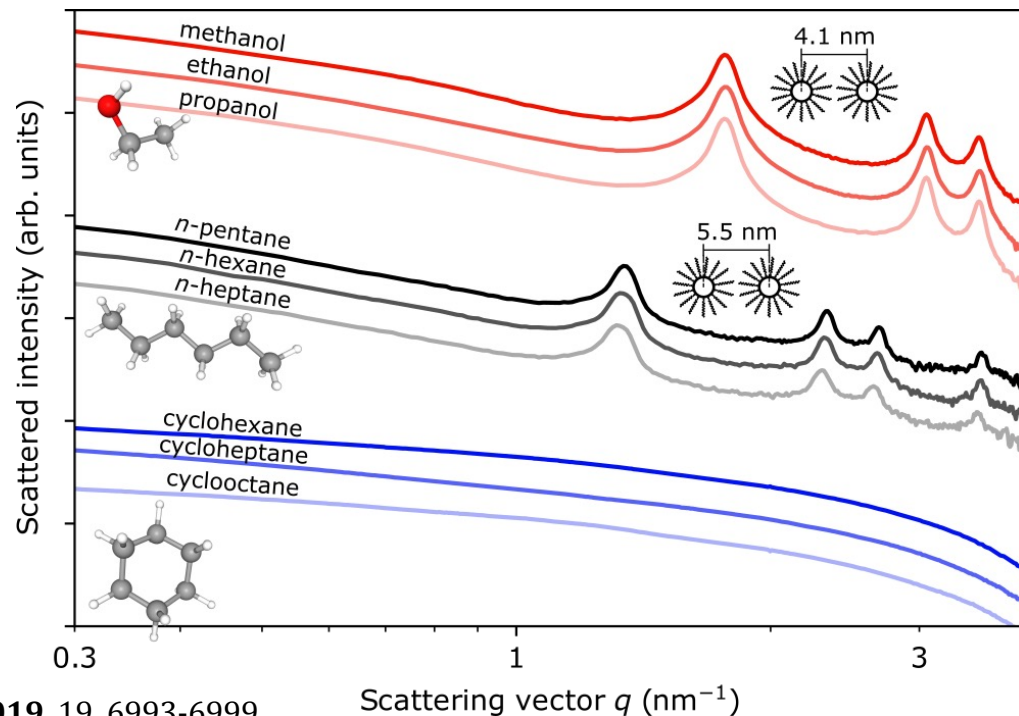


▶ 1. Assembling wires

Spacing in different solvents



Simon
Bettscheider

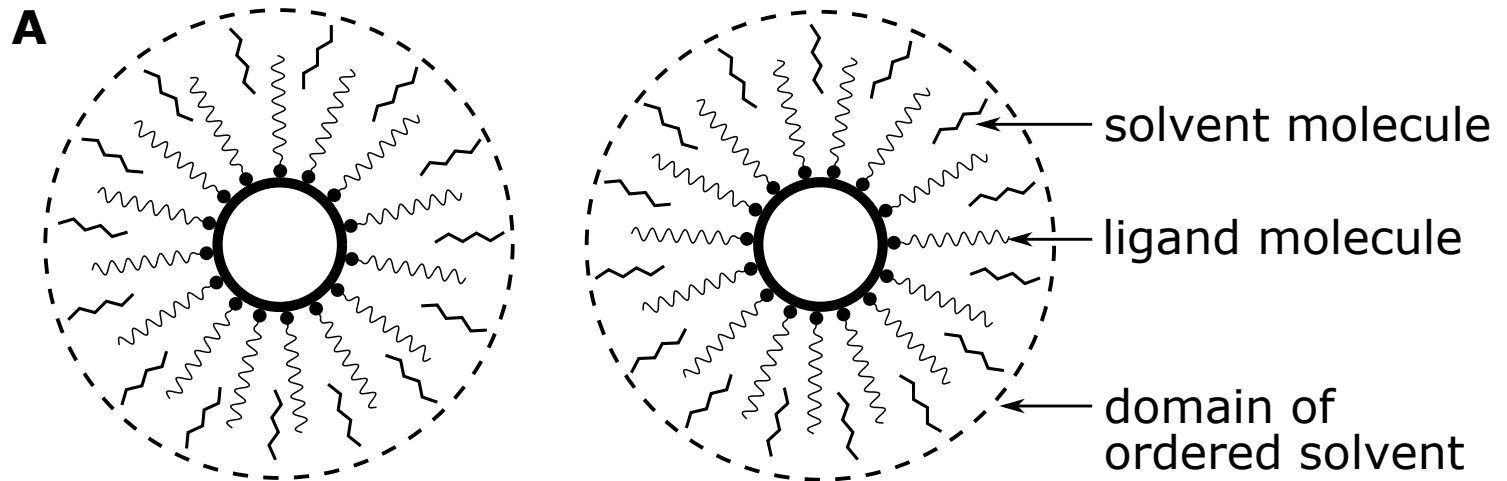


H. Gao, S. Bettscheider, TK, M.H. Müser, *Nano Letters*, **2019**, 19, 6993-6999

B. Reiser, TK, *et al.*, *Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics* **2016**, 18, 27165-27169

▶ 1. Assembling wires

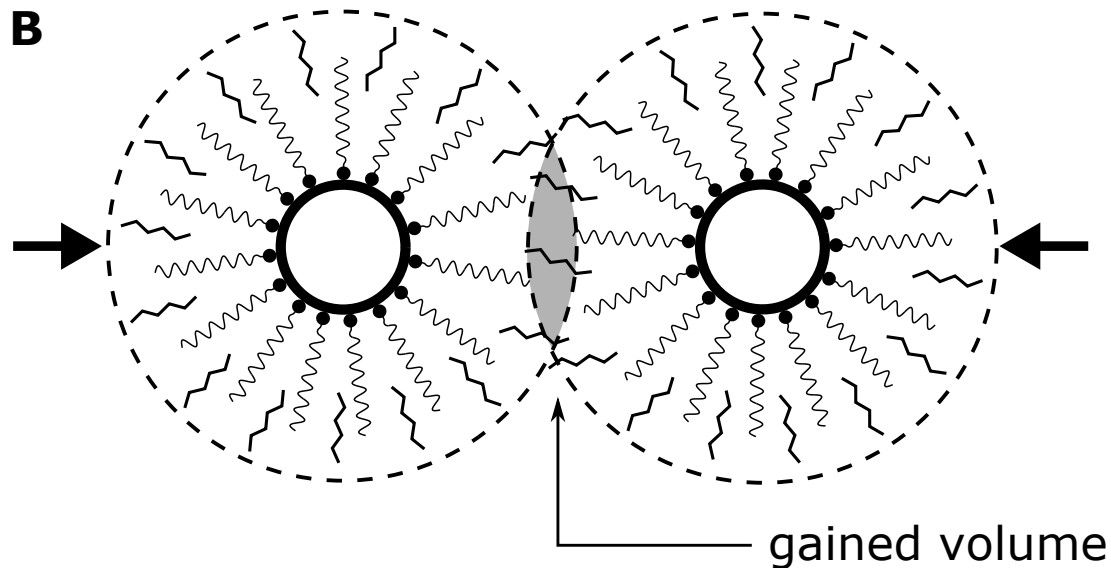
Entropic bundling



H. Gao, S. Bettscheider, T. Kraus, M.H. Müser, *Nano Letters*, **2019**, 19, 6993-6999

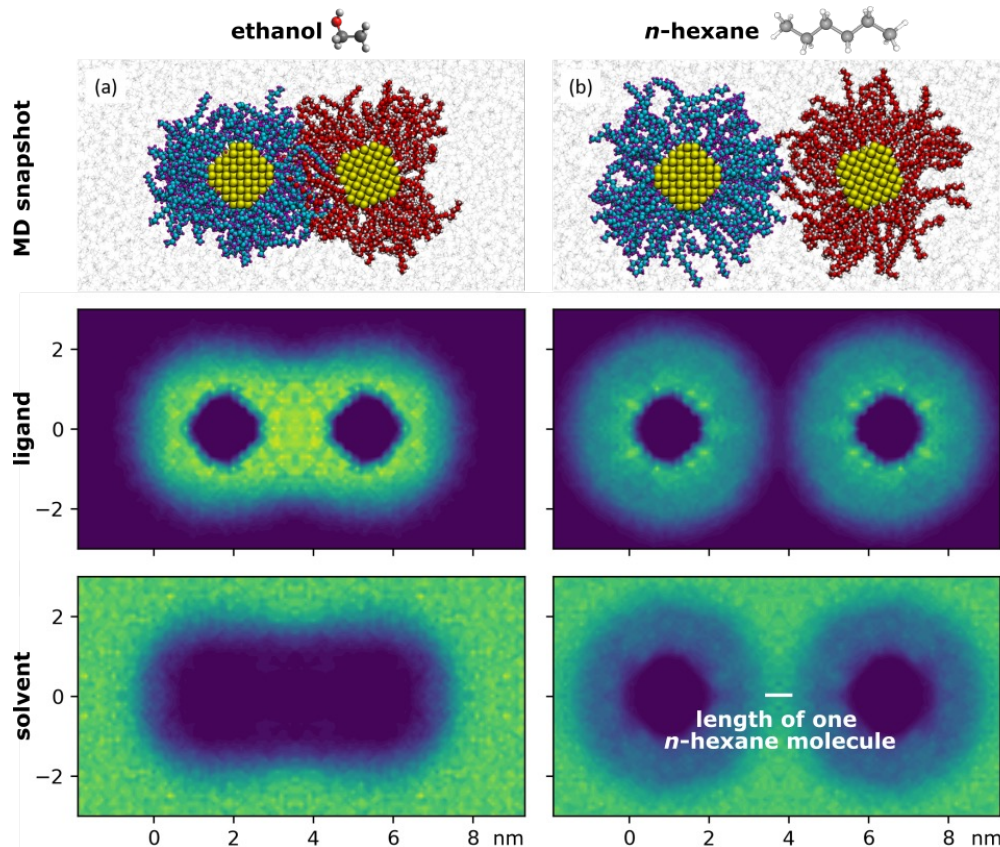
▶ 1. Assembling wires

Entropic bundling



H. Gao, S. Bettscheider, T. Kraus, M.H. Müser, *Nano Letters*, **2019**, 19, 6993-6999

▶ 1. Assembling wires



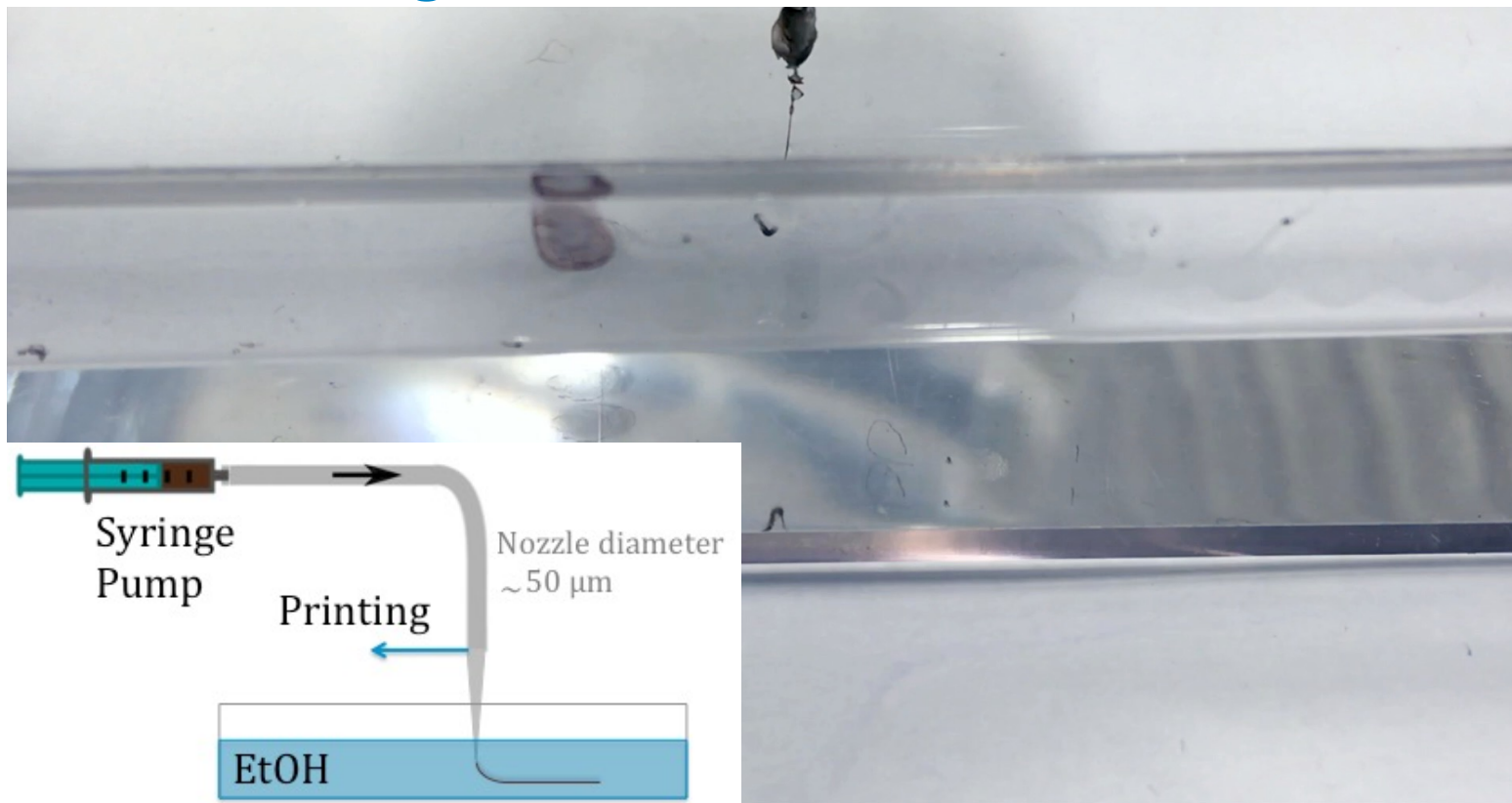
- „Bad“ solvents: exclusion from overlapping shells
- „Good“ solvents: interdigitation
- Alkanes: local ordering and „entropic bridging“

Simulations:

