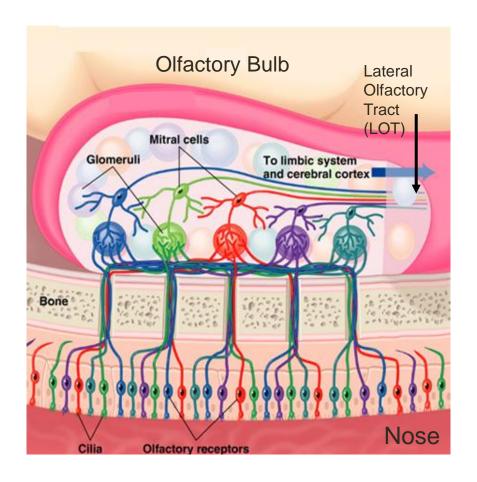




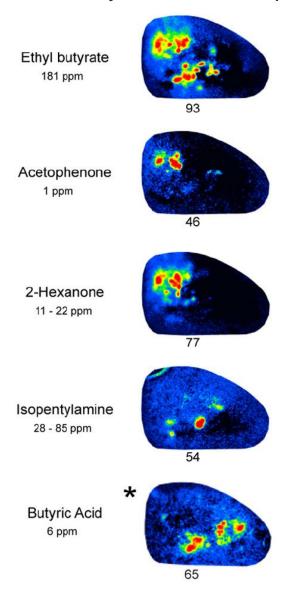
Spatial profiles of inhibition in piriform cortex

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Spatial representation of odors



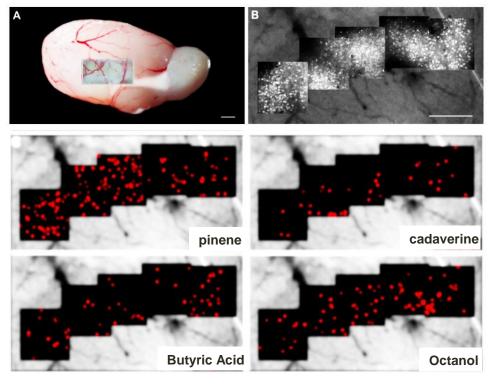
Olfactory Bulb Odor Maps



Wachowiak et al., 2013

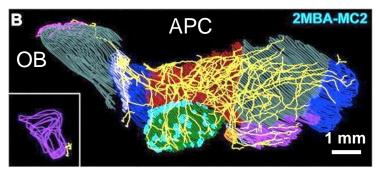
Non-topographic odor responses in piriform cortex are supported by excitatory circuitry

