

# Particle Physics at the NSF

## Keith R. Dienes

Program Director Theoretical High-Energy Physics and Cosmology

Also representing ...

- Marv Goldberg, Saul Gonzalez, Randy Ruchti (Experimental HEP)
- Jean Cottam Allen, Jim Whitmore (Experimental Particle Astro/Cosmo)



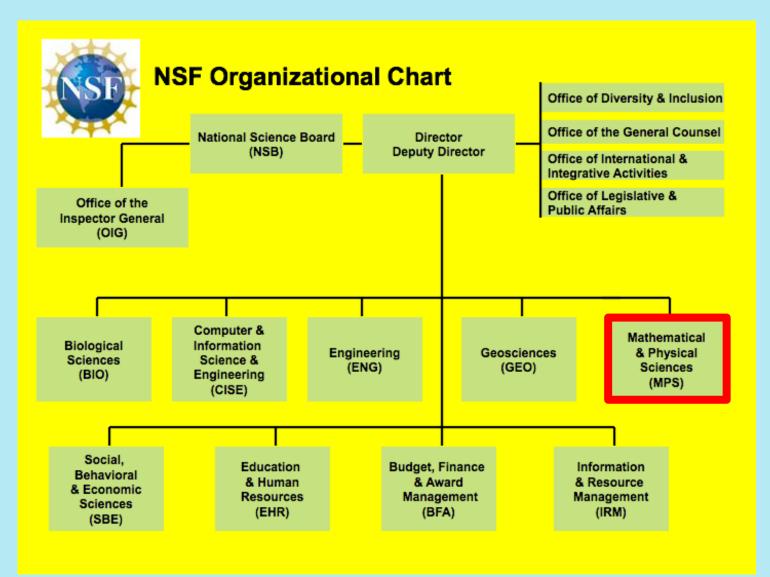
# Our DNA (just to remind you)

- **NSF Mission (1950 NSF Act of Congress):** "to promote the progress of science; to advance the national health, prosperity, and welfare; to secure the national defense; and for other purposes..."
  - Empowering university-based investigators
  - Educating and training an exceptional and diverse scientific workforce
  - Adding value through partnerships and broadening participation
- We do not operate alone
  - Our programs are coordinated with other U.S. and non-U.S. agencies and organizations.
  - We solicit advice concerning scientific issues and strategic directions from advisory committees such as HEPAP, P5, AAAC, NSAC, National Academy of Sciences, etc.
- Our *Modus Operandi*: **We fund grant proposals**, evaluating them through both intrinsic and comparative peer review according to "NSB review criteria"
  - What is the Intellectual Merit?
  - What are the Broader Impacts?
- By and large, we aim to fund the most compelling scientific research and education/outreach activities without preconceived preferences as to direction or scope: "Science for its own sake"



# **Our Structure**

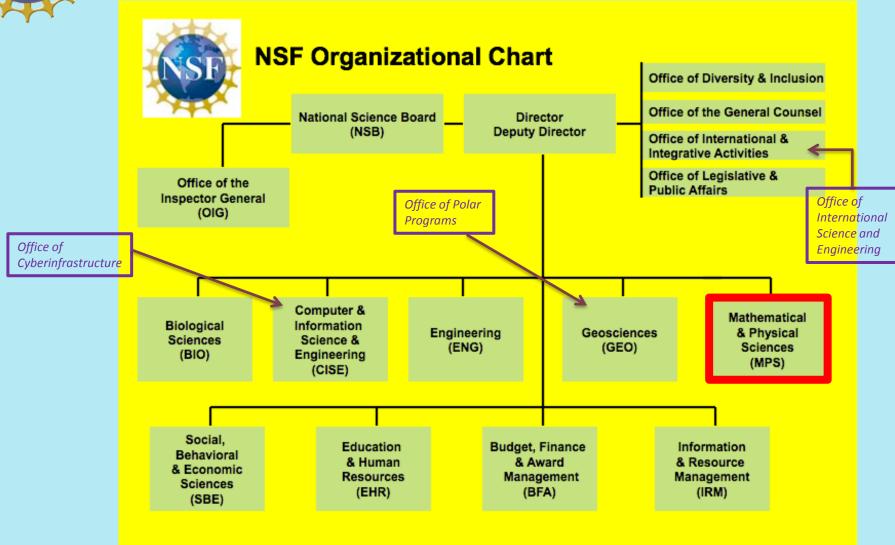
(it's new and improved for 2013 ... can you spot the changes?)