Dr. Hongyu Gao, Prof. Martin Müser, Saarland University

H. Gao, TK, *et al.*, *Nano Letters*, **2019**, 19, 6993-6999

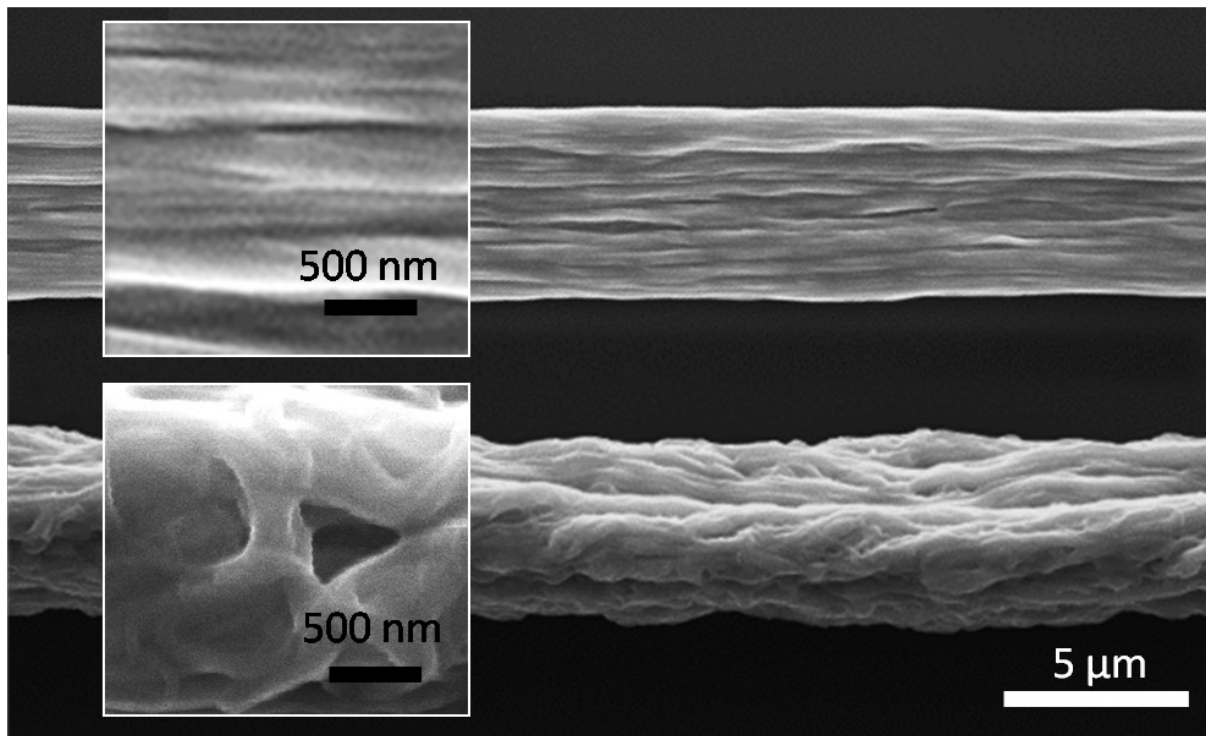
▶ 1. Assembling wires



B. Reiser *et al.*, *ACS Nano* **2017**, 11, 4934-4942

▶ 1. Assembling wires

Hierarchical bundles of wires



**More
order**

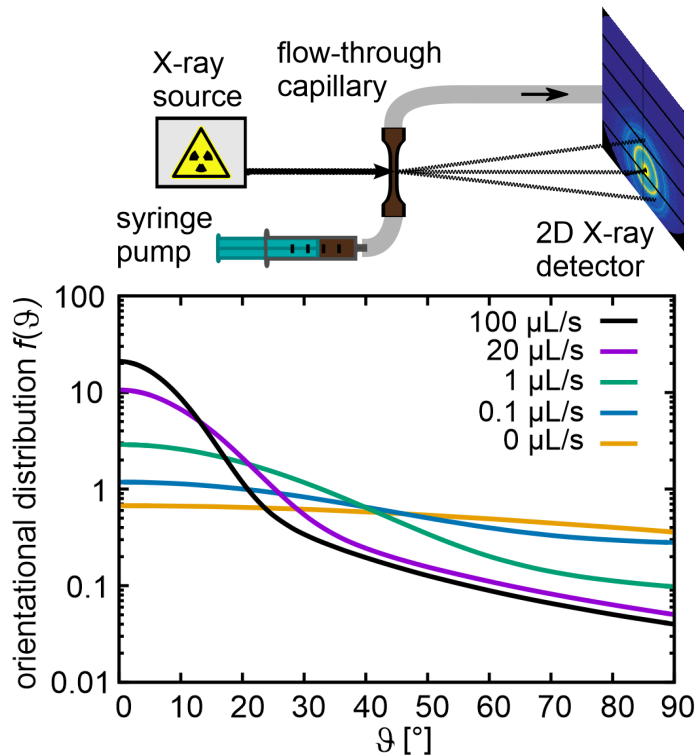


Beate Reiser

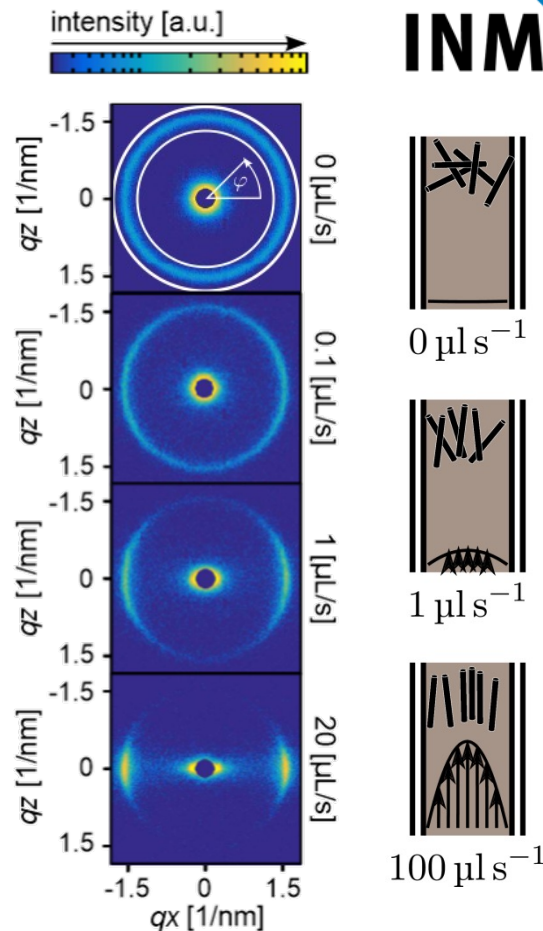
**Less
order**

▶ 1. Assembling wires

Alignment and „spinning“ of wires

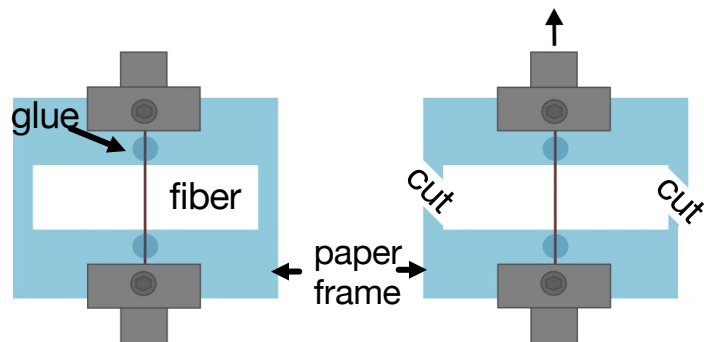


B. Reiser *et al.*,
ACS Nano **2017**,
11, 4934-4942



► 1. Assembling wires

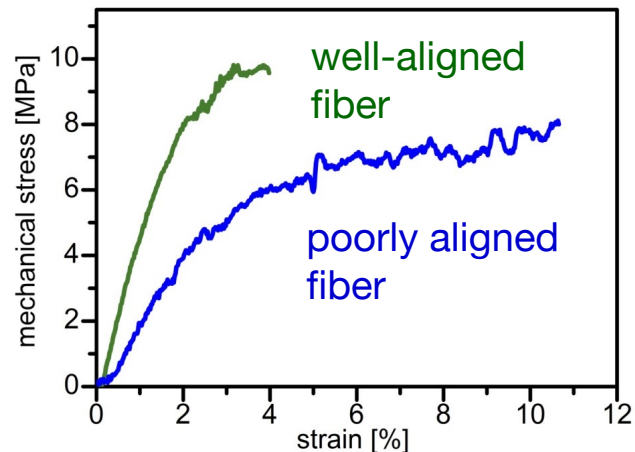
Hierarchical bundles of wires



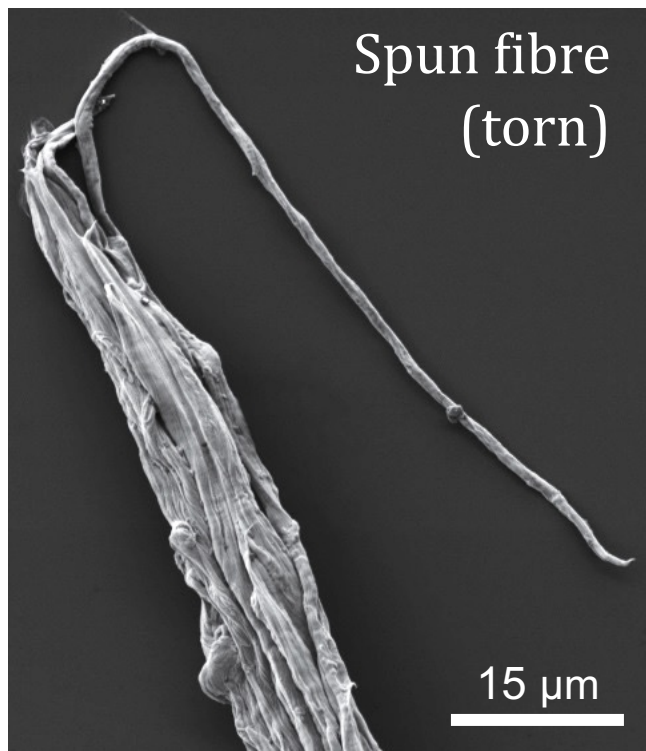
Tensile properties:

breaking stress: **10 MPa** **8 MPa**

strain at break : **4 %** **11 %**



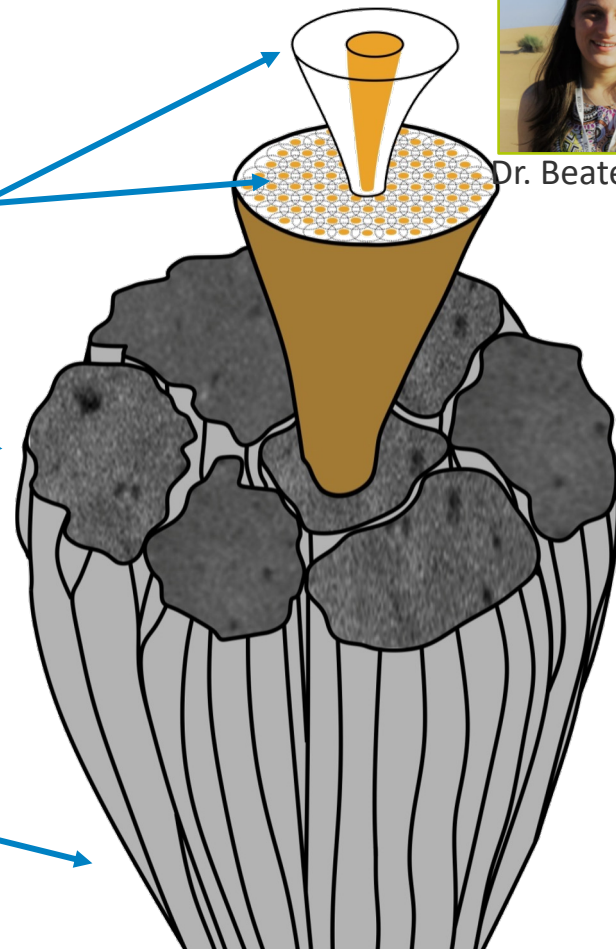
▶ 1. Assembling wires



single AuNWs
1.6 nm

