

White Dwarf Explosions, Hypervelocity Stars, and the Accelerating Expansion of the Universe

Ken Shen (UC Berkeley)

Core collapse supernovae (Type II, Type Ib, Type Ic)

Gravitational collapse of (initially) massive stars, >10x the mass of the Sun Type Ia supernovae

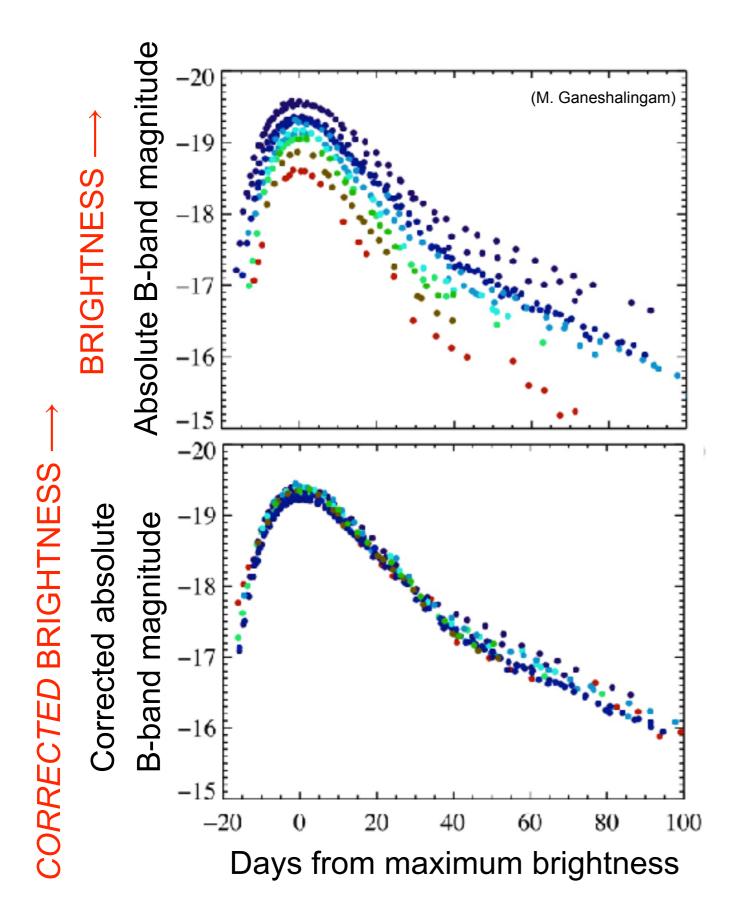
Thermonuclear explosions of white dwarfs

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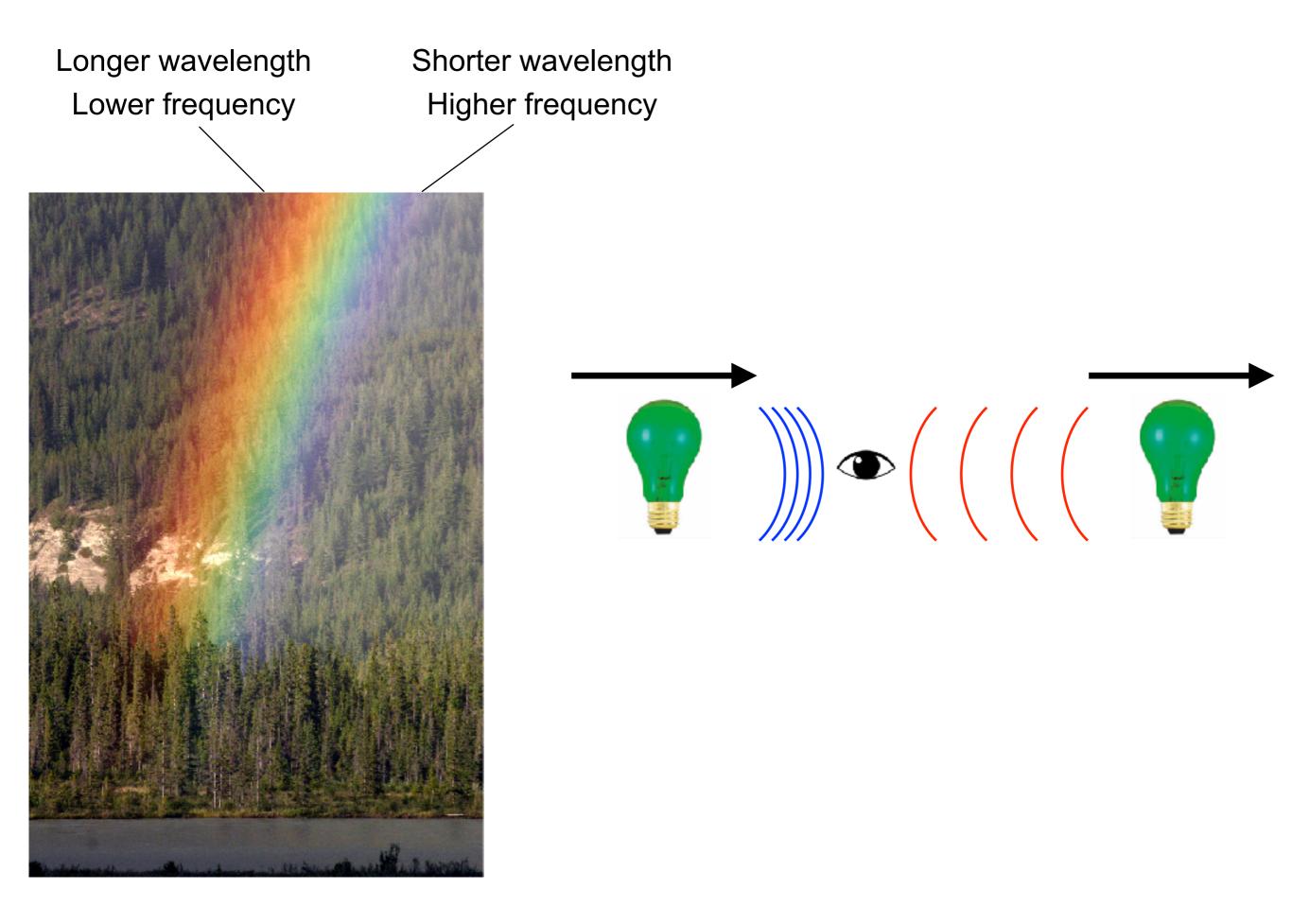
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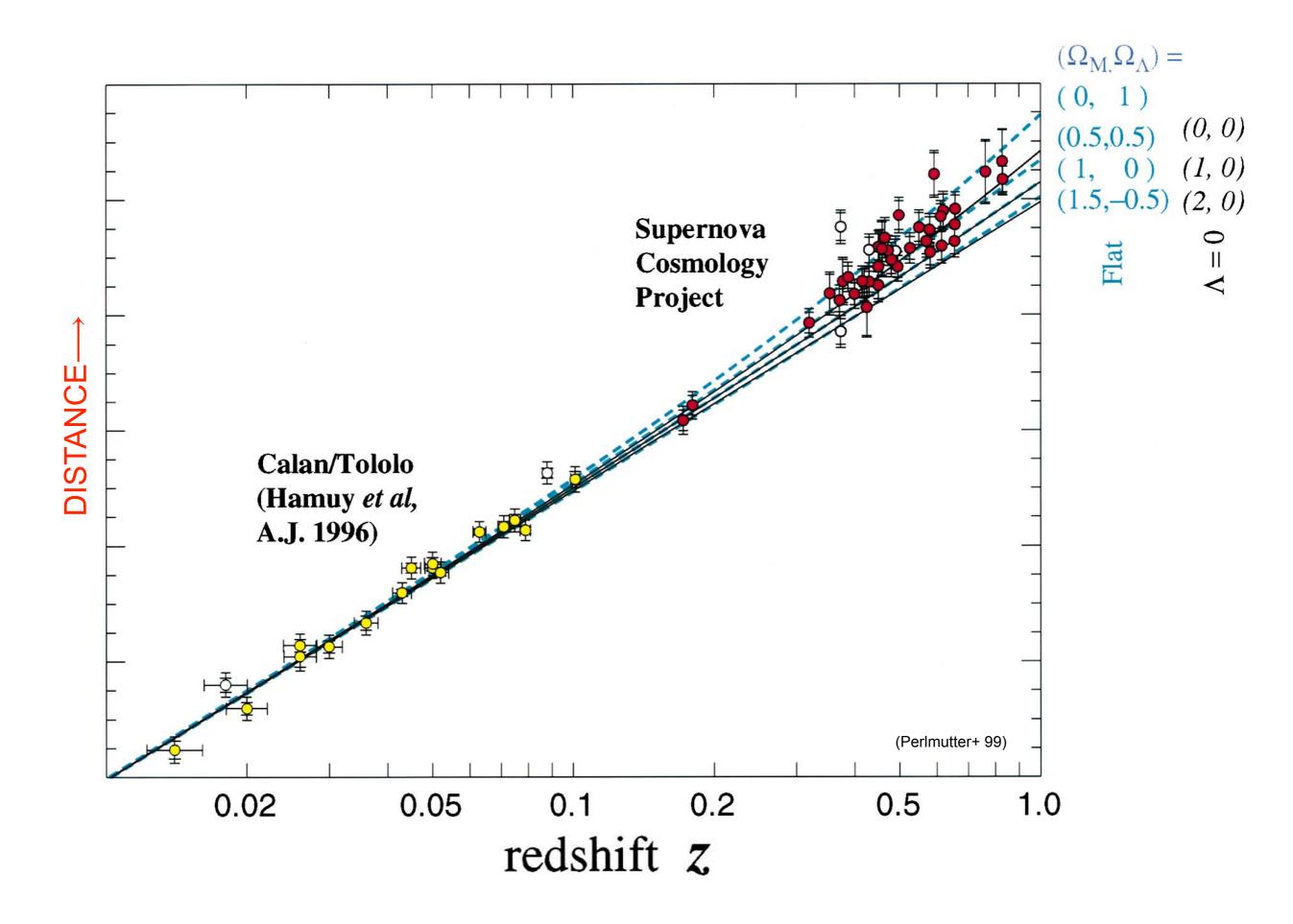