Piriform Cortex



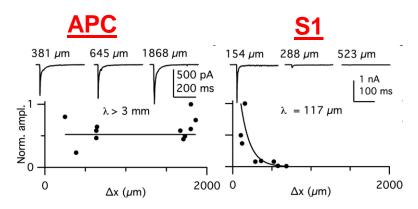
Stettler and Axel, 2009

Axonal projection of a mitral cell



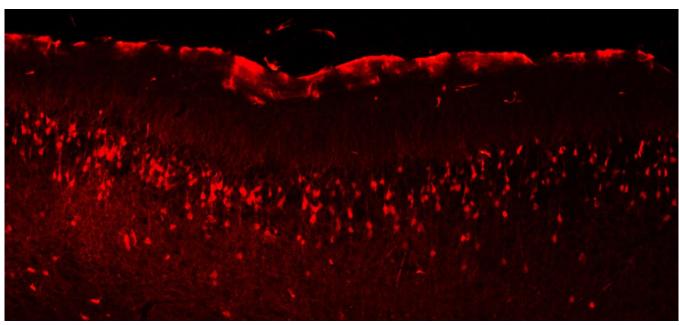
Igarashi et al. 2012

Uniform Intracortical Excitatory Connections



Franks et al., 2011

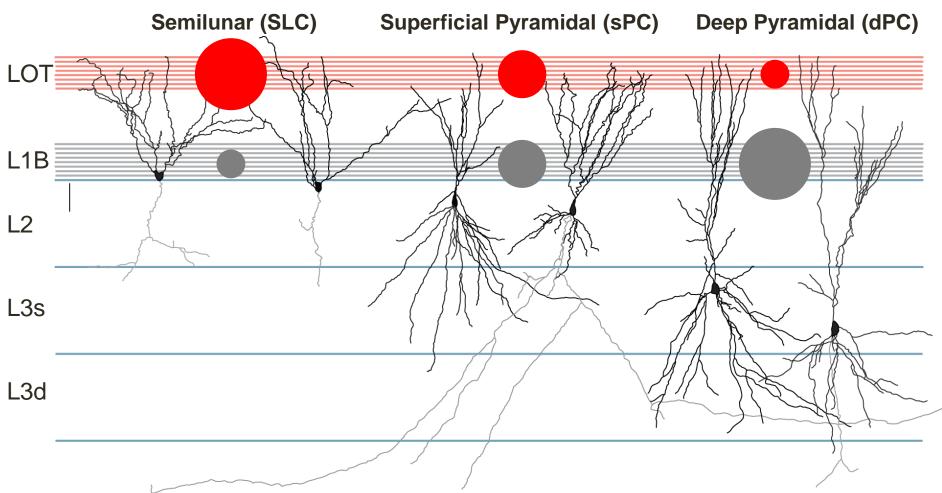
Distributed cortical activity



Sagittal slice of APC

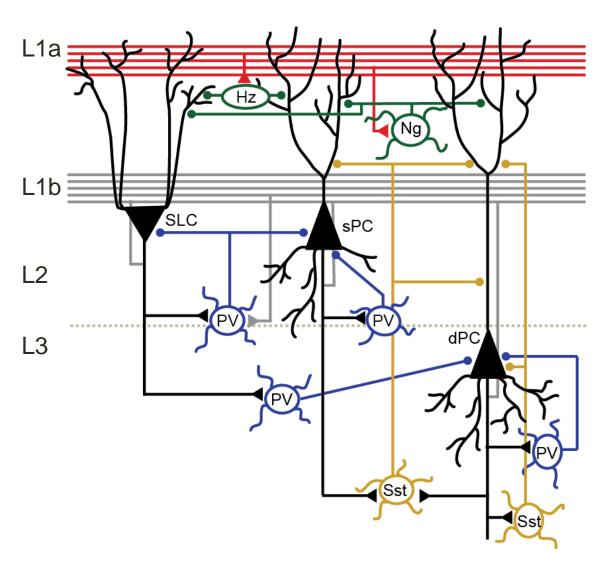
TRAP- "Targeted recombination in activated neurons" during exploration in a novel environment (fos-creER^{T2}::tdTom mice)

Excitation in Piriform Cortex



Class specific differences intrinsic properties, afferent and intracortical excitation

Laminar Distributions of Interneuron Classes



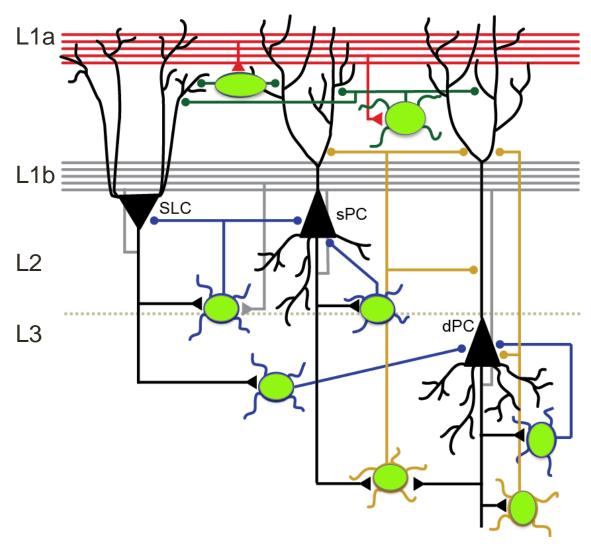
Feed forward inhibition

- Strongest excitation from L1a
- Dendritic
- L1 interneurons
- Horizontal and Neurogliaform