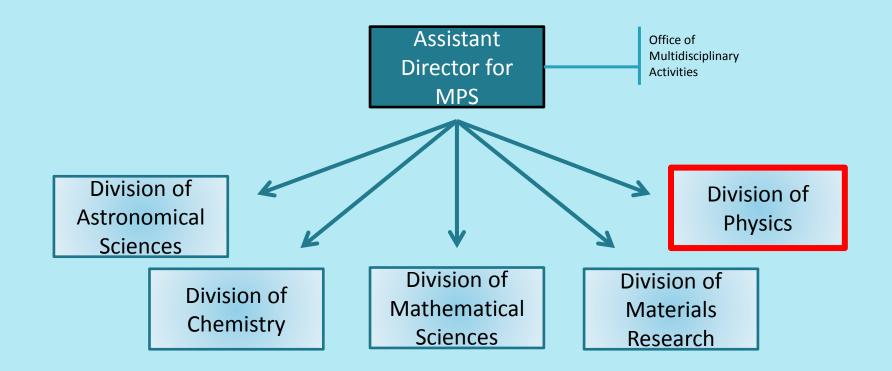
# **Our Structure**

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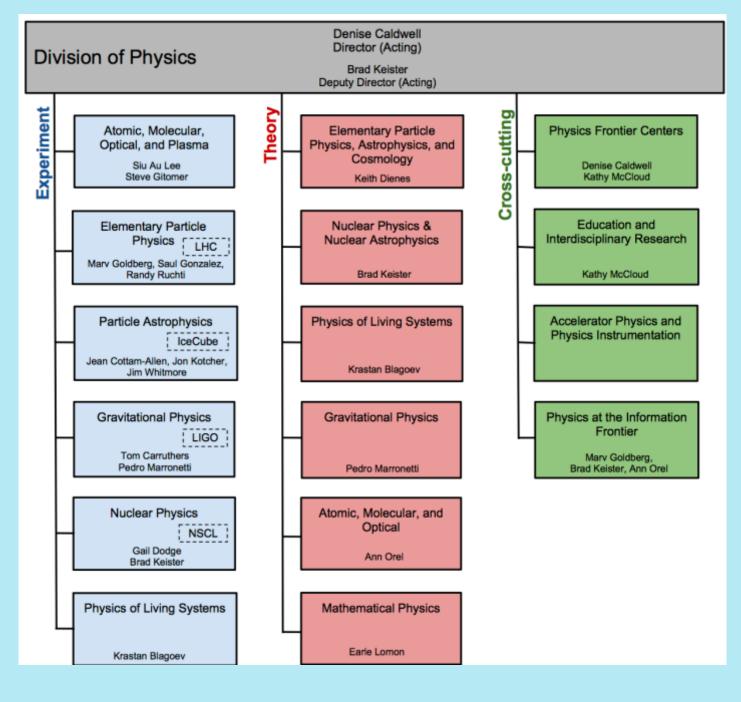