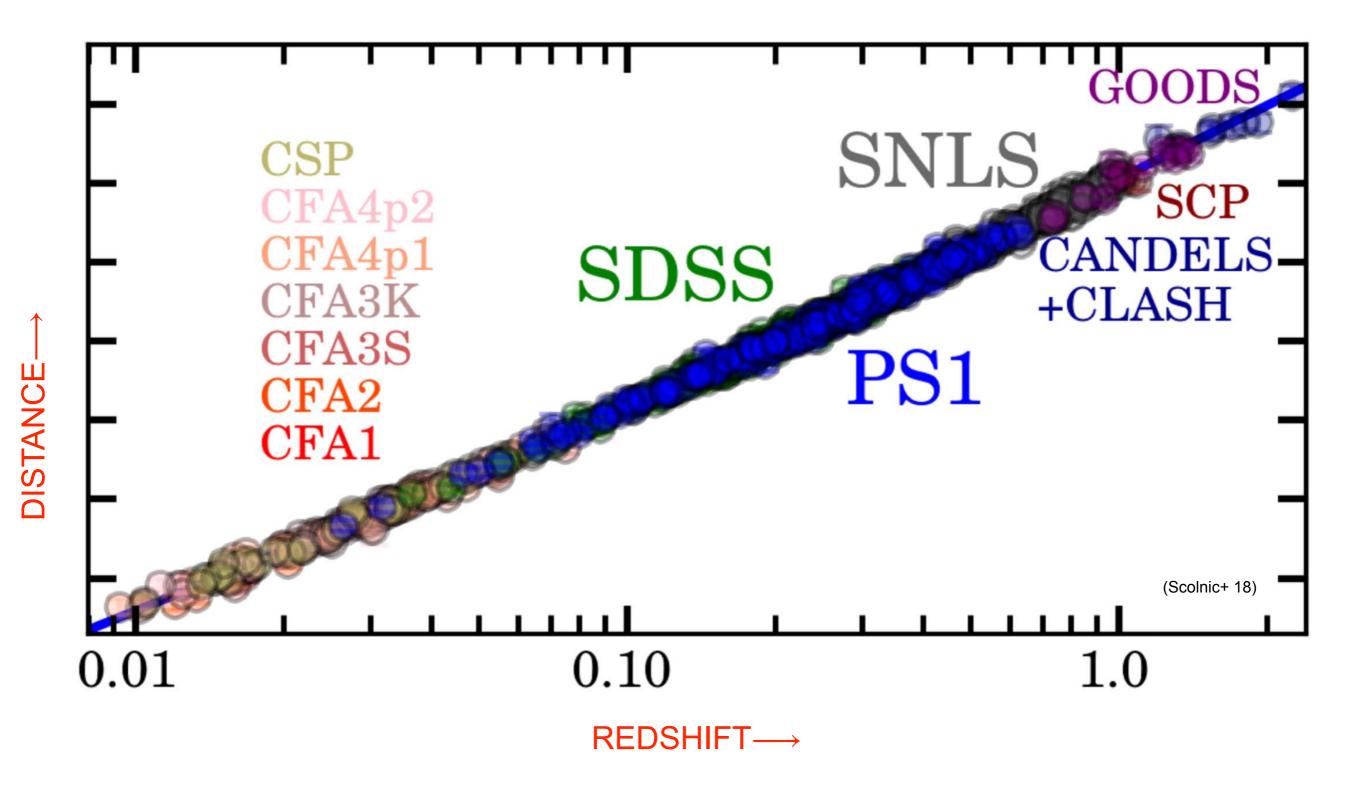


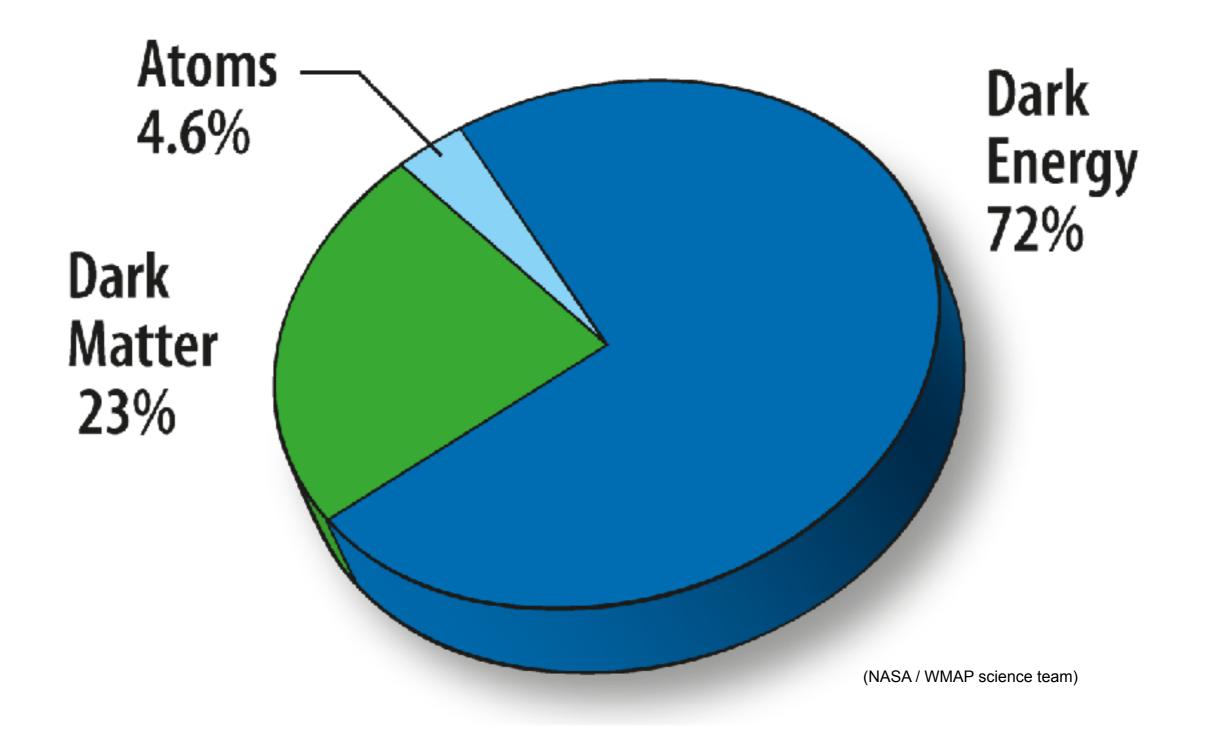














Saul Perlmutter





Adam Riess





Brian Schmidt



(U. Montan)