AuNW
bundles and
super-bundles
100-1000 nm

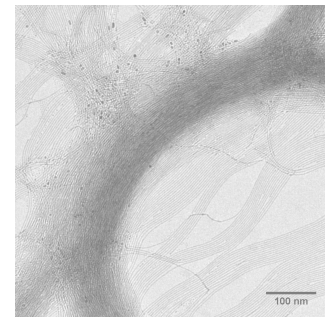
fiber
2-20 µm



► Structure of this talk

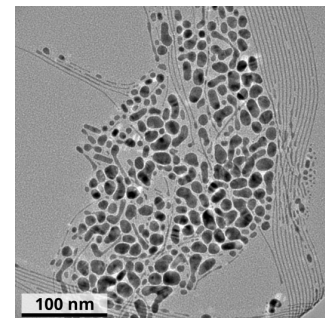
1. Assembling wires

Entropic agglomeration
Weaving hierarchical fibres



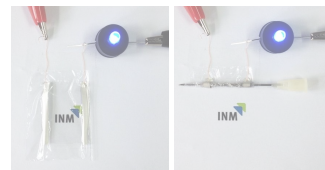
2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau
Stabilization mechanisms



3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Printing wires as electrodes
Are wires or spheres better?



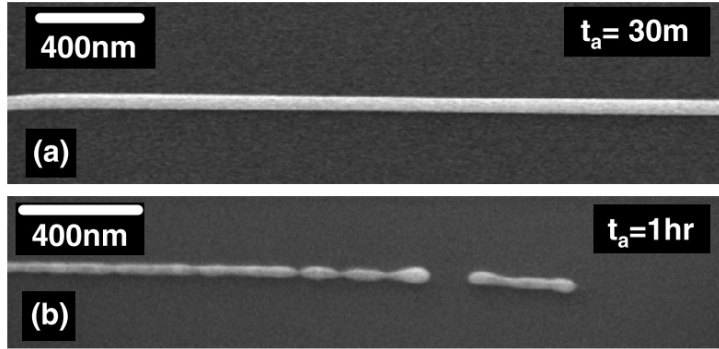
2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau Instability

Simon
Bettscheider



Karim et al., 2016, Nanotechnology



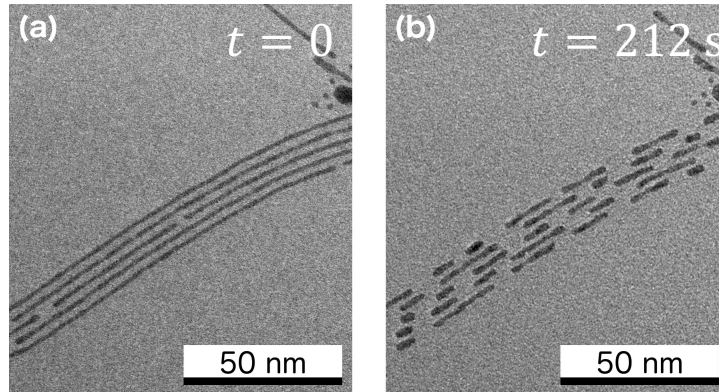
Random perturbation of wire

$$R(z, t) = R_0 + \Delta R(t) + a(t) \cos(\omega z)$$

Free energy amplifies/suppresses them

$$\Delta G = \gamma \Delta A$$

Bettscheider et al., 2018, J. Mech. Phys. Sol.