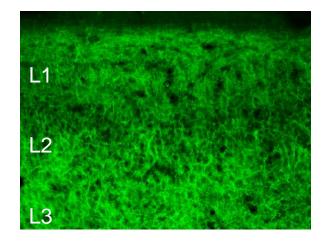
Feedback/Recurrent inhibition

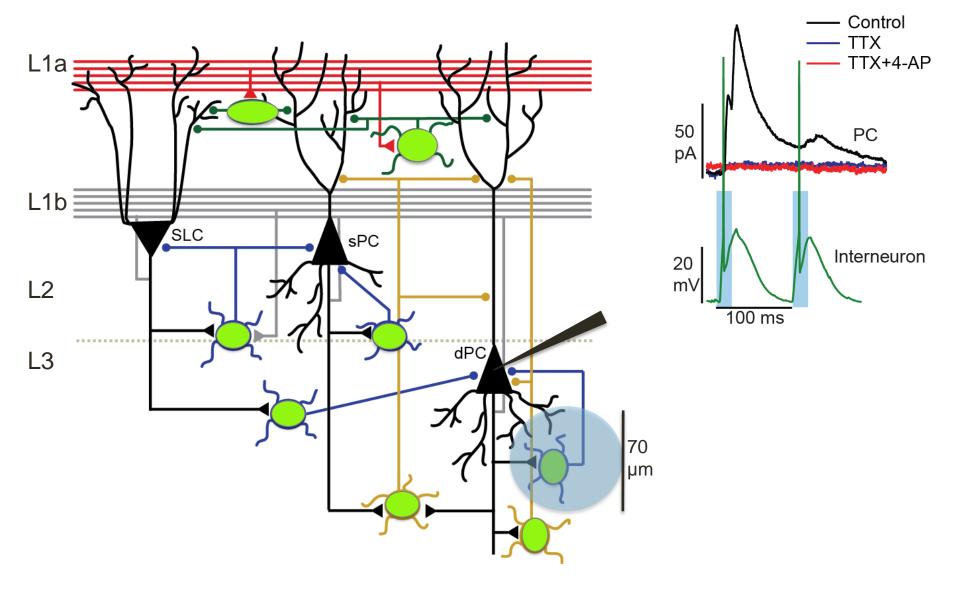
- Excitation from L1b, L3
- Somatic
- L2/3 interneurons
- Parvalbumin (fMP)
- Somatostatin (rMP)