Supernova Cosmology Project

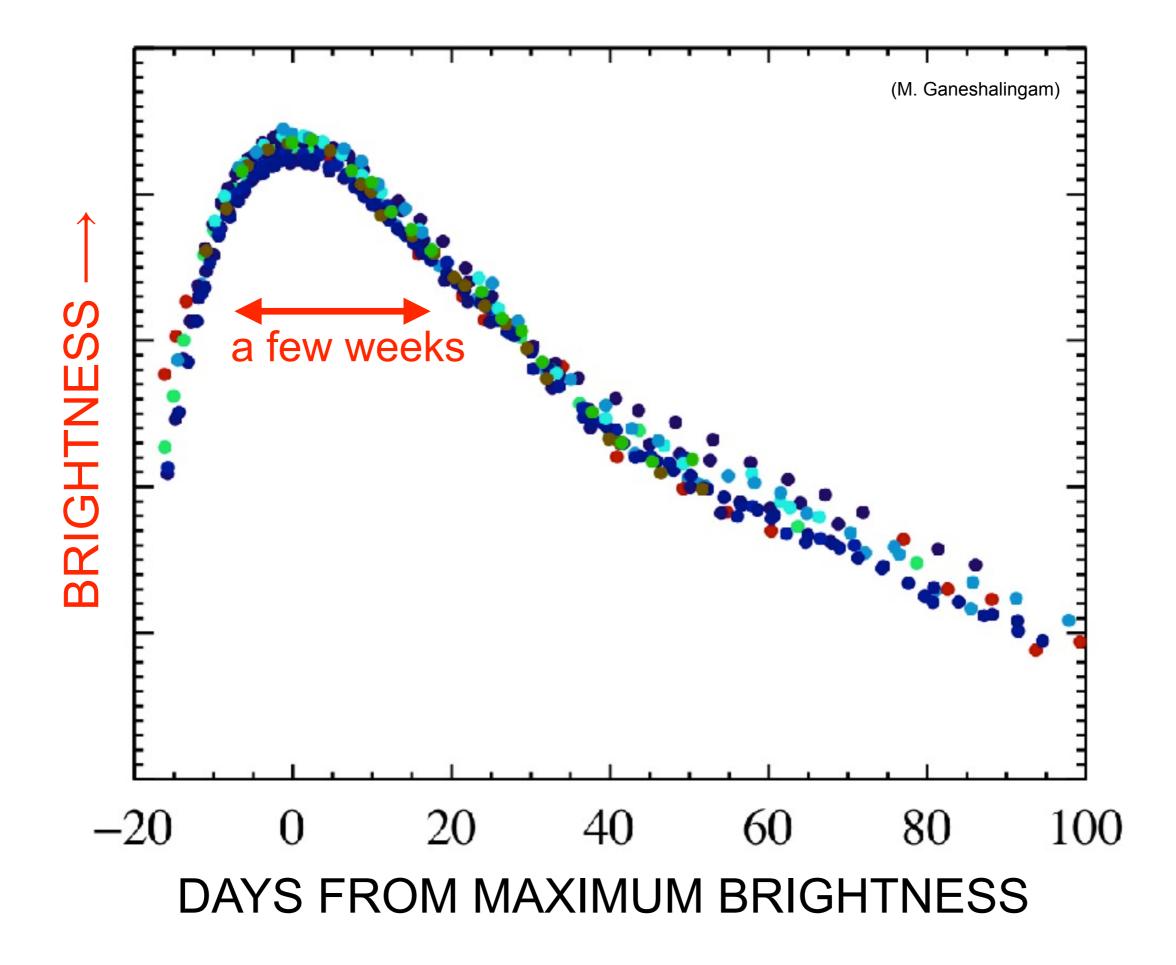
High-Z team

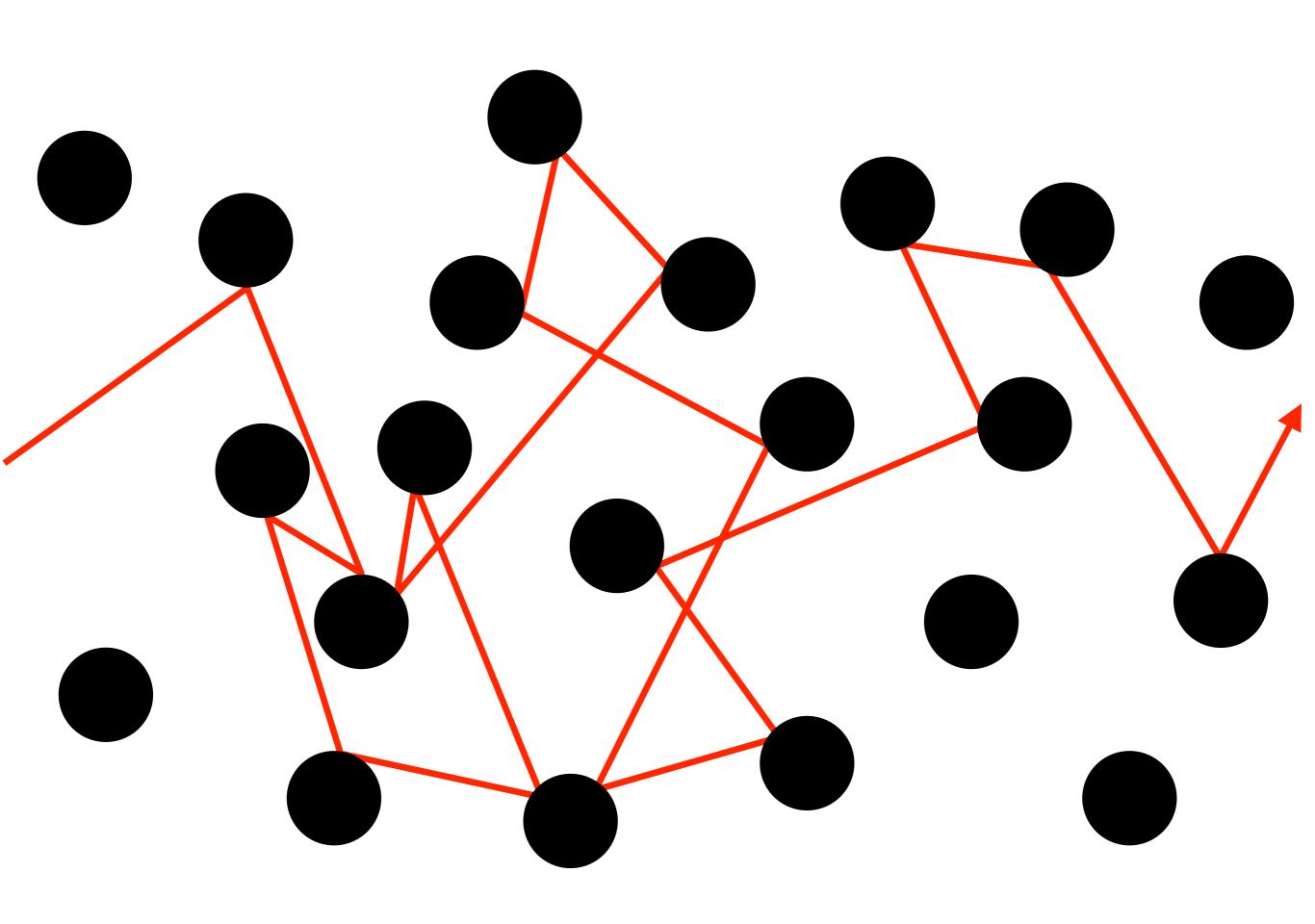