$\Delta G < 0$	$\Delta G \geq 0$
perturbation lowers energy	perturbation increases energy
wire will break	wire will remain cylindrical

Thin wires break faster

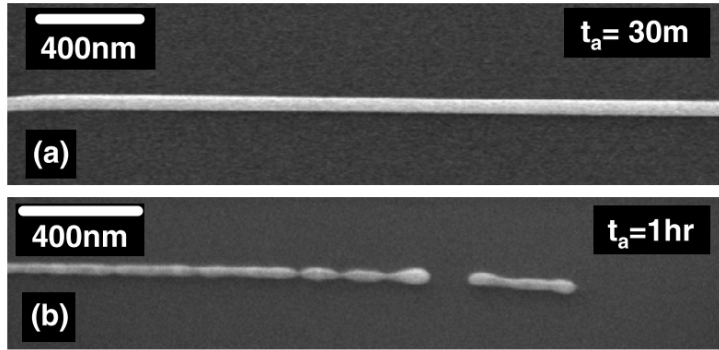
$$t \propto R^4 / \gamma$$

YouTube/Fluid Dynamics, CK, Abhijeet Sinha, 2016

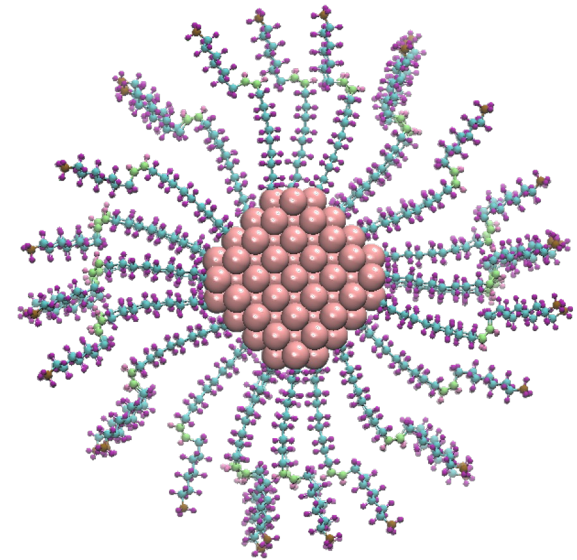
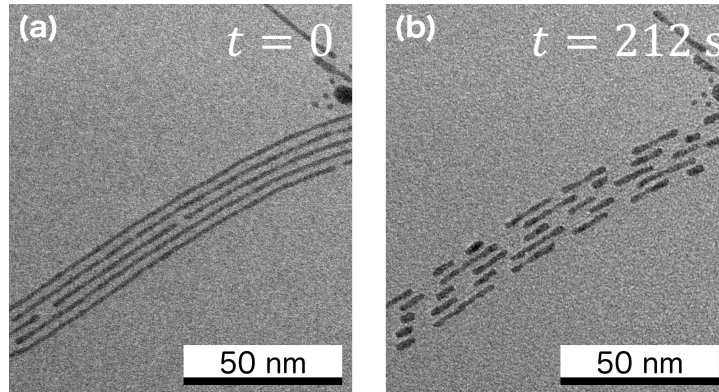
2. Stability of wires

Stabilization: reduce interfacial energy

Karim et al., 2016, Nanotechnology



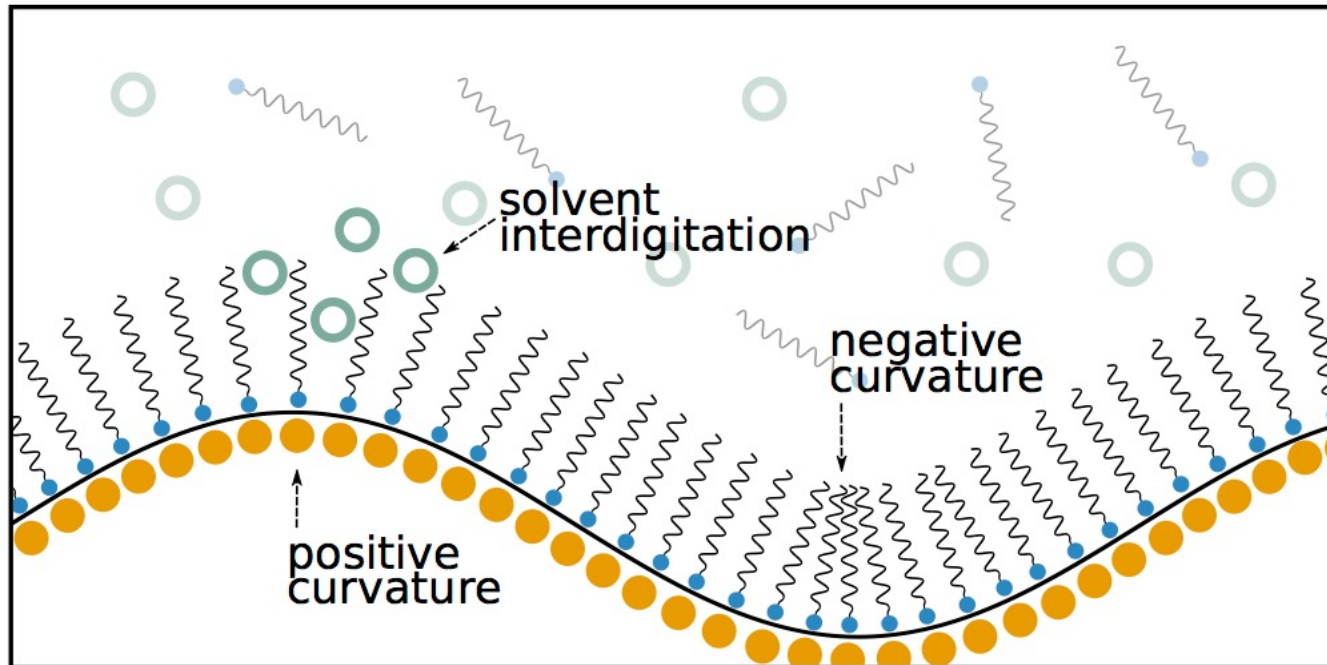
Bettscheider et al., 2018, J. Mech. Phys. Sol.



S. Bettscheider, TK, N. Fleck, *J. Mech. Phys. Sol.* **2018**, 123, 3-19

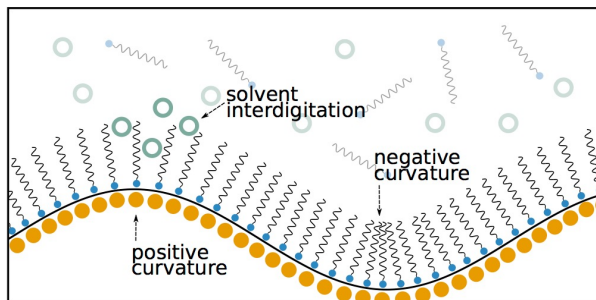
► 2. Stability of wires

Stabilization: reduce interfacial energy, suppress curvature



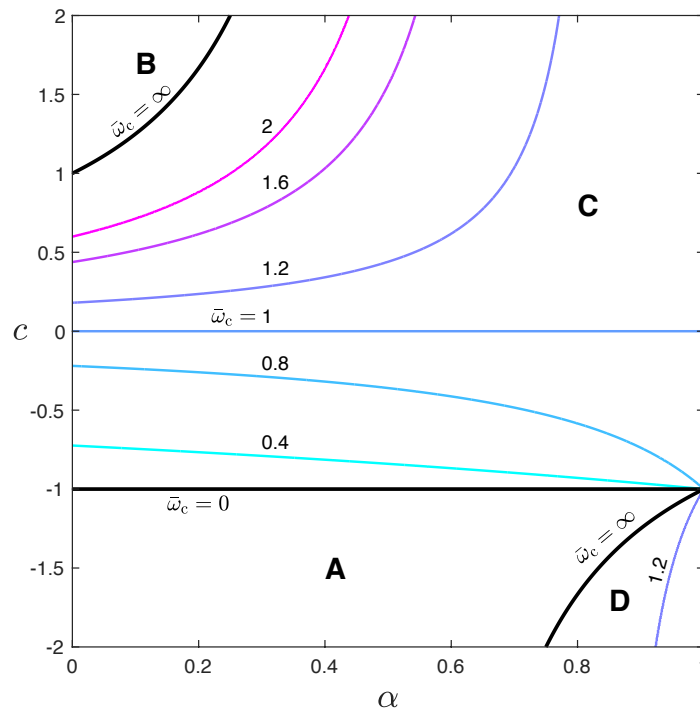
2. Stability of wires

Stabilization: reduce interfacial energy, suppress curvature



α expresses how the wires' curvature changes the effective curvature:
 $\alpha = 1$: effective = mean curvature
 $\alpha = 0$: effective = deviatoric curvature

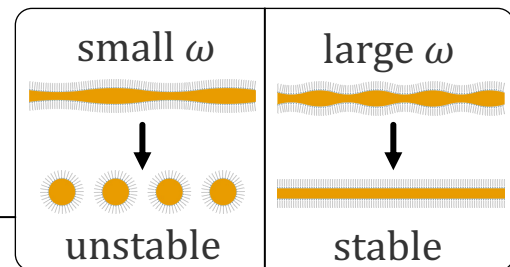
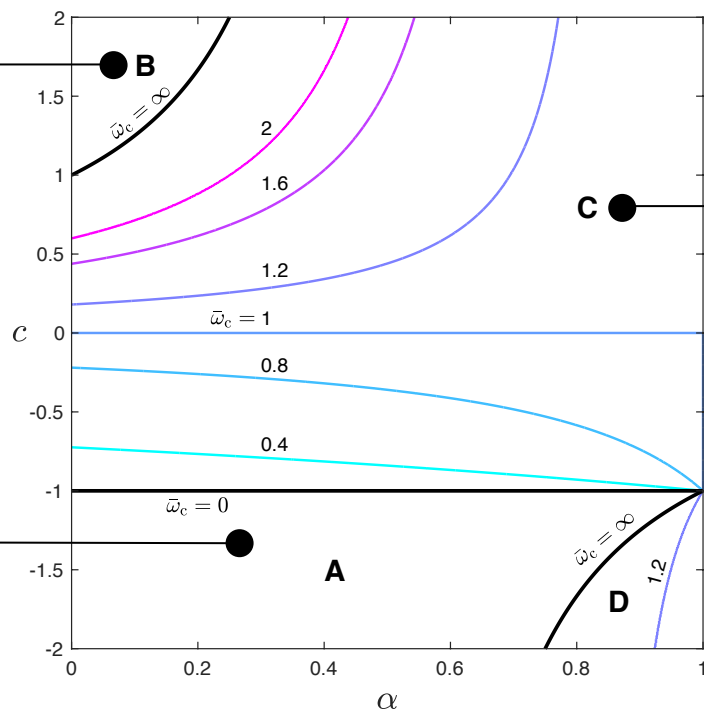
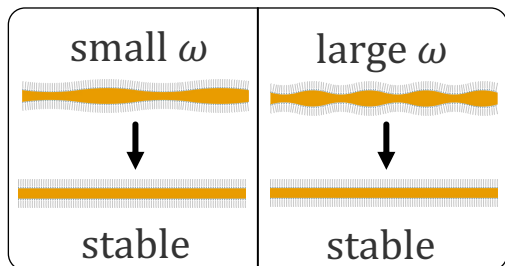
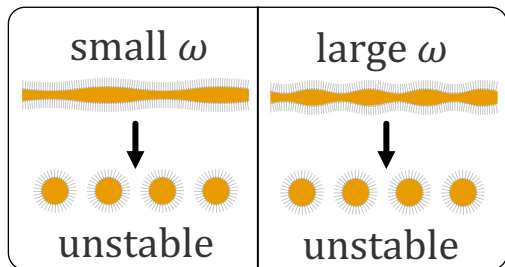
c quantifies how the effective curvature changes interfacial energy:
 $c = 1$: exponential change
 $c = 0$: no change