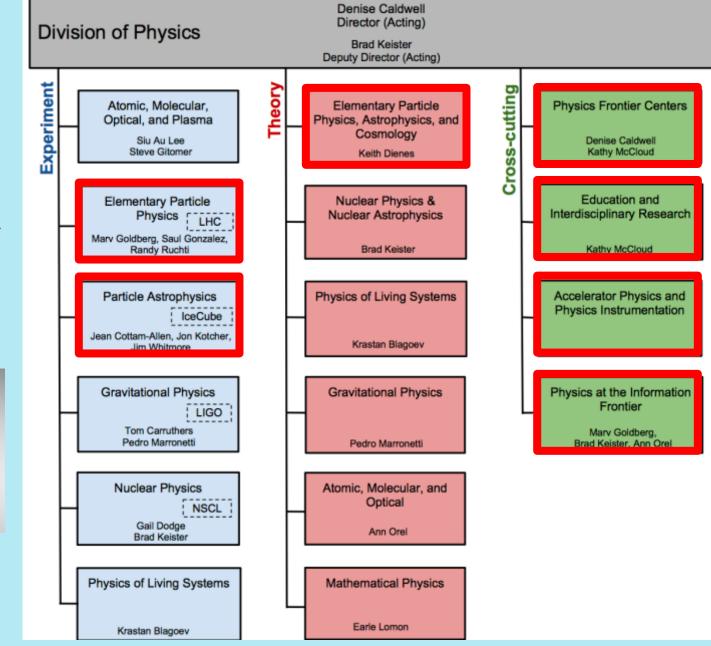
# MPS has its own substructure...











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**Particle** 

**Physics at** 





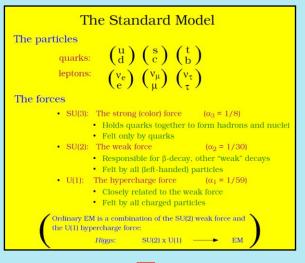
Particle physics is one of several dominant components within the Physics Division portfolio.

We at NSF are very proud of this, as there are excellent reasons why this should be so!

To be blunt:



## Several undeniable facts worth repeating:

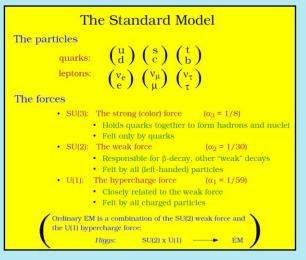


(my 30-second "elevator speech")

 The Standard Model is nothing less than an encapsulation of all of humanity's current knowledge of the fundamental laws of physics. It successfully and compactly describes literally all relevant accelerator data which has ever been collected. Its development is therefore one of the triumphs of 20<sup>th</sup>-century physics.



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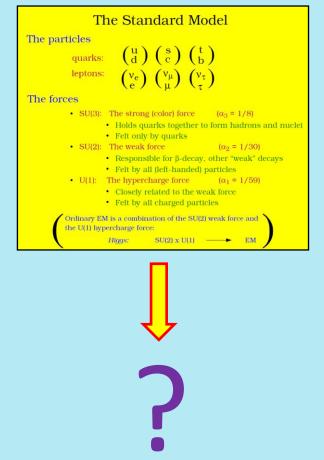
Keith R. Dienes, Snowmass on the Pacific, KITP, UCSB, 5/29/2013 (my 30-second "elevator speech")

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*Editorial Comment*: It is important to pause for a moment to contemplate how profound such a statement is. As high-energy physicists, we are the inheritors of 2000 years of the reductionist approach to science, stretching in one uninterrupted line from the ancient Greeks (earth, wind, water, and fire) through Newton and Maxwell and Einstein all the way to the Standard Model. When we say something like this --- namely that the SM is nothing less than an encapsulation of all of humanity's current knowledge of the fundamental laws of physics --- we are therefore really making a statement of a sort that no other branch of science can make. Certainly all branches of science are interesting and hold intellectual merit ---- indeed, the range of phenomena exhibited by the universe is huge and worthy of study. But we are not just another interesting branch of science ---- we are unique in that we are the only searchers for and discoverers of *new physical law* at the fundamental level. As high-energy physicists, we do not stress this enough, but it is worth bearing in mind.



## Several undeniable facts worth repeating:



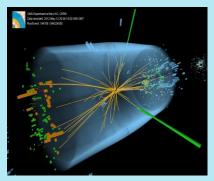
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- The Standard Model is nothing less than an encapsulation of all of humanity's current knowledge of the fundamental laws of physics. It successfully and compactly describes literally all relevant accelerator data which has ever been collected. Its development is therefore one of the triumphs of 20<sup>th</sup>-century physics.
- However, for approximately 35 years, our understanding of what might lie *beyond* the Standard Model has awaited the development of a new accelerator with sufficient energy to probe more deeply into the structure of matter and its interactions.
- Finally, that wait is over. Nature is "talking" again! This is therefore truly a special time for our field.