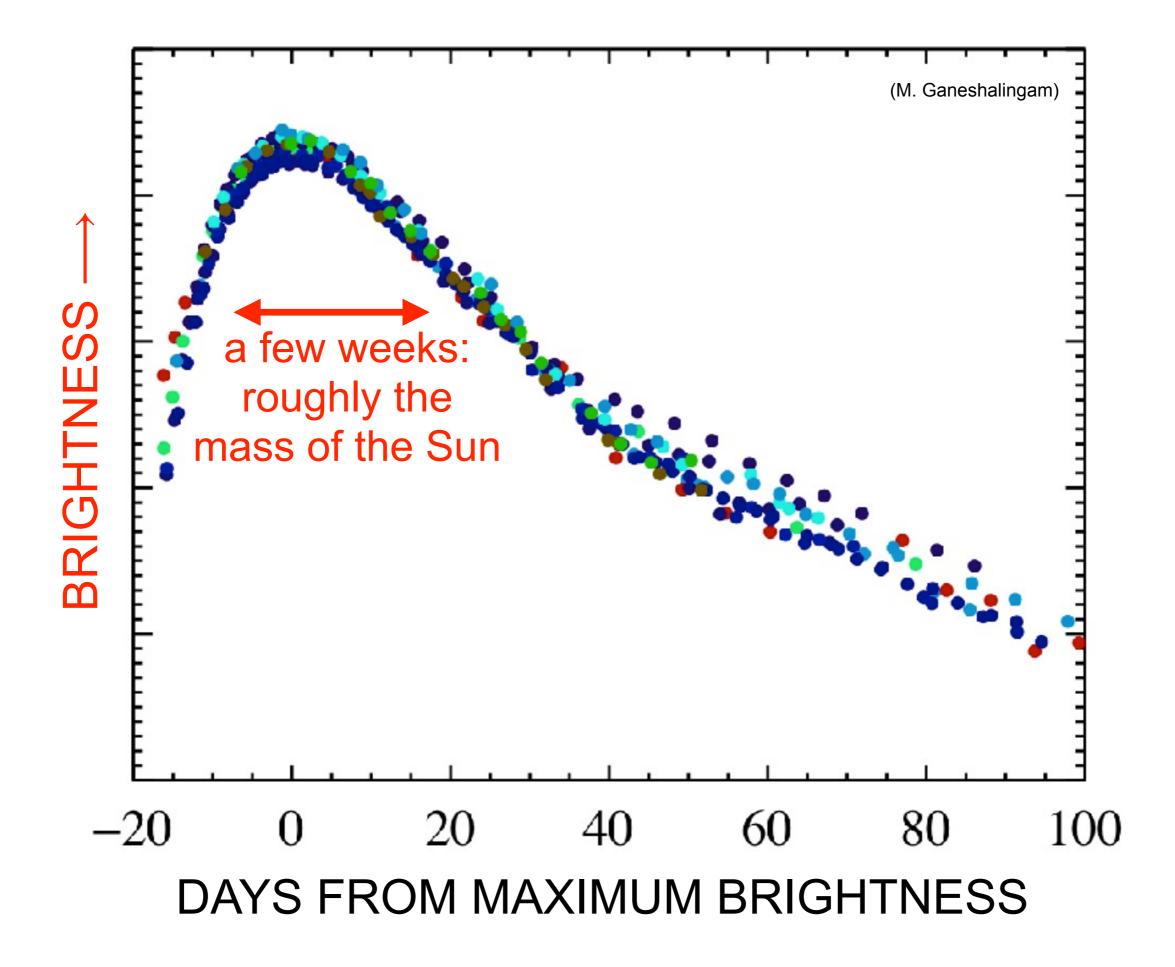


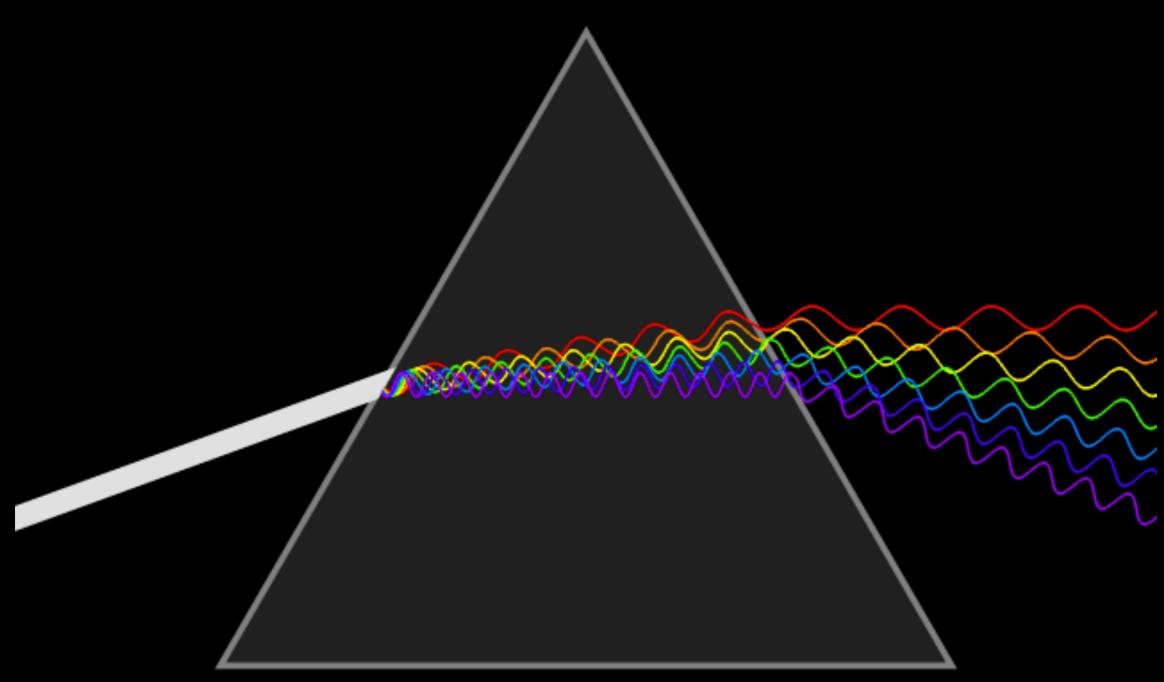
(cfa.harvard.edu)

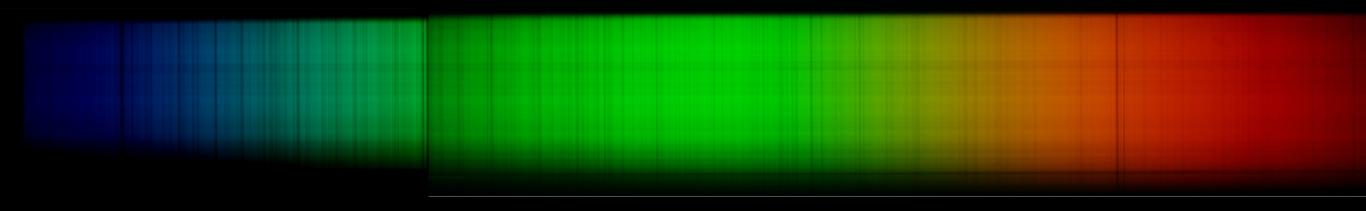
(R. Knop)