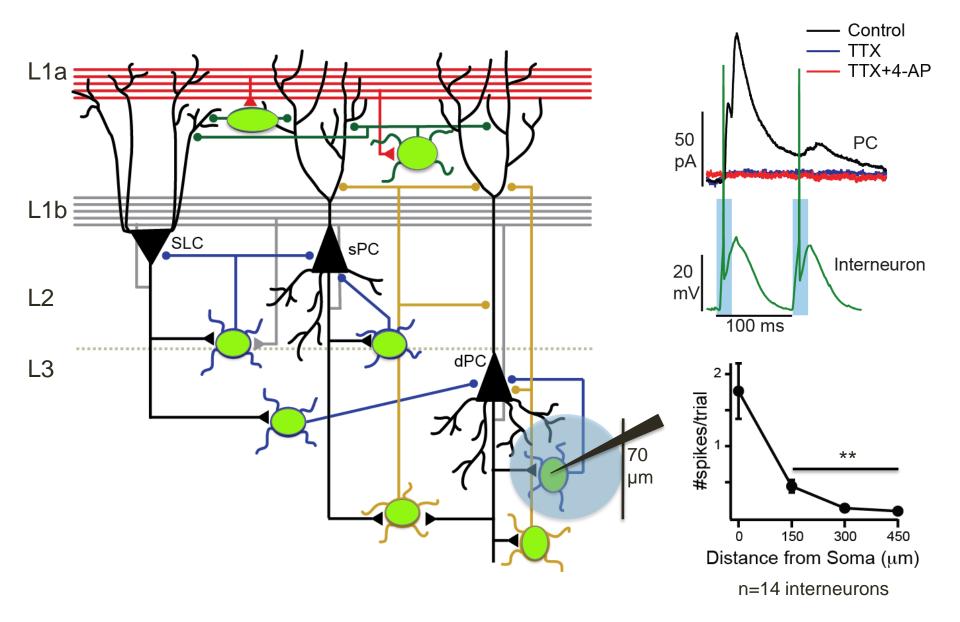
Suzuki and Bekkers, 2010 a,b; 2012

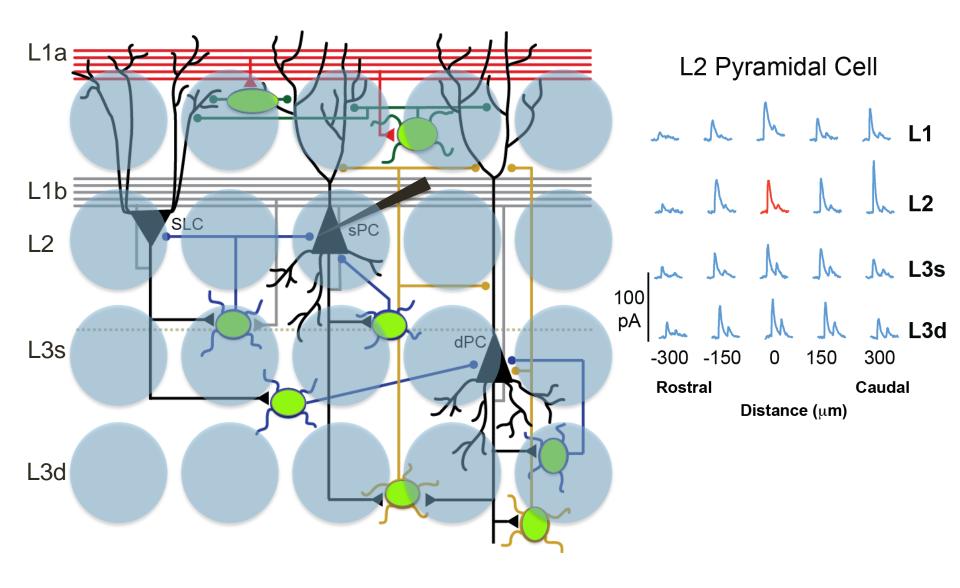


Optogenetic activation of interneurons in vGAT-ChR2 mice

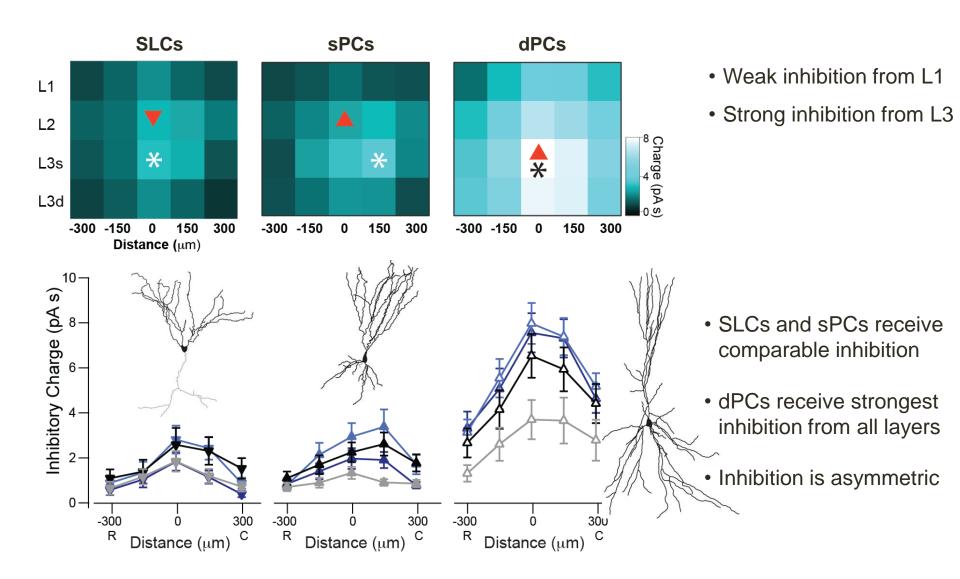




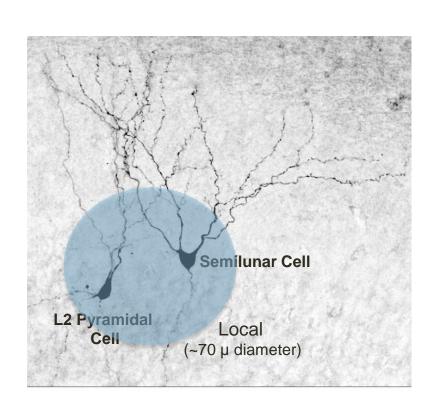


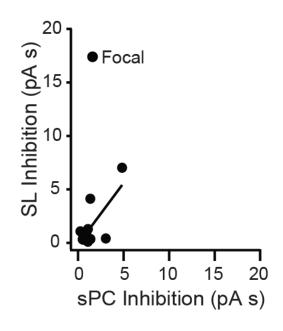


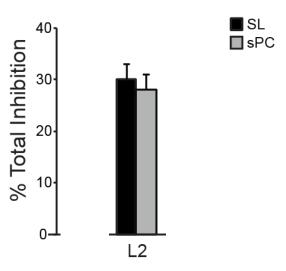
Spatial profile of inhibition in piriform cortex