# The 2010's will be the Decade of the LHC!

Data from the LHC will be truly transformational.



Coming soon to NSF: MPS Distinguished Lecture by Joe Incandela (3/25/2013)

- **Discovery of the Higgs:** First step towards unravelling the mechanism behind electroweak symmetry breaking and the origins of mass
- Direct confrontation with the hierarchy problem: SUSY, extra dimensions, new kinds of strong interactions... a deeper understanding of *naturalness*

The consequences of these efforts have the potential to reach from present-day energy scales all the way to the highest fundamental energy scales --- namely those associated with grand unification, quantum gravity, and even string theory.

The end result will be nothing less than the establishment of the *next* Standard Model, appropriate for the new energy frontier that the LHC will be exploring.



75% DARK

21% DARK

Stars, planets,

and **us** 



- Likewise, the Standard Model and the "normal" matter it describes are not all there is. Dark matter and dark energy also transcend the SM, and are dominant slices of the cosmic pie.
  - Finally, particle physics also has increasing synergistic connections to "neighboring" fields
    - e.g., Nuclear physics ... strong-interaction physics, heavy ions, quark-gluon plasma, RHIC...
    - Astrophysics and Cosmology ... history of the universe and its present-day phenomena

Many exciting
developments
await!





As a result, a "golden age" for particle physics has begun and NSF is playing an active role in supporting these efforts.

<u>On the theoretical side</u>, our PI's are developing and investigating most of the theoretical possibilities that will soon be tested...

- Alternative Higgs structures (little Higgs, twin Higgs, inert doublet models, etc.)
- New models of dark matter (to explain existing results and interpret upcoming data)
- **Studies of metastability** (opens up whole new classes of SUSY theories to potential phenomenological relevance)
- AdS/CFT, AdS/QCD, AdS/CondMat (new mathematical techniques for studying theories that were previously beyond calculational accessibility)
- New software codes and refinements for studying collider processes (Pythia, MadGraph, ... new emphasis on correctly modeling hadronization and fragmentation, *essential for precision calculations*!) and for studying strong interactions (improved techniques in lattice gauge theory)
- New kinds of gravity theories (DGP, Horava-Lifshitz, ...)
- New kinds of particles ("unparticles": scale-invariant even though massive a new type of matter!)
- New approaches to explaining flavor hierarchies (flavor symmetries, "warped flavor", etc.)
- New kinds of spacetime structures (non-commutativity, M2 branes, Bagger-Lambert theory, ...)
- New connections between string theory and inflation (deriving de Sitter vacua from strings, ...)
- Neutrino oscillations and implications for various GUT scenarios
- Novel cosmologies (non-thermal histories, new inflationary scenarios, quintessence, alternate theories of structure formation, brane worlds, ...)
- Even new approaches to the fundamental "why?" questions (Why three generations? Why four kinds of forces? ... Alternative universes, string landscape studies, the cosmological-constant problem... )

Program Director

Keith Dienes



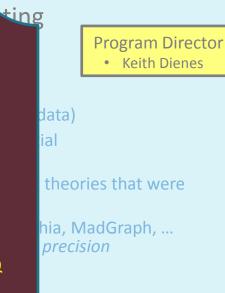
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#### **Program Statistics**

- 104 grants, including
  - 13 CAREER awards
- 186 Pl's and co-Pl's
- approx. 50 postdocs
- approx. 50 graduate students
- 29 theory groups of 3 or more Pl's
- Program also funds (in whole or in part): Aspen Center for Physics, LHC Theory Initiative, CTEQ collaboration and summer school, String Vacuum Project, TASI summer school



e – a new type of matter!) 'warped flavor", etc.)