S. Bettscheider, TK, N. Fleck, *J. Mech. Phys. Sol.* **2018**, 123, 3-19

► 2. Stability of wires

Stabilization: reduce interfacial energy, suppress curvature



α expresses how the wires' curvature changes the effective curvature:
 $\alpha = 1$: effective = mean curvature
 $\alpha = 0$: effective = deviatoric curvature

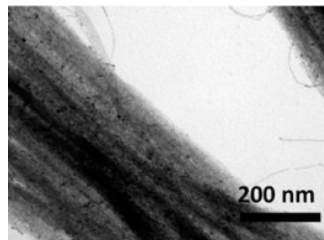
c quantifies how the effective curvature changes interfacial energy:
 $c = 1$: exponential change
 $c = 0$: no change

▶ 2. Stability of wires

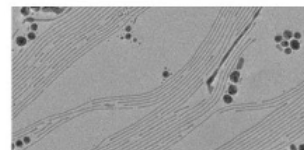
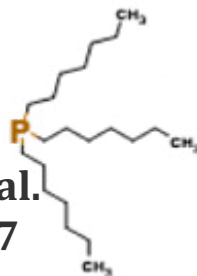
Still searching for the right molecule...



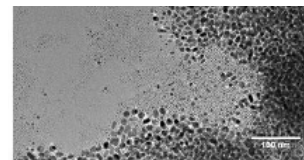
Tobias Knapp,
Yannic Curto



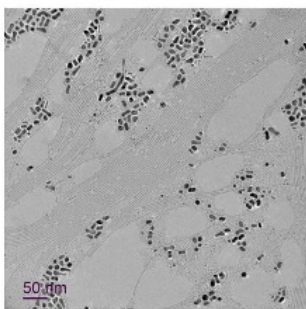
Nouh, Viao, et al.
Langmuir 2017
trioctylphosphine



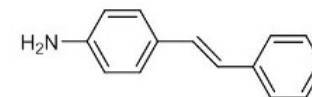
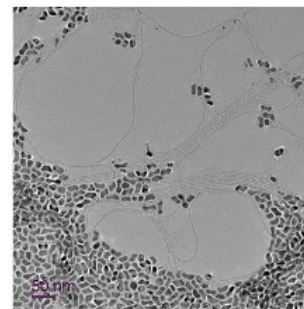
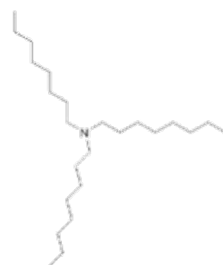
hexadecylamine



trioctylamine



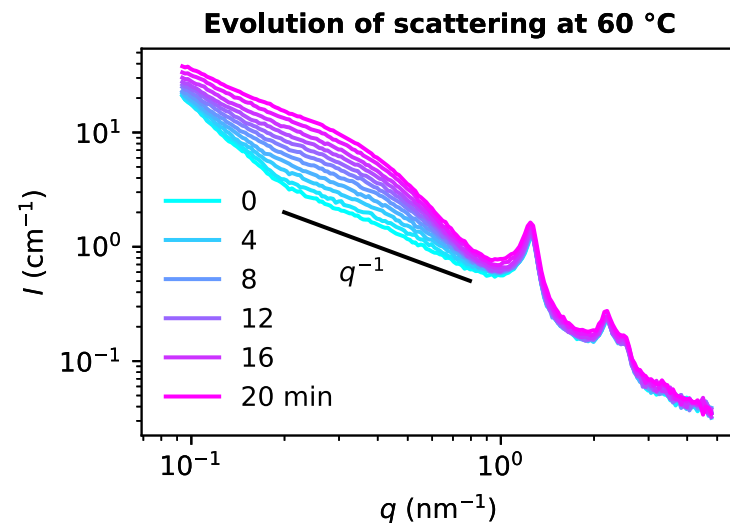
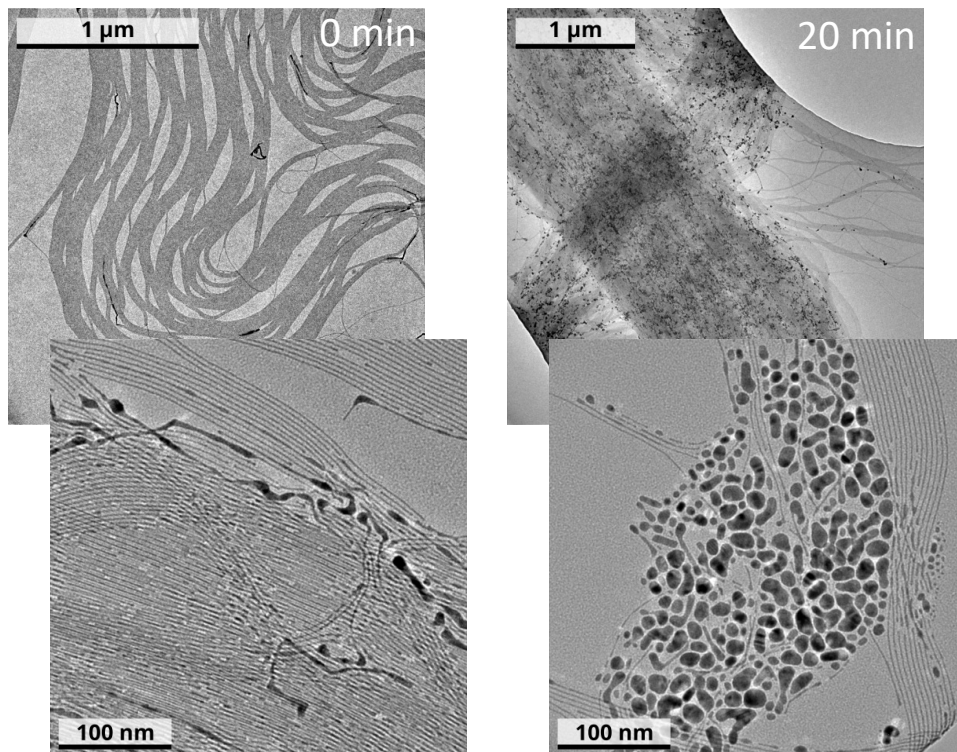
dodecylamine



2-phenylethenylamin

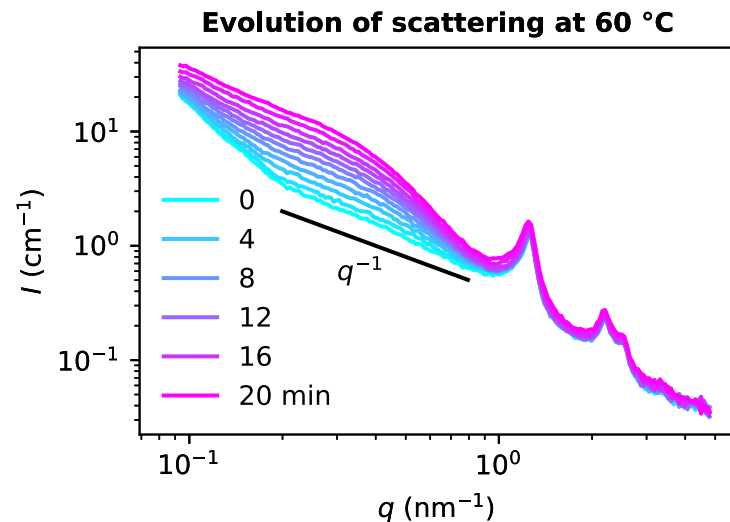
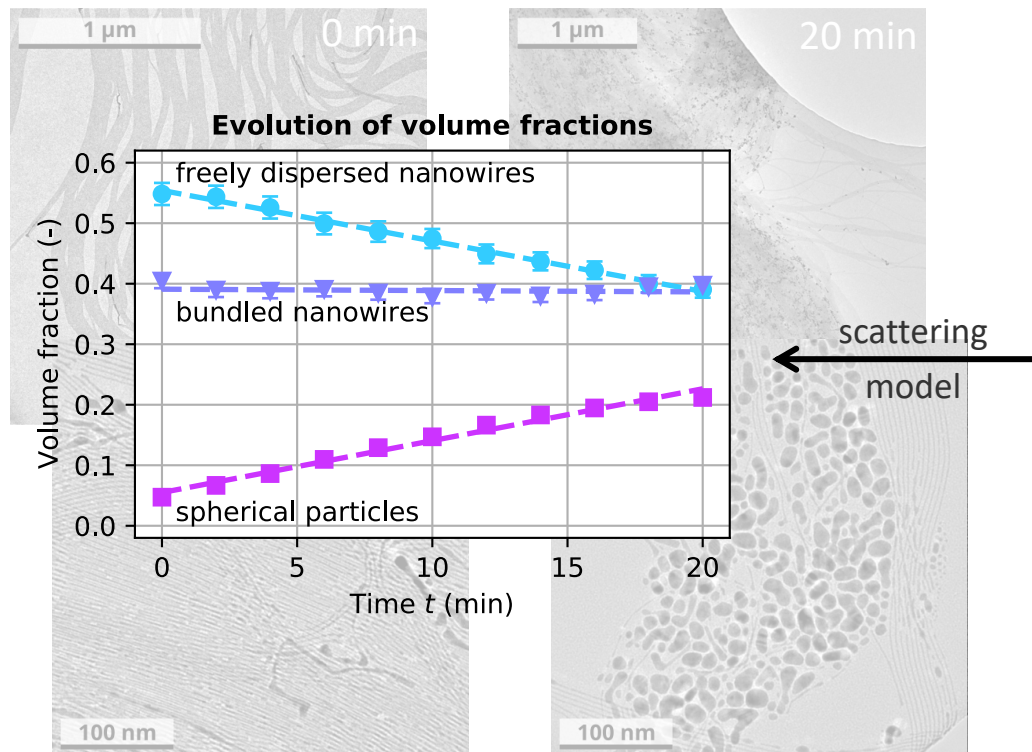
► 2. Stability of wires