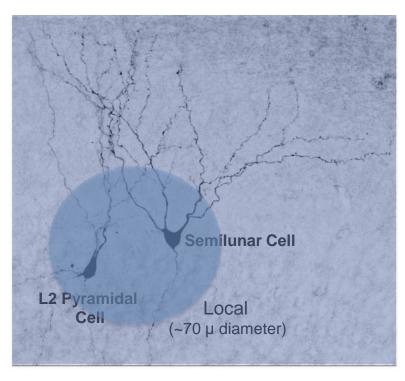
Differential inhibition of SLCs and sPCs



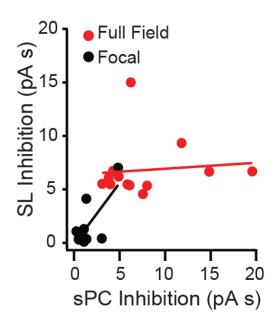


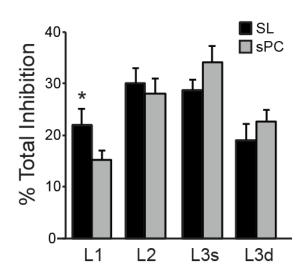


Differential inhibition of SLCs and sPCs

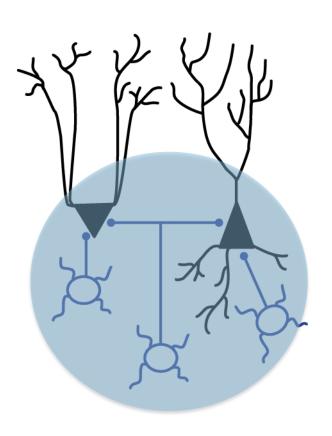


Global (full field)



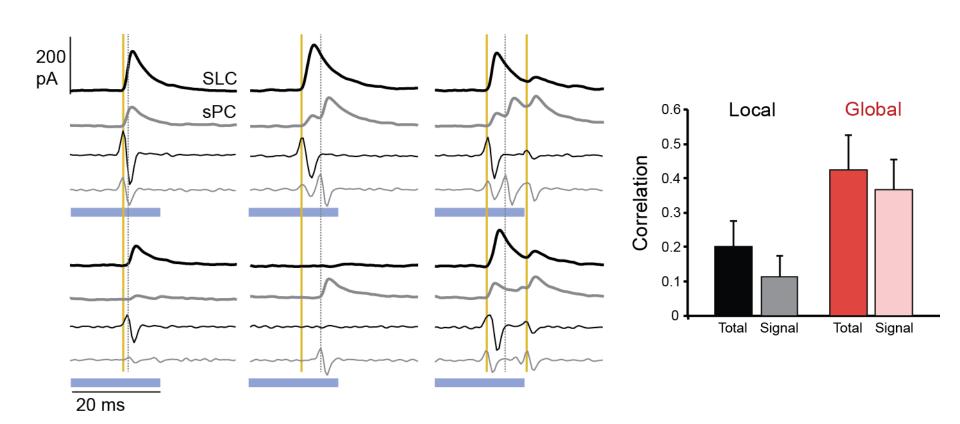


Sources of correlation

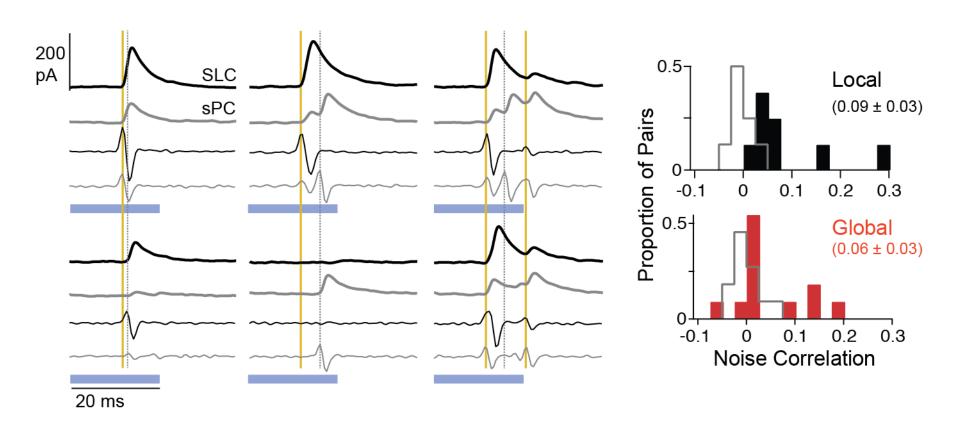


- Shared presynaptic neuron
 - Within trial correlations
 - "Noise Correlations"
 - Total correlation signal correlation
- Simultaneously activated presynaptic pool
 - Across trial correlations
 - "Signal Correlations"