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#### University Theory Groups funded

- UC Berkeley (partial)
- **Buffalo**
- U. Chicago (partial)
- Cornell
- **CUNY City College/Lehman**
- Dartmouth
- Harvard
- Institute for Advanced Study (partial)
- UC Irvine
- Johns Hopkins
- U. Kentucky
- U. Maryland
- U. Mass.-Amherst
- U. Miami
- Michigan State (partial)
- Northeastern
- Notre Dame
- NYU
- Penn State (partial)
- U. Pittsburgh (partial)
- Princeton
- UC Santa Barbara
- Stanford
- **Stony Brook**
- Texas A&M
- **UT** Austin
- Tufts
- UCLA (partial)
- University of the Pacific

ector



On the experimental HEP side, NSF also funds a rich program which spans all three particle-physics frontiers and transcends international boundaries...

#### **Program Directors**

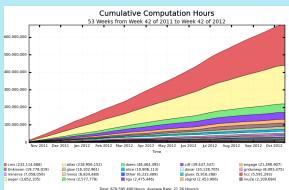
- Marv Goldberg
- Saul Gonzalez
- Randy Ruchti

- LHC (Switzerland/France)
  - Energy frontier (ATLAS, CMS)
  - Intensity/precision frontier (LHCb)
- Neutrino experiments (US, Japan)
  - Neutrino oscillations (MINOS, MINOS+, NOvA, MINERvA, LBNE, SuperK, Mini/MicroBOONE, ARGONeut, ...)
- Precision measurements
  - Muon g-2, mu2e (US)
  - Belle-II (Japan), BES-III (China)
- Detector/instrumentation R&D
  - LHC upgrades, ILC, diamond detectors, Large Optical Array, etc.
- Accelerator research
  - CESR TA, muon colliders, plasma acceleration, SRF, etc.
- HEP Computing (Big Data), Data Preservation, Open Access ...
  - Open Science Grid
  - Tier II Centers
- Legacy Experiments (US)
  - Tevatron @ Fermilab (CDF, D0)
  - BaBar @ SLAC
  - CLEO-c



ATLAS detector at CERN







On the experimental HEP side, NSF also funds a rich program which spans all three <u>particle-physics</u> frontiers and

49 regular base grants

176 graduate students

11 CAREER awards

**Program Statistics** 

104 postdocs

#### LHC (Swit •

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  - Neutr
  - LBNE.
- Precision I •
  - Muon
  - Belle-
- Detector/i •
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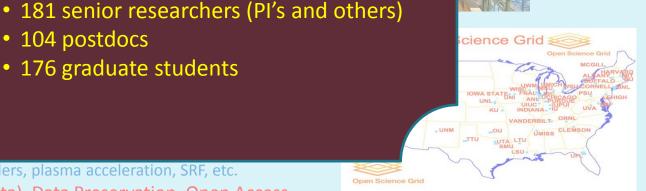
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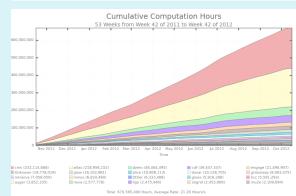
#### **Program Directors**

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ATLAS detector at CERN







## On the experimental PA/Cosmo side, NSF also funds a rich program at both the Cosmic and Intensity Frontiers...

#### At the Cosmic Frontier...

- **Dark matter** •
  - Direct detection (underground experiments)
  - Indirect detection (VERITAS, IceCube)
- Dark energy --- Experimental efforts on LSST (NSF/AST-led)
- Cosmology •
- High-energy particles (cosmic rays,  $\gamma$ -rays, neutrinos) •

#### At the Intensity Frontier...

- Neutrino mass
- Neutrinoless double beta decay
- Non-accelerator (and solar) neutrinos ٠

#### All to address very fundamental questions...

- What are the origins of the Universe? How did it evolve to its present state?
- What is the particle nature of Dark Matter (and Dark Energy)? ٠
- How can cosmic messengers (cosmic rays,  $\gamma$ -rays, neutrinos) be used to probe the high-energy ٠ phenomena of the universe, both nearby and distant (i.e., hot)?
- What are the energy mechanisms at work inside extreme objects (Sun, Earth, supernovae)?
- Complementary methods to address particle-physics questions: Masses and properties of ٠ neutrinos? Leptogenesis as origin of CP violation? etc.