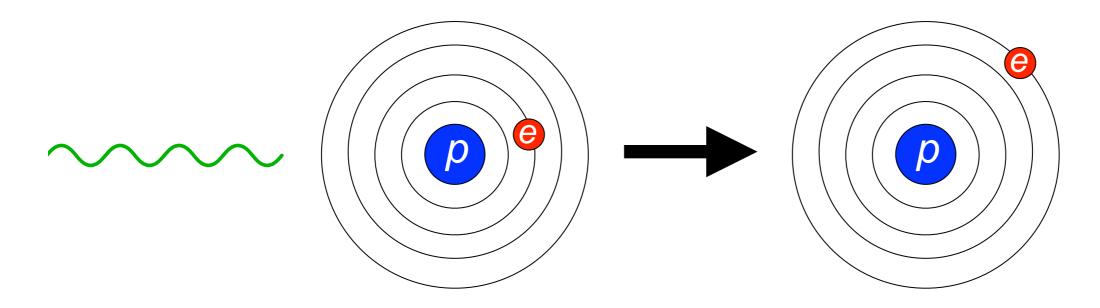


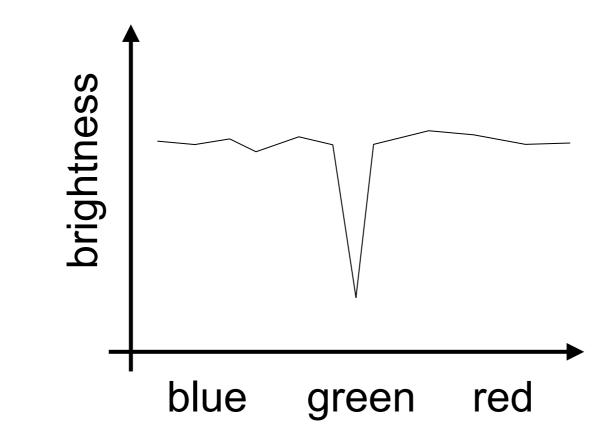


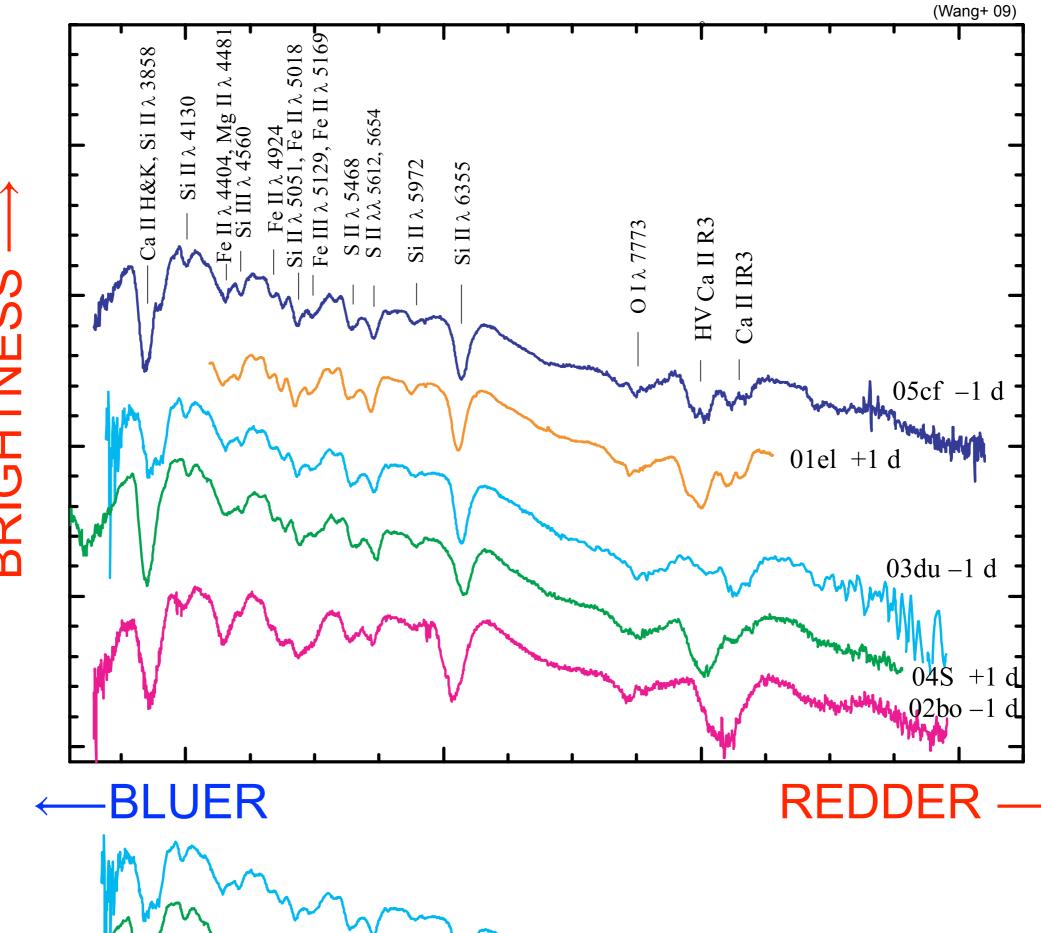


bu.edu/astronomy

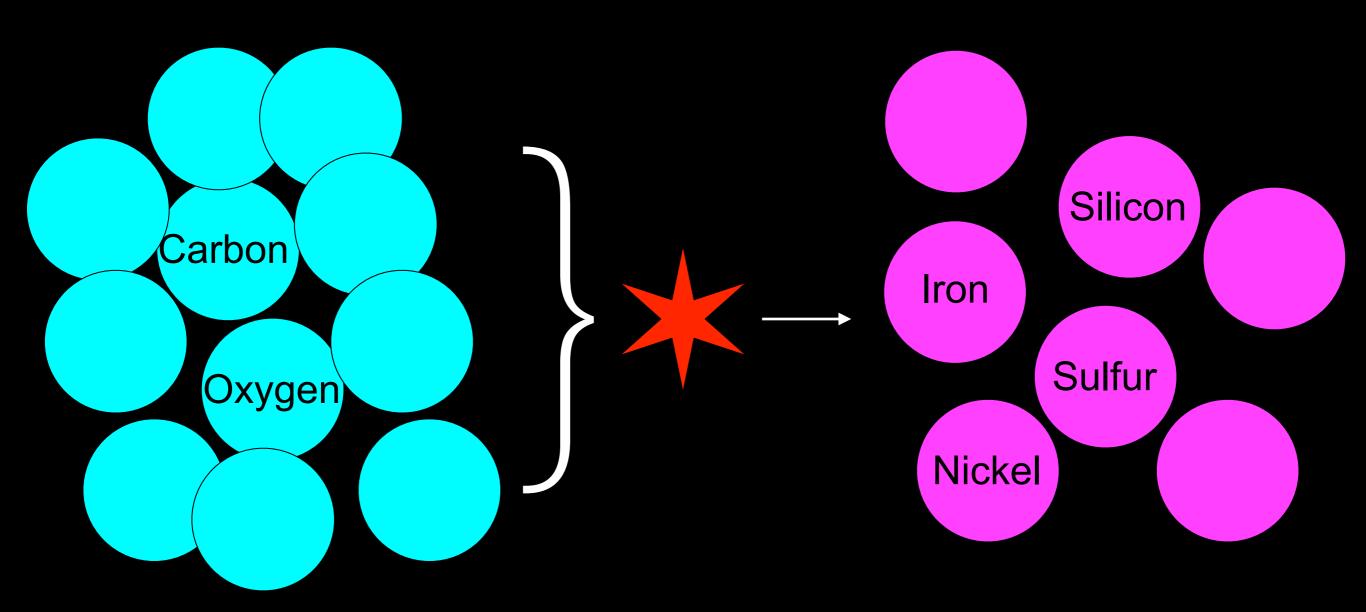


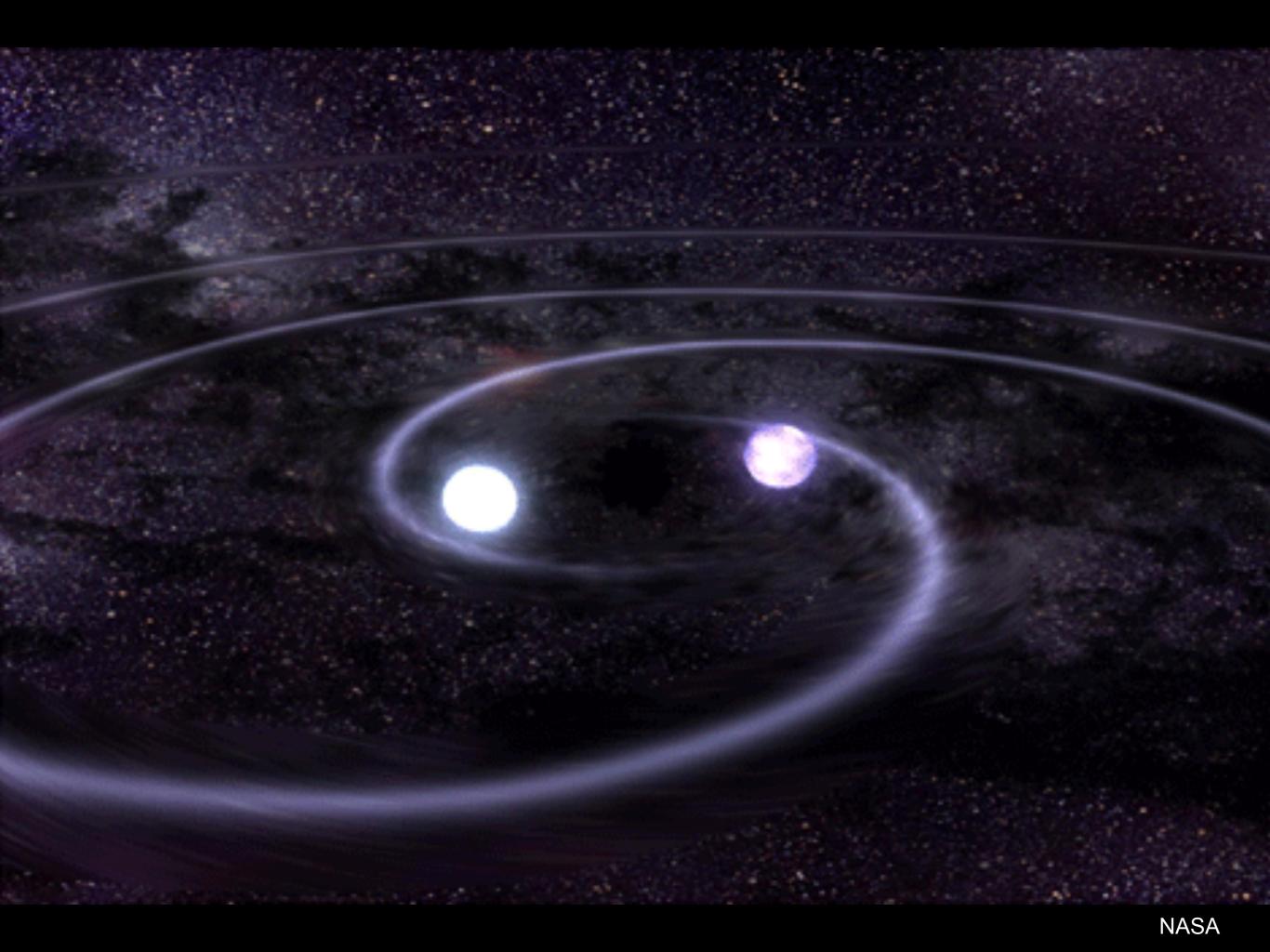


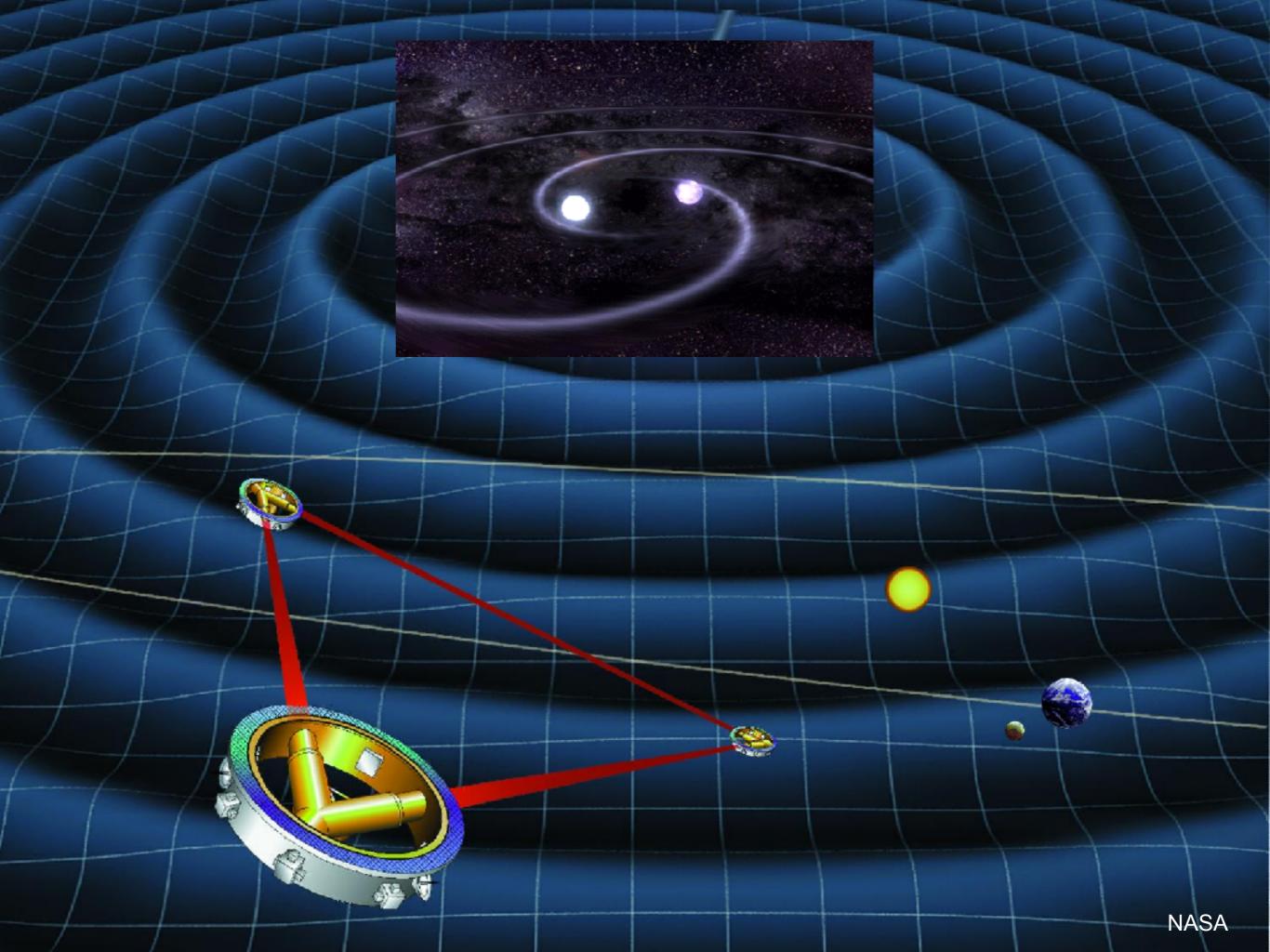


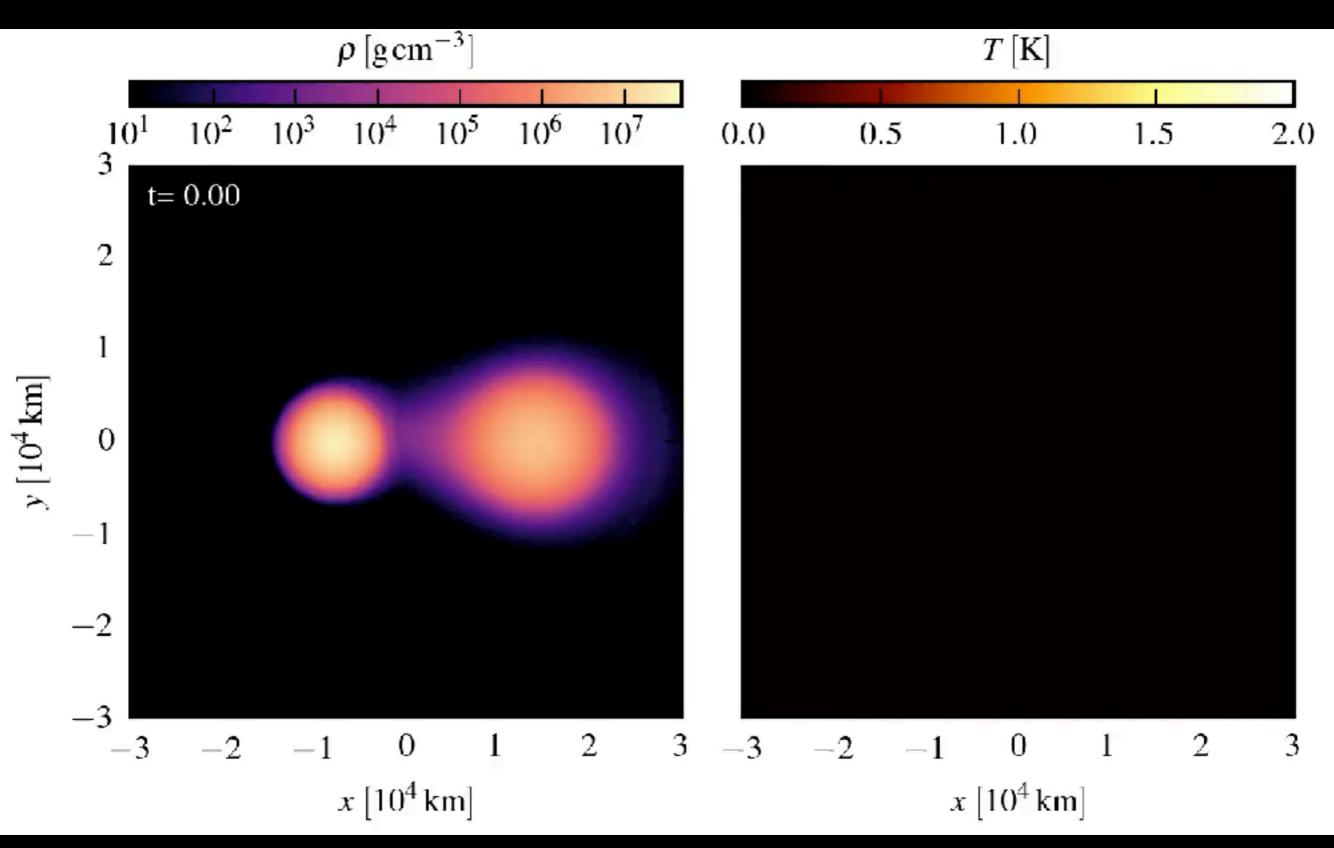


BRIGHTNESS