Trial-by-trial correlations in IPSC onsets in SLC-sPC pairs

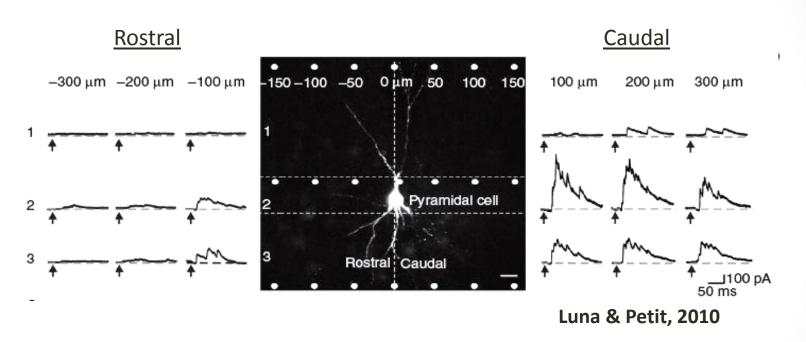


SLCs and sPCs receive inhibition from overlapping but distinct interneuron populations

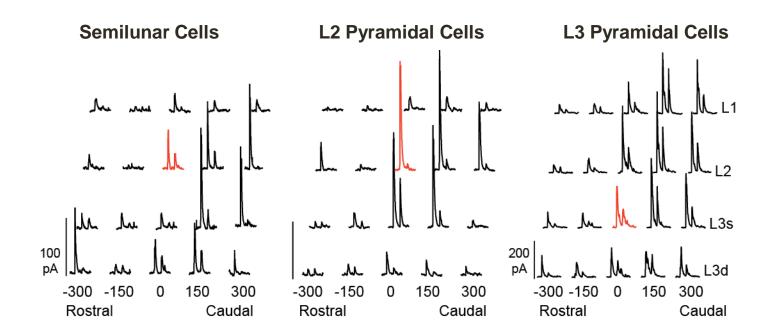


Asymmetric spatial profile of Inhibition in APC

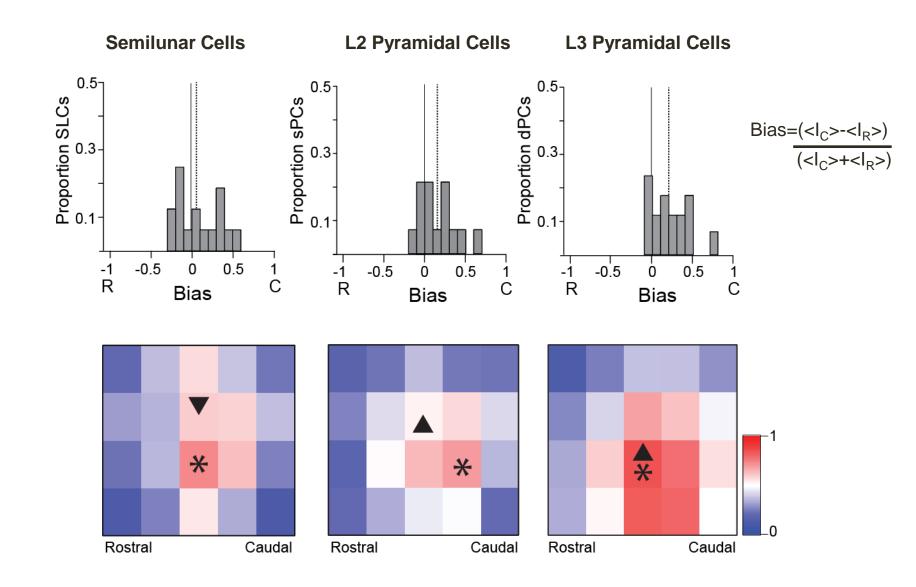
L2 Pyramidal cells receive more inhibition from *caudal* stimulation sites