#### **Program Directors**

- Jean Cottam Allen
- Jim Whitmore



**HAWC**: γ-rays





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#### At the Cosmic Fr

- Dark matt
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  - Indire
- Dark ener
- Cosmolog
- High-ener

#### At the Intens

- Neutrino
- Neutrino
- Non-acceler

#### **Program Statistics**

- 134 regular base grants, including
  - 35 under-represented PI's
  - 14 Pl's with Ph.D. after 2001
- 8 CAREER awards, including 6 underrepresented PI's
- 63.3 postdoc FTE's
- 127 graduate students

#### Program Directors

n Cottam Allen Whitmore



**HAWC:** γ-rays

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- What are the origins of the Universe? How did it evolve to its present state?
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Moreover, all of our research activities operate in parallel with major community-organized **education/outreach activities**:

• QuarkNet, TheoryNet, Aspen Center for Physics, I2U2 and C3PO, CHEPREO, LHC Theory Initiative, Annual TASI program (grad summer institute), CTEQ summer school, etc..

e.g., QuarkNet in 2012



- LHC Data: to teachers and students through e-Labs and Masterclasses
- Research Experiences and Professional Development
  - *Per year*: 450 teachers, 100 student researchers, 100 physicists



# So how do we actually fund all this great stuff?



National Science Foundation
Summary Table
FY 2013 Request to Congress

(Dollars in Millions)							
				FY 2013 Request over:			
	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2011	Actual	FY 2012	Estimate
NSF by Account	Actual	Estimate	Request	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
BIO	\$712.27	\$712.38	\$733.86	\$21.59	3.0%	\$21.48	3.0%
CISE	636.06	653.59	709.72	73.66	11.6%	56.13	8.6%
ENG	763.33	826.17	876.33	113.00	14.8%	50.16	6.1%
ENG Programs	636.86	673.41	711.13	74.27	11.7%	<i>37.72</i>	5.6%
SBIR/STTR	126.47	152.76	165.20	<u>38.73</u>	30.6%	12.44	8.1%
GEO	885.32	885.27	906.44	21.12	2.4%	21.17	2.4%
MPS	1,312.42	1,308.94	1,345.18	32.76	2.5%	36.24	2.8%
SBE	247.33	254.25	259.55	12.22	4.9%	5.30	2.1%
OCI <sup>1</sup>	300.75	211.64	218.27	-82.48	-27.4%	6.63	3.1%
OISE	49.03	49.85	51.28	2.25	4.6%	1.43	2.9%
OPP <sup>2</sup>	440.70	435.87	449.74	9.04	2.1%	13.87	3.2%
IA	259.60	349.59	431.52	171.92	66.2%	81.93	23.4%
U.S. Arctic Research Commission	1.58	1.45	1.39	-0.19	-11.8%	-0.06	-4.1%
<b>Research &amp; Related Activities</b>	<b>\$5,608.38</b>	\$5,689.00	<b>\$5,983.28</b>	<b>\$374.90</b>	6.7%	<b>\$294.28</b>	5.2%
Education & Human Resources	<mark>\$861.04</mark>	\$829.00	<mark>\$875.61</mark>	<b>\$14.57</b>	1.7%	\$46.61	5.6%
Major Research Equipment &	\$125.37	\$197.06	<mark>\$196.17</mark>	<b>\$70.80</b>	56.5%	-\$0.89	-0.4%
Facilities Construction							
Agency Operations & Award Management	\$299.29		<mark>\$299.40</mark>	\$0.11	0.0%	-	-
National Science Board	<b>\$4.47</b>	\$4.44	<b>\$4.44</b>	-\$0.03	-0.7%	-	-
Office of Inspector General	<mark>\$13.92</mark>	<b>\$14.20</b>	<b>\$14.20</b>	\$0.28	2.0%	-	-
OIG FY 2011 ARRA Obligations	\$0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total, NSF	\$6,912.55	\$7,033.10	\$7,373.10	\$460.55	6.7%	\$340.00	<mark>4.8%</mark>