Stability of wires in bundles



2. Stability of wires

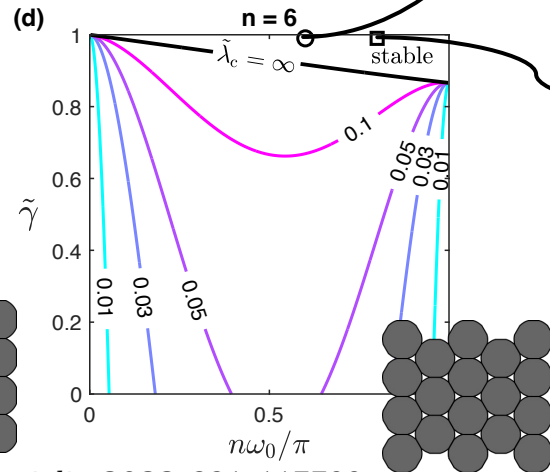
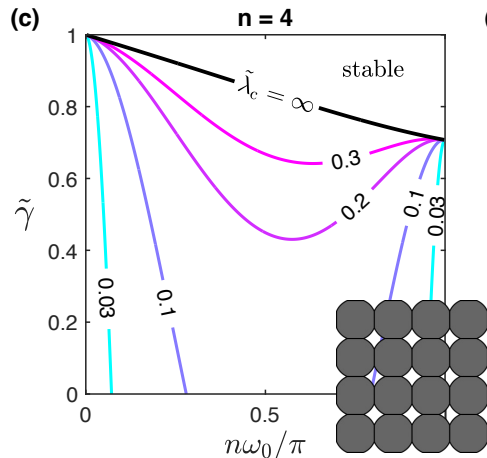
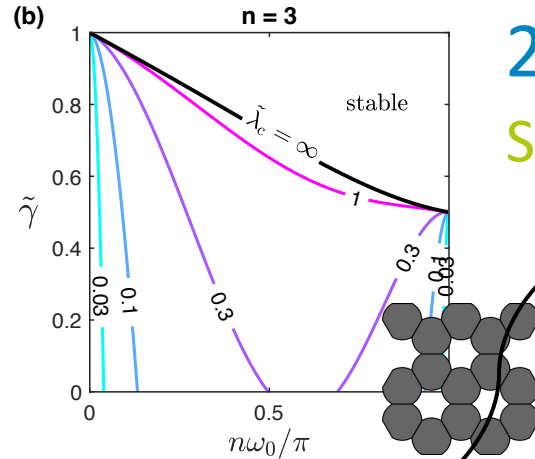
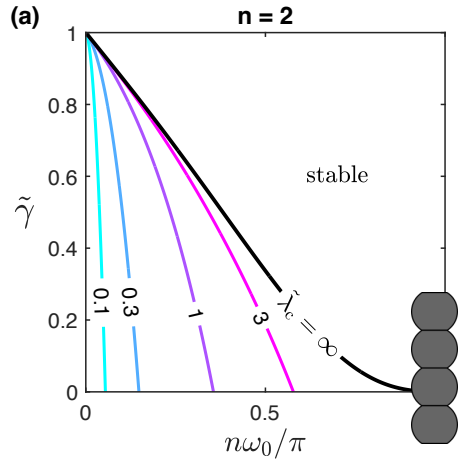
Stability of wires in bundles



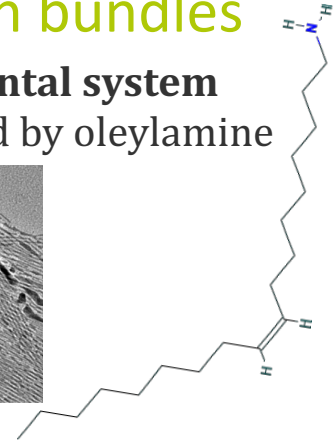
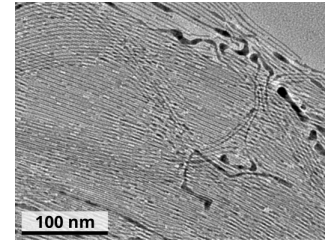


2. Stability of wires INM

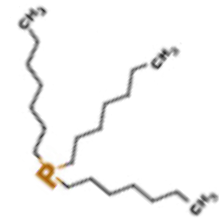
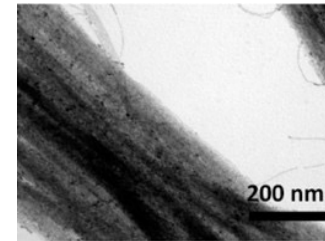
Stability of wires in bundles



Our experimental system
Au NWs capped by oleylamine



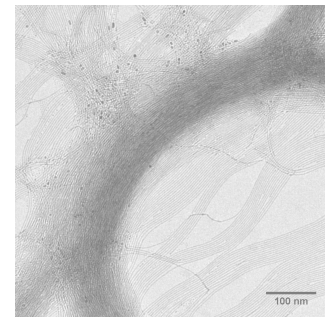
Nouh et al. Langmuir 2017
Au NWs capped by trioctylphosphine



► Structure of this talk

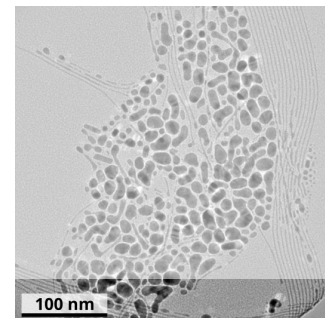
1. Assembling wires

Entropic agglomeration
Weaving hierarchical fibres



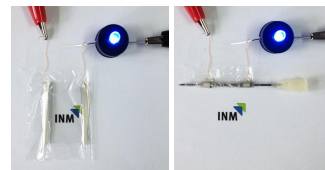
2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau
Stabilization mechanisms



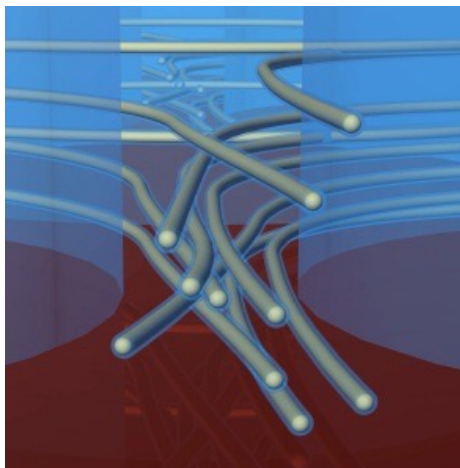
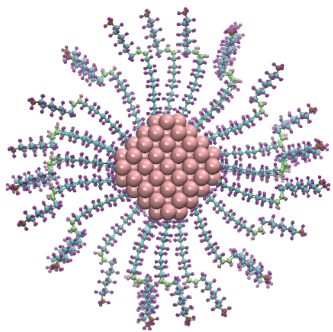
3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Printing wires as electrodes
Are wires or spheres better?

