

# Quantum Criticality of Kondo Lattice Model: A Renormalization Group Study via Quantum non-Linear Sigma Model

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# I. Motivation

- Heavy fermion metals: canonical systems for the competition between local moments & conduction electrons
- Recent experiment on CePdAl, a heavy fermion metal with distorted Kagome lattice calls for an understanding of the AF to Ps transition and the interplay between spin frustration and Kondo interaction.



# II. Field Theory of Frustrated Kondo Lattice

#### QNLSM with Kondo coupling:

$$\begin{split} S = & S_c + S_n + S_K \\ S_c = & \sum_{k,\Omega} \psi^{\dagger}(-i\Omega + E_k)\psi \qquad \qquad c^2 \sim J_1 - 2J_2 - 4J_3 \\ S_n = & \frac{1}{2g} \int d^d x d\tau \left[ (\partial_{\tau} n)^2 + c^2 (\nabla n)^2 + (\nabla^2 n)^2 \right] \\ S_K = & \lambda_K \int_{x,\tau} \sum_{\alpha} \partial_{\alpha} n \cdot \psi^{\dagger} \tau \psi - \frac{\lambda_K \sqrt{d}}{c_0} \int_{x,\tau} (n \times i\partial_{\tau} n) \cdot \psi^{\dagger} \tau \psi \\ S_K = & \lambda_K \int_{x,\tau} \sum_{\alpha} \partial_{\alpha} n \cdot \psi^{\dagger} \tau \psi - \frac{\lambda_K \sqrt{d}}{c_0} \int_{x,\tau} (n \times i\partial_{\tau} n) \cdot \psi^{\dagger} \tau \psi \\ \int_{\vec{q} \approx \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \ll \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \ll \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \ll \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \ll \vec{Q}} \int_{\vec{q} \vec{Q}} \int_$$



Two different universality classes for different critical points: z=1 QCP and z=2 Lifshitz point.

#### II.2 RG with Fermi Surface

#### **Shankar Scaling**

- Fermion scaling dimension  $[\psi] = -\frac{3}{2}$ (Shankar, RMP, 1994)
- Valid when boson and fermion dynamics are consistent (z = 1)(S. Yamamoto and Q. Si PRB 2010)



# **Patch Scaling**

- Only same and opposite patches interact.
- Boson field is strongly coupled with FS at  $q \sim |\omega|^{\frac{1}{z}}$  along tangential directions of FS for z > 1



### II.3 RG of the QNLSM with Kondo Coupling

• At AFM and QCP (Shankar Scaling),

$$\beta(g) = -\epsilon g + g^2 \quad \beta(\lambda) = -\frac{1}{2}(\epsilon + g)\lambda - \lambda^3$$

Stable Small Fermi Surface across QCP:  $\Sigma(k_F, \Omega) \sim i |\Omega|^{d+\eta} sgn(\Omega)$ 



# III. Summary

- At AFM and QCP, Kondo coupling is irrelevant and the FS remains small across the QCP
- At the Lifshitz point, relevant Kondo coupling flows to a NFL fixed point (LP=NFL).
- Provide the theoretical basis for AFM to P<sub>s</sub> transition and frustrated Kondo lattice.