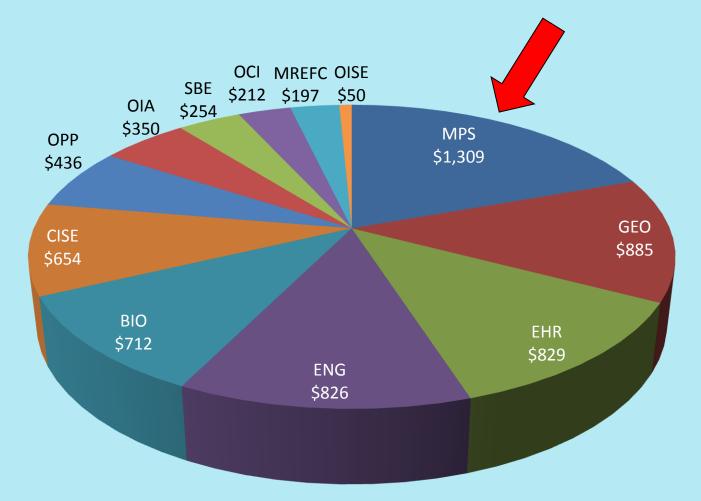
Totals may not add due to rounding.

<sup>1</sup> FY 2011 Actual for OCI includes \$90.50 million in funds that were obligated in FY 2010, deobligated in FY 2011, and then obligated in FY 2011 to other projects in the OCI portfolio.

<sup>2</sup> Funding for OPP for FY 2011 excludes a one-time appropriation transfer of \$53.892 million, \$54.0 million less the 0.2% rescission, to U.S. Coast Guard per P.L. 112-10.



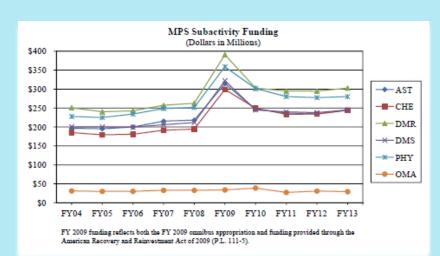
## NSF 2012 Budget (\$7,034 M)





#### And then that money flows through MPS....

<b>MPS Funding</b> (Dollars in Millions)							
	FY 2011 Actual	FY 2012 Estimate	FY 2013 Request	Change ( FY 2012 Es Amount			
Division of Astronomical Sciences (AST)	\$236.78	\$234.55	\$244.55	\$10.00	4.3%		
Division of Chemistry (CHE)	233.55	234.06	243.85	9.79	4.2%		
Division of Materials Research (DMR)	294.91	294.55	302.63	8.08	2.7%		
Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS)	239.79	237.77	245.00	7.23	3.0%		
Division of Physics (PHY)	280.34	277.37	280.08	2.71	1.0%		
Office of Multidisciplinary Activities (OMA)	27.06	30.64	29.07	-1.57	-5.1%		
Total, MPS	\$1,312.42	\$1,308.94	\$1,345.18	\$36.24	2.8%		
Totals may not add due to rounding.							







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**Total Par** Phy And finally through the Physics Division to particle physics...