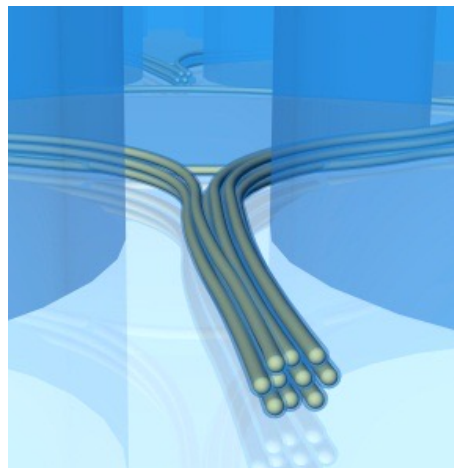


▶ 3. Transparent flexible electrodes

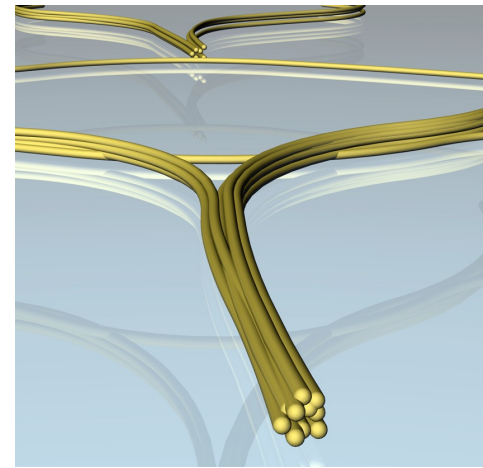
Printing wires as bundles



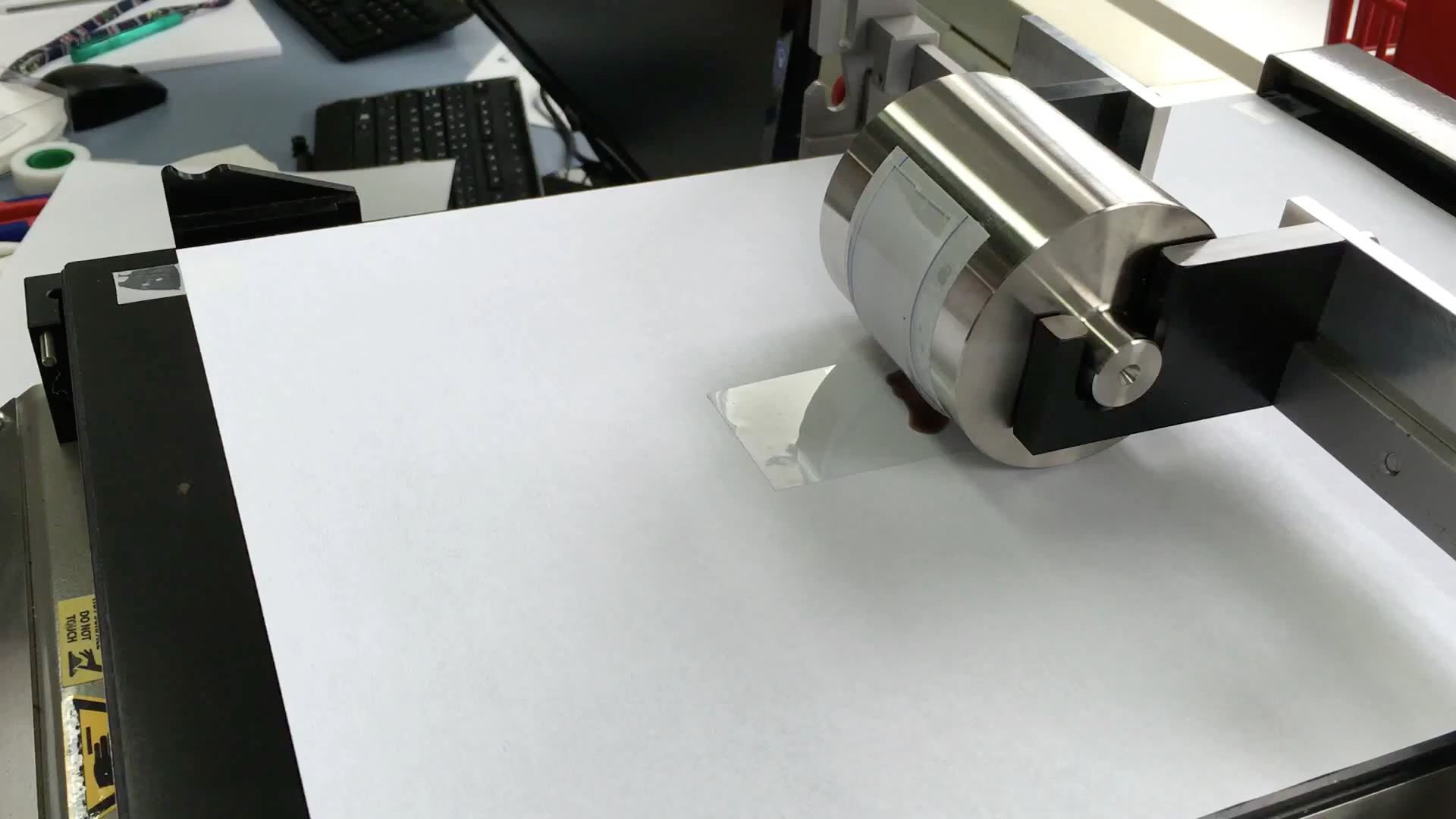
Dispersed wires
confined in a stamp...



...self-assemble into
hexagonal bundles...

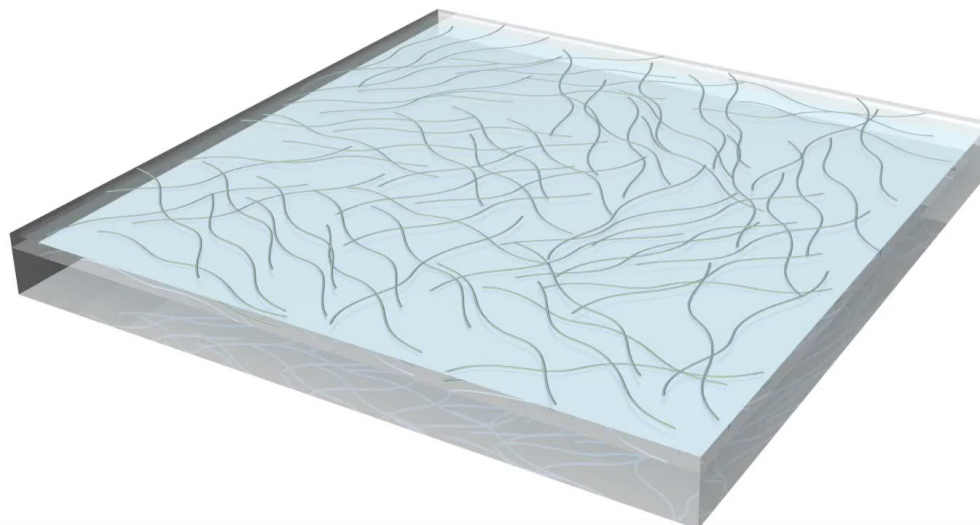


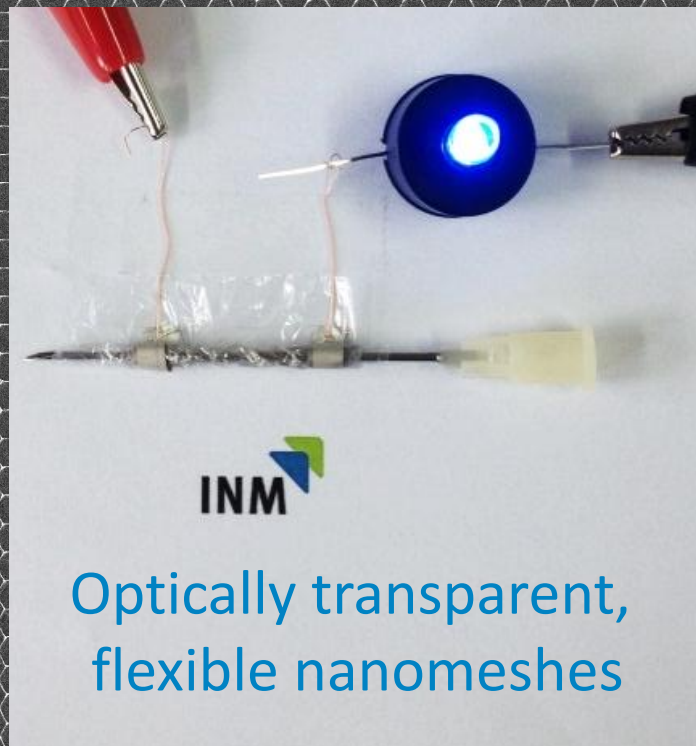
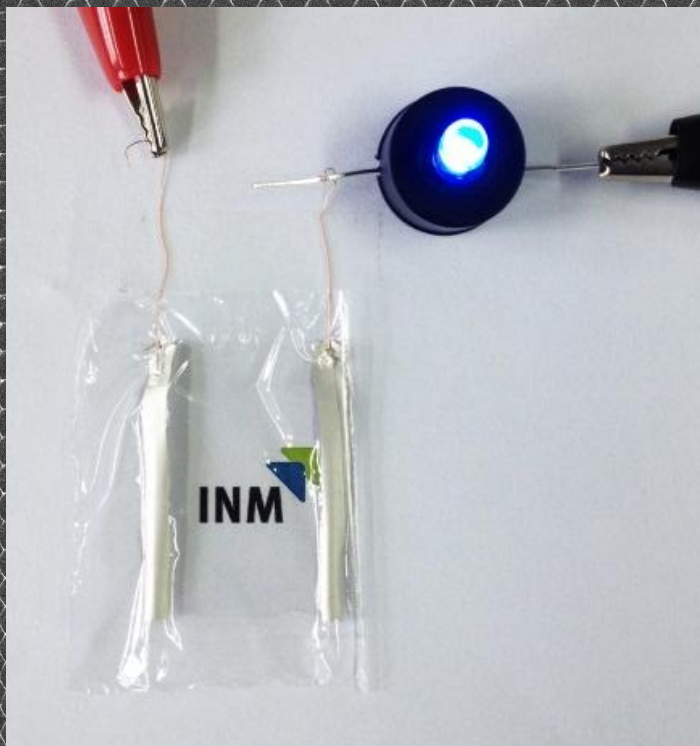
...that plasma sinters into
to percolating wires.