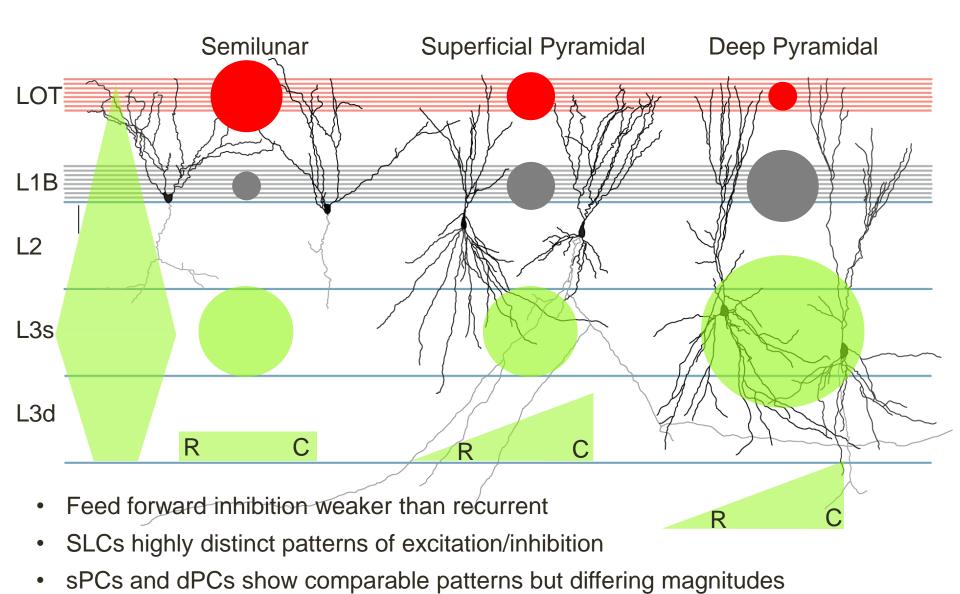
Rostral-caudal inhibitory asymmetry



Asymmetric inhibition in PCs but not SLCs



Inhibition in Piriform Cortex



How do spatial patterns of inhibition arise?

1) More inhibition in L3 neurons than L2

More interneurons in Layer 3 than in Layers 1 and 2.

Densities (mm ⁻³)		Interneuron classes in Piriform Cortex					
	СВ	CR	PV	CCK	NPY	SOM	-
la	490 ± 276	114 ± 66	238 ± 168	0	0	84 ± 55	L1: 1840
lb	107 ± 85	644 ± 192	50 ± 50	26 ± 26	87 ± 87	0	
lla	315 ± 195	3838 ± 1134	475 ± 283	362 ± 185	88 ± 88	194 ± 90	L2: 20839
IIb	5505 ± 1138	3940 ± 585	2921 ± 943	1369 ± 322	68 ± 68	1046 ± 329	LZ. 20033
III	12280 ± 1637	1855 ± 184	4723 ± 317	602 ± 141	541 ± 68	6143 ± 912	12, 52027
En	9260 ± 340	2273 ± 463	2277 ± 646	506 ± 89	1105 ± 309	11262 ± 587	L3: 52827

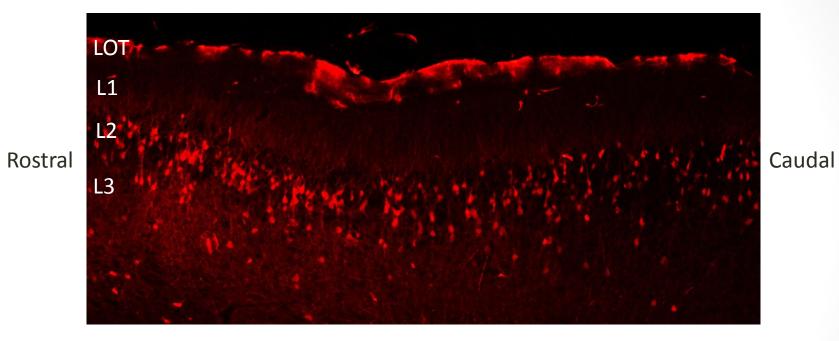
Suzuki and Bekkers, 2010

2) Asymmetric inhibition (ongoing)

- X Number of interneurons increase along rostral-caudal axis
- X The strength of unitary inhibitory connections increases along R-C axis
- ✓ Disinhibitory circuitry (See Poster 12)

Speculations....

cFos Activation Novel Environment



- Superficial to deep activity gradients
- Rostral-Caudal activity gradients
- Semilunar cells?

Acknowledgements



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