# EPP/PA/THY Budgets FY08-12 (\$M)

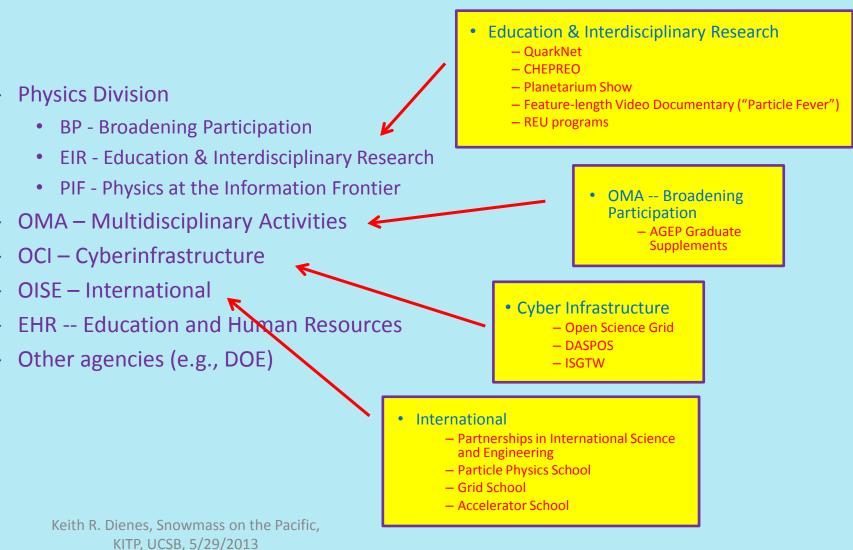
		FY08 Actuals	FY09 Omnibus Actuals	FY09 ARRA Actuals	FY10 Actuals	FY11 Actuals	FY12 Actuals
Experimental	EPP Base Program	20.45	18.79	13.99	25.79	25.03	24.7
	LHC Ops	18	18		18	18	18
EPP	CESR	13.71	8.5	1.29			
	Accel/Instrumentation	4	2.2		2.98	4.05	
L.	2						
Г	PA Base Program	15.83	15.93	15.31	17.88	19.19	11.47
	IceCube Ops	1.5	2.15		2.15	3.45	3.45
Experimental	DUSEL Planning	2	22		28.91	10.19	
	DUSEL R&D	4.96	4	5.57	4.59		
L	Underground Physics					4.59	17.29
Combined Theory	THY: EPP+Astro/Cosmo	11.68	11.99	6.8	13.2	14.12	13.59
,	Physics Frontier Centers	6.26	5.93		5.93	6.03	6.04
otal Particle							
Physics	EPP/PA/THY Sum	98.39	109.49	42.96	119.43	104.65	<b>94.54</b>
Programs							
	Ref: NSF PHY Division	285.03	275.5	102.13	307.83	280.34	277.37
	% of PHY to EPP/PA/THY	34.5%	39.7%	42.1%	38.8%	37.3%	34.1%
(	Allied Funding	7.15	4.91	0.54	12.68	7.54	30.3
otal Particle							
Physics	EPP/PA/THY Total	105.54	114.4	43.5	132.11	112.19	124.84



# Allied Funding:

Adding Value to our Particle-Physics Investment through Outside Partnerships







Despite our best efforts, there is never enough funding to support all that we would like to see happen.

Moreover, we are likely to be facing some very challenging funding years and a rather austere future fiscal climate.

Protecting our core scientific program and keeping it healthy must therefore remain our primary concern...



## Theory Program: Financial Stresses and Goals

- As always, these programs are under severe financial stress.
  - E.g., new faculty start at \$40-\$50K/year for top people (others, nothing): Barely covers summer salary. No grads, no postdocs. While startup funds exist, they are rapidly depleted within first 2-3 years, yet "ramp-up" time for grants has become increasingly long (often a full decade or more!).

#### • Emerging "systemic" problems

- University TA cutbacks are stranding HEP theory grads! Unlike other fields, HEP theory grads especially vulnerable to local TA budgets. *Must reinforce this talent pipeline*.
- NSF versus DOE:
  - » Need clear policies/expectations regarding overlapping funding situations, CAREER/Early CAREER awards versus "regular" grants, while avoiding "double dipping"
  - » Funding levels are not always commensurate across agencies. CAREER awards, in particular, are becoming deeply problematic for NSF.
- Summer salaries under threat of cap imposition, perhaps even outright elimination.

#### Goals for short and long terms...

- Establish and deploy "emergency" fund for grad-student support, slowly build appropriate levels of grad-student support into long-term grant profiles.
- Establish a higher minimum floor for starting grant sizes and increase grant sizes for midcareer physicists whose funding levels have been frozen since their junior-faculty days.
- Possible new initiatives:
  - » Theory Initiative for Underground Science/ Intensity Frontier (analogue of LHC-TI)
  - International "Network" (LHC?) Collaborations --- partner with NSF's SAVI (Science Across Virtual Institutes) program?