▶ 3. Transparent flexible electrodes

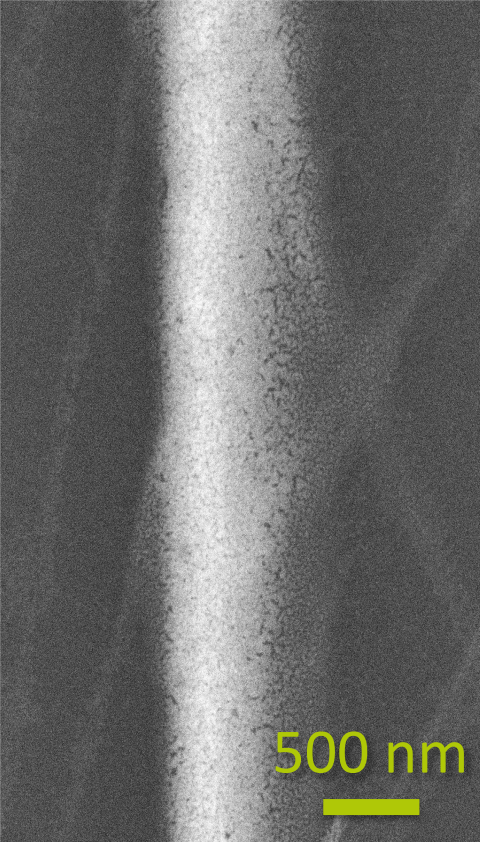
Printing wires as bundles



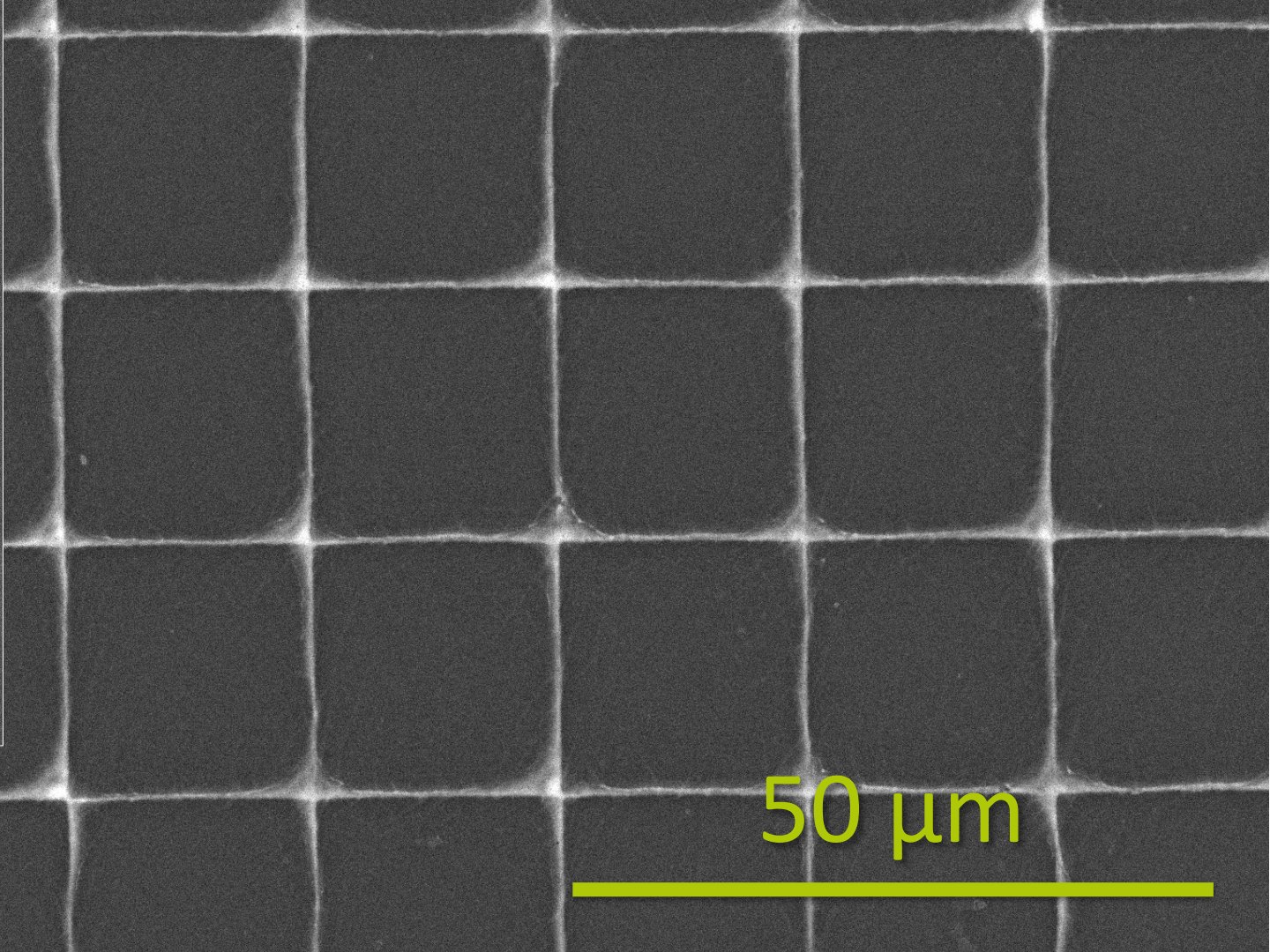
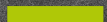


Optically transparent,
flexible nanomeshes

500 μm



500 nm

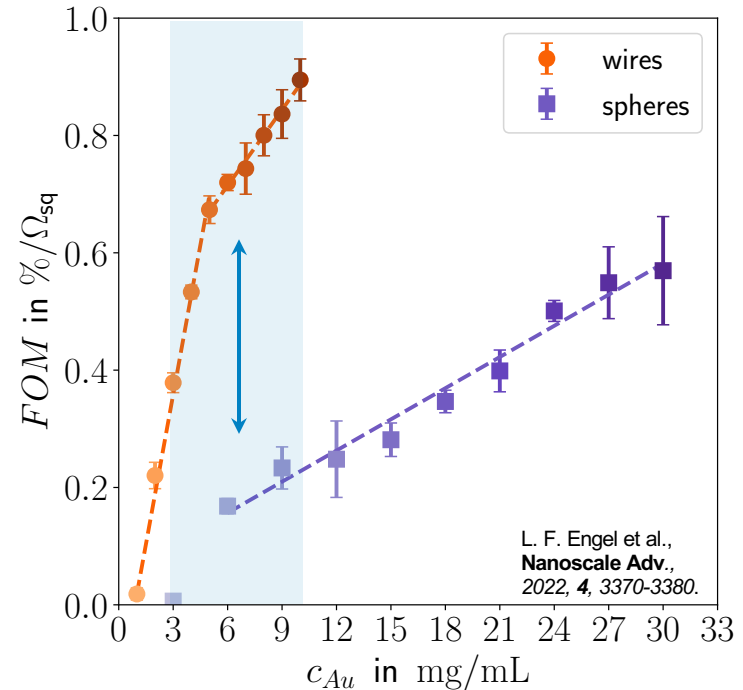
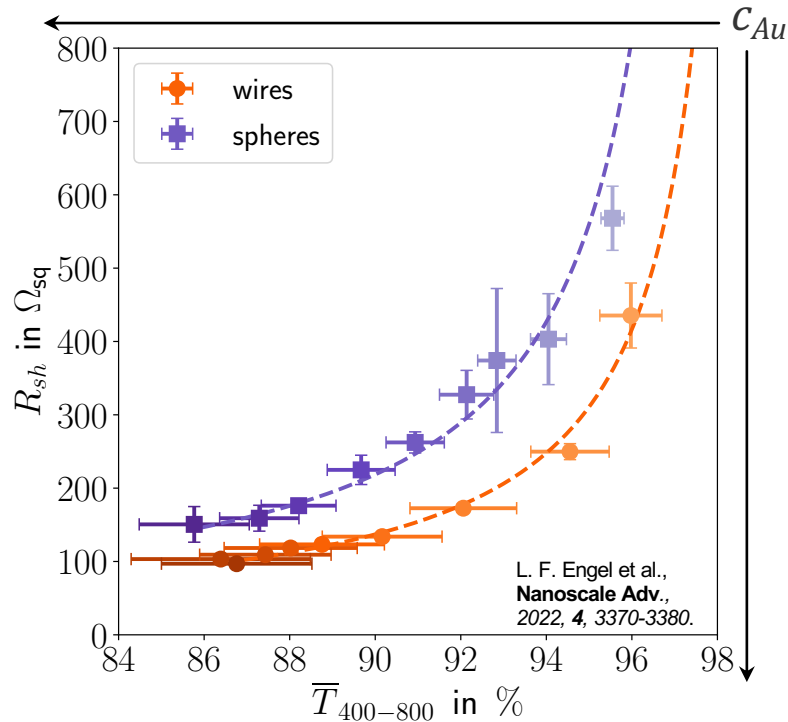


50 μm



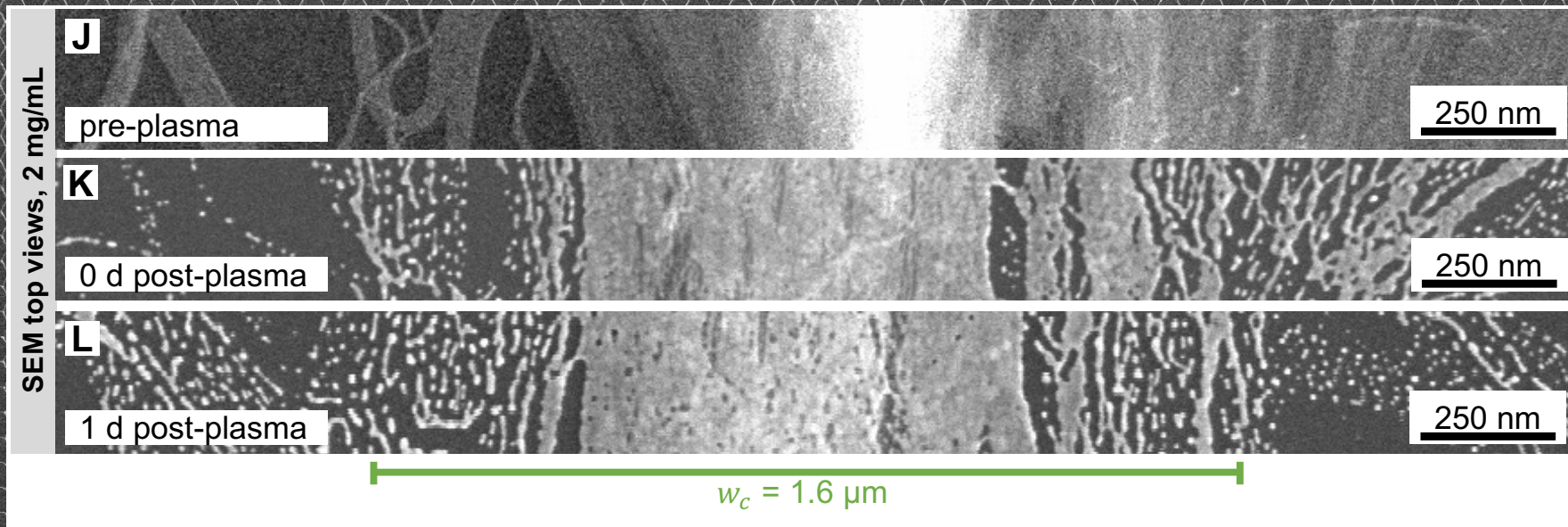
3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Printing wires versus spheres



3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Stability of wires in bundles

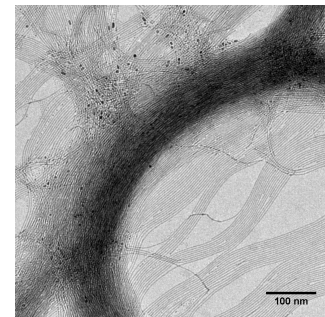


► Structure of this talk

1. Assembling wires

Entropic agglomeration

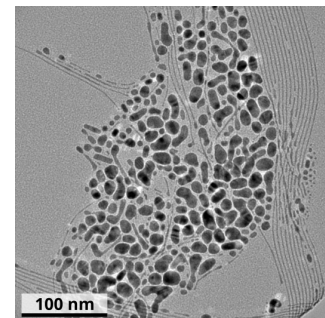
Weaving hierarchical bundles



2. Stability of wires

Fragmentation via Rayleigh-Plateau

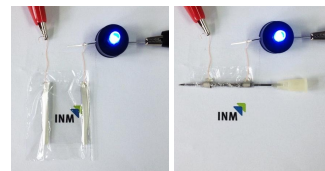
Stabilization mechanisms



3. Transparent flexible electrodes

Printing wires as electrodes

Are wires or spheres better?





 THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR ATTENTION



Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung

DFG



Bundesministerium
für Wirtschaft
und Energie

DAAD