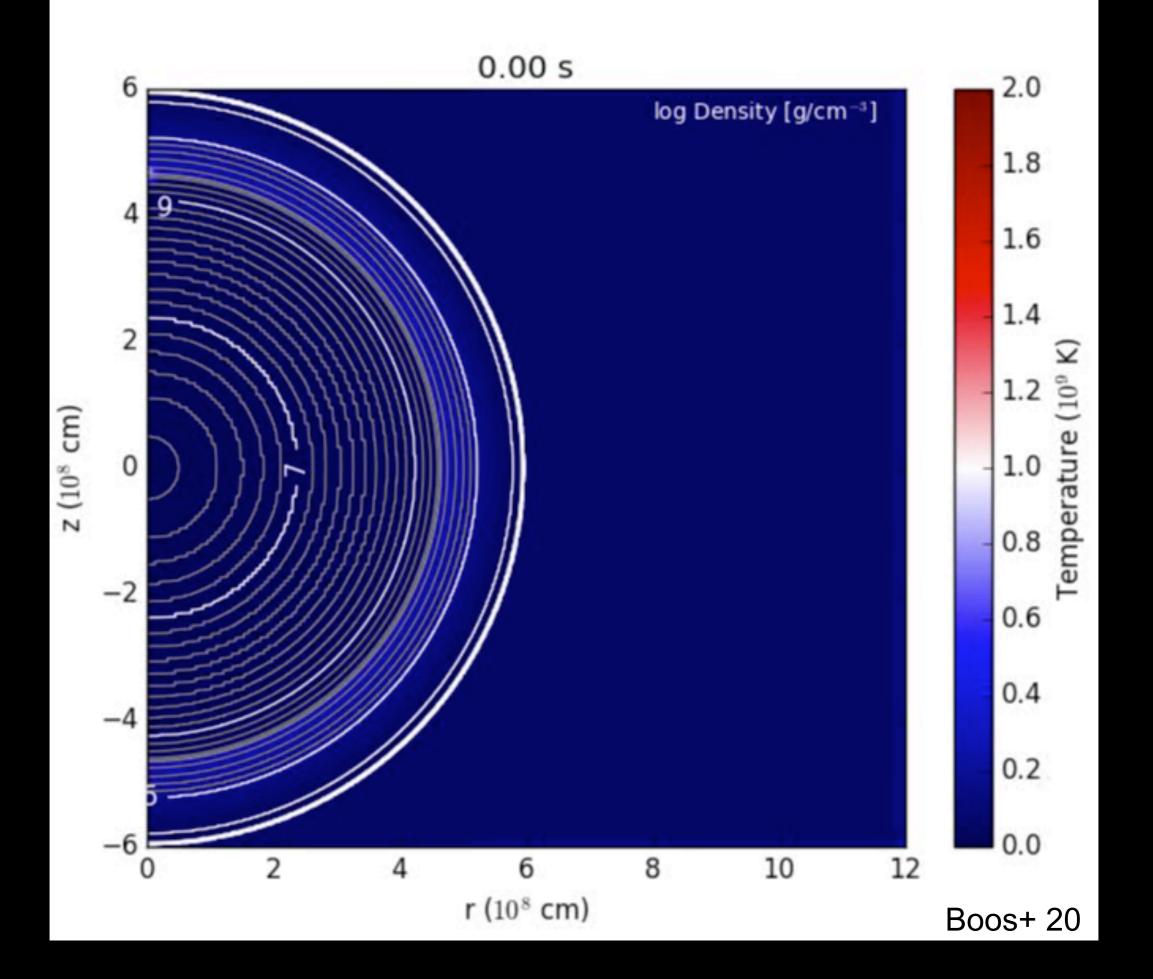








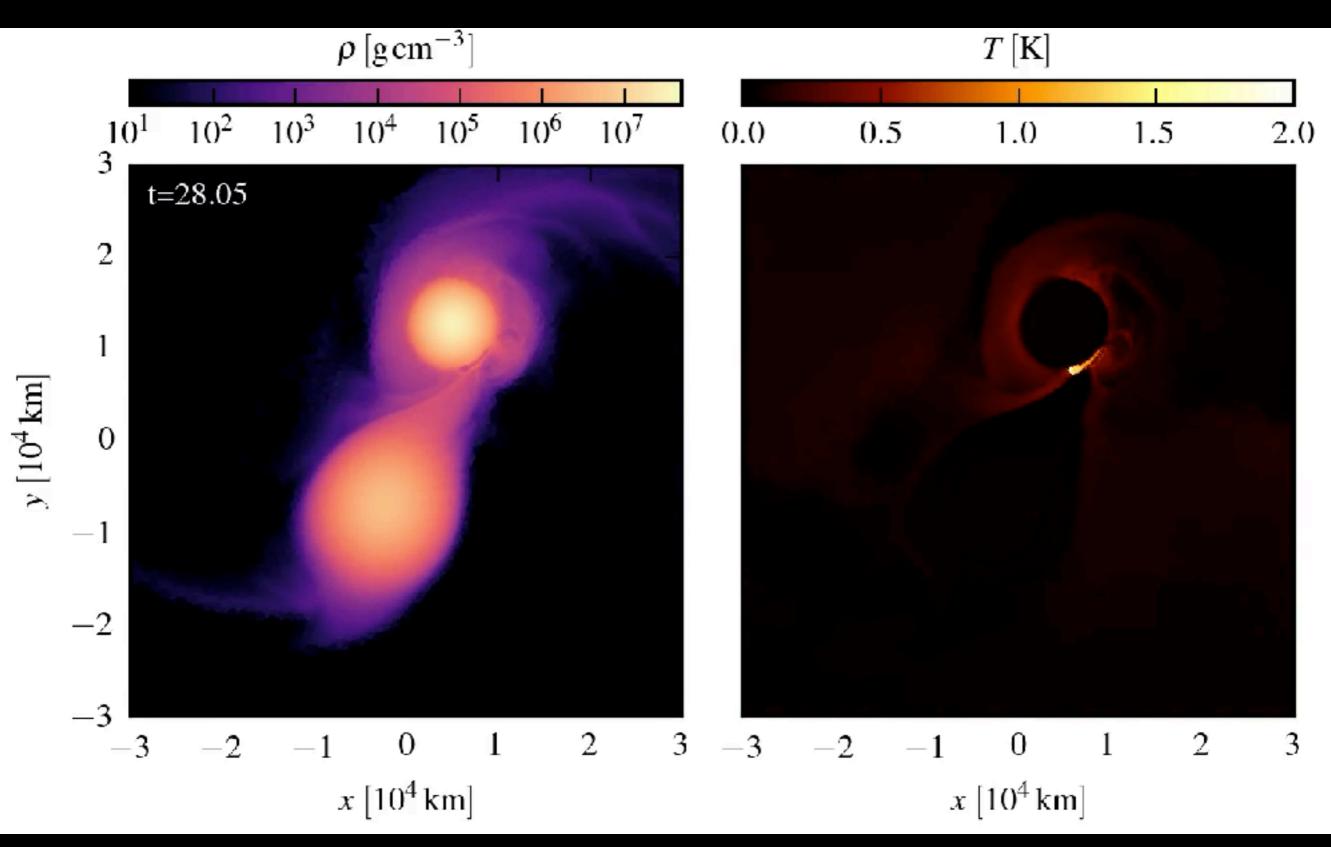
R. Pakmor



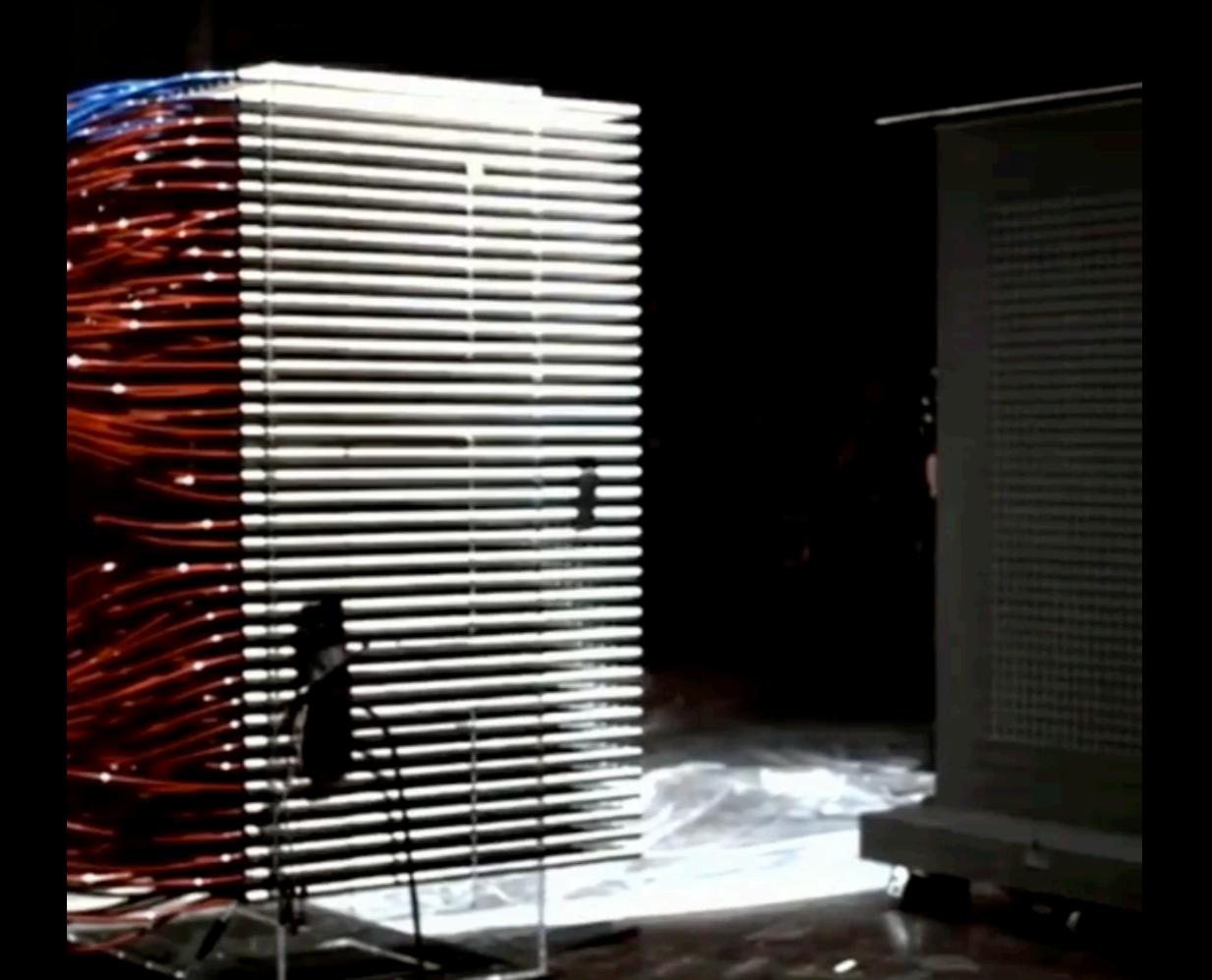




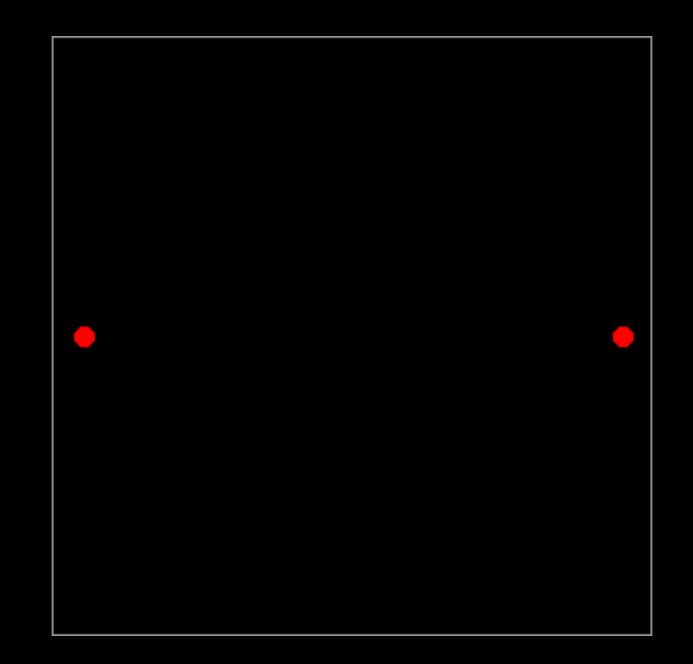
M. Versluis



R. Pakmor



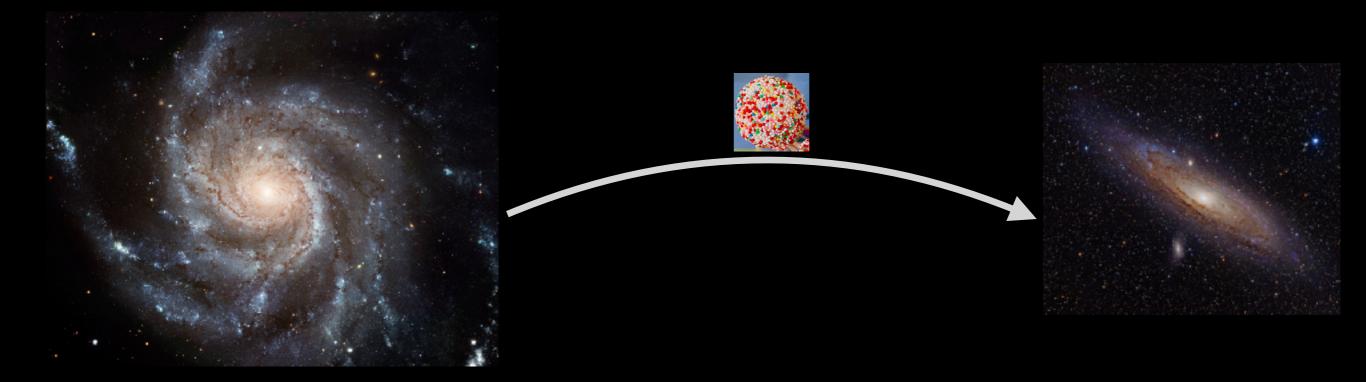
surviving white dwarf covered in thermonuclear ash





2500 km/s = 1% the speed of light!

- Berkeley NY in < 2 seconds
- Earth to Moon in 2.5 minutes
- ejected from the Milky Way in 4 million years
- could reach Andromeda in 300 million years!



Three Hypervelocity White Dwarfs in *Gaia* DR2: Evidence for Dynamically Driven Double-degenerate Double-detonation Type Ia Supernovae

C ss

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- We found 3 stars with the right speeds (>1000 km/s) and compositions (covered in thermonuclear ash)
- And one points back to the remnant of a supernova!
- But do all Type Ia supernovae happen this way?
- And are there subtle effects that might change cosmology results?